

ST. MARY'S COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT 2016



COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT 2016



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Letter to the Community

The 2016 Community Health Needs Assessment has afforded St. Mary's Health Care System another opportunity to deepen our knowledge and experience of the communities that we serve. In collaboration with Athens Regional Health System, we contracted with Community Connection, a not for profit local agency, to conduct the primary and secondary data collection, interviews and focus groups required for the assessment. In addition to fulfilling a requirement of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA), this report enables us to better understand the needs and concerns of the communities that we serve in our health system.

In collaboration with our larger national system, Trinity Health, we continue to see the value in partnerships and collaboration to better serve our patients. Some of these partnerships have been long standing with such agencies as our free clinic, Mercy Health Center, and others are newer partnerships, such as our collaboration with Athens Land Trust. This report will enable us to continue to identify how to further contribute to improving the health of our communities.

St. Mary's Health System has identified strategies for implementing a further growth for improving the health of our community from the priorities identified in the assessment. Once again, we valued the voice of those in the larger community as well as and in our health system to assist us in setting and enacting these priorities as we move forward.

Our thanks go to our local community members, our partners in this collaborative CHNA, as well as the staff and administration of St. Mary's Health Care System. Both Lauren Johnson and Rory Mathisen in our Community Benefit department helped to oversee and guide this process for St. Mary's.

Sister Patricia Loome
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INTRODUCTION

SECTION A



OUR MISSION

We, St. Mary's Health Care System and Trinity Health, serve together in the spirit of the Gospel as a compassionate and transforming healing presence within our communities.

OUR VISION

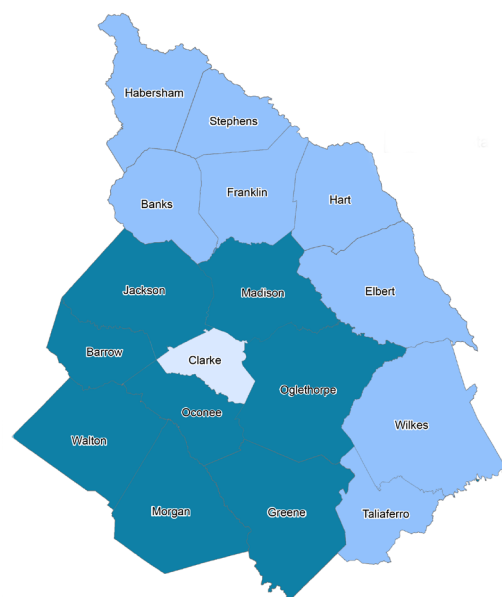
As a mission-driven, innovative health organization, we will become the national leader in improving the health of our communities and each person we serve. We will be the most trusted health partner for life.

ST. MARY'S VALUES

- *Reverence* - We honor the sacredness and dignity of every person
- *Justice* - We foster right relationships to promote the common good, including sustainability of the Earth
- *Commitment to Those Who Are Poor* - We stand with and serve those who are poor, especially those most vulnerable
- *Stewardship* - We honor our heritage and hold ourselves accountable for the human, financial and natural resources entrusted to our care
- *Integrity* - We are faithful to who we say we are

COMMUNITY SERVED

Primary Service Area Counties: Barrow, Clarke, Greene, Jackson, Madison, Morgan, Oconee, Oglethorpe, Walton
Secondary Service Area Counties: Banks, Elbert, Franklin, Hart, Habersham, Stephens, Taliaferro, Wilkes



SUMMARY OF PREVIOUS CHNA

St. Mary's Health Care System completed a Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) in order to meet the requirements of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Notice 2011-52. The document assessed population factors, health conditions, community priorities, and health behaviors in Athens-Clarke County and the surrounding counties in Northeast Georgia. The report provided a comprehensive view of the health needs as well as broader health indicators facing the community with special attention to vulnerable populations, the underinsured, and underserved. Additionally, and as the IRS-requirement suggests, the assessment was used for the development of the hospitals community benefits program, including outreach services and resource development, for the following three years (2013-2015). For the purposes of St. Mary's Health Care System's 2013 CHNA, the hospital service area was defined as Athens-Clarke County in order to account for vulnerable populations. St. Mary's analyzed a combination of secondary data, gathered from local, state, and federal resources, and primary data, gathered through key informant interviews, in order to gain insight into the community's health status. St. Mary's Health Care System uses the Community Needs Index method to identify health disparities and to identify barriers to health care access.

The assessment explored data across nine health conditions (detailed below). The Community Advisory Committee assessed this data in order to accomplish a prioritization of health conditions and risk factors for which the hospital could concentrate their efforts and improve community health. The Implementation Plan provides a guide to target the unmet community health needs through specific outcome objectives and strategies as well as by identifying collaborative partners. The following needs were recognized as the most important issues to be addressed to improve the health and quality of life in our community: access to health services; nutrition, physical activity, and obesity; cardiovascular disease.



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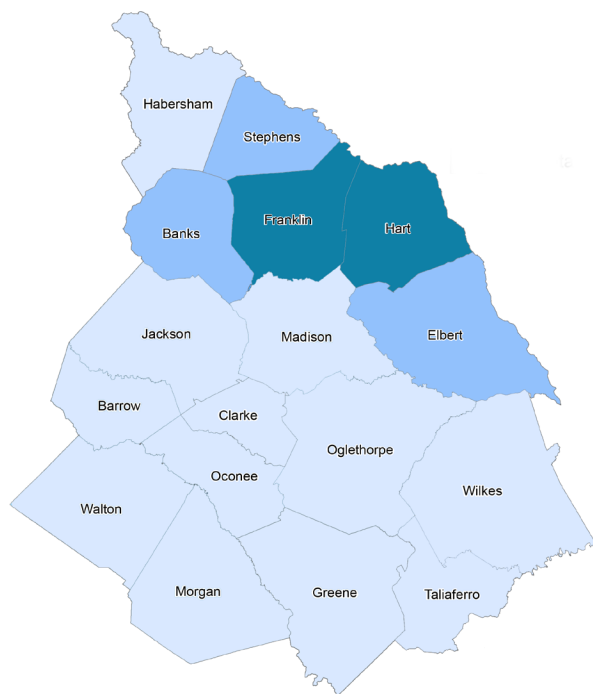
COMMUNITY SERVED

Primary Service Area Counties: Franklin, Hart

Secondary Service Area Counties: Banks, Stephens, Elbert

SUMMARY OF PREVIOUS CHNA

In 2013, Ty Cobb Regional Medical Center (now, St. Mary's Sacred Heart Hospital) completed a Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) in order to meet the requirements of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Notice 2011-52. The document assessed population factors, health conditions, community priorities, and health behaviors in Hart and Franklin Counties in order to accomplish a prioritization of health conditions and risk factors for which the hospital could concentrate their efforts and improve community health. Additionally, and as the IRS-requirement suggests, the assessment was used for the development of the hospital's community benefits programming, including outreach services and resource development, for the following three years (2013-2015). For the purposes of Ty Cobb's 2013 CHNA, the hospital service area was defined as Franklin and Hart counties in order to account for vulnerable populations including the medically underserved, low-income, minorities, and individuals with chronic illnesses. Nine health conditions and a number of population demographics were explored through secondary data analysis, focus group interviews, and key informant interviews. The assessment explored data across nine health conditions (detailed below). Initial secondary analysis for the assessment explored access problems, hospitalization data, incidence and death rates, and chronic diseases. The CHNA report detailed both



secondary and primary data relating to each of the above conditions within which Ty Cobb addressed, along with any available community resources. In the Implementation Plan, specific outcome objectives, strategies, and collaborative partners were described in order to guide how the hospital would address the priority health conditions. Implementation strategies varied based upon the conditions, ranging from collaboration and/or support with other agencies to direct community outreach and education efforts.



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COMMUNITY SERVED

Primary Service Area County: Greene

SUMMARY OF PREVIOUS CHNA

In 2013, St. Mary's Good Samaritan Hospital conducted their first comprehensive Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) in order to meet the requirements of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Notice 2011-52. The purpose of this assessment was to analyze population factors, health conditions, community priorities, and health behaviors in order to identify critical health issues affecting Greene County residents, particularly among vulnerable populations. Additionally, as the IRS-requirement suggests, the assessment was used for the development of the hospital's community benefits programming, including outreach services and research development, for the following three years (2013-2015). For the Community Health Needs Assessment, St. Mary's Good Samaritan Hospital defined its community as the service area of Greene County, Georgia, based upon the percentage of discharges. Secondary data including demographic and socioeconomic characteristics, primary data collected from key informant interviews, and input provided by the Community Advisory Committee were analyzed to identify top community health needs. Additionally, data was collected with an emphasis on chronic diseases and access to health care. Input from leaders of underserved and low-income populations as well as persons with expertise in or special knowledge of public health was gathered for



this assessment to inform future health initiatives to improve the health and quality of life of the community. St. Mary's Good Samaritan Hospital recognized the following implementations as most critical to improving community health: improve access to care, prevent chronic disease and Increase wellness, and Heart Disease and Stroke. Implementation strategies included expanding partnership with available community resources and increasing involvement through community outreach interventions such as health education programs and health screenings.

SERVICES PROVIDED

By St. Mary's Health Care System

PHYSICAL, OCCUPATIONAL AND SPEECH THERAPY

St. Mary's Health Care System Rehabilitation Services provide manual therapy techniques and bio-electronic equipment to evaluate and treat new rehab patients within 24 hours of referral. Our program provides transition toward developing a healthy lifestyle through reducing pain and maximizing the functionality of patients with disabilities or physical injuries, including accidents, illness and stroke.

RESPIRATORY THERAPY

Outpatient services include Holter monitors, event monitors, EEGs, EKGs, sleep studies and trach changes. Inpatient services include EKGs, ventilator management, CPAP, arterial blood gas, intubation assist, CPR and assistance with high risk deliveries.

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT

Open 24/7 and featuring cutting edge monitoring and telemedicine capabilities, the ER is staffed by physicians, certified emergency nursing and other healthcare professionals. The ER partners with EMS providers and a team of neurologists to provide access to acute care telemedicine for possible stroke patients. St. Mary's Hospital is equipped with a helipad for expedited transportation to and from the hospital.

INPATIENT CARE

St. Mary's Health Care System provides inpatient and critical care for people of all ages. Acute, pre- and post-operative and restorative care is provided to patients with needs in the following areas: Cardiovascular, Genitourological, Musculoskeletal, Neurological, Metabolic Disorders, Respiratory, Gastrointestinal, and Immunosuppressive.

MEDICAL-SURGICAL UNIT

The medical-surgical unit at St. Mary's Health Care System is a 42-bed unit. The unit includes two negative pressure rooms that serve as isolation rooms. We also provide 16 telemetry units for cardiac monitoring.

CRITICAL CARE UNIT

St. Mary's Health Care System provides critical care services in a critical care unit with vital signs telemetry. Critical care services include: Visual patient monitoring, Continuous cardiac monitoring, Non-invasive blood pressure monitoring, Oxygen saturation monitoring, Thrombolytic administration, External cardiac pacing, Non-invasive mechanical ventilation, Mechanical ventilation, Arterial pressure monitoring, Emergency cardiac care, Telemetry monitoring, and Central venous monitoring.

SURGERY

The Surgical Services Department includes four operating room suites, two endoscopy rooms, a seven-bay post-anesthesia care unit (PACU) and a 14-bed outpatient surgery area. Surgical services include general; OB/GYN; orthopedic; gastroenterology; ophthalmology; ear, nose and throat; podiatry; pulmonology; and urology.

St. Mary's Hospital is the first health care provider in the Athens area to offer the da Vinci Surgical System, which enables physicians to perform surgery through very small incisions and unmatched precision. St. Mary's Hospital employs da Vinci robotic surgery in the following areas: gynecology, thoracic, urology, and general surgery.

HOSPITALIST

Once admitted to St. Mary's Health Care System, the hospitalist will be in charge of your care. Hospitalists respond to hospital patients' lab reports, test results and emergency situations. By maintaining close relationships with referring physicians and other medical professionals, hospitalists provide an added level of continuous care on a daily basis.

SPIRITUAL CARE

Our dedicated Pastoral Care staff of sisters and qualified chaplains is available to provide spiritual care and support in accord with each patient's individual religious beliefs. Services include:

- Prayer and Spiritual Counseling
- Worship and Sacramental Ministry
- Bereavement Support Groups

A chapel is also available in the main lobby at St. Mary's Hospital from 6:00 AM until 8:30 PM. Mass is televised on St. Mary's in-house Care Channel, channel 20 on hospital televisions.

MOTHER BABY UNIT

Our hospital offers family-centered labor, delivery, recovery and post-partum services. Our facility includes birthing suites for labor and delivery plus a full range of prenatal education programs, fetal monitors, neonatal resuscitation systems, and other equipment. A Level II Neonatal Intensive Care Unit is available at St. Mary's Hospital.

LAB

Laboratory Services

St. Mary's Laboratory Services provide a full range of state-of-the-art laboratory testing, from routine blood-work to the diagnosis of pathogens and cancers. The laboratory is fully accredited by the College of American Pathologists and the American Association of Blood Banks and is staffed 24/7. Transfusions services for blood products and therapeutic phlebotomy services are provided. St. Mary's Health Care System laboratory is a collection site for Lab Corp and Quest for outpatients with out-of-network insurance. Outpatient services are available through the Joe A. Adams Professional Building in Royston and the Healthworks office in Lavonia.

Imaging

Capabilities include digital x-ray, digital mammography, 64-slice CT, MRI and ultrasound. Imaging services are available 24/7 for emergency diagnostics when patients arrive with trauma or symptoms of stroke, heart attack, or other life-threatening conditions. Our imaging department outpatient imaging services use the NovaDose system to track and limit our patients' exposure to ionizing radiation.

MRI is used to diagnose conditions of the brain, spinal cord, bones, joints, back, and breasts. Nuclear medicine services include nuclear cardiac stress tests; bone scans; renal, liver, and hepatobiliary studies; diagnosis of Graves Disease through thyroid scans; and uptake and therapeutic treatment for thyroid cancer and hyperthyroidisms. GI bleed studies, gastric emptying studies, lung perfusion and ventilation, sentinel node, breast and melanoma imaging are also performed. DEXA (Dual-Energy X-Ray Absorptiometry), which is used to measure bone density, can help diagnose osteoporosis, a condition in which bone density lessens, leaving the patient at heightened risk of fractures.

Cardiac stress testing can reveal signs of plaques in the arteries that bring oxygenated blood to heart tissue. Untreated, these plaques can block coronary arteries and cause heart attacks

Echocardiography, which uses cardiac echo, can help physicians determine how well the heart is pumping blood, whether valves are working correctly, and if there is tissue damage from past injuries or heart attacks that is affecting heart function.

THE WELLNESS CENTER

St. Mary's Wellness Center provides a large, fully equipped gym, a wide range of classes and services, and friendly knowledgeable staff. It is our region's only Medical Fitness Center and is staffed by knowledgeable health and wellness professionals. It provides other services such as massage therapy, personal training, nutritional services, cardiac rehab, body composition testing, blood pressure screening, and circumference measuring.

SLEEP CENTER

The Sleep Disorders Center provides testing to help identify and treat sleep-related issues. Our center includes private individual suites with diagnostic equipment, queen size beds and private bathrooms. The service is available for patients 13 years of age and up and is staffed by registered or registry eligible polysomnographic technologists.

CARE AFTER DISCHARGE

There are times when patients need additional treatment or care after they are discharged from the hospital. St. Mary's Health Care System offers a complete continuum of care to meet these needs. Services include rehabilitative medicine, a variety of outpatient services, home healthcare/hospice, case alert, infusion services, and wound healing.

HIGHLAND HILLS VILLAGE

St. Mary's supports this senior living community. It provides residential living for those seeking Independent Living, Assisting Living and Memory Care. Highland Hills provides a full calendar of social, educational, cultural and recreational activities. Transportation services are offered to and from the physician's office, grocery store, and other locations. Highland Hills is equipped with security systems, such as emergency call and state-of-the-art fire security systems. Staff members routinely check on all residents and a nurse or certified assistant is on duty 24 hours a day.

FRAMEWORK & PROCESS

For the CHNA

Recognizing the overlap in their service areas and desiring to make best use of their staff time and resources, St. Mary's Health Care System contracted with Community Connection of Northeast Georgia for the production of one community-wide needs assessment to satisfy the ACA requirement for all three hospitals in the St. Mary's Health Care System— St Mary's Hospital, Sacred Heart Hospital, and Good Samaritan Hospital. On behalf of the hospital system, Community Connection undertook an eleven month-long process of data collection and analysis toward identifying the prioritized health needs presented in this document.

The present CHNA includes a review of both primary and secondary data, with secondary data having been drawn from a variety of sources. Whenever possible, county specific data was collected and compared to state and national indicators. In a few instances, only state and national values were available, and, in those cases, only those values have been analyzed and represented in the report. In addition to the OASIS Public Health Statistical Reporting System, Community Connection also drew data from Community Commons, a public web platform which provides secondary indicator data on health and health determinants and which serves as a publishing tool for components of Community Health Needs Assessments. Community Connection also gathered data from the US Census American Community Survey, as well as the CDC's Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey, among others identified in Section D.

In addition to reviewing secondary data from the above sources, Community Connection also gathered primary data in the form of focus groups, key informant interviews, and a community health survey. Thirty five individuals with public health expertise and those representing the broad interests of the community participated in 45 minute long semi-structured key informant interviews. Seventeen focus groups were conducted with individuals from vulnerable and traditionally underserved population groups. Community health surveys were also collected from 2,000 members of the general public through a combination of event-based survey administration and targeted agency-based administration of the instrument.

Community Connection utilized the findings of the hospitals' prior needs assessments as a starting point for identifying community need. The organization then applied a systematic process of prioritization to these and the other community-identified needs, resulting in the selection and presentation of the community health needs contained in this report.

As an addendum to this report, St. Mary's Health Care System will separately develop an Implementation Strategy for the health needs identified in the report. The Implementation Plan will draw upon the hospitals' existing strengths and assets and will identify those needs which the system is prepared to address. Additionally, the plans offer explanation as to why unselected needs have been left to local providers external to their operations.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SECTION B

Section 1 Executive Summary

COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT BACKGROUND

Though the development of Community Health Needs Assessments has long been a practice of hospitals in the Trinity Health Care System, it was only with the enactment of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA) that the production of such documents became a requirement of nonprofit hospitals across the nation. Under the ACA, every nonprofit hospital in the country is required to produce a Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) every three years to submit to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) along with its Form 990 filing. In addition to the assessment, every hospital is required to submit a commensurate Implementation Strategy, which details the hospital’s plan to address the community health needs identified through the assessment.

The 2016 St. Mary’s Health Care System’s Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) was produced to satisfy the requirements of Section 501(r) of the IRS code for three St. Mary’s Health Care System hospitals. Community Connection of Northeast Georgia, a 501c(3) Athens-based nonprofit corporation with which the hospital system contracted, produced the present report, which provides an overview of the health needs in the 17-county catchment area served by the three hospitals. In keeping with the ACA requirement, contained within this report are reflections of both the health needs in the region served by the hospital as well as the health-promoting assets and community-based resources upon which the community depends for its current state of health. Special attention has been given to the identification of health disparities, the needs of vulnerable populations, and the unmet health needs of the region.

SUMMARY OF PRIORITIZED NEEDS

This report provides an overview of the community health needs of the 17 county region served by the three hospitals in the St. Mary’s Health Care System. Drawing upon a variety of primary and secondary data sources, community health was assessed for the region as a whole, for sub-geographies, and for racial and vulnerable population sub-groups. Analysis of the gathered information revealed the following health priorities:

Community Health Needs

Cardiovascular Health	Cerebrovascular Health
Respiratory Health	Cancer
Mental Health and Substance Abuse	HIV/AIDS AND STDS
Diabetes and Obesity	Access to Care
Maternal and Infant Health	Injury Prevention and Safety

Population Contextual Factors

Recognizing that individual and population health are greatly influenced by contextual factors, the following social determinants were examined for their influence on regional community health: Education, Economy, Transportation, Older Adults & Aging, Language, Race/Ethnicity, and the Physical Environment.

SUMMARY OF NEEDS ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY AND PROCESS

In January 2016, Community Connection of Northeast Georgia partnered with the St. Mary’s Health Care System to produce the 2016 CHNA for the 17 county region served by the system’s three hospitals. Drawing upon a broad definition of community health, which recognizes the impact of social, economic and physical environments, the present needs assessment was undertaken with the goal of developing a holistic understanding of the health priorities of the community. In addition to extensive secondary data analysis, input was sought from key informants possessing special knowledge of the health needs, health disparities, and vulnerable populations. Additionally, focus groups were conducted with members and representatives of traditionally medically underserved groups, and a population survey was administered to 2,037 individuals in the Athens-Clarke County community, within which both hospitals are located and from which over 50% of both hospitals’ clients reside.

Data Sources and Methods

Secondary data was drawn from a variety of sources for all 17 of the counties in the hospitals' catchment area. Primary data collection was limited to the nine counties defined as the "primary service area" of the Health Care System, including the counties of Barrow, Clarke, Greene, Jackson, Madison, Morgan, Oconee, Oglethorpe, and Walton. CHNA data sources include:

Core Indicators: Secondary data was gathered primarily through Community Commons (<http://www.communitycommons.org>), a publicly available dashboard of multiple health indicators drawn from over a number of national data sources and Online Analytical Statistical Information System (OASIS), the Georgia Department of Public Health's standardized health data repository. US Census American Community Survey Data was also consulted for demographic, education and income statistics. The core data drawn from these sources were analyzed using a systematic and quantitative approach that incorporated multiple benchmarks and comparisons to determine the health conditions and social determinants of primary concern in the region. A full list of data sources is in Section 5 of this report.

Key Informant Interviews: A total of 27 individuals were selected and interviewed based on their expertise, knowledge of the health needs of the region and experience with vulnerable populations. The selection of the key informants was guided by the findings of the hospitals' previous CHNA reports as well as the input of the two steering committees which oversaw the assessment. The Data Collection and Analysis Steering Committee, which was comprised of a team of University of Georgia researchers who supported the assessment, drafted an initial list of key informants. The hospital-based CHNA Advisory Committee, which was comprised of representatives of the Community Benefits departments of both hospitals, amended and approved the final informant list. The key informants lent their unique perspectives to the development of a nuanced understanding of the health needs of the region. Key informants also greatly added to the documentation of existing community-based resources and shared best practices and policy recommendations which could ultimately inform the hospitals' regional health improvement efforts.

Focus Groups: Focusing upon the vulnerable population groups identified by the CHNA Advisory Committee, a total of 15 focus groups were conducted to supplement the findings of key informant interviews. Eight of the focus groups were conducted in "primary service area" rural counties contiguous to Athens-Clarke County. An additional nine focus groups were conducted with members of the vulnerable population groups identified by the hospitals' CHNA Advisory Committee. Highlights of the focus groups and key informant interviews are incorporated throughout the report and labeled as "Voices of the Community".

Community Survey: Utilizing an online survey application developed in partnership with the D.C.-based Urban Institute, 2,037 individuals completed one of two survey instruments administered between March and July 2015. Demographic, risk factor, and basic health information were collected from Athens-based households at a series of community-based events and through targeted outreach into vulnerable populations. The results of the survey were analyzed for correlations between particular social determinants and the self-reported presence of disease in the households represented in the sample.

SEVERAL OVERARCHING THEMES EMERGED ACROSS THE TOPIC AREAS:

All groups experience adverse health outcomes due to chronic diseases and risky behaviors

Though racial and gender disparities exist for particular indicators in the region, there is no single group which is immune from the heightened experience of poor health documented in the area. Though there are vast disparities between geographies, there are individuals in every community contributing to the disproportionate burden of disease borne by the area.

Greater socio-economic need and health impacts are being experienced by vulnerable population groups as well as in rural counties

A shortage of employment opportunities and transportation options for the low income and rural communities present significant health related challenges to both of these groups. At particular risk are those who, in addition to the aforementioned challenges, also experience language barriers while accessing care. Because there is little affordable health care in the region, many health needs go unaddressed until they are presented as acute crises in the emergency room.

Limited access to care results in greater health impacts for rural areas served by the two hospitals

Due to the paucity of health and human services resources in surrounding counties, Athens-Clarke functions as the social services hub for much of the Northeast Georgia region. Many rural community members commute to Athens to receive the support unavailable in their communities; however, for many low income and older community members (particularly those with transportation challenges), limited access to care translates into higher burden of disease and poorer outcomes over time.

Community health centers, schools and churches are key community assets for effective interventions

Both key informants and focus group participants highlighted the vital role schools, churches, and health centers play in meeting the unmet health needs of medically underserved populations. In many rural communities, churches function as a frontline provider of supportive services, and, to an increasing extent, have begun offering routine health screenings and health fairs as tools of health promotion. Participants frequently identified schools as an effective channel for the dissemination of health related information, with the One Call system and weekly folders being referenced in many communities as the fastest and most effective way to communicate with families. The four federally qualified health centers (FQHC's) and two charitable clinics serving the CHNA area are in desperate need of capacity enhancements to meet the growing need for their services among the under- and uninsured.

Section 2 Introduction

PURPOSE OF THE COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT

This report was written in order to comply with federal tax law requirements set forth in Internal Revenue Code section 501(r), which requires hospital facilities owned and operated by an organization described in Code section 501(c)(3) to conduct a Community Health Needs Assessment at least once every three years. The required written Implementation Strategy is set forth in a separate document and produced separately by the two hospitals collaborating for the purpose of producing this assessment. IRS Notice 2011-52 was utilized as the most recently available guidance on the requirements of a CHNA. This document is intended to satisfy each of the applicable requirements set forth in the aforementioned notice.

ABOUT ST. MARY'S HEALTH CARE SYSTEM

St. Mary's Health Care System is a not-for-profit Catholic health care ministry whose mission is to be a compassionate healing presence in the communities we serve. Founded in 1906 and sponsored by the Sisters of Mercy, St. Mary's is built on a foundation of values that includes excellence, compassion, integrity and reverence for each person. St. Mary's focuses on neurosciences, cardiac care, orthopedics, general medicine/general surgery, women's and children's health, and gastroenterology. The system includes a 196-bed St. Mary's Hospital in Athens, a 25-bed St. Mary's Good Samaritan Hospital in Greene County, and a 56-bed Sacred Heart Hospital in Franklin County. Services include emergency care, intensive care, stroke care, cardiac cauterization, home health care/hospice services, inpatient and outpatient rehabilitation, assisted living, Alzheimer's/dementia care, preventive care, state-of-the-art diagnostic and therapeutic services and a growing network of physician practices.

Georgia's Hospital of the Year in 2006 and 2010, St. Mary's is proud to be the official health care provider for the University of Georgia Athletic Association. St. Mary's has earned the Joint Commission Gold Seal of Approval for advanced primary stroke care, advanced inpatient diabetes, heart failure care, knee replacement surgery and spine surgery.

MISSION

As a member of Catholic Health East and sponsored by the Sisters of Mercy, the mission of St. Mary's Health Care System is to be a compassionate healing presence in our community, committed to the sacredness of human life and the dignity of each person we serve.

VISION

We will respect the needs and value the dignity of every individual and continually seek to improve the lives of all we serve, including patients, co-workers, physicians and those with whom we partner. We will optimize our clinical performance and will maintain high standards of stewardship and accountability. We will be progressive and responsive to change across the health care continuum and will be considered a vital part of the community.

CORE VALUES

- Reverence for each person
- Community
- Justice
- Commitment to those who are poor
- Stewardship
- Courage
- Integrity
- Compassion
- Excellence

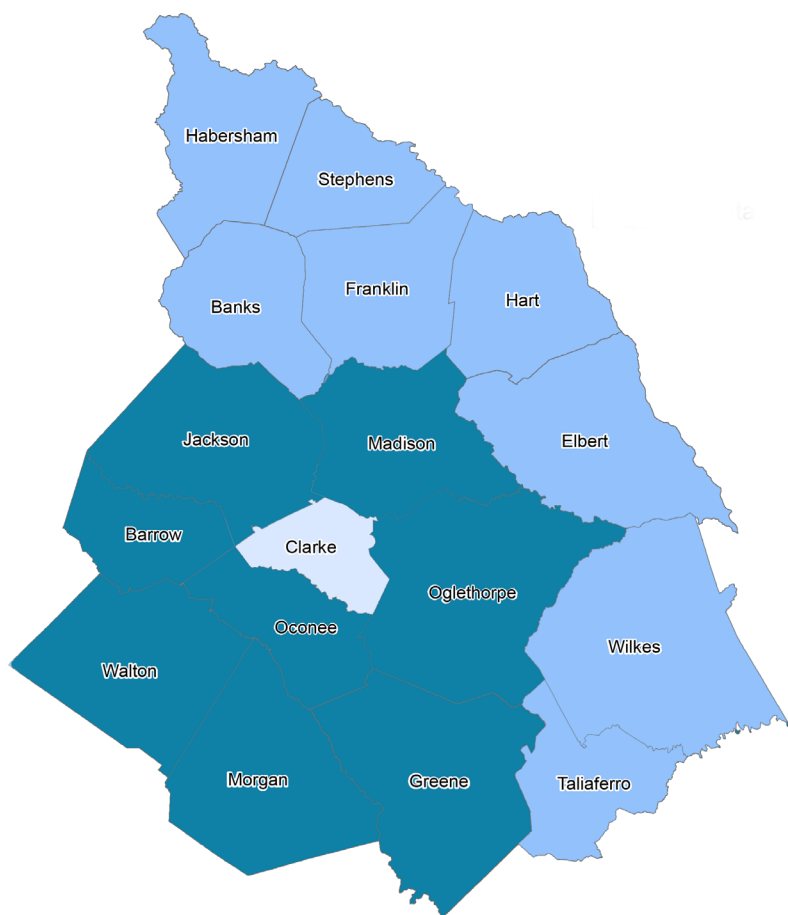
HISTORY WITH PAST ASSESSMENTS

As a member of the Trinity Healthcare Network for many years prior to the enactment of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA), St. Mary's Health Care System has produced Community Health Needs Assessments to support its Community Benefit Program. The most recent report produced by St. Mary's Hospital was the FY 2012-2013 Community Health Needs Assessment and Implementation Plan, which the hospital submitted in June 2013 to satisfy the IRS requirement established under the ACA. Good Samaritan Hospital's most recent report and implementation strategy was submitted by the hospital in 2013. In June 2015, St. Mary's Health Care System acquired Ty Cobb Regional Medical Center, whose most recent assessment was completed in 2013. The now St. Mary's Sacred Heart Hospital's first assessment of community health needs is included in this system-wide CHNA report.

Both hospitals made their respective reports and Implementation Strategies available on their websites, so as to satisfy the ACA requirement that the CHNA reports be made widely available to the public.

COMMUNITY SERVED

SECTION C



COMMUNITY SERVED

¹US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2010.

²GA Dept. of Education, 2013 4-Year Cohort Graduation Rates

³US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.

⁴GA Dept. of Education, County-specific Free and Reduced Lunch Rates

⁵Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2009-2013.

⁶Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services: SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County

⁷Georgia Department of Education, Office of Student Achievement report card.

⁸Online Analytical Statistical Information System, Georgia Department of Public Health.

⁹Homeless Management Information System, 2014-15.

¹⁰Athens-Clarke County Housing and Community Development. Point-in-Time Homeless Count, 2015.

SECTION C

Section 3

ARHS AND ST. MARY'S DEFINITION OF COMMUNITY SERVED BY HOSPITAL FACILITIES

For the purposes of the 2015 Community Health Needs Assessment, St. Mary's Health Care System defined the community served as the individuals residing within the 17 county service areas of the three system hospitals. The service area was exclusively defined by geography to ensure that low-income and/or underserved populations would not be excluded. The 17 counties comprising the system's service area include Banks, Barrow, Clarke, Elbert, Franklin, Greene, Habersham, Hart, Jackson, Madison, Morgan, Oconee, Oglethorpe, Stephens, Taliaferro, Walton, and Wilkes. Vulnerable population groups were also assessed for any disparities and particular risk factors impacting the condition of their health.

For the purposes of data collection, the system defined its geographic service area as having two components – a primary service area and a secondary service area. The primary service area contains the nine contiguous counties responsible for the most hospitalizations. The secondary service area contains the eight counties comprised by the more distant communities from which fewer of the client population is derived.

Geographic and demographic data for each of the covered counties is presented separately on the following pages along with highlights of the most egregious health needs identified in the particular counties.

ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL ATHENS, GA

Primary Service Area Counties: Barrow, Clarke, Greene, Jackson, Madison, Morgan, Oconee, Oglethorpe, Walton

Secondary Service Area Counties: Banks, Elbert, Franklin, Hart, Habersham, Stephens, Taliaferro, Wilkes

ST. MARY'S SACRED HEART HOSPITAL

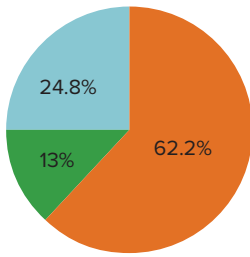
Primary Service Area Counties: Franklin, Hart

Secondary Service Area Counties: Banks, Stephens, Elbert

ST. MARY'S GOOD SAMARITAN HOSPITAL

Primary Service Area County: Greene

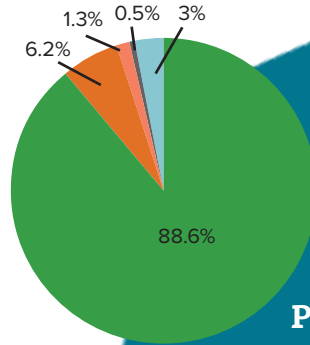
BANKS COUNTY



Below 18 y.o. (25%)
Above 65 y.o. (13%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (62%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Banks County Population*: 18,295
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (3%) Asian (1%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (89%) American Indian/Alaskan (1%)
Hispanic (6%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

70
of 159

POPULATION

The population of Banks County, the sixth least populous county in the hospitals' service area, was estimated at 18,295 by the 2014 US Census, reflecting a 0.5% population decline over the four year period since the 2010 Census. The population is spread out over 233.7 square miles, translating into a population density of 79.3 persons per square mile, seventh lowest among the hospitals' counties. The city of Homer, which is home to 1,141 of Banks County residents, serves as the county seat and is the only city that lies solely inside of Banks County. In 2010, Banks County residents 65 years or older were 12.5% of the population, consistent with the state average. Banks County is one of the least diverse counties in the hospital catchment area with 3% of the population being African-American, 6.2% Hispanic or Latino, and 1.3% Asian.¹

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes

70

Length of Life

86

Quality of Life

54

Health Factors

66

Health Behaviors

77

Clinical Care

138

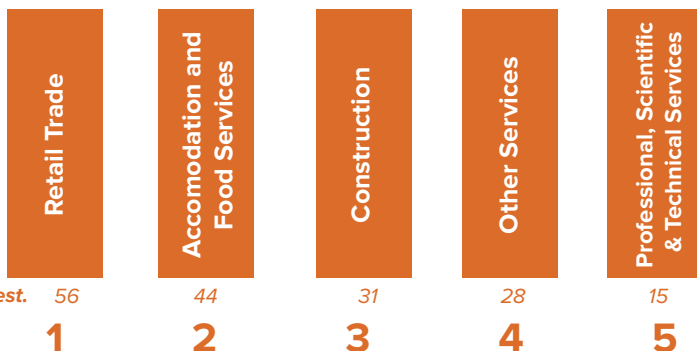
Social and Economic Factors

29

Physical Environment

148

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

Banks County's median household income, of \$41,141, is in the middle of 17 counties in the CHNA catchment area, and is only slightly lower than the state median income of \$49,179.¹ Among the service area counties, Banks was tied for seventh both in terms of its income inequality ratio⁴ and unemployment.³ The county's percentage of children living in poverty (27%) was equivalent to that of the state; but, the county's percentage of seniors living in poverty (13.12%) is higher than the state average.¹

EDUCATION

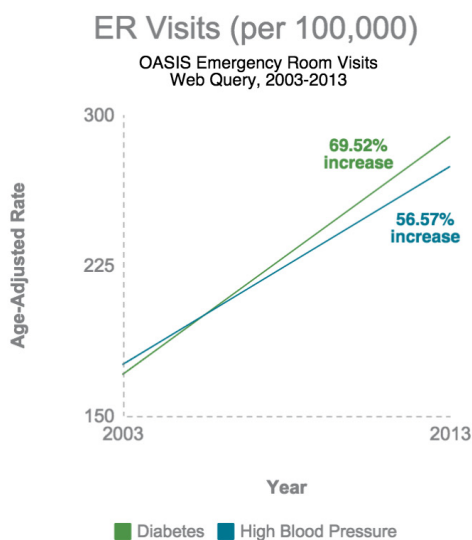
Banks County is among the least educated of the catchment area counties, with only 75.5% of its adult population being high school graduates and 9.6% of the same population having less than a 9th grade education. With respect to higher educational attainment, according to the 2010 Census, only 11.6% of Banks' population had a bachelor's degree or higher, ranking it third worst among the 17 counties on this measure.¹ With 55.6% of three and four-year-old children not enrolled in pre-school, future academic success may be negatively impacted¹. Banks County's 2014 four year cohort high school graduation rate of 86.7% ranks it fourth among service area counties on this measure. The graduation rates of Hispanic and white students in this cohort were comparable, at 87.5% and 87.2%, respectively. There were too few black students for a rate to be reported for this group.²

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(Rate per 100,000)

Race Disparities	White	Black	Ratio
Diabetes Discharge Rate	167.8	1796.8	10.78
Gender Disparities	Male	Female	Ratio
Obstructive Heart Disease ER Visits	161.8	53.8	3.007

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT (18-64) DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Motor Vehicle Crashes
3. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
4. All Other Diseases of the Nervous System
5. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
6. Diabetes Mellitus
7. All COPD Except Asthma
8. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
9. Malignant Neoplasms of Colon, Rectum, and Anus
10. Cerebrovascular Disease

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

BANKS COUNTY

(cont.)

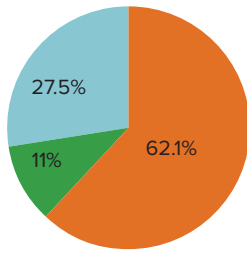
BANKS COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	7.20%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	515	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services, SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, "US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	441	253,498	~59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	14.99%	14.36%	12.40%	Percentage of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	496	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	15.10%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	13.22%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	22.57%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	24.49%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	10.00%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	8,927	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	4.12%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	33.02%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.42	0.47	*411	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality". Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	14	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	35.91%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, having 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	9.60%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	28.89%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	82.37%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	-	22.5	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013
Overweight	41.22%	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	26.4%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	27.40%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	76.11	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	0	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	0	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	97.85	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	5.48	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods/food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	6.26%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	12.44%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	2717	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	68.16%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	135.8	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	-	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	45.5	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 of the female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	6.5	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Very Low Birth Weight	-	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Infant Mortality Rate	0	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013
Births with Tobacco	24.10%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011
Premature Births	7%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	6.88%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Heart Disease Medicare Population	28.33%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	--	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	59.00%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Cholesterol	55.46%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	44.93%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Heart Disease	203.01	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	127.3	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths	111.3	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	4.06%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.3	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	72.7	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	38.2	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	53.31	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	62.10%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	43.48%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	25.70%	41.1	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	16.35%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	0	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Liquor Store Access	0	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Alcohol Consumption	--	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	5.70%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	--	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12.
Driving Alone	46%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	37.8	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	--	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	10	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	--	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	96.7	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	--	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	64.5	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	--	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	154.8	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	38.2	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	28.40%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	10.70%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	0%	11.3%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	72.96%	77.21%	*64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *US Census, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.
Health Insurance by Medicare	19.91%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of population with Medicare health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	9,158:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	18,415:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	--	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	--	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and older who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	16.47%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

BARROW COUNTY

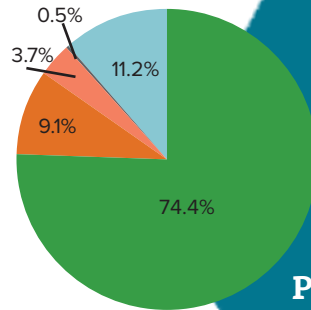
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of 159



Below 18 y.o. (27.5%)
Above 65 y.o. (11%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (62%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Barrow County Population*: 73,240
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (11%) Asian (4%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (74.4%) American Indian/Alaskan (1%)
Hispanic (9%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION

One of the fastest growing counties in the nation, Barrow County, experienced a 50% increase in its population between the 2000 and 2010 Census¹. Barrow County's 2014 population was estimated at 73,240 individuals, reflecting a 5.6% growth from its 2010 population¹. Barrow's population growth is second only to Oconee County in the hospital service area. Barrow also holds the second highest population density in the area with 432.7 people per square mile, following that of Clarke County. This makes the county 2.5 times more densely populated than the state.¹ The population is spread over five cities within its 162.2 square miles. These cities include Auburn, Bethlehem, Carl, Statham, and Winder. The latter serves as both the county seat and the largest and most populous of the five cities. Barrow County's population of persons 65 years or older is slightly below the state average at 10.9%. Barrow County also holds little racial diversity with 11.2% of the population being African-American, 9.2% Hispanic or Latino, and 3.7% Asian.¹

ECONOMY

According to the Census Bureau's American Community Survey, Barrow County's median household income in 2013 was \$53,274, making it second only to Oconee County on this indicator¹. Barrow also has one of the lowest income inequality ratios in the nation, at 3.5. The county also holds values lower than the state average for children living in poverty, making it the fourth best in the area.¹ Barrow County's June 2015 unemployment rate (6.8%) was the third lowest in the catchment area, with the majority of jobs being concentrated among its 5 largest industries.³

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes

40

Length of Life

48

Quality of Life

38

Health Factors

70

Health Behaviors

113

Clinical Care

101

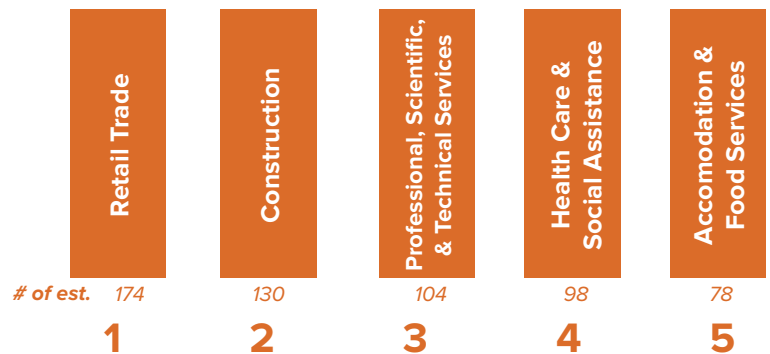
Social and Economic Factors

31

Physical Environment

149

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



EDUCATION

Barrow County is among the more educated counties in the service area, with 82.1% of its population having at least graduated high school and only 6.8% of the population having less than a ninth grade education¹. This ranks Barrow County third and eighth among the hospital service area counties on these measures, respectively. On the other hand, only 17.1% of Barrow's population has attained a bachelor's degree or higher, a value which ranks the county eighth among the CHNA service area counties and which is 10 percentage points lower than the state.¹ Regarding early education, Barrow has the fourth highest percentage of three- and four-year-old children not enrolled in preschool, at 59.5%; however, the county has made progress in increasing the percentage of third grade students who meet or exceed the CRCT reading standards (currently, 98% of Barrow third graders achieve this designation, as compared to 95% in 2010.)⁷ Barrow's 2014 four year cohort high school graduation rate, 75.6%, was fifth lowest among CHNA counties, with 68.5% of the black students, 73.8% of the Hispanic students, and 76.6% of the white students graduating on time.²

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(per 100,000)

Race Disparities

White

Black

Ratio

Diabetes ER Visits

191.2

486.7

2.546

High BP ER Visits

256.6

1192.8

4.491

Stroke Discharges

244

522.7

2.142

High BP Discharges

44.1

184.8

4.190

Gender Disparities

Male

Female

Ratio

Asthma Discharge Rate

70

145.4

2.077

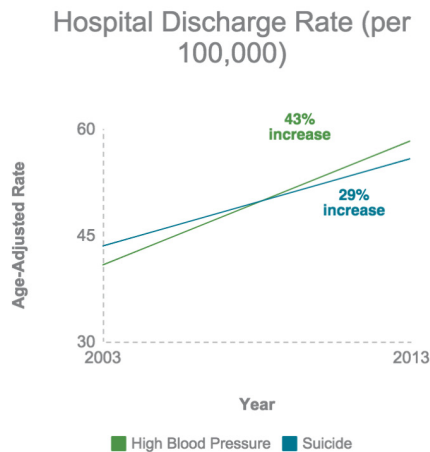
Lung Cancer Discharges

69

35.3

1.95

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT (18-64) DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
3. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
4. Motor Vehicle Crashes
5. Essential Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal, and Heart Disease
6. All COPD Except Asthma
7. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
8. Malignant Neoplasms of Colon, Rectum, and Anus

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

BARROW COUNTY

(cont.)

VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Barrow County Focus Group

Priority Health Needs

Substance abuse including alcohol, smoking, prescriptions drug use, and marijuana usage in teens

Sexually transmitted diseases

Childhood asthma rates are increasing and children are being diagnosed at an earlier age

Mental health needs and self-harming behaviors

Barriers to Accessing Care

No public transportation in the county

Many individuals are lacking health insurance coverage due to the cost

Stigma associated with treatment for mental health needs

Limited knowledge about the services available in the community

Language is a significant barrier for non-English speaking families, with few agencies having translation services available

Complexities involved in the use of Medicaid

Communication between agencies and individuals

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Increase the availability of support groups for people with mental health needs

Ensure agency staff is fully informed of resources so that they can educate and advocate for their clients

Develop mentor and youth development programs

Increase outreach and education across the community to encourage healthy lifestyles

Engage businesses and community members in promoting health

Provide transportation services to ensure clients can access the resources they need

BARROW COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	6.80%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	1,145	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services: SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, "US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	1,648	253,498	*59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	15.61%	14.36%	12.40%	Percentage of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	1,837	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. "US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	13.28%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	10.20%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	15.91%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	17.85%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	6.40%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	7,728	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	3.59%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	33.48%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.38	0.47	*411	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality". Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. "The World Bank, Gini Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	35	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. "US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	33.61%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, having 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	11.30%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	28.51%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	88.30%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	16.8	22.5	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013.
Overweight	32.93%	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	35.00%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	30.80%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	54.78	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	5.77	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	20.18	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	95.15	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	17.16	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	40.06%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	13.23%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	133.8	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	68.81%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	257.5	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	49	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	45	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	6.6	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Very Low Birth Weight	0.7	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Infant Mortality Rate	7	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013.
Births with Tobacco	14.80%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011.
Premature Births	11.10%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	8.75%	4.4%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	27.31%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	32.20%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.

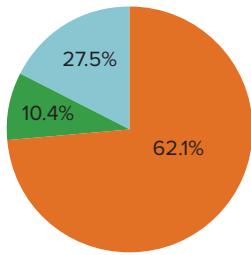
BARROW COUNTY

(cont.)

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	58.65%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	47.08%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	46.92%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Heart Disease	205.63	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	103.26	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Deaths	68.20	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	17.08%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.3	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	92.5	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	69.7	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	66.75	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	49.37%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	74.37%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	71.2	411	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	17.96%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	12	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Liquor Store Access	10.09	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Alcohol Consumption	13.70%	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	15.20%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	19.80%	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12.
Driving Alone	55.00%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	44.7	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	10.1	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	10	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	16.8	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	107.3	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Colon Cancer Deaths	16.1	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	36.3	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	28	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	123	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	69.7	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	26.90%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	9.70%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	1.71%	1.13%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	76.55%	77.2%	64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. US Census, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.
Health Insurance by Medicare	14.39%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of population with Medicare health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	4,128:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	4,466:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	5,954:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	15.10%	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	22.90%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

CLARKE COUNTY

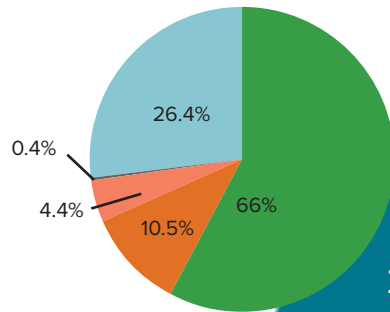
22
of 159



Below 18 y.o. (17%)
Above 65 y.o. (9%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (74%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Clarke County Population*: 120,266
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (26%) Asian (4%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (66%) American Indian/Alaskan (1%)
Hispanic (11%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION

Clarke County, the smallest geographically in the state, is the most populous county in the hospitals' catchment area. Clarke County's 2014 population estimate of 120,938 reflects a 3.6% increase from its 2010 estimate, making it the fourth fastest growing county in the area. Of the two cities in Clarke County, Athens and Winterville, Athens is by far the most populous and is largely responsible for Clarke County holding the highest population density of the 17 counties, with 979.1 persons per square mile. In 2013, Clarke County's senior population was 9.3%, which is below the state average. Clarke County is also among the most diverse counties in the region, with 26.6% of its population being African American, 4.2% Asian, and 10.4% Hispanic or Latino.¹

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes

22

Length of Life

17

Quality of Life

37

Health Factors

20

Health Behaviors

15

Clinical Care

10

Social and Economic Factors

53

Physical Environment

113

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

Clarke County's median household income, likely impacted by the large university student population, is the third lowest in the hospitals' service area, at \$33,060. This, in addition to Clarke's high income inequality of 7.5, may help frame the 38% poverty rate among children.¹ Furthermore, 78.1% of Clarke County students qualify for free or reduced lunch.⁴ Clarke's five largest industries have a large impact on maintaining the relatively low unemployment rate of 8%.³

EDUCATION

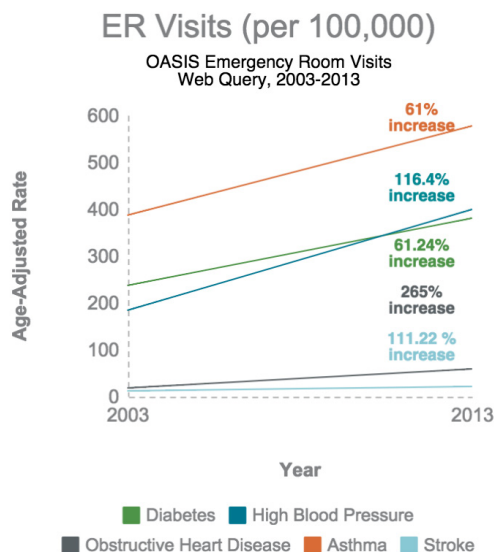
Largely because of the presence of the University of Georgia, Clarke County is one of the most highly educated of the service area counties, with 39.5% of the population having earned a bachelor's degree or higher. Clarke County is second only to Oconee County on this measure as well as on the percentage of individuals having at least graduated high school. Clarke County also has the fourth lowest percentage (5.6%) of the population with less than a ninth grade education among the 17 counties.¹ The Clarke County school district has shown improvement in its performance over the past 5 years, particularly since the arrival of the National Superintendent of the Year, Dr. Phil Lanoue; however, the district's performance does not compare well to neighboring systems in the hospital catchment area. Only Taliaferro County has a lower percentage of third grade students meeting or exceeding the CRCT reading standards. In 2014, only 91% of Clarke County third graders met or exceeded the reading standard, down from a four year high of 94% in 2013.⁷ Clarke County's 2014 four year cohort high school graduation rate is the worst in the catchment area, with only 63.2% of students graduating on time. Only 59.5% of black students graduated on time, as compared to 62.3% of Hispanic/Latino students and 75.2% of white students². In Clarke County, 55.5% of three- and four-year-old children are not enrolled in preschool, up from 43.3% between 2005-2009.¹

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(per 100,000)

Race Disparities	White	Black	Ratio
Diabetes ER Visit Rate	185.2	853.4	4.608
Diabetes Death Rate	19.9	79	3.970
High BP Discharge Rate	12.8	212.4	16.59
High BP ER Visit Rate	149.4	926.4	6.201
Asthma Discharge Rate	38.7	160	4.134
Asthma ER Visit Rate	191.2	1306.4	6.833
Prostate Cancer Discharge Rate	19.4	87.3	4.5
Motor Vehicle Collision ER Visits	431.5	2869.5	6.65
Unintentional Injury ER Visits	2081.1	6265.5	3.011

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT (18-64) DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
3. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
4. Essential Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal, and Heart Disease
5. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
6. Diabetes Mellitus
7. Motor Vehicle Crashes
8. Cerebrovascular Disease
9. All COPD Except Asthma
10. Mental and Behavioral Disorders due to Psychoactive Substance Use

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

CLARKE COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	8.00%	7.30%	6.10%	Percent of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	3,602	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services; SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, "US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	3,089	253,498	*59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	15.24%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	3,802	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. "US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	39.57%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	12.09%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	37.93%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	14.91%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	1.30%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	6,575	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	7.05%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	40.70%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.55	0.47	*41.1	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality". Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. "The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	95	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. "US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	40.97%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	10.80%	10.48%	9.11%	Percent of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	25.94%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	89.49%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	23.2	22.5	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013.
Overweight	27.10%	35.09%	35.78%	Percent of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	25.90%	28.70%	27.14%	Percent of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	25.90%	24.50%	22.64%	Percent of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	95.96	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	14.57	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	22.28	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	1011	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	17.04	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	43.28%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	21.53%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	288.7	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	68.32%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	752.9	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	164.9	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	23.8	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	9.5	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Very Low Birth Weight	9.5	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Infant Mortality Rate	7.4	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013.
Births with Tobacco	12.70%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011.
Premature Births	12.90%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	2.90%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	22.71%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	32.70%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	57.97%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.

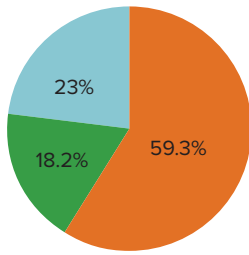
CLARKE COUNTY

(cont.)

High Cholesterol	44.12%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	40.78%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
Mortality-Heart Disease	168.53	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	83.07	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Obstructive Heart Deaths	53.80	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	12.91%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Particulate Matter	13.2	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	60.8	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011
Lung Cancer Deaths	37.9	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	38.11	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Tobacco Use-Farmer or Current Smokers	43.38%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	50.77%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	31.4	41.1	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	17.89%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
Mortality-Suicide	16	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Liquor Store Access	11.14	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013
Alcohol Consumption	10.20%	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012
Binge Drinking	11.20%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012
Social Isolation	16.50%	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse, US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, 2006-12
Driving Alone	17.00%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	41.4	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	6.1	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	6.3	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	23.20	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	146.7	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	13.90	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	45.1	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11
Prostate Cancer Deaths	20.00	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	188.6	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11
Lung Cancer Deaths	37.9	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	24.70%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Uninsured Children	9%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Uninsured Seniors	0.74%	1.13%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	81.17%	77.21%	64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. 'US Census, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.
Health Insurance by Medicare	12.62%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of population with Medicare health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	1,522:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	1,837:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	366:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	15.10%	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	40.81%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

ELBERT COUNTY

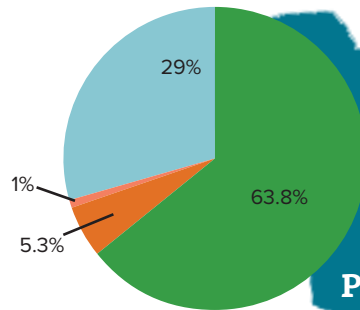
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of 159



Below 18 y.o. (23%)
Above 65 y.o. (18.2%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (59.3%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Elbert County Population*: 19,684
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (29%) Asian (4%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (63.8%) American Indian/Alaskan (0%)
Hispanic (5.3%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION

One of only six of the 17 counties reflecting an estimated population decline, Elbert County's population of 19,438 makes it the seventh least populous county in the hospital service area. With the cities of Elberton and Bowman spanning across 368.8 square miles, Elbert's population density of 57.4 persons per square mile makes it the sixth least population dense of the service area counties.¹ The city of Elberton, with a population of 4,653, serves as the county seat of Elbert County. Compared to the Georgia average of 10.7%, the county has a large population of persons 65 years and older at 18.6%. This county is moderately diverse as 29% of the population is African-American, 5.3% Hispanic or Latino, and less than one percent Asian.¹

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes

139

Length of Life

133

Quality of Life

130

Health Factors

116

Health Behaviors

93

Clinical Care

122

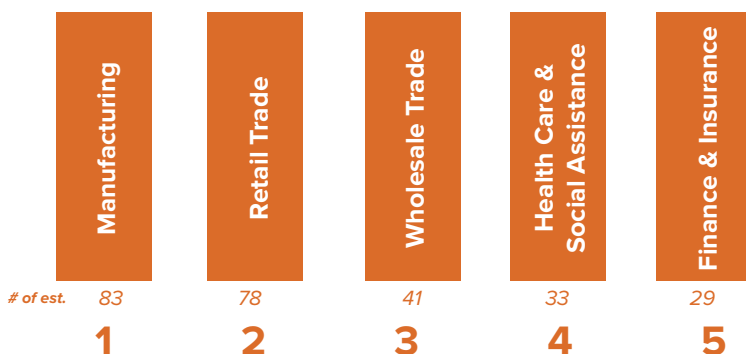
Social and Economic Factors

113

Physical Environment

76

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

Elbert County's median household income of \$35,817 was the sixth lowest among the hospitals' counties and was \$13,000 less than the state value¹. Elbert has the fourth highest unemployment rate³ in the region and it is estimated that a third of Elbert County children are living in poverty¹. 80% of school children are eligible for free or reduced lunch, a rate significantly higher than the 60% state average.⁵ In addition, 44% of Elbert County's children live in single parent households, according to the American Community Survey.¹ The granite industry, for which Elbert County is recognized as a worldwide leader, positively contributes to the low unemployment rate of 6.8%.³

ELBERT COUNTY

(cont.)

EDUCATION

Elbert County ranked in the bottom quartile of service area counties in educational achievement, with just 78.3% of its population being high school graduates and only 11.3% having a bachelor's degree or greater. In addition, 7.5% of the population in Elbert County has less than a ninth grade education.¹ Elbert's 2014 four year cohort graduation rate, 82.8%, was seventh among CHNA counties. In Elbert County, 89.8% of white students graduated on time, as compared to 73.9% of black students and 68.8% of Hispanic students.² The percentage of three- and four-year-old children not enrolled in preschool in Elbert County, 49.7%, was only slightly lower than the state, where 50.2% of three- and four-year-olds were not in preschool.¹

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(per 100,000)

Race Disparities

White

Black

Ratio

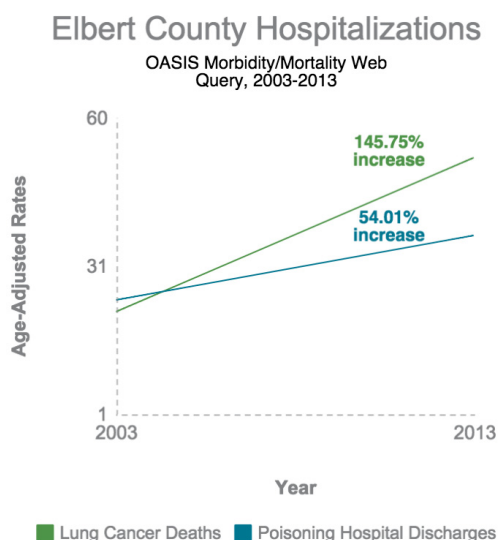
High BP ER Visits

147.9

632.1

4.274

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT (18-64) DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
3. Motor Vehicle Crashes
4. Essential Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal, and Heart Disease
5. Cerebrovascular Disease
6. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
7. All Other Endocrine, Nutritional and Metabolic Diseases
8. Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis
9. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
10. All COPD Except Asthma

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

ELBERT COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	8.80%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	950	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services; SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County; *US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	863	253,498	**59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	17.25%	14.36%	12.40%	Percentage of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	653	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	17.60%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	11.58%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	34.45%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	21.67%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	13.50%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	10,569	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	6.76%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	30.54%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.44	0.47	*411	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality". Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	24	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	32.31%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	10.50%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	27.04%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	83.06%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	--	22.5	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013.
Overweight	34.03%	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	32.20%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	27.90%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	64.46	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	4.96	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	24.79	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	133.89	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	25.14	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	12.74%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	19.25%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	1831	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	6710%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	398	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	112.3	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	65	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	10.8	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Very Low Birth Weight	4.3	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Infant Mortality Rate	--	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013.
Births with Tobacco	28.40%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011.
Premature Births	13.40%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	0.00%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	26.35%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	43.50%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.

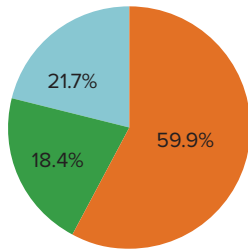
ELBERT COUNTY

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High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	58.36%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Cholesterol	59.12%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self-reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	44.27%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Heart Disease	250.35	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	157.56	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Deaths	148.60	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	3.16%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.1	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	86	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	52.1	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	47.12	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	42.17%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	77.74%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	42	41.1	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	18.02%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	--	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Liquor Store Access	9.92	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013
Alcohol Consumption	--	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	11.00%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	17.00%	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12.
Driving Alone	23.00%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	54.1	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	25.0	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	26.5	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	--	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	98.6	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	--	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	52.5	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	48.70	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	151.69	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	52.1	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	28.90%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	10.00%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	0.00%	1.13%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	62.23%	77.21%	*64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *US Census, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.
Health Insurance by Medicare	25.45%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicare.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	1,522:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	1,837:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	366:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	15.10%	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consistent Primary Care)	40.81%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

FRANKLIN COUNTY

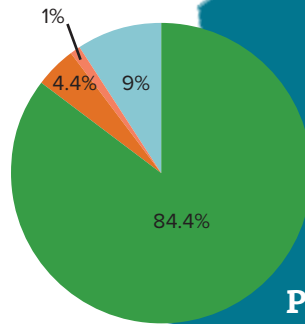
81
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Below 18 y.o. (22%)
Above 65 y.o. (18%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (60%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Franklin County Population*: 22,009
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

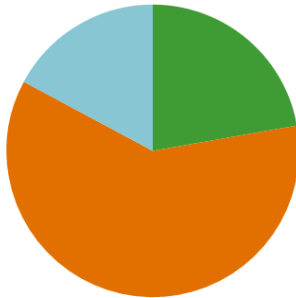
African American (9%) Asian (1%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (84%) American Indian/Alaskan (0%)
Hispanic (4%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION

Franklin County had an estimated population of 21,998 according to the American Community Survey five-year estimate from 2009-13¹. Franklin's population density is approximately 84.5 persons per square mile and is spread out across Franklin's 263.3 square miles.² The five cities in Franklin County are Carnesville, Canon, Franklin Springs, Lavonia, and Royston. Carnesville is the smallest of the cities and serves as the county seat.

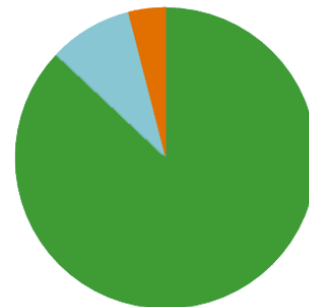
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FRANKLIN COUNTY POPULATION BY AGE



Below 18 y.o. (22%) Between 18-64 y.o. (61%)
Above 65 y.o. (17%)

FRANKLIN COUNTY POPULATION BY RACE



White (87%) African-American (9%) Hispanic (4%)

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

At 17%, Franklin County's senior population is higher than both the state and nation. In the county, seniors are 50% more likely to be white than African-American, reflecting a sharp decline in the population of the latter beyond 64 years of age. Franklin county lacks racial diversity compared to the state (59.7% White Alone population) and the nation (72.4% White Alone population), with 87% of the population identifying as White.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

(cont.)

1A

FRANKLIN COUNTY PERCENT OF POPULATION BY AGE & RACE/ETHNICITY

Age	White	African-American	Hispanic
Below 18 y.o.	21.04%	26.96%	36.42%
Between 18-64 y.o.	60.29%	61.07%	61.68%
Above 65 y.o.	18.68%	11.98%	1.9%

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

Among the three major races in Franklin County, there is a nearly equivalent percentage of 18-64 year olds; however, there are more African American and Hispanics under the age of 18 than there are Whites. The Hispanic population has nearly double the concentration of youth as compared to Whites.

1B

FRANKLIN COUNTY PERCENT OF POPULATION BY GENDER & RACE/ETHNICITY

Gender	White	African-American	Hispanic
Male	49.25%	43.75%	62.34%
Female	59.75%	56.25%	36.76%

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

Though both the White and African American communities' gender distributions are consistent with the state and nation (in that there is a majority of females), there are nearly twice as many Hispanic males as females in Franklin County.

1C

FRANKLIN COUNTY PERCENT OF POPULATION BY GENDER & AGE

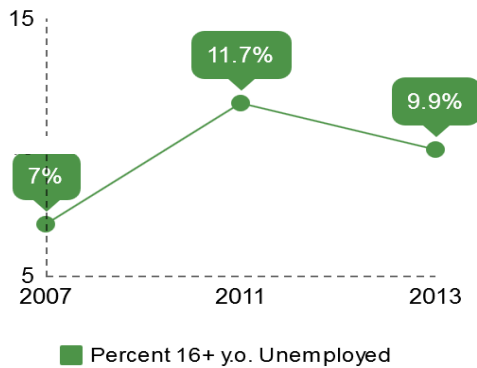
Gender	Below 18 y.o.	Between 18-64 y.o.	Above 65 y.o.
Male	23.4%	61.5%	14.03%
Female	20.7%	59.4%	19.78%

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

ECONOMY

As of July 2015, Franklin County had a 10% unemployment rate, a rate that is 31% worse than the state.³ High unemployment translates into a 19.1% adult poverty estimate and approximately 24.7% of Franklin County's children live in poverty. A reported 17.8% of the population is participating in the Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program (SNAP).¹ Even with a significant portion of the population participating in this program, 16.86% of the population reported experiencing food insecurity in the county.¹ 31.19% of the population lives in substandard housing, which is 41.8% higher than the state.¹ Substandard housing is defined by the Census Bureau as units lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30%, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30%. There is also a reported 7.94% of the population that does not have access to a vehicle, which is also higher than the state average.¹

2



FRANKLIN COUNTY PERCENT of 16 and OLDER POPULATION UNEMPLOYED

The unemployment rate for Franklin County decreased in 2013 compared to 2011; however, in 2013, unemployment in Franklin County was 31.2% worse than the state.

Source: US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2007-13. ACS 2013 % year estimate.

3

FRANKLIN COUNTY PERCENT OF POPULATION IN POVERTY

	County	State	Nation
Total Population in Poverty	18.9%	18.2%	15.37%
Adults in Poverty	19.1%	16.54%	13.60%
Seniors in Poverty	10.3%	11.17%	9.5%
Children in Poverty	24.7%	25.31%	19.9%

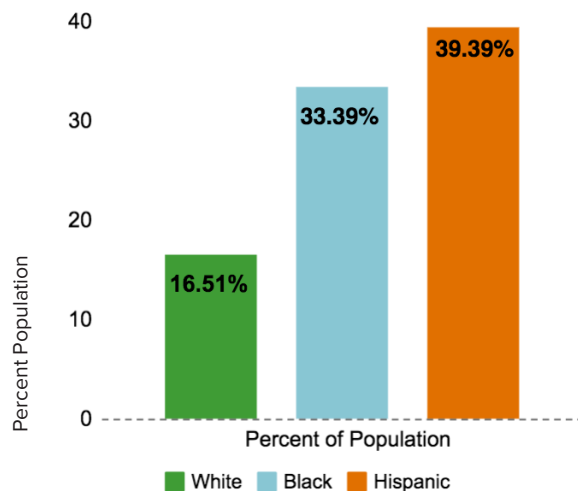
Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

Poverty in Franklin County is a significant problem across all age groups. The county's poverty rate is higher than the state, particularly for adults 18-64 years old. For children under the age of 18 and seniors over the age of 65, the county exceeds the national poverty rate, but is lower than the state.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

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3A FRANKLIN COUNTY TOTAL POPULATION IN POVERTY BY RACE



Poverty in Franklin County disproportionately affects the African-American and Hispanic populations. Both minority groups are more than twice as likely to experience poverty compared to the white population.

4

FRANKLIN COUNTY SNAP PARTICIPATION AND FOOD INSECURITY

	County	State	Nation
SNAP Recipients	17.8%	14.3%	12.4%
Food Insecurity	16.8%	18.9%	15.9%

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

Franklin County SNAP Participation is higher than the statewide participation, and the percentage of the population experiencing food insecurity is lower than the state. The county exceeds the national value on both these measures.

4A

FRANKLIN COUNTY SNAP RECIPIENTS BY RACE/ETHNICITY

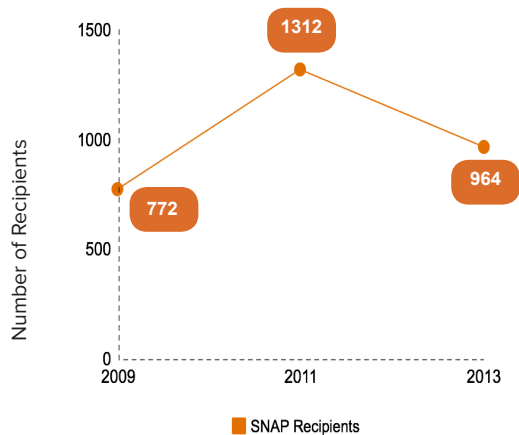
	White	African-American	Hispanic
SNAP Recipients	14.4%	40.8%	36%

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

Approximately three times the percentage of African-Americans and Hispanics receive SNAP benefits compared to Whites in Franklin County.

FRANKLIN COUNTY SNAP RECIPIENTS TREND OVER TIME

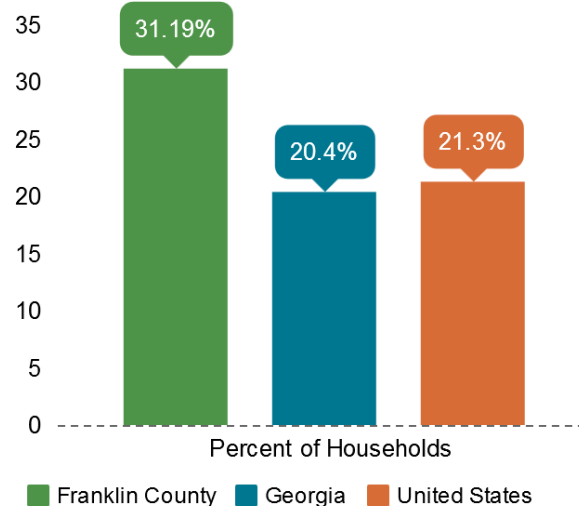
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In Franklin County, the number of SNAP recipients has fluctuated over time. SNAP participation increased between 2009-2011 and then decreased between 2011-2013.

FRANKLIN COUNTY SUBSTANDARD HOUSING CONDITIONS

5



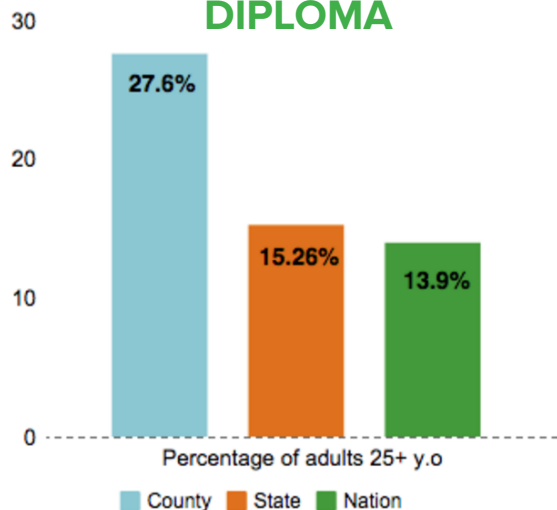
In Franklin County, the percent of households living in substandard housing conditions exceed both the state and the nation. The County is 41.8% worse than the state and 37.6% worse than the nation.

EDUCATION

Franklin County's percentage of individuals over the age of 25 years old without a high school diploma, 27.6%, exceeds both the state and nation.² The high school dropout rate in the county is 13%, which is double the state and triple the national rates.¹ Only 13% of Franklin County's adult population is estimated to have a bachelor's degree or higher, a value half that of the state.² Additionally, 8.4% of Franklin's population had less than a ninth grade education as of the 2010 Census. Though declining, Franklin's percentage of three- and four-year-olds not enrolled in preschool, 56.9%, is higher than the state.

6

FRANKLIN COUNTY WITHOUT HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA



Franklin County's percentage of adults over the age of 25 years old without a high school diploma exceeds the state and nation. This percentage is nearly double the state.

Data Sources

¹ U. S Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2009-2013.

² U.S. Census Bureau: State and County QuickFacts.

³ U.S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - July.

Source: US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

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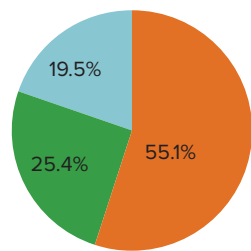
FRANKLIN COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	8.90%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	608	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services; SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, *US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	842	253,498	~59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	17.81%	14.36%	12.40%	Percentage of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	863	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	19.18%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	10.35%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	24.77%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	27.68%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	13.00%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	9,274	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	7.94%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	30.44%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.43	0.47	*41.1	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality". Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	4	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	31.19%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	9.90%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	28.91%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	87.73%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	35.80	22.5	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013
Overweight	38.88%	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	26.40%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	33.50%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	76.98	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	9.06	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	18.11	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	144.9	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	27.44	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	1.35%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	16.86%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	103.2	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	73.60%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	240.8	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	63.6	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	66.6	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	10.9	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Very Low Birth Weight	2.7	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Infant Mortality Rate	—	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013
Births with Tobacco	23.10%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011
Premature Births	15.20%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Cardiovascular Health					

Heart Disease	12.50%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Heart Disease Medicare Population	2718%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
High Blood Pressure	23.70%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	62.81%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
High Cholesterol	36.34%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	54.09%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
Mortality-Heart Disease	239.49	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	120.71	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Obstructive Heart Deaths	104.30	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	14.51%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Particulate Matter	13.2	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	79.3	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011
Lung Cancer Deaths	39.4	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	55.37	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	24.68%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	53.64%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	44.1	41.1	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	19.80%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
Mortality-Suicide	--	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Liquor Store Access	13.58	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013
Alcohol Consumption	--	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012
Binge Drinking	2.80%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012
Social Isolation	--	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12
Driving Alone	35%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	40.4	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	--	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	--	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	35.80	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	104	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	30.1	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	64.5	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11
Prostate Cancer Deaths	0	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	150.9	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11
Lung Cancer Deaths	39.4	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	27.70%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Uninsured Children	8.80%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Uninsured Seniors		1.13%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	70.84%	77.21%	*64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Health Insurance by Medicare	26.00%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicare.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	3,649:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	4,402:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	1,467:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	17.10%	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	3.72%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

GREENE COUNTY

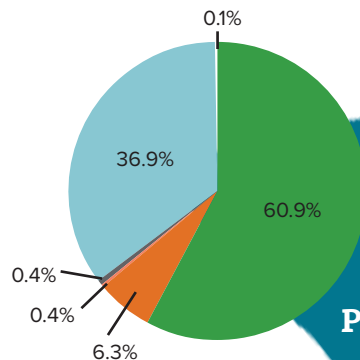
82
of 159



Below 18 y.o. (20%)
Above 65 y.o. (25%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (55%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Greene County Population*: 16,490
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (37%) Asian (<1%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (61%) American Indian/Alaskan (<1%)
Hispanic (6%) Native Hawaiian/Other (<1%)

POPULATION

Greene County had an estimated population of 16,490 in 2014, representing a 3.1% growth between 2010-2014. The county's population density is one of the lowest in the hospital service area with approximately 41.3 persons per square mile in the county's 387.44 square miles. The five cities of Greensboro, Siloam, Union Point, White Plains, and Woodville are within Greene County, and Greensboro serves as the county seat. Greene County is one the most diverse counties in the hospital service area with 36.9% African-Americans and 6.3% Hispanics or Latinos. 25% of Greene County residents are over 65, a value twice the state rate, making it among the older counties in the service area.

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes

82

Length of Life

76

Quality of Life

102

Health Factors

53

Health Behaviors

20

Clinical Care

27

Social and Economic Factors

110

Physical Environment

126

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

Though Greene County's median household income (\$42,565) ranked eighth highest among catchment area counties, the unemployment rate in Greene (8.6%) was fifth worst in the same area.³ Just shy of 40% of Greene County's children live in poverty, and the county reported the highest free and reduced lunch percentage in the area in 2014 (98.6%).⁴ The percentage of adults living in poverty was also worse than the state, with 21.35% of adults living below the poverty line.¹

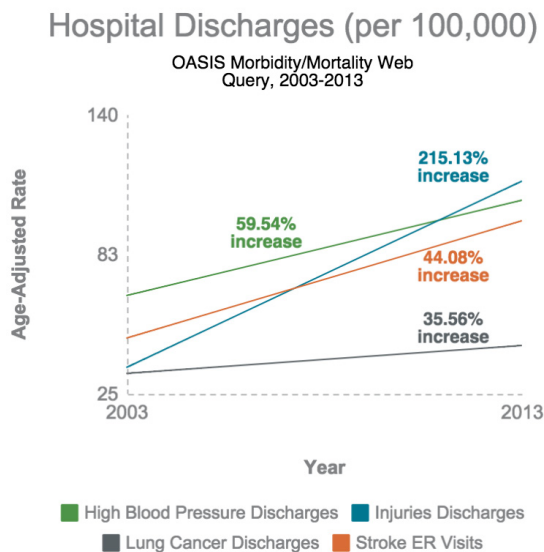
EDUCATION

In the 2010 American Community Survey, only 78.7% of Greene County adults reported having at least graduated high school, ranking Greene eighth worst among CHNA counties on this indicator. In addition, 8.4% of Greene County's population has less than a ninth grade education. On the other hand, a full 21% of individuals possess at least a bachelor's degree, fourth highest among counties in the service area.¹ Additionally, of the 17 counties, Greene County has the highest number of three- and four-year-olds enrolled in preschool, with only 21.4% not enrolled.¹ Greene's 2014 four year cohort graduation rate, at 65.1%, was second worst among CHNA counties and among the lowest system rates in the state. Greene County was also the only county within which the graduation rate for black students was higher than for whites, at 65.9% and 50%, respectively.²

HEALTH DISPARITIES Rates (per 100,000)

Race Disparities	White	Black	Ratio
Diabetes ER Visits	137.1	840.3	6.129
High BP ER Visits	146.5	1251.7	8.544
Asthma ER Visits	293.2	2021.9	6.896
Gender Disparities	Male	Female	Ratio
High BP Discharges	161.5	50.3	3.211

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT (18-64) DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Motor Vehicle Crashes
3. Malignant Neoplasms of the Breast
4. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
5. Diabetes Mellitus
6. Cerebrovascular Disease
7. All COPD Except Asthma
8. All Other Diseases of the Nervous System
9. Malignant Neoplasms of Colon, Rectum, and Anus
10. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

GREENE COUNTY

(cont.)

VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Greene County Focus Group

Priority Health Needs

High rates of Breast cancer, particularly among African American women

High rates of colon and prostate cancer

Mental and behavioral health disorders

Increasing rates of obesity and diabetes

Hunger and access to healthy, fresh foods

Barriers to Accessing Care

Lack of knowledge in the community regarding the resources and services available

Lack of public transportation options

Few psychiatrists and mental health service providers in the county to address mental and behavioral health needs

Many individuals are lacking health insurance coverage due to the cost

Inaccessibility of health care provider locations

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Continue efforts to encourage early detection of breast and other cancers

Offer parenting programs to build on skills and encourage involvement in education and health

Increase the availability of transportation services

Economic development and job creation should become greater priorities

Increase community-wide education and awareness directed toward maintaining a healthy lifestyle

Ensure follow-up between agencies and individuals to encourage the use of services

Set community priorities and address needs collaboratively

Develop green spaces to encourage recreation and promote healthy lifestyles

GREENE COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	8.60%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	344	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services: SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, "US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	628	253,498	**59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	13.88%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	534	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	21.35%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	10.20%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	38.61%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	21.34%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	1.50%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	8,647	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	700%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	31.87%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.55	0.47	*41.1	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality". Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	10	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	34.14%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	11.70%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	20.93%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	85.35%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	77.20	22.5	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013
Overweight	49.55%	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	30.30%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	28.60%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	43.77	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns.
Recreational and fitness facility access	0	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns.
Grocery store access	31.26	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns.
SNAP-authorized food store access	200.08	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	24.95	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	15.72%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	18.51%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	161	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	65.82%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	447.3	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	98	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	53	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	11.6	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Very Low Birth Weight	5.2	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Infant Mortality Rate	—	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013
Births with Tobacco	17.90%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011
Premature Births	19.40%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	9.94%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	24.49%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	49.30%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	57%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.

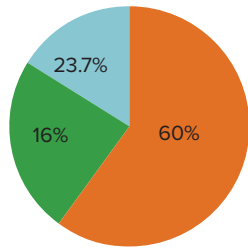
GREENE COUNTY

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High Cholesterol	51.59%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	44.02%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Heart Disease	208.79	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	97.56	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Deaths	66.40	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	16.56%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.0	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM _{2.5})	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	62.6	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	45	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	25.84	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	35.60%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	5713%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	34.9	41.1	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	10.43%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	--	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Liquor Store Access	25.01	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Alcohol Consumption	--	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	--	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	--	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12.
Driving Alone	32%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	--	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	--	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	--	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	77.20	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	137.2	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	--	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	39.7	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	--	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	149.39	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	45	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	26.90%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	11.30%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	0.54%	1.13%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	69.17%	77.21%	64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicare	31.30%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicare.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	1,463:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification File
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	1,632:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification File
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	5,440:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	--	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consistent Primary Care)	16.04%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

HABERSHAM COUNTY

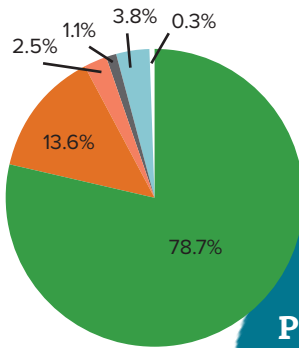
18
of 159



Below 18 y.o. (24%)
Above 65 y.o. (16%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (60%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Habersham County Population*: 43,752
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (4%) Asian (3%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (79%) American Indian/Alaskan (1%)
Hispanic (14%) Native Hawaiian/Other (1%)

POPULATION

Habersham County's 2014 population of 43,752 reflected a 1.7% increase between 2010-2014 and is the seventh highest among CHNA counties. Habersham's population density, 155.5 persons per square miles, is also the seventh highest among service area counties. In the 276.74 square mile county, there are seven municipalities including Alto, Baldwin, Clarkesville, Cornelia, Demorest, Mounty Airy, and Tallulah Falls. Clarksville serves as the county seat of Habersham. In 2010, 15.3% of Habersham County's residents were 65 and older, a number well above the state average. Habersham County is relatively diverse with 13.6% Hispanic or Latino, 3.8% of the population African-American, and 2.5% Asian.¹

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes

18

Length of Life

18

Quality of Life

26

Health Factors

40

Health Behaviors

61

Clinical Care

48

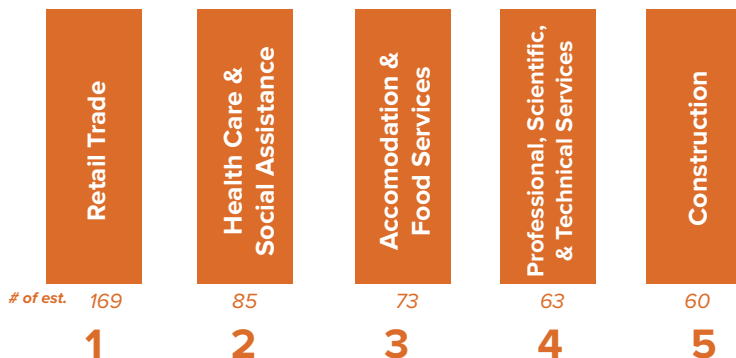
Social and Economic Factors

33

Physical Environment

107

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

Habersham's median household income of \$39,306 is the eighth lowest among service area counties and almost \$10,000 lower than the state average. The unemployment rate in Habersham County is comparable to unemployment in the state³; however, 19% of adults and 33.05% of children live in poverty. Both of these values are higher than the state and nation and are among the highest of CHNA counties.¹

HABERSHAM COUNTY

(cont.)

EDUCATION

Habersham County is of the lowest performing CHNA counties in education, with only 77.9% of the population having graduated from high school and only 17% having earned at least a bachelor's degree.¹ In addition, 10.46% of the population in Habersham County has less than a ninth grade education, second only to Taliaferro in the 17 county region. Almost 60% of three- and four-year-old children in Habersham are not enrolled in preschool, a rate higher than the state and fifth worst in the region.¹ Habersham ranked in the upper half of catchment area counties for the percentage of third grade students (51%) exceeding the CRCT reading standards in 2014.⁷ The county's 2014 four year cohort graduation rate was 77.5%, sixth worst among CHNA counties, with very little racial disparity between the only two groups for which data was available -- whites (78.7%) and Hispanics (73.1%).²

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(Rate per 100,000)

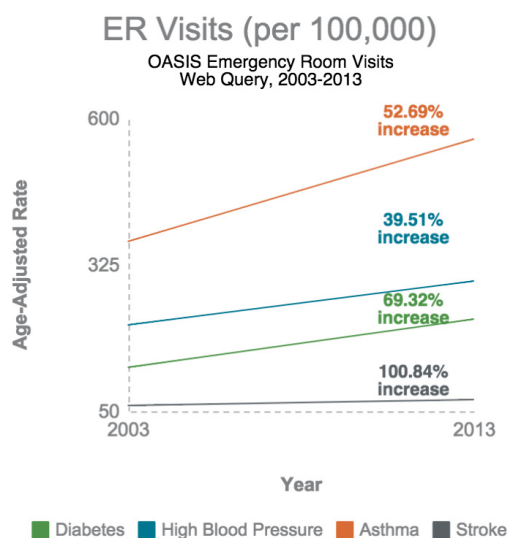
Race Disparities

	White	Black	Ratio
High BP ER Visits	279.4	1001.8	3.586
Asthma ER Visits	310.2	4601.6	14.834
Diabetes ER Visits	204.2	931.6	4.562

Gender Disparities

	Male	Female	Ratio
Asthma ER Visits	925.1	240.3	3.850

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT (18-64) DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
3. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
4. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
5. Motor Vehicle Crashes
6. Cerebrovascular Disease
7. All COPD Except Asthma
8. Malignant Neoplasms of the Pancreas
9. Essential Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal, and Heart Disease
10. Malignant Neoplasms of Colon, Rectum, and Anus

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

HABERSHAM COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

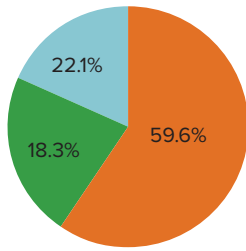
Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	7.40%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	1,040	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services: SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, *US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	887	253,498	*59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	12.93%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	1,710	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	19.00%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	9.17%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	33.05%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	22.14%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	4.10%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	6,608	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	5.01%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	31.32%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.43	0.47	*411	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality". Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	32	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	31.94%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	9.80%	10.48%	91%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	27.15%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	89.46%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Death	19.7	22.5	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013.
Overweight	42.23%	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	31.50%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	28%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	68.05	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	4.65	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	16.26	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	125.46	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	18.48	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	18.18%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	13.62%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	67.9	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	62.58%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	200.9	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	48.5	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	56	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	7.7	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Very Low Birth Weight	1.7	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Infant Mortality Rate	10.4	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013.
Births with Tobacco	10.40%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011.
Premature Births	12.20%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	4.76%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	27.93%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	24.90%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	62.89%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.

HABERSHAM COUNTY

(cont.)

				Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol	36.13%	37.24%	38.52%		
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	51.86%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Heart Disease	169.16	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	83.48	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Deaths	68.40	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	10.65%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.3	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	56.6	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	54.3	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	46.66	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	50.79%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	50.53%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	53.2	41.1	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	14.99%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	10.8	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Liquor Store Access	4.65	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Alcohol Consumption	28.40%	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	770%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	11.50%	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse, US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12
Driving Alone	29%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	45.6	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	10.7	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	11.3	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	19.70	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	127.3	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	17.4	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	50.5	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	—	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	136.9	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	54.3	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	29.20%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	10.30%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	0%	1.13%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	73.37%	77.21%	64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicare	23.86%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicare.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	1,612:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	2,279:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	1,883:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	16.40%	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	33.24%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

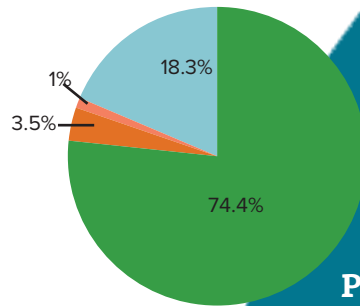
HART COUNTY



Below 18 y.o. (22%)
Above 65 y.o. (18%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (60%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Hart County Population*: 25,377
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (18%) Asian (1%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (74%) American Indian/Alaskan (0%)
Hispanic (4%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

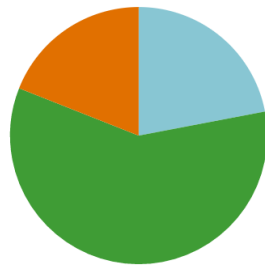
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POPULATION

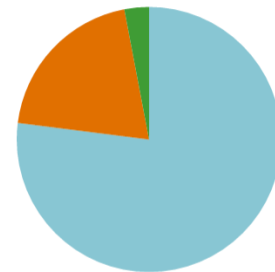
Hart County has an estimated population of 25,348 according to the American Community Survey five-year estimate from 2009-2013. The County's population density is 108.5 persons per square mile within the 232.39 square miles of the county². Hart's two cities are Bowersville and Hartwell, with the latter serving as the county seat.

1

HART COUNTY POPULATION BY AGE HART COUNTY POPULATION BY RACE



Below 18 y.o. (22%) Between 18-64 y.o. (59%)
Above 65 y.o. (19%)



White (77%) African-American (20%) Hispanic (3%)

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

With nearly a fifth of its population over the age of 65, Hart County is among the oldest counties in the state. Comparatively speaking, there is also little diversity, with African Americans making up 57% less of the population in the county than in the state.

HART COUNTY

(cont.)

1A

HART COUNTY PERCENT OF POPULATION BY AGE & RACE/ETHNICITY

Age	Total	White	African-American	Hispanic
Below 18 y.o.	22.08%	19.98%	26.89%	41.23%
Between 18-64 y.o.	59.08%	58.43%	62.75%	53.08%
Above 65 y.o.	18.8%	21.59%	10.36%	5.69%

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

The older population in Hart County is predominantly white; however, the percent of the population of Hispanics under 18 is double that of the White community.

1B

HART COUNTY PERCENT OF POPULATION BY GENDER & RACE/ETHNICITY

Gender	Total	White	African-American	Hispanic
Male	49.6%	48.7%	50.7%	56.5%
Female	50.3%	51.2%	49.3%	43.5%

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

Contrary to state and national trends, in Hart County, there are male majorities in both the African-American and Hispanic communities.

1C

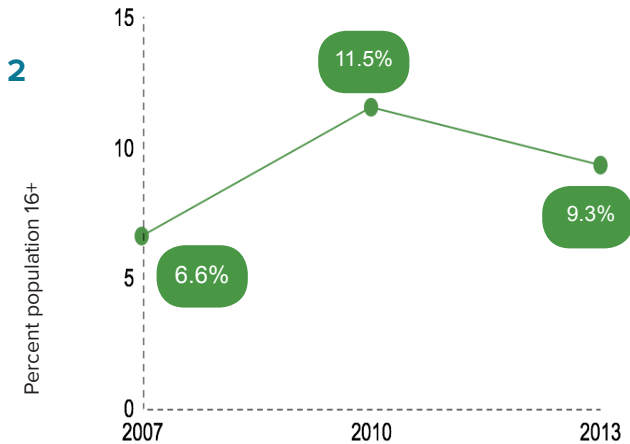
HART COUNTY PERCENT OF POPULATION BY GENDER & AGE

Gender	Below 18 y.o.	Between 18-64 y.o.	Above 65 y.o.
Male	23.24%	60.14%	14.36%
Female	20.94%	58.03%	21.03%

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

ECONOMY

The median household income of Hart County (\$35,615) is approximately \$13,000 less than the state average.¹ The most recent unemployment rate, at 8.9% for July of 2015, is higher than both the state and nation.¹ Poverty in the county is higher than the state, with 25.68% of adults, 13.76% of seniors, and 34.05% of children living in poverty in Hart County. The percentage of children in poverty is 30% greater than the state.¹ Substandard housing conditions also affect a significant portion of the population. Approximately 31% of the housing units have one or more substandard conditions that are “lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30%, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30%”.¹



HART COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT TREND OVER TIME

In Hart County, the unemployment rate increased by 74% between 2007-2010 and decreased by 19% between 2010-2013. In 2013, the County unemployment rate was still 24% higher than the state rate for the same year.

Source: US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2007-13. ACS 2013 % year estimate.

3

HART COUNTY PERCENT OF POPULATION IN POVERTY

	County	State	Nation
Total Population in Poverty	25.42%	18.2%	15.37%
Adults in Poverty	25.68%	16.54%	13.60%
Seniors in Poverty	13.76%	11.17%	9.5%
Children in Poverty	34.05%	25.31%	19.9%

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

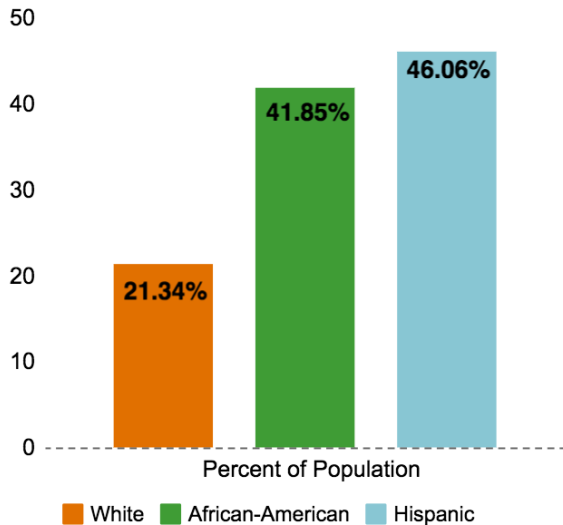
Overall poverty in Hart County is 40% worse than in the state and 65% worse than the nation. At the sub-population level, there is 55% more adult poverty and 34% more children living in poverty in Hart than in the state.

HART COUNTY

(cont.)

HART COUNTY TOTAL POPULATION IN POVERTY BY RACE

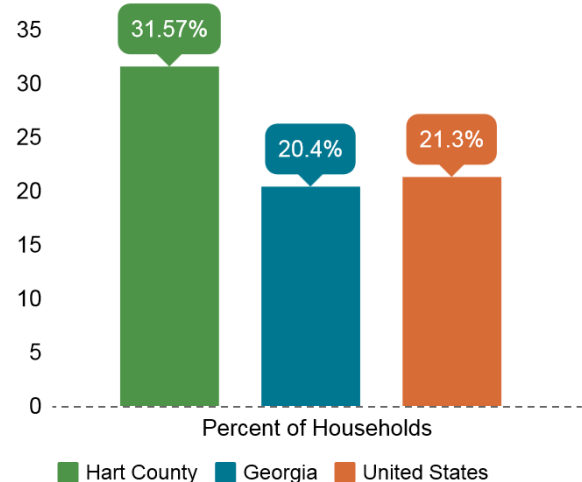
3A



In Hart County, poverty disproportionately affects minority populations, with African Americans and Hispanics being twice as likely as Whites to live in poverty.

HART COUNTY SUBSTANDARD HOUSING CONDITIONS

4



In Hart County, the percent of households living in substandard housing conditions exceeds both the state and the nation for this measure. The county is 43.98% worse than the state and 38.85% worse than the nation.

EDUCATION

According to the 2010 Census, 80.3% of Hart County's population had at least graduated from high school, a value only slightly lower than the state. However, only 15.5% of Hart's population reported holding a bachelor's or higher, almost half the rate of the state².

Data Sources

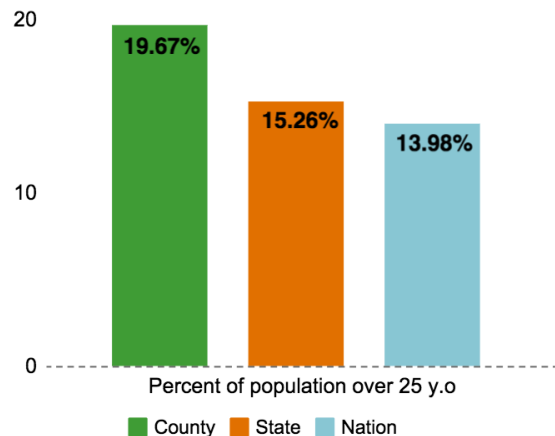
¹ U. S Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2009-2013.

² U.S. Census Bureau: State and County QuickFacts.

³ U.S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - July.

HART COUNTY WITHOUT HIGHSCHOOL DIPLOMA

5



The percentage of individuals without a high school diploma in Hart County is worse than the state and nation.

5A

HART COUNTY WITHOUT HIGHSCHOOL DIPLOMA BY RACE			
	White	African-American	Hispanic
County Percentage	18.02%	24.21%	49.86%

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-13.

In the Hart County, the Hispanic population is nearly three times as likely as Whites to not have a high school diploma.

HART COUNTY

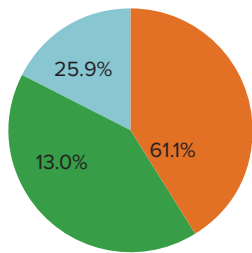
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HART COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	8.20%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	1,066	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services; SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	723	253,498	**59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	15.63%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	930	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	25.68%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	13.76%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	34.05%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	19.67%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	7.00%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	7.003	7.314	5.200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	5.97%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	31.25%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.47	0.47	*411	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality". Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	23	8,450	*610,042	Unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	31.57%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	10.20%	10.48%	9.11%	Percent of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	24.49%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	79.58%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Death		22.5	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013.
Overweight	48.74%	35.09%	35.78%	Percent of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	29.40%	28.70%	27.14%	Percent of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	27.00%	24.50%	22.64%	Percent of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	47.59	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	0	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	15.86	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	115.02	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	23.71	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	0.00%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	17.92%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
Reproductive Health					
HIV prevalence	139.3	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	71.84%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	377.3	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	90.4	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	48	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	8.6	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Very Low Birth Weight	1.7	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Infant Mortality Rate	--	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013.
Births with Tobacco	18.30%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011.
Premature Births	12.70%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	16.65%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	25.58%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	--	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	55%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.

High Cholesterol	54.90%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	41.36%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
Mortality-Heart Disease	223.88	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	109.71	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Obstructive Heart Deaths	80.90	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	24.50%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Particulate Matter	13.1	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	63.3	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011
Lung Cancer Deaths	45.9	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	46.83	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Tobacco Use-Farmer or Current Smokers	54.19%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	87.97%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	58.50	41.1	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	15.53%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
Mortality-Suicide	--	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Liquor Store Access	0	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013
Alcohol Consumption	--	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012
Binge Drinking	--	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012
Social Isolation	--	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse, US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12.
Driving Alone	28%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	50.6	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	--	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	--	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	--	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	113.6	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	--	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	44.5	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	--	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	121.9	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	45.9	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	26.70%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Uninsured Children	8.90%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Uninsured Seniors	0%	11.3%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	70.04%	77.21%	64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *US Census, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement
Health Insurance by Medicare	26.38%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicare.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	1,963:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	3,635:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	6,362:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	--	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Look of Consist Primary Care)	5.67%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

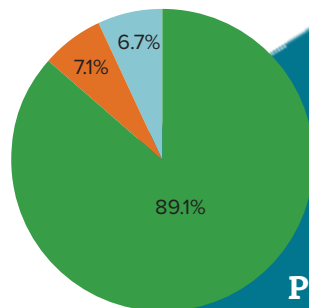
JACKSON COUNTY



Below 18 y.o. (26%)
Above 65 y.o. (13%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (61%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Jackson County Population*: 61,870
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (7%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (89%)
Hispanic (7%)

55
of 159

POPULATION

The sixth fastest growing among catchment area counties, Jackson County had a 2014 population estimate of 61,870, reflecting a 2.3% population change between 2010-2014. Jackson is the third most population dense of the service area counties, with 178.1 persons per square mile spread across 339.66 square miles in the county. In 2013, 13% of Jackson County residents were 65 years and older. Only 7.1% of the population is African-American, 6.7% is Hispanic or Latino, and 1.8% is Asian, making Jackson one of the least diverse counties in the area¹. Jackson's cities include Jefferson, Arcade, Braselton, Commerce, Hoschton, Maysville, Nicholson, and Talmo. Jefferson serves as the county seat.

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes

55

Length of Life

58

Quality of Life

53

Health Factors

19

Health Behaviors

32

Clinical Care

40

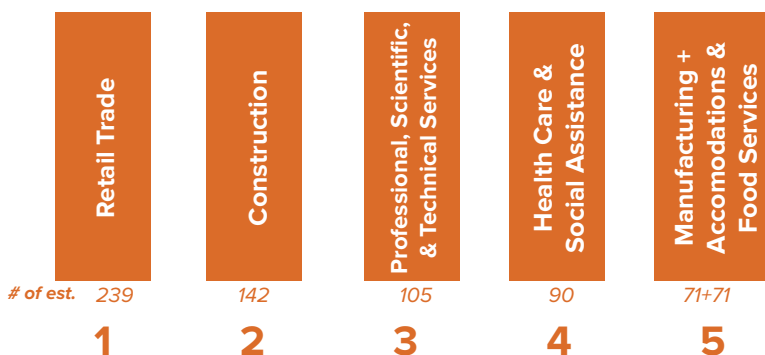
Social and Economic Factors

16

Physical Environment

119

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

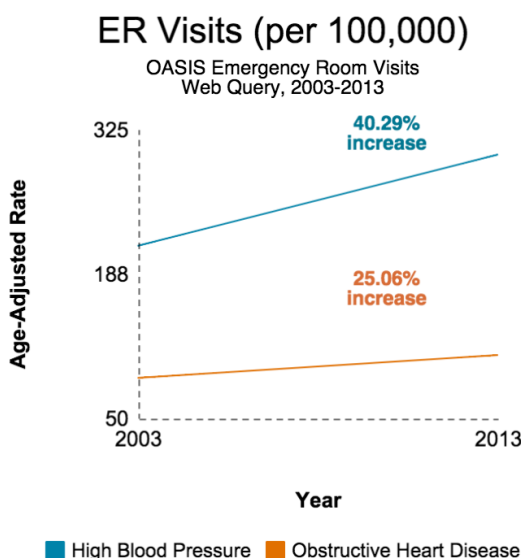
Jackson County's median household income (\$53,179) is the third highest within the hospital service area¹. The county also has the second best unemployment rate in the area, second only to Oconee County.³ Poverty is more intensely concentrated among seniors in Jackson County (13.25% of seniors). The county performed better than the state in terms of both adults and children living in poverty.¹

EDUCATION

Jackson County was the fifth most highly educated county in the catchment, with 19.5% of the population having a bachelor's degree and 81% having at least graduated high school. However, 8% of the population in Jackson County has less than a ninth grade education, compared to 5.8% in the state. Among CHNA counties, Jackson had the fifth lowest percentage (48.4%) of three- and four-year-old children not enrolled in preschool compared to the state, where 50.2% of three and four year olds are not enrolled in preschool.¹ Jackson County's four year cohort graduation rate, 79.9%, was better than the state and ninth best among hospital service area counties. Black students struggled as compared to their peers, as only 60% of the black students graduated on time, as compared to 85.4% of the Hispanic students, and 79.1% of the white students.²

HEALTH DISPARITIES			
(per 100,000)			
Race Disparities	White	Black	Ratio
High BP Discharges	36.6	121.2	3.311
High BP ER Visits	251.8	971.69	3.859
Asthma ER Visits	329.7	1572.3	4.04
Gender Disparities	Male	Female	Ratio
Motor Vehicle Collisions Discharges	105.1	27	3.893

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lungs
3. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
4. Motor Vehicle Crashes
5. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
6. Essential Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal, and Heart Disease
7. All COPD Except Asthma
8. Malignant Neoplasms of Colon, Rectum, and Anus
9. Cerebrovascular Disease
10. Diabetes Mellitus

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

JACKSON COUNTY

(cont.)

VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Jackson County Focus Group

Priority Health Needs

Untreated and undiagnosed mental health conditions

Recent spike in substantiated child abuse

There has been a significant increase in foster care need

Childhood and teenage obesity are observed to be on the rise

33% of Jackson County adults has High Blood Pressure and very few are managing their condition

Substance abuse is an increasing problem - Meth usage and prescription drug abuse are both on the rise

Overcrowding in small towns and schools are placing a drain on limited resources

Barriers to Accessing Care

Lack of affordable public transportation prevents individuals from making it to appointments

Nine different municipalities in Jackson County resulting in disjointed and inconsistent government services

Underemployment and unemployment are major barriers to individuals accessing health care

Insufficiently staffed Health Departments can't handle volume of need

Generational poverty and cycles of dependency prevent individuals from taking advantage of supportive services available to them

Frequent staff turnover at social service agencies negatively impact the agencies' ability to meet needs of clients

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Increase the number of foster homes

Facilitate better communication between providers to better coordinate efforts

Open a Goodwill or a mission center, which could serve as a source of employment for the unemployed

Create a shared agenda for churches and social service providers

Open a one-stop social services building

Increase transportation options for the low-income and elderly

Use schools as a primary channel for communicating vital information

Offer parenting programs, particularly spiritually-centered training

Unify the various municipalities to more effectively distribute services

JACKSON COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	6.50%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	677	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services: SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, *US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	1,453	253,498	**59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	13.75%	14.36%	12.40%	Percentage of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	1,291	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	14.57%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	13.25%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	20.38%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	18.91%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	6.00%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	8,070	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	4.43%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	32.67%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.42	0.47	*411	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality." Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	48	8,450	*610,042	Unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	32.17%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	8.60%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	25.39%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	86.79%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	20	22.50	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013.
Overweight	37.43%	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	28.20%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	27.00%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	62.83	78.19	72.74	Fast Food Restaurants, Rate per 100,000 population	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	4.96	7.88	9.72	Recreation and Fitness Facilities, Rate per 100,000 population	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	9.92	18.33	21.2	Grocery Stores, Rate per 100,000 population	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	95.89	10205	78.44	SNAP-Authorized Retailers, Rate per 100,000 population	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	14.69	17.9	15.6	WIC-Authorized Food Stores, Rate per 100,000 Population	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	27.10%	26.24%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	13.44%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	87.6	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	67.51%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	193.3	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	26.2	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	44.9	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	8.5	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight.	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Very Low Birth Weight	2.2	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight.	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Infant Mortality Rate	9.6	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013.
Births with Tobacco	18.20%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy.	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011.
Premature Births	12.40%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	78.5%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	26.94%	26.52%	28.50%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	35.50%	33.08%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.

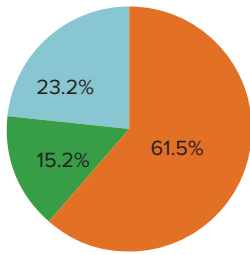
JACKSON COUNTY

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High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	57.33%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
High Cholesterol	34.59%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	45.08%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
Mortality-Heart Disease	198.57	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	9716	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths	90.70	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	17.33%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Particulate Matter	13.3	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	79.3	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011
Lung Cancer Deaths	68.0	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	58.06	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	52.02%	42.43%	44.16%	Adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	61.96%	61.06%	60.02%	Adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	42.80	41.10	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	16.25%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
Mortality-Suicide	11.9	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Liquor Store Access	4.96	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013
Alcohol Consumption	9.10%	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012
Binge Drinking	8.40%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012
Social Isolation	15.70%	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12
Driving Alone	48.00%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	59.4	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	8.9	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	14.4	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	20.00	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	129.4	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	22.9	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	56.9	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11
Prostate Cancer Deaths	36.10	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	134.5	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11
Lung Cancer Deaths	68	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	25.30%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Uninsured Children	9.20%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Uninsured Seniors	0.07%	1.13%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	81.16%	77.21%	64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Health Insurance by Medicare	17.63%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of population with Medicare health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	1,893:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	2,035:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	2,654:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	22.50%	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	26.08%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

MADISON COUNTY

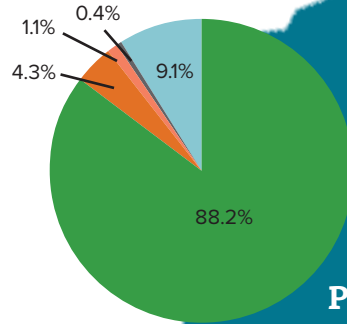
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of 159



Below 18 y.o. (23%)
Above 65 y.o. (15%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (62%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Madison County Population*: 28,312
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (9%) Asian (1%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (88%) American Indian/Alaskan (1%)
Hispanic (4%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION

With an estimated population of 28,312 for 2014, Madison County experienced a 0.7% population increase between 2010-2014. Madison's population is spread out across 282.31 square miles, making it the fourth least dense county in the service area. The 2010 US Census estimated 13.3% of Madison County's population at 65 years and older. Madison County is among the least diverse communities in the region, with only 9.1% of the population being African-American, 4.3% Hispanic or Latino, and 1.1% Asian.¹ Madison's six cities are Danielsville, Carlton, Colbert, Comer, Hull, and Ila, with Danielsville serving as the county seat.

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes

102

Length of Life

105

Quality of Life

98

Health Factors

49

Health Behaviors

84

Clinical Care

95

Social and Economic Factors

35

Physical Environment

85

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

The median household income for Madison County is \$42,459, slightly below the state value and at the midpoint of CHNA county values for this indicator.¹ Madison's unemployment rate (7.2%) is lower than the state and seventh best among hospital counties³. The percentages of seniors, adults, and children living in poverty are all higher in Madison than in the state.¹

MADISON COUNTY

(cont.)

EDUCATION

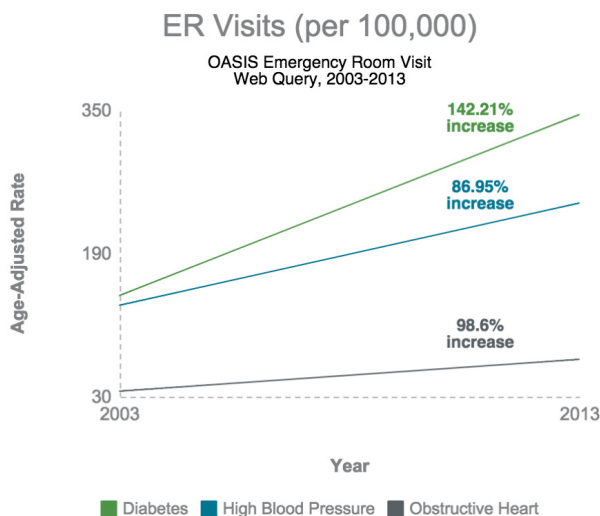
Madison County is on the lower end of the education spectrum, as compared to CHNA counties. In the American Community Survey, only 78.7% of Madison's population had at least graduated from high school and only 14.9% reported having a bachelor's degree or higher.¹ The percentage of the population in Madison County that has less than a ninth grade education, 7.1%, is worse than the state. Madison has successfully been enrolling young children in early childhood education programs, as only 36.6% of three- and four-year-old children are not enrolled in preschool, fifth best in the region and much better than the state.¹ The county's four year cohort high school graduation rate was 82.1%, with 71% of black students graduating on time, 90.5% of Hispanic students, and 82.9% of white students.²

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(per 100,000)

Race Disparities	White	Black	Ratio
High BP ER Visits	197.8	776.4	3.925
Asthma ER Visits	196.9	807	4.099
Gender Disparities	Male	Female	Ratio
Diabetes ER Visits	501.3	164.1	3.055
Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths	104.8	34.6	3.029
Colon/Rectum Cancer Discharges	113.1	33.1	3.417
Unintentional Injury Discharges	141.8	34.7	4.086

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT DEATH*

1. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
2. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
3. Motor Vehicle Crashes
4. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
5. All COPD Except Asthma
6. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
7. Essential Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal, and Heart Disease
8. Cerebrovascular Disease
9. Diabetes Mellitus
10. Malignant Neoplasms of the Breast

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Madison County Focus Group

Priority Health Needs

Obesity and hypertension are perceived as major health needs in the community

Lack of access to healthy, fresh foods

Drug and alcohol abuse are an increasing problem, with Meth usage identified as a significant concern

Untreated and undiagnosed mental health conditions, especially chronic depression and bipolar disorder

Low high school graduation rate

Teenage pregnancy rate, though improved, is high

Large number of homeless families in the community, and no homeless shelters available

No substance abuse programs available in the county

Barriers to Accessing Care

General lack of awareness among community members about the resources available

Lack of public transportation makes it challenging for people to access the health department and other resources

Time constraints present a barrier to accessing care - i.e. childcare and work take precedence over health seeking

Internet access is limited, especially in rural areas, making information dissemination a challenge

Cost prevents many people from seeing a primary care physician and engaging in preventative health measures

Large population of people do not qualify for Medicaid, but also cannot afford insurance

Adult literacy presents a challenge to accessing information

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Improve methods of communication about resources throughout the community, especially to rural areas

Offer parenting programs to build parenting and healthy communication skills

Increase the number of centralized activities available for children and teens, such as a YMCA or afterschool program

Economic development and job creation should become higher priorities

Bring health care to community members through a mobile health van

Inform teens of the opportunities available to them following high school by growing the mentorship and youth development programs

MADISON COUNTY

(cont.)

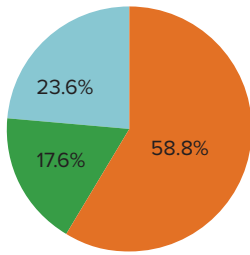
MADISON COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	7.20%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	808	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services: SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, "US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	980	253,498	*59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	14.36%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	683	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	17.22%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	12.62%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	22.55%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	21.34%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	3.50%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	9,591	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	4.52%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	27.91%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.41	0.47	*411	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality". Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	22	8,450	*610,042	Unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	29.50%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	10.90%	10.48%	9.11%	Percent of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Overweight	28.35%	35.09%	35.78%	Percent of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	32.10%	28.70%	27.14%	Percent of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	461	22,550	212	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	30.37%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	87.32%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Physical inactivity	27.30%	24.50%	22.64%	Percent of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	46.23	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	0	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	14.22	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	113.8	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	14.33	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	2.13%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	13.83%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	51.9	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	73.80%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	292.3	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	39.2	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	46.6	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	10.8	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Very Low Birth Weight	--	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Infant Mortality Rate	--	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013
Births with Tobacco	30.90%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011
Premature Births	11%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	4.95%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	27.24%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.

High Blood Pressure	35.80%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	59.28%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
High Cholesterol	30.02%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	43.58%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Heart Disease	196.47	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	104.07	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths	66.90	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	14.60%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.2	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	87.3	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	72.1	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	70.37	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	62.00%	42.43%	44.16%	Adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	63.08%	61.06%	60.02%	Adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	79.60	41.10	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	17.66%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	--	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Liquor Store Access	0	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Alcohol Consumption	9.70%	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	8.80%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	2110%	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12.
Driving Alone	38.00%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	76.5	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	22.70	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	26.10	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	46.10	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	132.7	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	--	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	48.8	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	--	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	150	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	72.1	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	26.40%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	9.90%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	0.71%	113%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	70.46%	77.21%	*64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicare	21.1%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of population with Medicare health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	5,584:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	28,057:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	14,029:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	16.40%	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lock of Consist Primary Care)	39.68%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

MORGAN COUNTY

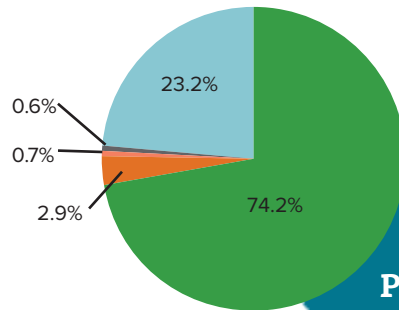
32
of 159



Below 18 y.o. (24%)
Above 65 y.o. (18%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (59%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Morgan County Population*: 17,956
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (23%) Asian (1%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (74.2%) American Indian/Alaskan (1%)
Hispanic (3%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION

The population estimate for Morgan County in 2014 was 17,956, reflecting only a 0.5% population increase between 2010-2014. With a population density of 51.4 persons per square mile across its 347.35 square miles, Morgan County is the fifth least dense among catchment area counties. The 2010 US Census estimated Morgan County's senior population at 15.5%, which was significantly higher than the state average of 10.7%. Morgan County is among the most diverse communities in the hospital service area with 23.2% African-American, 2.9% Hispanic or Latino, and less than one percent Asian.¹ Morgan County's cities include Madison, Bostwick, Buckhead, and Rutledge, with Madison serving as the county seat.

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes

32

Length of Life

39

Quality of Life

42

Health Factors

16

Health Behaviors

19

Clinical Care

39

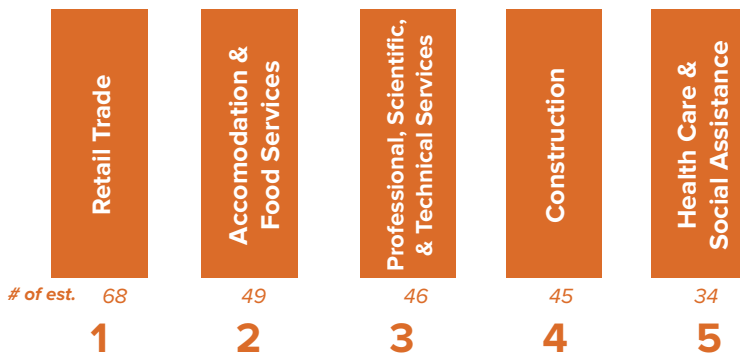
Social and Economic Factors

19

Physical Environment

138

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

The median household income in Morgan County is \$47,729, which is the fifth highest among CHNA counties and only \$2,000 lower than the state¹. The county's unemployment rate, 7.1%, is higher than the state but sixth best among catchment area counties.³

EDUCATION

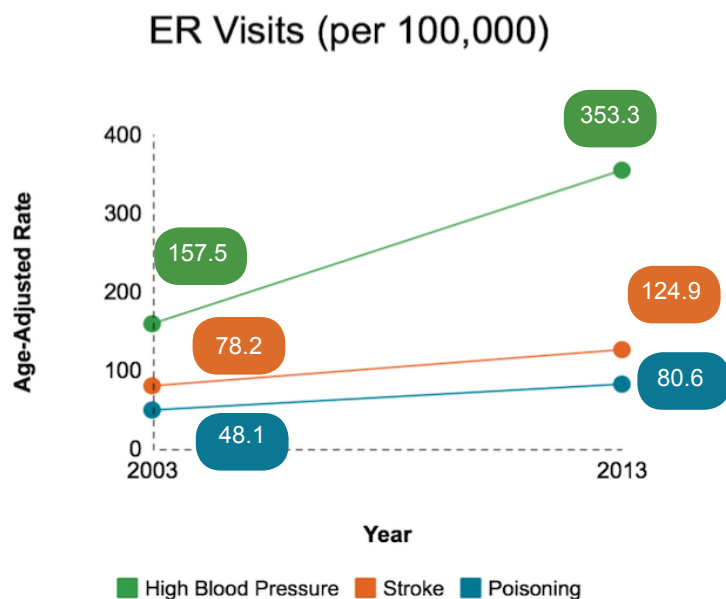
Morgan County is one of the most educated counties within the catchment area. A full 81.7% of the population are at least high school graduates (fifth best among CHNA counties) and 22.7% have a bachelor's degree or higher (third best among catchment counties).¹ The percentage of the population with less than a ninth grade education is 6.5%, placing Morgan County right in the middle of the 17 county area on this measure. Morgan did better than the state at enrolling small children in early education programs, as only 48.6% of three- and four-year-old children in Morgan were not enrolled in preschool in 2013.¹ Morgan County's 2014 four year cohort graduation rate of 87% ranked it third among the CHNA counties. The cohort graduation rate of black students was 78.6%, as compared to 90.5% for white students.²

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(per 100,000)

Race Disparities	White	Black	Ratio
High BP ER Visits	126.5	1174.1	9.281
Diabetes ER Visits	129.4	872.5	6.743
Obstructive Heart Diseases	61.2	210.8	3.444
Asthma ER Visits	264.4	943.7	3.567

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT DEATH*

1. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
2. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
3. Malignant Neoplasms of the Breast
4. Essential Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal, and Heart Disease
5. Cerebrovascular Disease
6. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
7. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
8. Malignant Neoplasms of Colon, Rectum, and Anus
9. Motor Vehicle Crashes
10. All COPD Except Asthma

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

MORGAN COUNTY

(cont.)

VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Morgan County Focus Group

Priority Health Needs

Unemployment has a major impact on health outcomes of community

General lack of cost-effective and free preventative services - like screenings

Heart disease is perceived as a major problem for members of the community

Domestic violence is a growing problem in the county

Drug and alcohol abuse are on the rise, particularly among teens

Lack of affordable housing

Lack of mental health care available to individuals in the county

Barriers to Accessing Care

Very limited public transportation, which creates a problem for individuals needing rides to appointments

Cost of medical care is a deterrent for many low-income residents

Underemployment and unemployment are major barriers to individuals accessing health care

Mammograms aren't available without a physician's order, but many women lack a PCP

Internet accessibility is a problem in the more remote parts of the county, making information dissemination a challenge

General lack of awareness among community members about what services are available to them

Lack of follow-up, on the part of both the agency and the individual

Time constraints present a barrier to accessing care - i.e. childcare and work take precedence over health seeking

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Increase the number of good paying jobs

Make affordable childcare more readily available

Support the educational needs of the workforce

Improve the methods and channels of communication between agencies and community members

Host health fairs in more non-traditional locations - i.e. apartment complexes, as opposed to churches

Increase access to public transportation

MORGAN COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

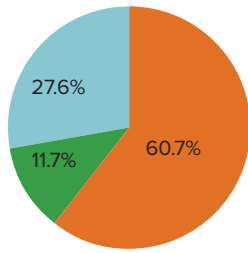
Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	710%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	323	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services: SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, *US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	438	253,498	*59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	12.05%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	412	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	15.18%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	7.92%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	20.68%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	18.27%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	0.90%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	7.325	7.314	5.200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	2.89%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	35.42%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
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Substandard Housing Conditions	35.58%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
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Diabetes prevalence	10.10%	10.48%	9.11%	Percent of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	27.62%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	84.56%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	—	22.50	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013.
Overweight	27.33%	35.09%	35.78%	Percent of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	27.70%	28.72%	27.14%	Percent of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	25.90%	24.50%	22.64%	Percent of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	75.35	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	11.19	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	16.79	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	117.53	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	16.7	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	39.60%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	15.29%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	131.4	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	68.97%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	309.3	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	33.7	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	35.5	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	7.3	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Very Low Birth Weight	—	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Infant Mortality Rate	—	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013.
Births with Tobacco	17.60%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011.
Premature Births	12.40%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.

MORGAN COUNTY

(cont.)

Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	8.08%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	31.57%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	36.30%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	58.24%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Cholesterol	57.78%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	39.82%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Heart Disease	236.23	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	113.83	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths	91.40	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	22.24%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.1	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	71.1	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	38.2	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	37.54	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	59.58%	42.43%	44.16%	Adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	66.79%	61.06%	60.02%	Adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	31.80	41.10	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	12.08%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	—	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Liquor Store Access	22.39	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Alcohol Consumption	—	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	10.50%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	18.70%	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse, US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse 2006-12.
Driving Alone	36.00%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	29.8	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	—	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	—	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	—	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	147.6	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	33.90	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	45.6	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	—	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	145.1	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	38.2	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	24.30%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	9.90%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	0%	113%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	77.70%	77.21%	*64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *US Census, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.
Health Insurance by Medicare	22.04%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of population with Medicare health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	1,788:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	2,223:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	2,964:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	11.50%	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	24.42%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

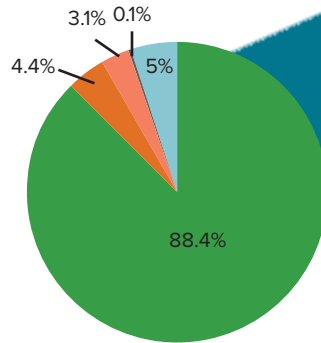
OONEE COUNTY



Below 18 y.o. (28%)
Above 65 y.o. (12%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (61%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Oconee County Population*: 35,093
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



African American (5%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (88%)
Hispanic (4%)
Asian (3%)
American Indian/Alaskan (1%)
Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION BY RACE¹

5
of 159

POPULATION

Oconee County is the fastest growing county in the hospitals' service area, with an estimated 2010-2014 population growth of 6.9%. Oconee's 2014 population was estimated at 35,093 individuals, spread out over 184.29 square miles. The county's population density was fourth highest in the catchment area, with 178 persons per square mile. The percentage of Oconee County's elderly population is near the state average and one of the smallest in the service area. Oconee County is the third least racially diverse county in the area, with only 5.4% of the population being African-American, 4.6% Hispanic or Latino, and 3.6% Asian.¹ The cities of Oconee County are Bishop, Bogart, North High Shoals, and Watkinsville, with Watkinsville serving as the county seat.

ECONOMY

The median household income for Oconee County is \$75,004, which is the highest among all of the catchment area counties and 50% higher than the state value. Oconee County's unemployment rate (5.7%)³ was the lowest among catchment area counties and also lower than both the state and nation. All three of Oconee County's poverty measures (adults, seniors and children living in poverty) were better than the state value. According to the American Community Survey, only 26% of Oconee's population spends more than 30% of its income on housing costs - a value 10% lower than the state value.¹

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes

5

Length of Life

5

Quality of Life

10

Health Factors

1

Health Behaviors

2

Clinical Care

2

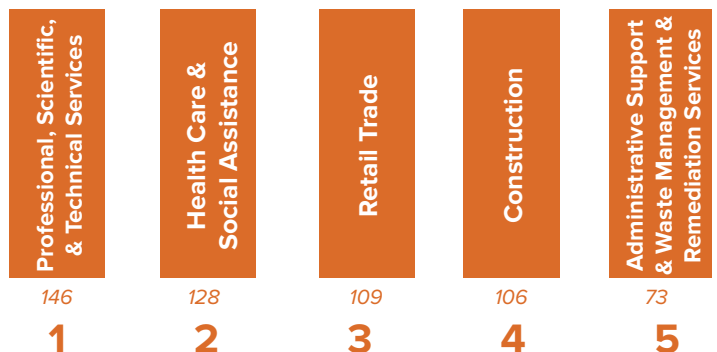
Social and Economic Factors

1

Physical Environment

71

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



OCONEE COUNTY

(cont.)

EDUCATION

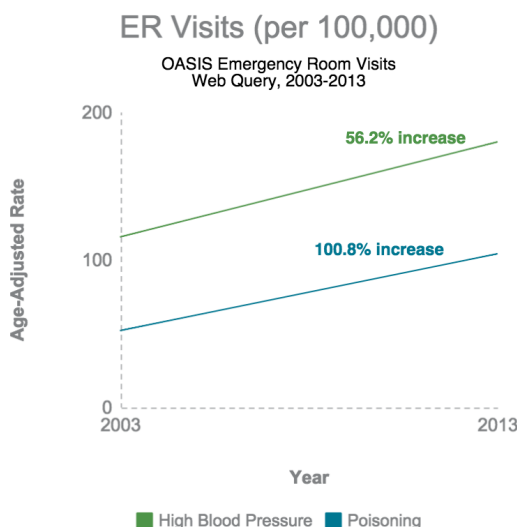
Oconee County is the most educated county in the region, with 91.3% of the population being high school graduates or higher and 43.1% having a bachelors degree or higher.¹ With only 1.9% of the population having less than a ninth grade education, Oconee County has the lowest value for this measure of the 17 counties.¹ In addition, 75% of Oconee County third grade students exceeded the CRCT reading standards in 2014.⁷ Additionally, only 37.7% of three- and four-year-old children are not enrolled in preschool in Oconee County, the fourth lowest rate in the CHNA area.¹ The county's 2014 four year cohort graduation rate of 91.9% was among the top performers in the state and the highest in the catchment area. The graduation rate of black students in this cohort was 71.4%, the rate for Hispanic students was 82.1%, and the rate for white students was 93.9%.²

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(per 100,000)

Race Disparities	White	Black	Ratio
Diabetes ER Visits	84.1	707	8.407
Asthma ER Visits	109.9	1420.4	12.924
High BP ER Visits	140.4	942.4	6.712

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
3. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
4. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
5. Diabetes Mellitus
6. Motor Vehicle Crashes
7. All COPD Except Asthma
8. Cerebrovascular Disease
9. All Other Unintentional Injury
10. Essential Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal, and Heart Disease

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Oconee County Focus Group

Priority Health Needs

Mental and behavioral health needs are high, and few services can be accessed in the county

Affordable dental care

Substance abuse treatment facilities

Increasing rates of intimate partner violence

Childhood and adult obesity are both on the rise with little formal education about nutrition

Affordable housing is very limited, and there is a lack of diversity in the types of housing available

High number of suicides and a lack of support available to people with mental health needs

Parkinson's disease is perceived as a major health problem in the county

Barriers to Accessing Care

General lack of awareness among community members about the resources available

No public transportation available in the county

Few medical specialists are available in the county, and many people do not have transportation to access care out of county

The county covers a large land area, making information dissemination a challenge

Cost is a barrier to care, and there is a gap in services available to those who do not qualify for Medicaid but cannot afford insurance

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Implement a plan for increasing knowledge about resources among service providers and community members

Expand efforts to increase education, especially about nutrition and parenting

Increase the availability of support groups in the county, i.e. for families of children with disabilities, the elderly, people with depression

Support the development of more affordable and varied housing

Community support for increased access to addictive behavior and mental health services

Seek to improve the perceived disconnect between community members and the elected officials by diversifying collaborative meetings - i.e. include the voice of low income and minority members

OCONEE COUNTY

(cont.)

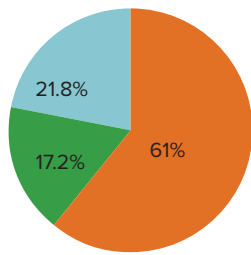
OCONEE COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	5.70%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	169	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services; SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, *US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	342	253,498	**59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	5.83%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	344	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	9.20%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	6.31%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	10.77%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	8.73%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	4.40%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	5,223	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	2.79%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	26.43%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.45	0.47	*.411	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality". Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	17	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	24.92%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 101 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	8.70%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	24.20%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	85.79%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	--	22.50	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013.
Overweight	32.69%	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	30.30%	28.72%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	21%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	85.35	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	15.24	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	15.24	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	70.1	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	14.99	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	21.62%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	9.66%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	32.8	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	52.84%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	235.1	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	38.2	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	13.9	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Low Birth Weight Babies	3.2	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight.	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Very Low Birth Weight	--	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight.	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Infant Mortality Rate	0	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013.
Births with Tobacco	16%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy.	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011.
Premature Births	7.40%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	4.46%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	25.26%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	26.30%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	56.58%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.

High Cholesterol	30.51%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	44.60%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Heart Disease	163.93	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	96.42	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths	53.50	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	8.46%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.2	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	41.2	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	28.40	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	39.7	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	47.82%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	76.80%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	--	41.10	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	16.81%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	--	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Liquor Store Access	0	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Alcohol Consumption	10.70%	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	13.10%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	11.60%	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12.
Driving Alone	23.00%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	33.9	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	--	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	--	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	--	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	125.6	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	15.00	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	32.9	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	--	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	194.8	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	28.4	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	17.20%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	8.00%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	0%	113%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	88.90%	77.21%	64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *US Census, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.
Health Insurance by Medicare	14.06%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of population with Medicare health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	885:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	2,431:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	567:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	10.80%	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	23.74%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

OGLETHORPE COUNTY

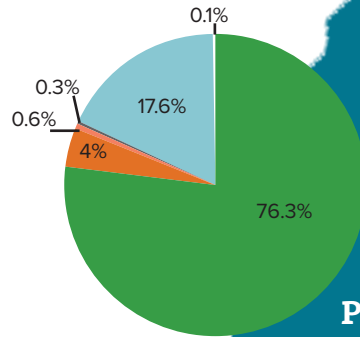
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Below 18 y.o. (22%)
Above 65 y.o. (17%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (61%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Oglethorpe County Population*: 14,673
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (18%) Asian (1%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (76%) American Indian/Alaskan (1%)
Hispanic (4%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION

One of only six counties in the catchment area to experience a population decrease between 2010-2014, Oglethorpe County had a 2014 population estimate of 14,673. With 439.1 square miles of land and a population density of 33.9 persons per square mile, Oglethorpe County is the third least population dense of the 17 counties. 17.2% of Oglethorpe County residents are 65 years and older. The county is moderately diverse compared to the other counties within the catchment area with 17.6% African-Americans, 4% Hispanics or Latinos, and less than one percent Asians.¹ The three cities of Crawford, Lexington, and Maxeys all lie within the county, with Lexington serving as the county seat.

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
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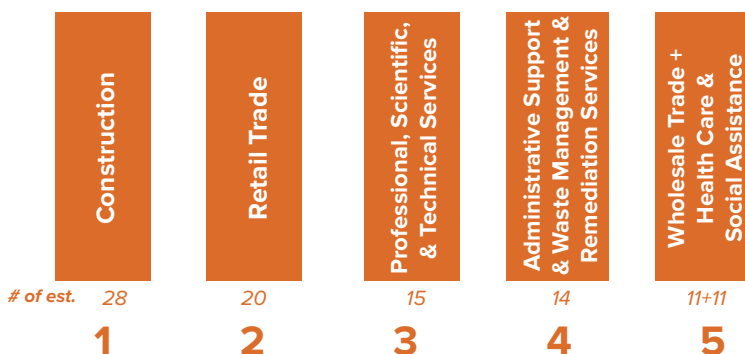
Health Outcomes **28**

Length of Life 24
Quality of Life 55

Health Factors **36**

Health Behaviors 59
Clinical Care 72
Social and Economic Factors 27
Physical Environment 77

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

The median household income for Oglethorpe County is \$45,729, which is the sixth highest in the catchment area and slightly higher than the state average. The county has the fourth lowest unemployment rate in the area and is performing slightly better than the state on this measure³. On the other hand, the county is performing worse than the state on two indicators of poverty; both Oglethorpe's senior and adult poverty rates are higher than the state.¹

EDUCATION

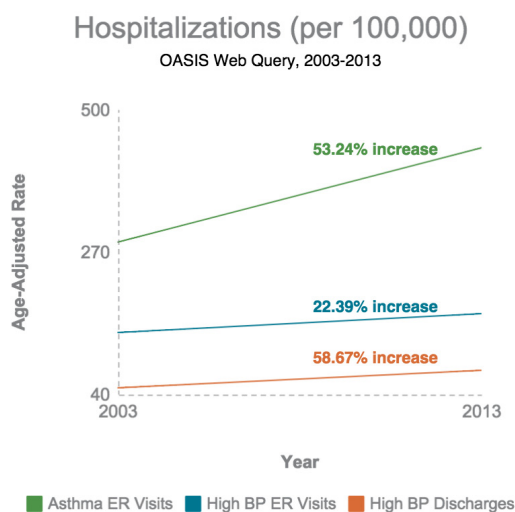
Oglethorpe's percentage of high school graduates (79.1%) and bachelor's degree holders (18.1%) ranks 10th and 12th, respectively, in the catchment area. However, both of these measures are lower than the state average.¹ Only 6.5% of Oglethorpe's adult population has less than a ninth grade education, sixth best among CHNA counties.¹ In Oglethorpe, only 28% of three- and four-year-olds were not enrolled in preschool in 2013, third best in the region and almost two times the rate in the state.¹ The county's four year cohort graduation rate of 75.3% ranked in the bottom half of the catchment area, with 72.7% of the black students graduating on time and 75% of the white students graduating on time.²

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(per 100,000)

Race Disparities	White	Black	Ratio
Stroke Deaths	39.8	167.1	4.249
Diabetes Discharges	91.2	359.1	3.938
Diabetes ER Visits	170.5	358.6	3.159
High BP Discharges	46.9	232.2	4.951
High BP ER Visits	114.8	443.8	3.866
Asthma ER Visits	291.2	1068.7	3.670

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
3. Motor Vehicle Crashes
4. Cerebrovascular Disease
5. Diabetes Mellitus
6. Malignant Neoplasms of Colon, Rectum, and Anus
7. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
8. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
9. All Other Endocrine Nutritional and Metabolic Diseases
10. Malignant Neoplasms of the Breast

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

OGLETHORPE COUNTY

(cont.)

VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Oglethorpe County Focus Group

Priority Health Needs

Mental health is a serious problem, particularly given there aren't any mental health providers in the county

Childhood and adult obesity are both on the rise, due in large part to a lack of access to outlets for physical activity

Children are using chewing tobacco at an early age

Alcoholism and youth alcohol consumption are growing issues in the county

High school graduation rate is a major concern

There is a sense of social isolation the further you go out in the county, contributing to mental health issues

Over 200 children currently on Individual Education Programs

Barriers to Accessing Care

No public transportation in the county

Many insurance plans won't pay for mental health services

Lack of knowledge in the community regarding mental health diagnoses and treatment

Many individuals are lacking health insurance coverage

Cost is a barrier to accessing care, particularly for seniors and the low-income

Adult literacy presents a challenge when attempting to complete intake paperwork

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Greater collaboration among agencies and social service providers

Greater investment should be made in awareness raising and education

Services should be brought to where the people are - i.e. through the operation of a Mobile Clinic

Economic development and job creation should become greater priorities

Open an outdoor therapeutic facility for children, particularly those with mental health issues

Increase access to dental services

OGLETHORPE COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	6.90%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	328	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services; SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County; *US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	448	253,498	**59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	13.23%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	538	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	16.74%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	12.85%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	17.96%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	21.03%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	3.20%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	6,847	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	3.35%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	27.51%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.41	0.47	*41.1	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality." Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	18	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	25.73%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	10.70%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	28.63%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	88.04%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	--	22.50	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013.
Overweight	25.12%	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	29.40%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	25.40%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	78.19	72.74	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	6.71	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	6.71	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	60.41	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	6.81	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	4.42%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	13.43%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	71.4	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	58.35%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	295.6	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	61.9	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal & Infant Health					
Teen Births	35.3	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	6.5	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Very Low Birth Weight	0	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Infant Mortality Rate	--	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013.
Births with Tobacco	27.50%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011.
Premature Births	9.20%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	8.31%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	26.32%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.

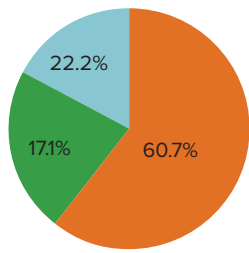
OGLETHORPE COUNTY

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High Blood Pressure	32.90%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	62.92%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
High Cholesterol	16.44%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	46.07%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
Mortality-Heart Disease	165.4	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	79.98	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths	35.30	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	16.56%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.1	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	81	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	42.30	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	40.56	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	46.77%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	42.18%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	47.70	41.10	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	15.07%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	--	11.29	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Liquor Store Access	0	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Alcohol Consumption	--	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	12.40%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	23.30%	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse, US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, 2006-12.
Driving Alone	42.00%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	60.9	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	--	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	0	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	--	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	116.6	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	--	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	53.1	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	0.00%	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	138.7	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	42.3	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	26.20%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	11.10%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	0.23%	113%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	74.03%	77.21%	*64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicare	21.30%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicare.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	7,309:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	14,548:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	--	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	16.50%	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	28.85%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

STEPHENS COUNTY

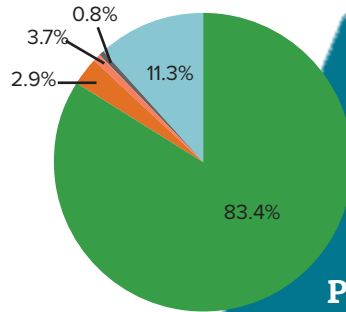
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Below 18 y.o. (22%)
Above 65 y.o. (17%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (61%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Stephens County Population*: 25,480
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (11%) Asian (1%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (83%) American Indian/Alaskan (0%)
Hispanic (3%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION

Between 2010-2014, Stephens County experienced the third largest population decrease of the 17 counties in the catchment area. Stephens County's 2014 population was estimated by the Census Bureau at 25,480 individuals, 17.1% of whom were over the age of 65, seventh most among catchment area counties. Only 22.4% of Stephens' population is under the age of 18 and only 5.7% is under 5 years of age, both of which were lower than the state values. Stephens is also among the least racially diverse counties in the catchment area, with African Americans making up only 11.2% of its population and Hispanic/Latinos making up only 2.9%. Stephens' population density ranked seventh among CHNA counties, with approximately 146.1 persons per square mile, spread out across the 179.3 square miles of the county.¹ Martin and Toccoa are the two municipalities in Stephens County, with Toccoa (the larger) serving as the county seat.

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes

118

Length of Life

122

Quality of Life

95

Health Factors

33

Health Behaviors

31

Clinical Care

41

Social and Economic Factors

38

Physical Environment

102

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

The median household income in Stephens County is \$37,898, the seventh lowest among CHNA counties. The county also had the sixth highest unemployment rate³ in the area and the percentages of adults and children living in poverty were both higher than the state values;¹ Stephens ranked eighth worst in the region on both of these measures. A full 79% of Stephens County PreK through 12th grade students qualified for free and reduced lunch in 2014, speaking to a level of economic vulnerability that would explain some of the adverse health outcomes observed among the population.⁴

STEPHENS COUNTY

(cont.)

EDUCATION

According to American Community Survey data, Stephens County ranked seventh among CHNA counties in terms of basic educational attainment, with 80.4% of the population having at least graduated high school and only 6.1% estimated to have less than a ninth grade education (fifth lowest in the area).¹ On the other hand, Stephens was fifth worst among the catchment counties with respect to higher education, with only 14.2% of its population estimated to have a bachelor's degree or higher¹. Stephens County's rate of three- and four-year-old children not enrolled in preschool (63.7%) was second worst in the catchment area and 13 percentage points higher than the state. Stephens County had the fifth best 2014 four year cohort graduation rate, 85.3%, with very little racial disparity; the graduation rate of black students was 83.3%, as compared to 84.9% among white students.²

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(per 100,000)

Race Disparities

	White	Black	Ratio
High BP Discharges	190	643.4	3.386
High BP ER Visits	242.3	760	3.137
Asthma ER Visits	220.3	647.5	2.939

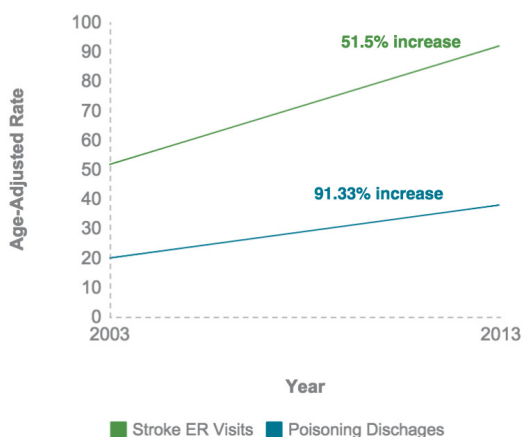
Gender Disparities

	Male	Female	Ratio
Colon/Rectum Cancer Discharges	92.3	27.7	3.365

HISTORICAL TRENDS

Hospitalizations (per 100,000)

OASIS Web Query, 2003-2013



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
3. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
4. All COPD Except Asthma
5. Cerebrovascular Disease
6. All Other Chronic Liver Diseases and Cirrhosis
7. Motor Vehicle Crashes
8. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
9. Diabetes Mellitus
10. Malignant Neoplasms of Colon, Rectum, and Anus

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

STEPHENS COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	8.20%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	1,298	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services; SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County; *US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	1,085	253,498	**59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	14.70%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	1,102	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	18.89%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	11.21%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	28.60%	25.37%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	19.62%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	5.00%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	10,237	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	6.34%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	28.16%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.44	0.47	*411	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality." Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	60	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	30.58%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	11.80%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	30.56%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	89.74%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	26.20%	2250.00%	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013
Overweight	29.72%	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	27.80%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	27.30%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	6113	7819	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	764	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	15.28	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	126.07	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	23.11	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	10.25%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	15.61%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	54.1	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	59.90%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	292	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	101.2	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	52.4	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	7.9	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Very Low Birth Weight	2.6	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Infant Mortality Rate	16.4	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013
Births with Tobacco	22.50%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011
Premature Births	13.40%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	12.43%	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.

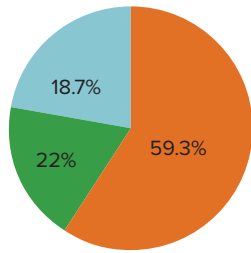
STEPHENS COUNTY

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Heart Disease Medicare Population	26.35%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	48.90%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	62.97%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Cholesterol	67.46%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	48.48%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Heart Disease	253.24	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	102.6	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths	102.00	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	39.43%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.30	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	76	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	58.70	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	61.2	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	65.21%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	33.10%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	58.00	41.10	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	16.95%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	--	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Liquor Store Access	764	916	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Alcohol Consumption	--	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	--	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	9.60%	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12.
Driving Alone	29.00%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	75.3	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	22.60	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	--	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	26.20	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	106.4	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	33.60	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	54.1	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	--	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	115.8	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	58.70	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	23.70%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	7.60%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	0%	113%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	72.69%	77.21%	76.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicare	24.82%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of population with Medicare health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	1,523:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	2,854:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	1,976:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	--	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	27.55%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

TALIAFERRO COUNTY

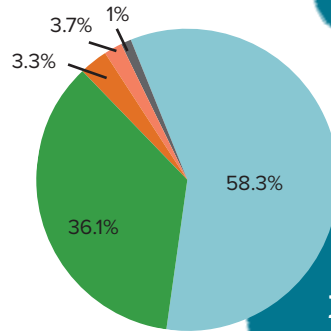
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Below 18 y.o. (19%)
Above 65 y.o. (22%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (59%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Taliaferro County Population*: 1,693
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (11%) Asian (4%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (74%) American Indian/Alaskan (1%)
Hispanic (9%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION

One of the six counties that experienced an overall population decline from 2010-2014, Taliaferro County was estimated to have a population of 1,693 in 2014. Easily the least population dense of the CHNA counties, Taliaferro is estimated to have only 8.8 persons per square mile in the 195.4 square miles of county. Taliaferro is the only county in the catchment area with a higher percentage of African Americans than Whites, with 58.6% of the population being African American. Hispanics/Latinos accounted for approximately 3.3% of the population in 2013, with Whites comprising only 36.1%. Taliaferro is the second oldest county in the service area, with nearly twice as many individuals over the age of 65 and 75% fewer individuals under 18 than the state.¹ Crawfordville and Sharon are the only two municipalities in Taliaferro, with the former (population 534) serving as the county seat.

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
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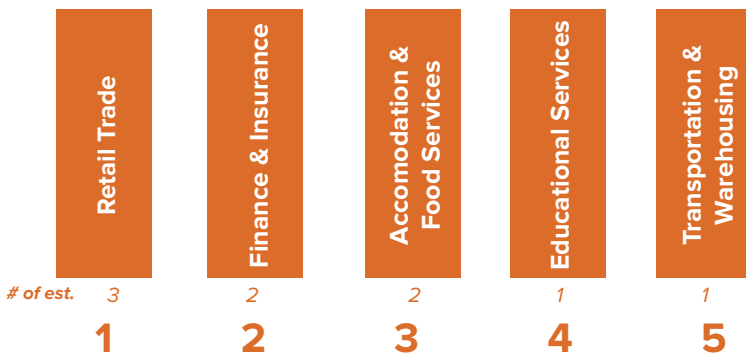
Health Outcomes **158**

Length of Life 156
Quality of Life 154

Health Factors **146**

Health Behaviors 129
Clinical Care 146
Social and Economic Factors 120
Physical Environment 109

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

In addition to having the highest unemployment rate in the catchment area (10.6%),³ Taliaferro also has the lowest median household income of any of the counties. Taliaferro's median household income, at \$25,465, is nearly half that of the state.¹ According to the Georgia State Department of Education, 93.2% of Taliaferro's school-aged children qualified for free and reduced lunch, ranking them third highest among CHNA counties.⁴ A full 45% of children, 29% of adults, and 15% of seniors are estimated to be living in poverty, all three of these measures are higher than the state and are either first or second highest in the region.¹

TALIAFERRO COUNTY

(cont.)

EDUCATION

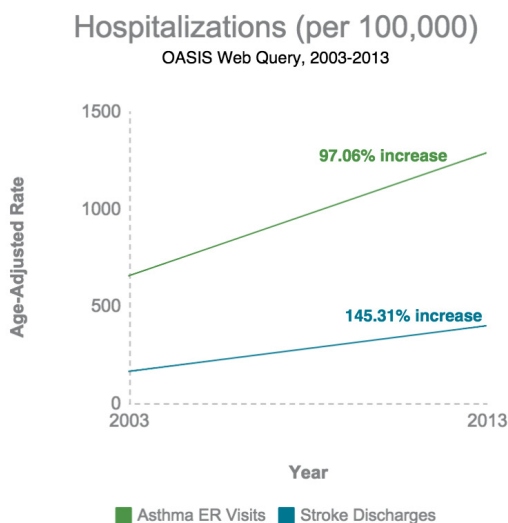
Taliaferro County is the least educated of the communities in the hospital service area, with only 68.3% of its population having at least graduated high school and only 9.3% estimated to have a bachelor's degree or higher. Additionally, 10.6% of Taliaferro's adults are estimated to have less than a ninth grade education, the highest among the 17 counties.¹ Taliaferro also has the highest percentage of three- and four-year-old children not enrolled in preschool, 69.7%, nearly 20 percentage points higher than the state.⁸ Both the third grade CRCT reading scores and the four year high school cohort graduation for Taliaferro were unavailable for 2014, the year for which this data was pulled for analysis.

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(per 100,000)

Race Disparities	County	GA Avg.	Ratio
High BP Discharges	299.7	73	4.11

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Septicemia
3. Malignant Neoplasms of the Breast
4. Cerebrovascular Disease
5. Pneumonia
6. Motor Vehicle Crashes
7. Essential Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal, and Heart Disease
8. Malignant Neoplasms of Colon, Rectum, and Anus
9. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
10. Leukemia

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

TALIAFERRO COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	10.60%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	114	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services: SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County, "US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	100	253,498	*59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	22.73%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	72	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. "US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	28.96%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	15.58%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	--	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	31.70%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	--	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	12,025	7,314	5,200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	13.07%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	30.40%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.43	0.47	*41.1	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality." Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	7	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. "US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	33.66%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 101 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	12.40%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	34.08%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	75.76%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	--	22.50	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013
Overweight	--	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	33.60%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	29.10%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	58.24	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	0	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	0	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	174.72	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	58.72	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	68.96%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	23.30%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	--	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	--	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	822.1	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	352.3	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Infant and Maternal Health					
Teen Births	72.5	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	26.3	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Very Low Birth Weight	0	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Infant Mortality Rate	0	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Births with Tobacco	0%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011
Premature Births	--	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	--	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.

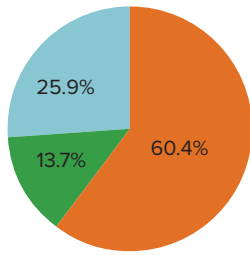
TALIAFERRO COUNTY

(cont.)

Heart Disease Medicare Population	26.59%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	--	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	62.55%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Cholesterol	--	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	40.45%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Heart Disease	262.72	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	112.24	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths	--	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	--	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.0	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	--	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	0.0	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	--	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	--	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	--	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	--	41.10	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	13.48%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	--	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Liquor Store Access	0	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Alcohol Consumption	--	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	--	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	--	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12.
Driving Alone	47%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	--	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	--	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	0	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	--	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	--	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	--	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	--	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	--	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	--	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	0	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	29.40%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	9.30%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	0%	11.3%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	58.78%	77.21%	64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. "US Census, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.
Health Insurance by Medicare	29.98%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of population with Medicare health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	1,680:0	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	1,703:0	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	--	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	--	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	--	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

WALTON COUNTY

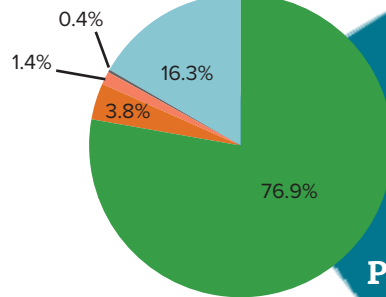
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of 159



Below 18 y.o. (26%)
Above 65 y.o. (14%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (60%)

POPULATION BY AGE*

Walton County Population*: 85,615
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE*

African American (16%) Asian (1%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (77%) American Indian/Alaskan (1%)
Hispanic (4%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION

The third fastest growing among hospital service area counties, Walton County had a 2014 population estimate of 87,615. Walton is also the third most population dense county in the region, with 257.2 persons per square mile across its 300 square miles. The senior population of Walton County's mirrors the state at 12.5%. Walton is among the more racially diverse counties in the area, with 16.6% of its population being African American and 3.8% being Hispanic/Latino. Walton's age distribution was consistent with the state, in that 13.7% of its population was over 65, 25.9% under 18, and 6.3% under 5 (as compared to 12.0%, 24.9%, and 6.6%, respectively in Georgia).¹ Walton County's five cities are Monroe, Good Hope, Loganville, Social Circle, and Walnut Grove, with Monroe (the largest of the cities) serving as the county seat.

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

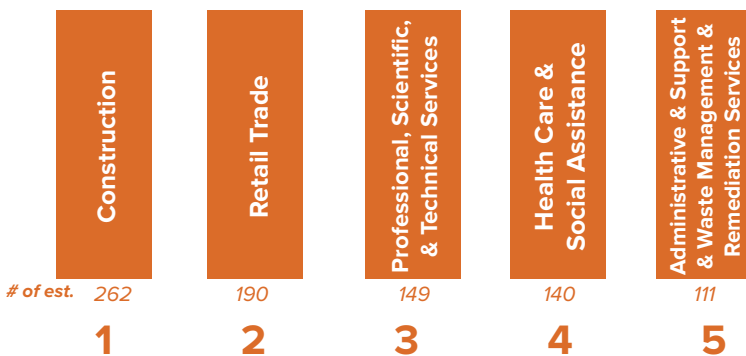
Health Outcomes 42

Length of Life 72
Quality of Life 15

Health Factors 28

Health Behaviors 22
Clinical Care 58
Social and Economic Factors 23
Physical Environment 153

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

Walton County was tied for the fourth lowest unemployment rate in the region, at 6.9%,³ and its median household income was fourth highest among CHNA counties. Walton's median household income, at \$52,369, was just below the national value and about \$3,000 greater than the state. Walton County has among the lowest percentages of children, adults, and seniors living in poverty in the region; the county values for all these indicators were better than the state.¹ Walton also had the third lowest free and reduced lunch rate in the service area, bested only by Oconee and Morgan counties.⁴

WALTON COUNTY

(cont.)

EDUCATION

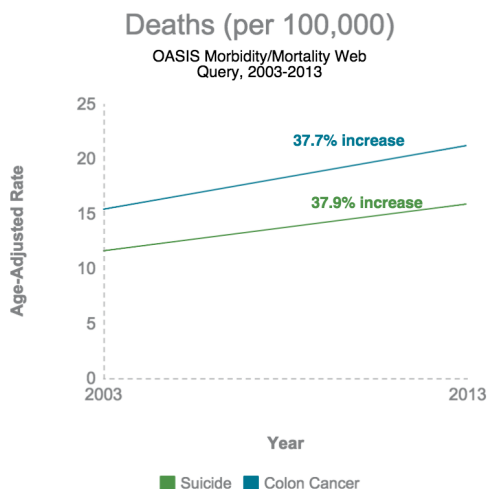
Walton County is among the most educated of the communities in the catchment area, with its percentage of high school graduates and bachelor's degree holders ranking third and fourth among area counties, respectively. Additionally, only 4.7% of the population is estimated to have less than a ninth grade education (second lowest in the area).¹ Walton County has a slightly higher percentage than the state of three- and four-year-old children not enrolled in preschool, 52%.¹ The county's 2014 four year cohort graduation rate, 78.7%, was better than the state and tenth best in the CHNA service area. In Walton, as in Greene County, black students were more likely to finish on time than white students, with 83.3% of black high school freshman graduating after four years and 77.1% of whites achieving the same benchmark.²

HEALTH DISPARITIES

(per 100,000)

Race Disparities	White	Black	Ratio
High BP Discharges	14.3	367.5	25.69
High BP ER Visits	256.2	1309.5	5.111
Diabetes ER Visits	174.4	672.2	3.854

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
3. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
4. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
5. Malignant Neoplasms of Colon, Rectum, and Anus
6. Motor Vehicle Crashes
7. Essential Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal, and Heart Disease
8. Malignant Neoplasms of the Breast
9. Cerebrovascular Disease
10. Diabetes Mellitus

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Walton County Focus Group

Priority Health Needs

Dental health is a significant need in the community - waiting lists for dental care are extremely long, with over 800 people waiting for help

Lack of transitional housing

There is a general lack of mental health care, like counseling and psychological assessments

Diabetes and high blood pressure are perceived as major problems in the community

There is a lack of access to healthy foods and education about how to prepare them

Barriers to Accessing Care

Public transportation is severely limited, hindering people's ability to access resources

Limited access to medical specialists

Complex application processes prevent people from accessing services, especially when they require technology

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Create a centralized means for communicating what services are available and ensure information reaches everyone in the community

Provide follow-up with people while completing intake paperwork

Increase collaboration between the seven municipalities to coordinate effective public transportation

Increase focus on youth development programs to ensure students complete high school

Educate community members on taking an active role in caring for their health

Increased education among providers about the impact of trauma, poverty, and discrimination on their clients

Foster stronger sense of community and encourage families to support one another

Services should be brought to where the people are

WALTON COUNTY

(cont.)

WALTON COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

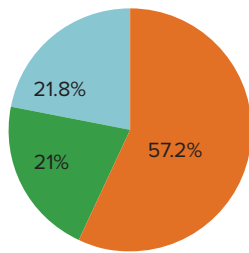
Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	6.90%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	2,488	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services; SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County; US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	2,033	253,498	~59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	12.44%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	1,869	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	13.08%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	7.08%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	18.65%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	16.86%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	5.90%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	8.561	7.314	5.200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	4.78%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	34.67%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.42	0.47	*411	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality". Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013; *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	92	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	33.83%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	10.60%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	28.50%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	85.08%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	18.90%	22.50	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013.
Overweight	41.46%	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	30.30%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	23.70%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	59.69	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	5.97	7.88	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	9.55	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	93.11	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	15.37	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	34.67%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	14.23	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	102.2	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	56.66%	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	359.2	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	85.1	130.1	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	43.6	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	7.3	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight.	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Very Low Birth Weight	1.4	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight.	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Infant Mortality Rate	8.5	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013.
Births with Tobacco	14.70%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy.	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011.
Premature Births	11.70%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	9.97%	4.47%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	26.05%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	30.10%	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.

High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	60.49%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
High Cholesterol	39.66%	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	47.40%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Heart Disease	198.58	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	100.7	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths	94.10	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	14.33%	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Particulate Matter	13.2	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	70.1	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011.
Lung Cancer Deaths	49.10	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	57.31	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	54.43%	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	57.61%	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	33.50	41.10	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	15.07%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Mortality-Suicide	15.8	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011.
Liquor Store Access	2.39	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Alcohol Consumption	10.40%	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Binge Drinking	9.90%	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.
Social Isolation	24.20%	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, 2006-12.
Driving Alone	50.00%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	56.2	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	7.5	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	16.1	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	18.90	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	124.3	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	21.1	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	42.5	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Prostate Cancer Deaths	18	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	162.6	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles, 2007-11.
Lung Cancer Deaths	49.1	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	23.40%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Children	8.90%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Uninsured Seniors	1.29%	1.13%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012.
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	80.09%	77.21%	64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. 'US Census, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.
Health Insurance by Medicare	17.19%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of population with Medicare health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	2,416:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	4,084:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	2,042:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	13.10%	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	23.96%	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

WILKES COUNTY

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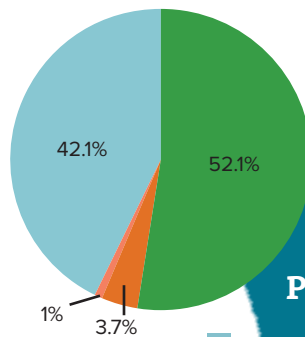
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Below 18 y.o. (22%)
Above 65 y.o. (21%)
Between 18-65 y.o. (57%)

POPULATION BY AGE¹

Wilkes County Population*: 9,940
Georgia Population*: 9,815,210



POPULATION BY RACE¹

African American (42%) Asian (1%)
White (Non-Hispanic) (52%) American Indian/Alaskan (0%)
Hispanic (4%) Native Hawaiian/Other (0%)

POPULATION

Wilkes County's population declined the fastest among catchment area communities, with 6.2% population decline having been estimated between 2010-2014. Wilkes is both the second smallest and the second least population dense of the CHNA communities, with a 2014 population estimate of 9,940 and approximately 22.6 persons per square mile. Wilkes is the third oldest county in the catchment area, with 21% of its population estimated to be over the age of 65. Wilkes' values for percentage of persons under 5 and under 18 both rank lower than the state. Wilkes County has the second highest concentration of African Americans in the area, 42.8% of the population; however, only 3.7% of Wilkes' population is Hispanic/Latino and 0.8% Asian. Wilkes County has three municipalities - Rayle, Tignall and Washington. The city of Washington (population 4,134) serves as the county seat and is among the most population dense cities in the catchment area, with 523 persons per square mile.¹

COUNTY HEALTH

Rank
(of 159)

Health Outcomes 109

Length of Life 129
Quality of Life 67

Health Factors 145

Health Behaviors 110
Clinical Care 114
Social and Economic Factors 134
Physical Environment 154

TOP 5 INDUSTRIES



ECONOMY

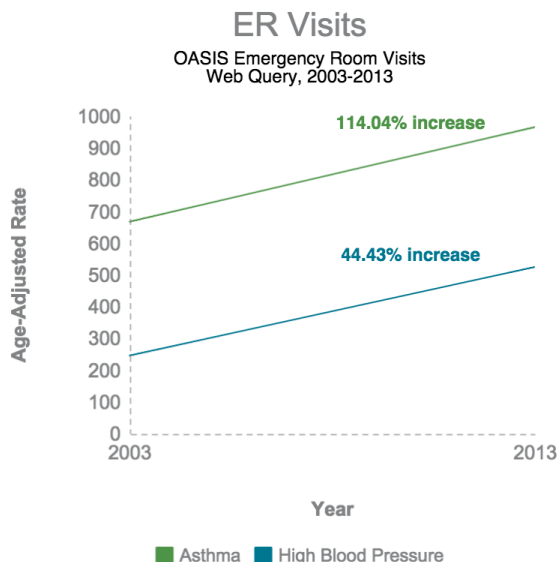
Beneath only Taliaferro County, Wilkes had the second lowest median household income of the catchment counties. At \$25,893, Wilkes' median income, like Taliaferro's, was nearly half that of the state.¹ Wilkes also was surpassed by only Taliaferro for the highest unemployment in the region, with 9.3% of its population having been documented as unemployed by the Department of Labor as of June 2015.³ 40% of Wilkes County children are living in poverty, with 94.4% of school aged children qualifying for free and reduced lunch.⁴ Both Wilkes' percentage of adults and seniors living in poverty were higher than the state, with the latter being nearly double the state value.¹

EDUCATION

Respectively, Wilkes County has the fourth and fifth lowest percentages of individuals reporting having finished high school and being in possession of a bachelor's degree or higher. Wilkes also has the fourth lowest 2014 four year cohort graduation rate (of the 16 counties for which data was available), with only 75.5% of its students graduating on time.¹ The four year cohort graduation rate of black students, 65.5%, is significantly lower than the rate of white students, 89.1%.² In Wilkes, approximately 8.4% of the population is estimated to have less than a ninth grade education, tying Wilkes for fourth worst on this indicator in the CHNA service area. Conversely, Wilkes County has the second lowest percentage of three- and four-year-olds who were not enrolled in preschool (26.3%), following only Greene County.¹

HEALTH DISPARITIES			
(per 100,000)			
Race Disparities	White	Black	Ratio
Asthma ER Visits	453.5	1659.3	3.659
Diabetes Discharges	74.1	245.4	3.309
High BP ER Visits	177.7	1030.4	5.799
Gender Disparities	Male	Female	Ratio
Asthma ER Visits	332.2	1565.9	4.714

HISTORICAL TRENDS



TOP 10 CAUSES OF ADULT DEATH*

1. Ischemic Heart and Vascular Disease
2. Malignant Neoplasms of the Trachea, Bronchus, and Lung
3. Essential Hypertension and Hypertensive Renal, and Heart Disease
4. All COPD Except Asthma
5. Diabetes Mellitus
6. Malignant Neoplasms of Colon, Rectum, and Anus
7. Motor Vehicle Crashes
8. Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)
9. Accidental Poisoning and Exposure to Noxious Substances
10. Septicemia

*OASIS Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard, 2009-2013

WILKES COUNTY

(cont.)

WILKES COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

Indicator	County	State	National	Units	Source
Social and Economic Indicators					
Unemployment	9.30%	7.30%	6.10%	Percentage of population 16 years or older that is unemployed.	US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015 - June.
TANF	394	*29,948	*3,504,648	Number of TANF recipients for county value. Number of TANF participants for the most recent fiscal year for state and national values.	Department of Human Services, Georgia Division of Family and Children Services; SFY 2014 Descriptive Data by County; *US Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance, TANF Caseload Data 2014.
Number of SSI Recipients	472	253,498	*59 million	Number of recipients of Social Security benefits including adults 65+ years old and the disabled.	Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record and Supplemental Security Record, 2013.
Food Stamps (SNAP)	24.34%	14.36%	12.40%	Percent of households receiving SNAP benefits.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Participation in WIC	400	345,448	*8,066,615	Number of children from birth to four years old participating in the WIC program for county and state values. Number of infants and children participating in the WIC program for national value.	Division of Public Health, Georgia Department of Human Resources, 2012. *US Department of Agriculture, WIC Program Monthly Data, FY 2014.
Adults in Poverty	24.41%	16.54%	13.60%	Percentage of adult population aged 18 to 64 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Seniors in Poverty	21.57%	11.17%	9.50%	Percentage of population aged 65 or older living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Children in Poverty	39.84%	25.31%	19.90%	Percentage of population aged 0 to 17 years old living below the poverty line.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Without High School Diploma	23.82%	15.26%	13.98%	Percentage of population 25 years and older without a high school diploma or equivalency (GED).	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
High School Dropout Rate	9.20%	6.60%	4%	Percentage of youth aged 16 to 19 years old who are not in high school nor high school graduates.	Kids Count, US Census, American Community Survey, Five Year Estimates, 2009-2013.
Premature Death Rate	10.365	7.314	5.200	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000.	County Health Ranking, National Center for Health Statistics, 2010-2012.
Access to a vehicle	11.63%	6.80%	9.10%	Percentage of occupied households with no motor vehicle.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Affordable Housing	42.76%	35.32%	35.47%	Percentage of households with housing costs exceeding 30% of total household income.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Income Inequality (GINI Index)	0.46	0.47	*411	GINI Index score that represents "a statistical measure of income inequality ranging from 0 to 1 where a measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality and a measure of 0 indicates perfect equality." Based on the total number of households for county and state values. National value measures GINI Index income inequality ranging from 0 to 100.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *The World Bank, GINI Index Estimate, 2010.
Total Homeless Persons	10	8,450	*610,042	Number of unsheltered homeless persons based on point-in-time counts and predictions.	Georgia Department of Community Affairs, 2013 Report on Homelessness, 2014. *US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and Development, The 2013 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress, 2013.
Substandard Housing Conditions	42.17%	20.40%	21.30%	Percentage of renter or owner occupied housing units having one or more of the following substandard conditions: lacking complete plumbing facilities, lacking complete kitchen facilities, with 1.01 or more occupants per room, selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent, and gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30 percent.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Diabetes and Obesity					
Diabetes prevalence	13.20%	10.48%	9.11%	Percentage of population over 20 years old that have been diagnosed with diabetes.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Diabetes prevalence, Medicare population	28.33%	27.70%	27.03%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients	78.33%	84.70%	84.57%	Percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had hemoglobin A1c test for blood sugar levels.	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012.
Diabetes Deaths	--	22.50	21.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Diabetes Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Disease Statistics, 2013.
Overweight	--	35.09%	35.78%	Percentage of population 18 years or older with a self reported BMI between 25.0-30.0.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012.
Obesity	32.30%	28.70%	27.14%	Percentage of population 20 years or older with a self reported BMI greater than 30.0.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Physical inactivity	28.50%	24.50%	22.64%	Percentage of population 20 years or older that self reported no leisure time for physical activity.	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012.
Fast-food restaurant access	56.64	78.19	72.74	Number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Recreational and fitness facility access	0	788	9.72	Number of recreation and fitness facilities per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
Grocery store access	28.32	18.33	21.2	Number of grocery stores per 100,000 population.	US Census, County Business Patterns, 2013.
SNAP-authorized food store access	141.6	102.05	78.44	Number of SNAP-authorized food stores per 100,000 population.	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014.
WIC-authorized food store access	39.17	17.9	15.6	Number of authorized food stores accepting WIC benefits and carry WIC foods and food categories per 100,000.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011.
Population with low food access	19.09%	31.49%	23.61%	Percentage of population living in designated food deserts via census tract.	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010.
Food insecurity	21.83%	18.90%	15.94%	Percentage of population that experienced food insecurity in a designated year.	Feeding America, 2012.
HIV/AIDS & STDs					
HIV prevalence	175.7	428.78	340.37	Prevalence rate per 100,000 population.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
HIV screenings	--	55.12%	62.79%	Percentage of adults between 18-70 years old with self reports of having not been screened for HIV.	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Chlamydia Incidence	459.5	466.2	446.6	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Gonorrhea Incidence	50	1301	106.1	Rate per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013; US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010.
Maternal and Infant Health					
Teen Births	49.2	45.3	36.6	Births to women between 15-19 years old per 1,000 female population between 15-19 years old.	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2006-2012.
Low Birth Weight Babies	8.8	9.5	8%	Percentage of births with low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Very Low Birth Weight	--	1.9	1.40%	Percentage of births with very low birth weight	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Infant Mortality Rate	--	7.2	6.4	Number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics, 2013.
Births with Tobacco	7.70%	7.50%	22.60%	Percent of live births where mother used tobacco during pregnancy	OASIS, Maternal/Child Web Query, 2013; CDC Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 2011.
Premature Births	7.80%	12.80%	11.40%	Percent of births before 37 weeks of gestation	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Center for Health Statistics, 2013.
Cardiovascular Health					
Heart Disease	--	4.41%	4.40%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that have been diagnosed with coronary heart disease or angina.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012.
Heart Disease Medicare Population	26.61%	26.52%	28.55%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with ischemic heart disease.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012.
High Blood Pressure	--	31.60%	28.16%	Percentage of Adults with High Blood Pressure	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012.

High Blood Pressure Medicare Population	59.12%	59.86%	55.49%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with high blood pressure.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
High Cholesterol	--	37.24%	38.52%	Percentage of adults age 18 years and older who self reported they had high blood cholesterol and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
High Cholesterol Medicare Population	35.57%	46.09%	44.75%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia which is most commonly associated with high cholesterol.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
Mortality-Heart Disease	258.71	196.53	184.55	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease	118.91	92.48	118.96	Age adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths	112.30	81.50	129.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Obstructive Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2007
Respiratory Health					
Asthma Prevalence	--	13.52%	13.36%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older that self reported they had asthma and were informed of their condition by a health professional.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Particulate Matter	13.0	12.8	8.9	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)	CDC Wonder Environmental Data, 2003-2008; EPA National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network, 2013
Lung Cancer Incidence	70.9	69.9	64.9	Annual age adjusted incidence rates per 100,000 population.	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program, 2007-2011
Lung Cancer Deaths	71.6	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Lung Disease Mortality	55.49	45.83	42.67	Age adjusted death rate due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers	--	42.43%	44.16%	Percentage of adults that reported having ever smoked 100 or more cigarettes.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt	--	61.06%	60.02%	Percentage of adult smokers that attempted to quit smoking at least one day in the report year.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths	43.90	41.10	42.1	Number of Age-Adjusted Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Mental Health & Substance Abuse					
Depression Medicare Population	13.20%	14.79%	15.45%	Percentage of Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
Mortality-Suicide	--	11.9	11.82	Death rate due to intentional self harm per 100,000 population.	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011
Liquor Store Access	18.88	9.16	10.48	Number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population.	US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013
Alcohol Consumption	--	13.70%	16.94%	Percentage of adults 18 years and older who self report heavy alcohol consumption as more than one or two alcoholic drinks per day, based on gender.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012
Binge Drinking	--	12.30%	15.20%	Respondents 18 years and older reporting having 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) on one or more occasion during the previous 30 days	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012
Social Isolation	--	20.70%	21%	Respondents 18 years and older who report having inadequate social support	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, 2006-12
Driving Alone	36%	39%	33%	Percentage of commuters, among those who commute to work by car, truck, or van alone, who drive longer than 30 minutes to work each day	U.S. Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013
Cerebrovascular Health					
Mortality-Stroke	50.3	41	36.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Injury Prevention & Safety					
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths	--	12.2	10.9	Number of Age-Adjusted Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Poisoning Death	--	9.7	12.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Poisoning Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Cancers					
Breast Cancer Deaths	--	22.5	20.8	Number of Age-Adjusted Breast Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Breast Cancer Incidence	139.5	123.8	124.8	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11
Colorectal Cancer Deaths	--	14.8	14.6	Number of Age-Adjusted Colorectal Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Colorectal Cancers Incidence	70	43.3	42.4	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11
Prostate Cancer Deaths	--	22.6	19.2	Number of Age-Adjusted Prostate Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Prostate Cancer Incidence	151.61	161	137.9	Age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program. State Cancer Profiles. 2007-11
Lung Cancer Deaths	71.6	46.2	43.4	Number of Age-Adjusted Lung Cancer Deaths per 100,000 population	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Access to Care					
Uninsured Adults	25.00%	25.54%	20.76%	Percentage of adults 18-64 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Uninsured Children	7.80%	9.34%	7.54%	Percentage of children under the age of 19 years old without health insurance coverage.	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Uninsured Seniors	0%	1.13%	1.60%	Percentage of seniors 65 years and older without health insurance	US Census, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012
Health Insurance by Private Insurance	64.30%	77.21%	*64.2%	Percentage of insured population with private health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013. *US Census, Current Population Survey, 2014 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.
Health Insurance by Medicare	28.83%	16.25%	15%	Percentage of population with Medicare health insurance coverage.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Health Insurance by Medicaid	24.98%	20.18%	20.21%	Percentage of insured population enrolled in Medicaid.	US Census, American Community Survey, 2009-2013.
Person:Primary Care Provider Ratio	1,679:1	1,572:1	1,354:1	Ratio of the population to total primary care physicians	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Dental Health Provider Ratio	5,005:1	2,099:1	1,663:1	Ratio of the population to total dentists	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file
Person:Mental Health Provider Ratio	10,010:1	914:1	753:1	Ratio of the population to total mental health providers	Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identifier Registry, 2014
Unable to see the doctor due to cost	--	15.80%	9.10%	Sample respondents aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004-2012; CDC National Vital Statistics System, 2013
Regular Source of Care (Lack of Consist Primary Care)	--	26.09%	23.70%	Percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12

LATINOS/HISPANICS

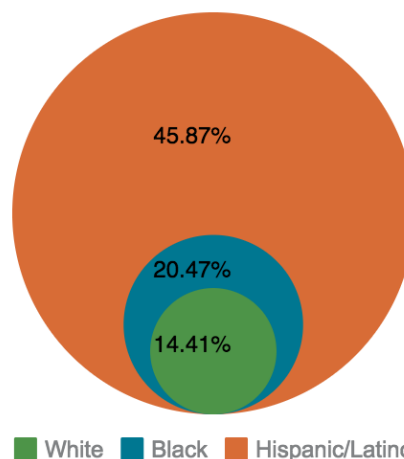
Vulnerable Populations

POPULATION SNAPSHOT

Although only 6.65% of the people in the hospitals' service area are Hispanic or Latino, this population makes up one of the largest segments of uninsured people in the region. Compared with 14.41% of whites and 20.47% of African Americans, 45.87% of Latinos are uninsured. In addition, 35.99% of the population living in poverty is Hispanic or Latino.¹ These factors create barriers to accessing health care because few health care providers serve individuals without health insurance. The limited capacity of the few clinics that serve individuals without insurance makes it very challenging to secure an appointment. Therefore, many health conditions remain unaddressed until they become an emergency.

Language is a serious barrier to accessing health care for Spanish speakers because so few agencies have staff with bilingual capability. As a result, communication between health care providers and their Spanish speaking clients is limited. During the focus group with members of the Spanish speaking community, people expressed that their attempts to have a friend translate during a doctor's visit have been denied, and others stated that they felt some health care matters were too intimate to discuss with a friend present. Without accommodating for a difference in language, the Hispanic and Latino members of this community will continue to be underserved by health care professionals in this region.

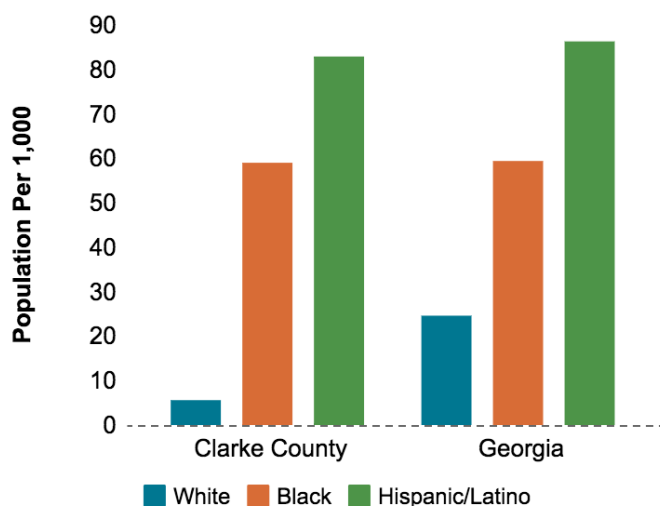
Percent of Population Uninsured (16 county region)



White Black Hispanic/Latino

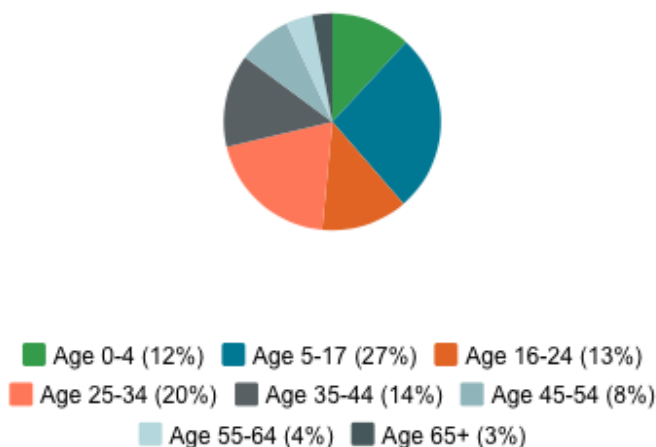
US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2009-13)

Teen Birth Rate



White Black Hispanic/Latino

Hispanic/Latino Age Distribution (CHNA Service Area)



VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Spanish Speaking Population Focus Group

Priority Health Needs

Diabetes, high blood pressure, and high cholesterol are all perceived a major health needs in this community

Asthma is a concern for the community

There is a great need for dental care that is affordable

Increasing rates of obesity are linked to limited access to healthy foods

Pain management is a shortcoming, particularly care for community members with arthritis

There are a high number of teenage pregnancies

Barriers to Accessing Care

The language barrier inhibits access to health information and the quality of communication between health care providers and patients

Even when available, translation services are limited

Many individuals do not have a car and there is limited access to public transportation, creating a challenge for help seeking

The cost of medical care is a deterrent for many community members

Even with insurance, the cost of medications can be prohibitive

Health club memberships are too expensive

There is a general inability to access care and there is increased cost for individuals without documents

Time constraints present a barrier to accessing care - i.e. work hours take precedence over health seeking

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Develop safe green spaces to encourage recreation and promote healthy lifestyles

Increase availability of translation services within health care facilities

Develop health education materials and resources guides in Spanish

Affordable exercise facilities should be made available to the low income



Well I think the populations that are adversely affected and have the poorest outcomes are those who are economically disadvantaged, without health insurance, and those who are in groups that are traditionally poorly served by the healthcare community. Minorities, people with language barriers.

SENIORS

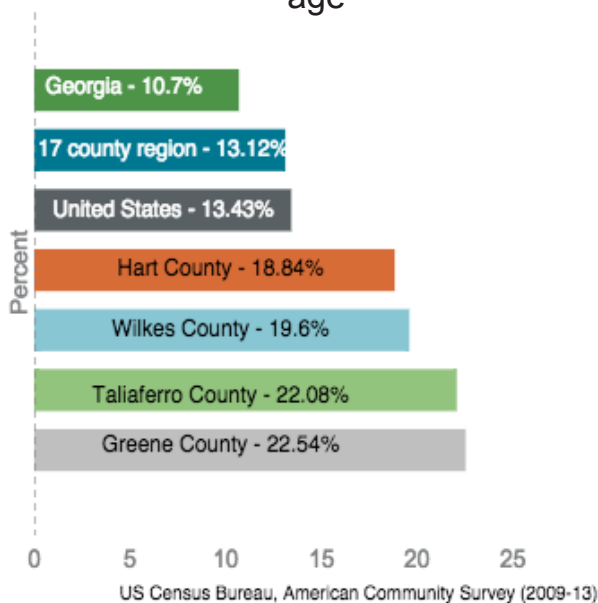
Vulnerable Populations

POPULATION SNAPSHOT

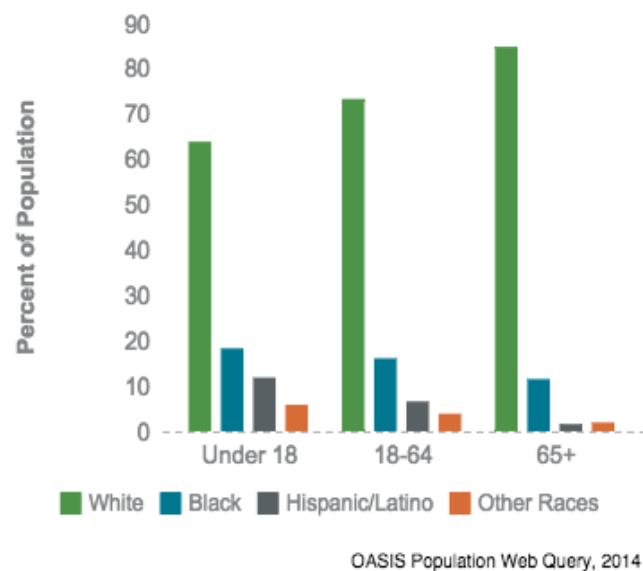
The senior population, defined as people over the age of 65, makes up 13.12% of people living in the region. Of the 17 counties in the region, Hart, Wilkes, Taliaferro, and Greene County have the highest percentages of senior residents, with Greene hosting the most seniors at 22.54%.¹ According to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 27.21% of the Medicare population in the region has diabetes and 26.2% of the population has heart disease. Both of these measures are consistent with nationwide statistics; however, the percentage of the region's Medicare population that has high blood pressure exceeds that of the nation, with 59.32% in the region and 55.49% nationwide⁵.

As many seniors begin experiencing limitations that impair their ability to drive, access to affordable transportation services are paramount to their ability to access healthcare. In addition to transportation, locally available speciality care is imperative to meet the unique needs of the aging population. Mental and behavioral health disorders (with over 90% being dementia) are the second leading cause of death for seniors, yet the availability of mental health services are minimal.⁸ As the number of people over the age of 65 continues to grow, addressing these barriers will become increasingly important to ensure the senior population receives quality health care.

Population over 65 years of age



Age Distribution by Race



VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Athens Community Council on Aging
Population Focus Group

Priority Health Needs

Diabetes and high blood pressure are major concerns for the community

Heart and kidney problems

Increased development of mental health needs such as dementia and Alzheimer's

Development of eye and vision problems such as glaucoma

Care for community members with multiple sclerosis

Arthritis and chronic pain management

Access to fresh, healthy food options is limited for seniors

Barriers to Accessing Care

Limited specialty care available within Athens

Lack of affordable transportation services

Perception that some health care providers can not be trusted

Limited knowledge of what resources are available and how to contact service providers

Cost of health care is a barrier for some seniors

Some seniors lack the health literacy that would allow them to act upon advice of their doctors

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Increase the availability of affordable housing for seniors

Greater investment should be made in providing seniors with quality information about services available in the community

Broaden the variety of meals available through Meals on Wheels

Develop a community-wide initiative to ensure that seniors living alone are being regularly checked on



At this stage in life, you cannot split physical and mental because people, as we age, we use our cognition to adjust for our physical deficits. So, even if you walk funny or you can't walk very fast, if your brain is intact, you plan your day and you plan your movement to accommodate that limitation. So, we have a very high rates of all the things you've talked about but when people start to have cognitive decline then that's when you see their inability to engage in their health care.

CHILDREN IN POVERTY

Vulnerable Populations

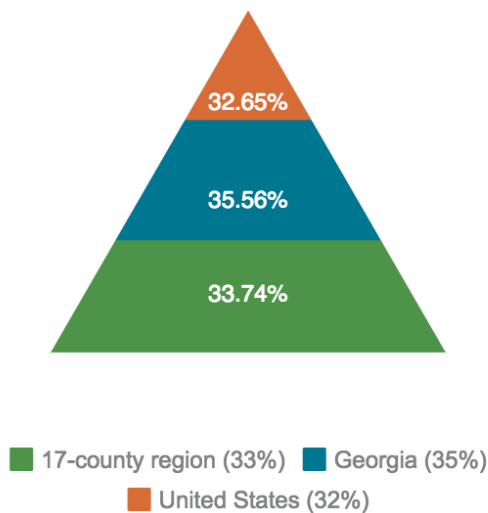
POPULATION SNAPSHOT

Children living in poverty represent a particularly vulnerable population, as their development is strongly impacted by their physical environment and the quality of healthcare they receive. In 2013, 59.76% of children in the 17-county region were eligible for free or reduced lunch, a number on par with the state statistic; however, Georgia ranks much higher than the nation on this measure.⁴ Also notable, the regional free and reduced lunch percentage has been increasing since 2009, when only 55.56% of children were receiving free and reduced lunch.⁴ Additionally, nearly a quarter of children in the region are living at 100% of the poverty level. Only 15.95% of Non-Hispanic white children are living in poverty, compared to 47% of African American children, 47.88% of Native American children, and 11.57% of Asian children¹.

Children living in poverty are confronting significant challenges to the development of healthy eating habits. Children in poverty are more likely to reside in households located within food deserts, limiting access to healthy food options. Additionally, low income households face barriers to nutrition education and knowledge regarding healthy food preparation. As the rates of childhood obesity and diabetes rise, emphasis needs to be placed on health education to ensure that community members are equipped with the knowledge to model healthy behaviors for their children. Key informants spoke strongly of the importance of trauma-informed care for children as a powerful tool for providing support that meets the mental health needs of this vulnerable population.

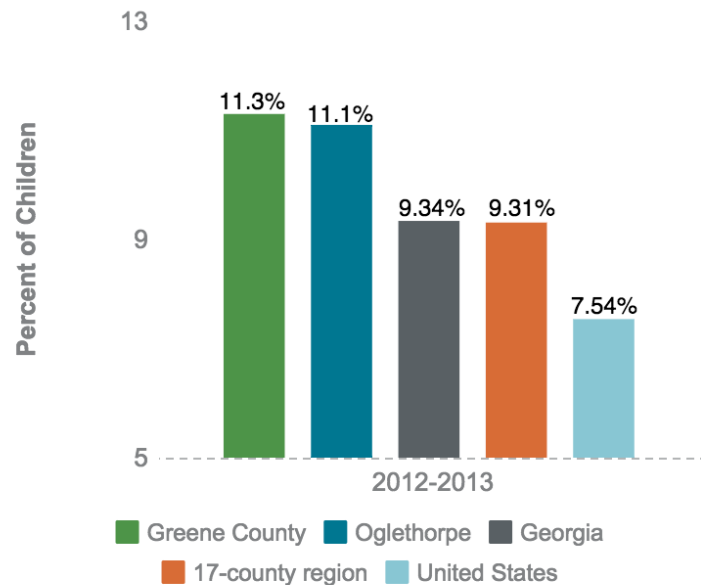
Households with Children

US Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2009-2013



Uninsured Children

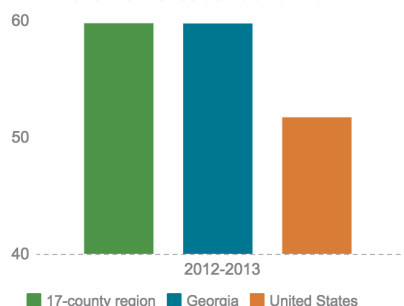
US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2012



Families that are living in poverty, which we know is the vast majority of our families in Athens... the priorities are not different than anyone else, as far as care for kids, it's just the resources and the attention to the problems are what's primary... what's happening in the next hours or the next day. So the preventative care, or the early intervention, or the staying with a counselor post trauma, sometimes falls off as something that they cannot manage to do. And so it doesn't get done, but it always catches up later.

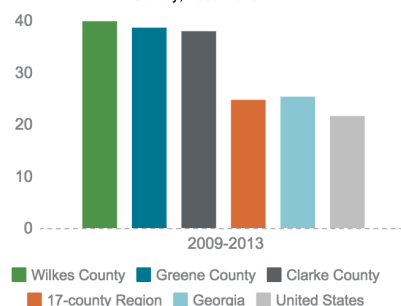
Children Eligible for Free/Reduced Lunch

National Center for Education Statistics,
NCES - Common Core of Data, 2012-13



Children Living Below 100% Federal Poverty Level

US Census Bureau American Community
Survey, 2009-2013



VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Low Income Families Focus Groups (Housing
Authority and Early Learning Center)

Priority Health Needs

Allergies and asthma are being triggered by dust mites and mold

There is a good deal of prescription drug abuse occurring in the community

Many people who have been diagnosed with high blood pressure don't understand the real impact of the condition

Stress levels are high in poor neighborhoods and lead to other health conditions

Alcohol and drug usage are very high

There is very little access to fresh food in the neighborhood

There are too few organized activities for youth and, as a result, they get into trouble or engage in risky behaviors

Affordable dental health care for families

Access to affordable birth control

Barriers to Accessing Care

The cost of medical care keeps a lot of people out of the doctor's office

Transportation presents a major challenge for folks without access to a car

People don't understand the basic rights they have with respect to their healthcare

There is significant stigma around seeking mental health services, particularly in the Black community

Health literacy is a challenge, in the sense that people don't really understand what they're being told by their doctor and then can't keep track of interactions between their medications

People really don't know what resources are available to them

There is a perception of differential treatment in doctor's offices for people on Medicaid

Too few doctors are taking new Medicaid patients

Eligibility requirements for social and health services create barriers

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Greater community education could be offered around the importance of screenings and early detection of disease

Improve communication with the community about the resources that are available to them

Establish youth programming in the neighborhood to keep kids off the street and out of harm's way

We need to set some community priorities and then organize around them

There should be mandatory parenting classes for new moms

Employment opportunities should be extended to support people getting themselves out of dependency

Get the word out more effectively about the EBT Double Dollars programs at the farmers markets

Inclusion of the voices of low income community members in the administrative process through town hall meetings and public forums

Expansion of the Athens transit system

UNINSURED/UNDERINSURED

Vulnerable Populations

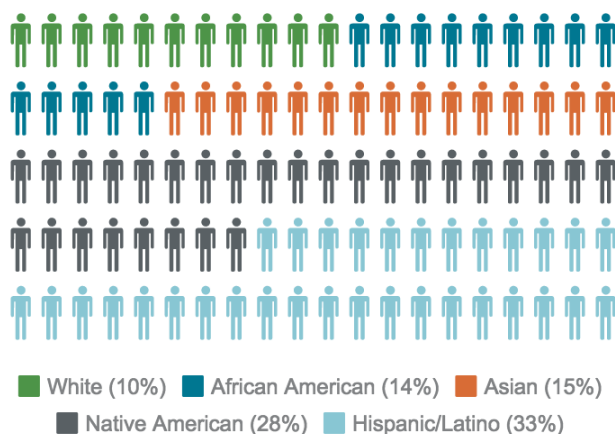
POPULATION SNAPSHOT

The uninsured population, which often intersects with one or more of the other dimensions of vulnerability, faces barriers to accessing health care that extend well beyond economic factors. In the region, the rates of both uninsured children (9.31%) and uninsured adults (25.28%) exceed the national average of 7.54% and 20.6%, respectively.¹

Without insurance, routine preventative health care measures are cost-prohibitive, and capacity at community clinics is limited. As a result, health needs often remain unaddressed until they become an emergency. Overuse of the ER is frequently cited

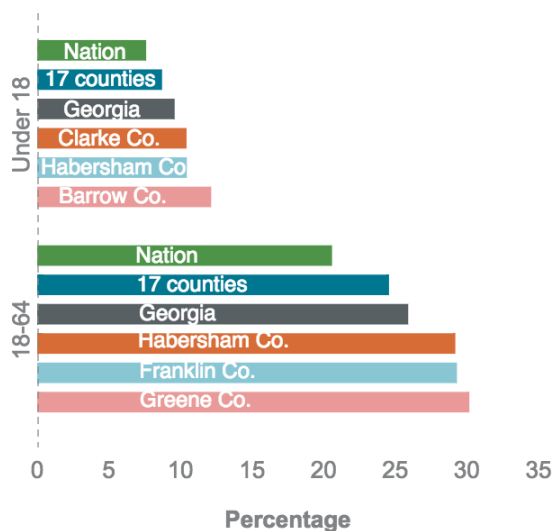
as a fault of these individuals, but until the uninsured population has access to affordable, preventative health care, the ER remains their only source of health care. During the focus group with members of the uninsured population, recommendations for improving community health centered on increasing support for programs that bring simple, preventative health measures to community members. Efforts such as mobile health vans, routine health fairs held in community centers, and a 24-hour nurse line would provide necessary care to the uninsured community and begin to reinforce the importance of preventative health care.

Percentage of Population Uninsured



US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2009-13)

Percent Population Uninsured



US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2009-13)



Transportation is obviously the people who are at the lower levels of poverty because they've got to decide, do I go to the food bank today, or do I go to mental health, and who wants to make that decision?

VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Uninsured Focus Group (Nurses Clinic, Mercy Clinic, and Neighborhood Health Center)

Priority Health Needs

Mental health needs go undiagnosed and unaddressed for too many in the community

High cholesterol, hypertension and heart disease affect low income individuals

Drug and alcohol dependence are issues for which too few supports exist

Childhood asthma is a problem for low income and those living in poor housing

Diabetes and obesity are on the rise, largely because of a lack of education about how to eat well on a limited budget

There are insufficient resources to address issues of chronic pain

Too little physical activity among low income fosters poor health among the population

There are too few full-time employment opportunities, which would offer benefits to the employees

Barriers to Accessing Care

Limited capacity at community clinics makes it very difficult to secure appointments

The lack of affordable health insurance is a major obstacle to help seeking

Medications are too expensive and prescription assistance is too hard to access

Poor communication between primary care providers and specialists affect the quality of care

Individuals don't know what their rights are and can't advocate on their own behalf for quality care

Language is a serious barrier for Spanish speakers, as few agencies have staff with bilingual capability

The rising cost of co-pays is a barrier for those fortunate enough to have insurance

Doctors have begun requesting payment as a condition to being seen, and many people can't afford the up-front cost

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

There should be more health fairs in the community, and in places other than churches

Apartment complexes could serve as sources of information sharing and provide social service information along with utility information at move-in

Educational programs should be developed to educate families on how to eat well on a budget

Increased access to healthy foods would prevent a lot of health problems

Establishing a 24-hour nurse line would prevent a lot of trips to the ER

Affordable exercise facilities should be made available to the low income

A centralized triage center would keep people out of the ER and could serve as a home base for the provision of referrals



A lot of our folks who don't have a payer can't get health care until it is a dire need. You know, you shouldn't have to wait until you need a tooth pulled before you can get to a dentist, you should[n't] have to wait until your wounds on your feet aren't healing before you can get treatment for diabetes. We're still very much in that emergency place, instead of preventative. Or even just maintenance, I would even just like to get to maintenance first, but then if we could get to prevention that'd be great.

HOMELESS

Vulnerable Populations

POPULATION SNAPSHOT

In Clarke County, there are a total of 1,030 community members who are homeless, at-risk of homelessness, or at imminent risk of losing housing. Chronic homelessness, defined by HUD as being continuously homeless for a year or more or having had at least four episodes of homelessness in the past three years, affects 12.53% of the aforementioned subpopulation. Of the individuals identified as homeless, 4.76% are veterans and 43.5% reported having a disabling condition.⁸

Point in time estimates indicate that there were 226 individuals in need of shelter on January 28, 2015.¹⁰ With only 118 beds available in shelters year-round in Clarke County, the shelter needs of the region's homeless are not fully met. Although health care is an important consideration, the persistent stressor of securing a safe place to dwell and daily meals takes precedence. Moreover, the overwhelming barriers the homeless population face when accessing health care severely limit the care this vulnerable population receives. During the focus group with members of the homeless population, concerns about having transportation, reliable information about services, and the documentation to receive services were noted as some of the primary barriers inhibiting their access to health care.

Often overlooked due to stereotypes about the homeless panhandler, 448 children are homeless, living in shelters, or in doubled up housing or motels in Clarke County⁹. The negative outcomes of homelessness on children are enormous, with the experience impacting their educational attainment, as well as their social and emotional development.

Homeless Population by Race

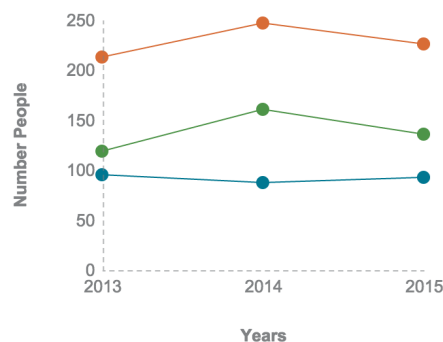
Homeless Management Information System, Athens-Clarke County, July 2014-June 2015



White (51%) African American (47%)
Other Races (2%)

Clarke County Point-in-Time Homeless Count

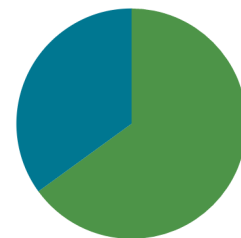
Athens Homeless Point in Time Count, Point-in-time Homeless Count, 2013-15



Sheltered Unsheltered Total

Clarke County Homeless Population by Gender

Homeless Management Information System, Athens-Clarke County, July 2014-June 2015



Male (65%) Female (35%)

448 Homeless Children

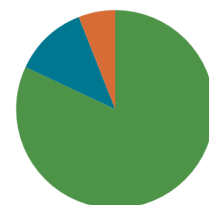
Number of Children living in shelter or in doubled-up housing or motels



Clarke County School District

Homeless Population by Age

Homeless Management Information System, Athens-Clarke County, July 2014-June 2015



Adults (82%) Children (12%)
Young Adults, 18-24 years (6%)

VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY

Homeless Population Focus Group

Priority Health Needs

Challenge of managing diabetes and high blood pressure with little health care education or resources

Dental health is a significant need in the community

There is a need for increased employment opportunities

Barriers to Accessing Care

Many individuals are lacking health insurance coverage due to the cost

Services available at the majority of health care providers, including express clinics, are cost-prohibitive

Transient nature limits the ability to have consistent access to information about available resources

Limited access to transportation hinders people's ability to access services

Transportation is an issue for services for which intake is accomplished in one location and service provided in another

Hoops that must be jumped through to access services - i.e. possession of an ID, required paperwork and documentation

Limitations on access to services and job opportunities due to prior criminal history

Waiting lists for the clinics are extremely long

Experiences of discrimination by service providers

Unemployment is a major barrier to individuals accessing health care

Recommendations for Improving Community Health

Improve transportation, such as extending bus service times or providing a van service

Develop method for effectively communicating information about resources to the community

Increased political representation for people willing to lend voice to the cause of the homeless

Provide health education and continuous support to encourage preventative health care

Increased bed space in shelters

Employment opportunities should be extended to support people working towards self-sufficiency



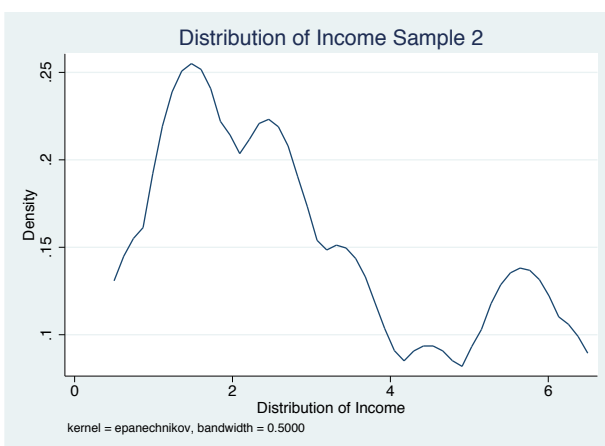
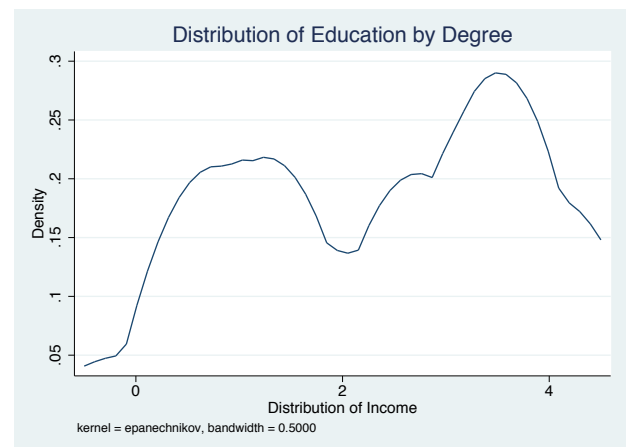
In terms of housing...they're not on the street but they're living with other family members, so there's four adults, six kids, and one income. That's our homeless.

POPULATION HEALTH SURVEY

SURVEY DEMOGRAPHIC

Through targeted outreach and community-based events, the Community Connection 2015 CHNA Population Survey captured a convenience sample that was closely representative of the demographics of the community. With regard to race, there was almost a perfect alignment between the distribution of the survey population and that of the county. The same was true for age, accounting for the fact that under 18 years olds were prohibited from completing the survey. The average household size, unemployment, percent receiving public health insurance, and educational attainment of the sample and census were almost identical as well. However, ours was a survey skewed in the direction of the low income, with 46.3% of survey respondents reporting making less than \$2,000 per month. This finding is important when considering the correlations and descriptives woven throughout the CHNA. Whenever presented in the report, survey findings have been identified as CHNA.2015 Population Survey, to allow for the separation of this information from the data from secondary sources.

	US Census	Georgia Census	Clarke County Census	CHNA Survey
% of population 18-34	20.5%	20.9%	38%	40%
% of population over 65	13.4%	11.1%	8.75%	9%
Unemployed	6.2%	7.2%	5.2%	5.2%
Household size	2.63	2.71	3.28	3.06
Less than high school	8.0%	9.5%	9.3%	7.6%
High School	28.1%	28.7%	22.1%	28.5%
College or Graduate School	28.4%	27.1%	48.8%	53.9%



	US Census	Georgia Census	Clarke County Census	CHNA Survey	CHNA Survey - Black	CHNA Survey - White
% of households with income < \$25,000	16%	25.9%	27.9%	46.3%	61.1%	33.8%
% Public Coverage	30.2%	27.7%	22.9%	25.5%	43.1%	16.8%
% Uninsured	14.9%	19%	18.2%	13.4%	14.9%	10.7%
% with private health insurance	66%	62.6%	66.4%	55%	35.2%	66.8%

PROCESS & METHODS

SECTION D

METHODS USED TO COLLECT & ANALYZE DATA

Section 4 Process and Methods Used for the CHNA

Though primary data were collected in the form of focus groups and key informant interviews, the heart of the analysis undertaken for the production of the CHNA was secondary data analysis. The prioritized health needs identified in the 2013 CHNA submitted by St. Mary's served as the starting point for data collection and analysis. Hospitalization, prevalence, and incidence statistics were gathered for a range of health indicators relating to the conditions identified as having the greatest impact on population health in the Northeast Georgia region. Both primary and secondary data were analyzed using a systematic method for comparing the relative severity, scope, burden, and community perception of the selected health conditions.

SECONDARY DATA

Framework for Indicator and Topic Selection

Drawing upon the experience and findings of their 2013 CHNA's, the Hospital-based Advisory Committee identified, in their scope of work document, the topics for which Community Connection was to pull secondary data. Community Connection then worked with the Data Collection Advisory Committee to identify the most recent and reliable sources of data in response to the request. The following table reflects the sources from which data were obtained for the topic areas identified by the Hospital-based Advisory Committee.

Source	Description
Community Commons	Hub of multiple health databases and sources for public health data and planning.
County Health Rankings	Community Data hub for multiple data sources for health factors and indicators.
Online Analytical Statistical Information System (OASIS)	Public Health and Public Planning. Residence-specific hospitalization, ER Visit, Discharge, and Birth Rates, Maternal Health.
OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query	Birth Rates, Maternal Health.
OASIS, Infant Mortality Web Query	Infant Mortality Data.
OASIS, Population Health Web Query	County-Specific Demographic Information.
OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query	Discharge Rates, Death Rates, STD Cases and Rates.
OASIS, Emergency Room Visit Web Query	Emergency Room Visit Rates.
OASIS, Community Health Needs Assessment Dashboard	Ranked causes of death and Years of Potential Life Lost (Premature Death Rate).
Centers for Disease Control (CDC)	Data and statistics hub for various health conditions and diseases compiled by CDC researchers and statisticians.
Centers for Disease Control, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion	Chronic Diseases and Risk Factors.
Centers for Disease Control, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System	Longitudinal telephone survey collecting data on health-related risk behaviors, chronic health conditions, and use of preventive services.
Prevention	Data on risk factors and prevalence of STD's, HIV/AIDS, and TB.
CDC, National Vital Statistics Program	Births, Deaths, and Years of Potential Life Lost (Premature Death Rate).
US Census Bureau	Census surveys.
US Census, County Business Patterns	Subnational economic data by industry including grocery store, WIC store, and SNAP store access, and Top Industries in each county.
US Census Bureau, American Community Survey	Population and workforce data.
US Department of Agriculture	Data and statistics hub for various social conditions and food related statistics.
US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator	Retailers accepting SNAP, EBT.
US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas	Data on food access, determinants of food access.
US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas	Food environment and access data.
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	Data and statistics hub specifically regarding populations utilizing Medicare and Medicaid services.
CMS National Provider Identification	Mental Health Providers and Provider:Person ratios.
Feeding America	County data for food insecure populations.
US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse	Community health data for multiple indicators across sectors of health.
Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Programs, State Cancer Profiles	Community level cancer data.
Area Health Resource File/American Medical Association	Community specific health indicators, social indicators of health, and provider information.
Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care	Data on medical resource distribution.
Georgia Department of Education	Environment, social, population, and physical health data for county school districts.
Kids Count	County-Specific data on child and family health and well-being.

The majority of health indicators were drawn from one of two sources - Community Commons, an online data platform which aggregates health indicators from national sources, and OASIS, the statistical data warehouse into which state Public Health Department data are collected and stored. Demographic indicators were drawn directly from the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey.

Methodology for Collection, Interpretation and Analysis of Secondary Data

In order to identify the health conditions upon which priority should be placed, the health status of the hospital service area was assessed for each indicator using up to five comparison methods.

1. First, Athens-Clarke County was treated separately from the surrounding 16 rural counties. Athens-Clarke and the 16 surrounding counties were then compared against the state and national values for the indicator under examination. Each of the counties were then compared to one another to determine whether there were significant geographic disparities to be observed in the hospitals' catchment area.
2. Secondly, indicator values were assessed for any trends occurring in the data. This analysis was only performed for indicators for which there were up to four years of data available. If an indicator value was found to have worsened by at least 25%, the trend was considered to reflect a negative outcome worthy of further attention.
3. A third comparison measured disparities across sub-populations in the region. Specifically, race and gender disparities were sought within the data and the indicators were highlighted for which sub-populations reflected greater than three times the likelihood of experiencing negative health outcomes.
4. When possible, indicators were compared to Healthy People 2020 targets. Indicators have been highlighted for which the region (or specific counties) did not compare favorably to the targets.
5. Finally, in order to ensure that the voices of the community were included in the assignment of priority, community perception was assessed via the Population Health Survey within which respondents were asked to assign a relative weight to a select group of health conditions.

As many of the above comparisons as possible were applied to each of the indicators. The number of comparisons applied to each indicator was a function of data availability. For example, trend data was only available for a select group of indicators, and very few indicators had race-based data to support the assessment of racial disparities. Every effort was made to obtain data which would inform the comparisons; however, there were gaps in the available data which impacted the assessment.

Indicator and Topic Area Scoring

Indicators were compiled for the primary 10 health conditions. The 16-county region and Athens-Clarke County data were evaluated separately for the five areas of evaluation; "Community Perception" was the exception to this data separation, given that survey administration was concentrated in Athens-Clarke County.

A five-point system was used to evaluate each indicator across the five comparison methods. The examples below provide an illustration of each of the comparison methods. The following examples do not reflect real data, but are provided here as examples to display and explain prioritization methodology.

Geographic Comparison

Geographic disparity ratios were calculated by comparing the 16-county and Athens-Clarke values at three different levels of geography. Poor comparisons were assigned a value of either one or two points, depending upon the magnitude of the disparity. For each indicator, the points were totaled, divided by the total number of geographic comparisons available, and then assigned a score corresponding to this calculation.

The assignment of points was undertaken based upon the following table.

National	If ACC or 16-county average was worse than the National value	1 point
	If ACC or 16- county values were 25% worse than the national value	2 points
State	If ACC or 16-county average is worse than the state value	1 point
	If ACC or 16- county values were 25% worse than the state value	2 points
16- Counties	Best/worst county ratio between 2 and 5	1 point
	Best/worst county ratio above 5	2 points
Athens-Clarke County	ACC value worse than the 16 county average	1 point
	ACC value 25% worse than the 16 county average	2 points

Below is a sample geographic disparity ratio calculation:

There are three possible geographic comparisons for the food insecurity rate in Athens-Clarke County (*Feeding America*, 2012). As can be observed below, Athens' food insecurity rate is worse than the state, nation and the 16-county region. Food insecurity in Athens was only 13% worse than the state value, earning 1 point for this comparison; however, Athens' food insecurity was at least 25% worse than both 16-county region and the nation, and so earned 2 points each for these comparisons. The total number of geographic disparity points earned by this indicator was divided by the number of possible comparisons to calculate the Athens-Clarke County geographic disparity score for the indicator ($5/3 = 1.6667$).

Athens-Clarke County	16- county region	State	Nation	Points (Total)	Score
21.53%	14.48% (2 Points)	18.90% (1 Point)	15.94% (2 Points)	5	$5/3 = 1.6667$

Race/Age/Gender Disparity Comparison

Where specific race or gender data were available for particular indicators, disparity ratios were calculated by dividing the highest over the lowest values for the indicator. Prioritization points were assigned for each of the three possible disparities according to the following breakdown:

- Race/gender disparity ratios between 3 and 5 → 1 point
- Race/gender disparity ratios greater than 5 → 2 points

As an example, the only disparity ratio which could be calculated for HIV prevalence was a race disparity. In the example below, the 16-county HIV prevalence for whites divided by the prevalence for blacks, yielded a race disparity ratio of 6.93. As this disparity ratio was greater than five, two prioritization points were assigned to the indicator. Given that there was one possible comparison for this indicator (as opposed to the two possible ratios which could have been collected) the total number of points, two, was divided by the number of comparison, one, to give a prioritization point total of two for this indicators race/gender disparity analysis.

Indicator	16-county average	Race Disparity Ratio	Points	Score
HIV Prevalence	107.27	6.93	2	$2/1$

Historical Trend Comparison

Though there was a general shortage of trend data for the health indicators selected for the assessment, whenever possible, trends were assessed for their general strength and direction. If an indicator was found to be trending in a negative direction over time, prioritization points were assigned based on the following breakdown:

- Trends worsening between 25-35% over the given time period → 1 point
- Trends worsening over 35% over the given time period → 2 points

As an example, the Age-Adjusted ER Visit Rate due to High Blood Pressure in Clarke County in 2013 was 398.6. This figure represented 116.4% increase between 2003-2013. Given that the historical trend reflected an increase greater than 35%, the indicator was assigned 2 points and then divided by the total number of comparisons, one, to yield a prioritization point total of two for the indicator.

Age-Adjusted ER Visit Rate	Athens-Clarke County	% Change over time (2003-2013)	Points	Score
High Blood Pressure	398.6	116.40%	2	2/1= 2

Healthy People 2020 Target Comparison

Healthy People 2020 targets were pulled for as many indicators as possible, and the Athens-Clarke and 16-county region values were compared against the targets. If the local values did not meet HP 2020 Target, one prioritization point was assigned to the indicator.

As an example, the average Infant Mortality Rate in the 16-county region is 8.3. Because the Infant Mortality Rate in the region fared worse than the Healthy People 2020 target for this indicator, one prioritization point was assigned for the indicator and divided by the total number of comparisons, to give a final score of 1.

Indicator	16-county region	Healthy People 2020 Target	Points	Score
Infant Mortality Rate	8.3	6.74%	1	1/1 = 1

Community Perception Comparison

In the Population Survey instrument administered as part of the primary data collection, respondents were asked to assign a relative weight to 12 indicators/health conditions. The question survey respondents were asked to answer was whether or not they perceived the individual conditions to be “serious”, “moderate”, or “not a problem” in their community. The percentage of respondents identifying a condition as either “moderate” or “serious” was totaled for each condition, and the conditions were then rank ordered based on the total community perception score. The highest ranking health condition was awarded 12 points, with each successive condition being assigned one less point, resulting in the lowest ranked of the 12 conditions receiving only one prioritization point. The total number of points earned by each condition was then divided by the number of conditions to determine the prioritization score that condition would earn toward its overall level of priority.

As an example, respiratory problems ranked 9th in terms of community perception and, as such, was awarded four prioritization points. The four prioritization points earned by respiratory health were then divided by the number of conditions (12), to yield a prioritization score of .333.

Rank	Community Perceptions	Moderate + Serious Problem	Points	Score
9	Respiratory Problems	62.67%	4	4/12 = .333

Calculation of Level of Prioritization Assigned to Health Needs

For each condition, each indicator for which any of the five comparisons was possible was compiled into a table like the one below.

-- Dashed lines reflect that either no or inadequate data were available for the indicator

✓ A green check mark was assigned to indicators where the region or county was performing favorably, as compared to the three geographies

x A red 'x' was assigned to indicators whose values reflected unfavorable comparisons

To arrive at a final prioritization score for the health condition of interest for each indicator, the value of the unfavorable comparisons was divided by the number of total possible comparisons. The sum total of all the indicator scores was then combined and divided by the total number of comparisons for the health condition. A final community health prioritization score was then assigned to each of the 10 health conditions.

Cardiovascular Health Indicators	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020	Score
Depression Medicare Population	16- counties	16.03%	2/3	--	--	--	--	5/6
	Athens- Clarke	17.89%	3/3	--	--		--	
Liquor Store Access	16- counties	6.32	0/2	0/1	--	--	--	4/7
	Athens- Clarke	11.14	4/3	0/1	--		--	
Alcohol Consumption	16- counties	10.88%	0/3	--	--	--	--	0/6
	Athens- Clarke	10.20%	0/3	--	--		--	
Suicide, Death Rate, Age- Adjusted	16- counties	13	1/1	0/1	1/1	--	1/1	9/8
	Athens- Clarke	16	3/2	2/1	--		1/1	
Suicide, Hospital Discharge Rate, Age-Adjusted	16- counties	39.5	1/1	0/1	0/2	--	--	1/9
	Athens- Clarke	23	0/2	0/1	0/2		--	
Suicide, ER Visit Rate, Age- Adjusted	16- counties	69.4	1/1	0/1	0/2	--	--	7/9
	Athens- Clarke	91.8	4/2	2/1	0/2		--	
Community Prioritization- Mental Health						8/12		8/12
Total: 34/57 = .59649								

Section 5 Identification and Prioritization of Health Needs

IDENTIFYING COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS

Definition of Health Need

As an overall guide to the process of data collection, the World Health Organization (WHO) definition of health was chosen as the working definition for the CHNA. The WHO defines health as, “the complete state of physical, mental and social well-being, and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity.”

This definition truly encapsulates the spirit of the CHNA requirement, in that the document requires an expansive look at the social and environmental factors impacting health.

Community Connection considered and utilized the hospitals’ prioritized health needs from previous assessments, the top 10 causes of death and premature death, and input/feedback on the previous CHNA’s (Section E) in order to identify the 10 community health needs to explore for the 2015 CHNA. A number of health indicators and risk factors were identified from the Centers for Disease Control for each condition. Prevalence, trends, mortality, rates, disparities, incidence and severity were calculated and scored for the purposes of prioritization. The top 10 health conditions, in no particular order, are listed below.

Topic Area	Community Health Need Issue Statements
HIV/AIDS & STI's	Though HIV and gonorrhea transmission rates are both lower in the CHNA region than in the state and are declining, the incidence of chlamydia shows marked increases. In the report area, African Americans and Hispanics are disproportionately affected by all three diseases.
Cerebrovascular Health	Stroke is among the top five age-adjusted causes of death in every county in the region. Smoking, a primary risk factor for stroke, is observed at higher rates in the region than in both the state and nation, with several of the rural communities having up to 53% more smokers than the state.
Diabetes and Obesity	Consistent with statewide and national trends, both diabetes incidence and obesity have been on the rise in the region. A disproportionate share of the disease burden is being born by African Americans and Latinos who, along with low-income rural community members, lack access to and knowledge of healthy eating options as well as regular sources of exercise and recreation.
Cancer	Though declining, cancer mortality is higher in the region than in both the state and the nation. Low income and minority group members experience worse outcomes relating to cancer, speaking to the need for greater investment in early screening and detection in these communities.
Cardiovascular Health	Both heart disease mortality and morbidity are higher in the CHNA service area than in the state, with limited access to primary care providers, poor understanding of effective disease management practices, and low access to healthy eating and exercise options serving as drivers of poor health outcomes.
Respiratory Health	The prevalence of asthma, lung disease and lung cancer are all higher in the region than in the state, driven in part by poor outdoor air quality, smoking and (for the low income) substandard housing conditions.
Access to Health Services	In addition to an overall shortage of providers in the region, transportation, cost, and a lack of insurance present significant barriers to accessing healthcare for thousands of individuals in the region. With only four federally qualified health centers (FQHC's) and two charitable care clinics for the 17 county area, there is a drastic need for an increase in the availability of affordable, preventative health care.
Mental Health and Substance Abuse	Prescription drug and meth abuse among youth are growing concerns in rural communities, where social isolation is a major contributor to declining mental health. The urgency of this health need is amplified by the fact that the entire region has been declared a mental healthcare professional shortage area.
Maternal and Infant Health	Though teen pregnancy rates have been decreasing, great disparities exist between races, with African American and Hispanic/Latino teens being nearly twice as likely to get pregnant as non-Hispanic white teens. Regional disparities also exist with respect to premature births and infant mortality, with a few rural counties having almost double the infant mortality of the state.
Injury Prevention and Safety	Injuries and accidents account for a significant portion of premature deaths in the region, across geographies, races and genders. Increasing rates of poisoning hospitalizations and deaths have been documented in many of the counties in the CHNA catchment area, along with an increase in hospitalizations resulting from automobile crashes.

Section 6 Who Was Involved with the Assessment

IDENTITY OF HOSPITALS AND PARTNER ORGANIZATION'S COLLABORATING ON CHNA

Collaborating Hospitals

In order to reduce duplication and make best use of available resources, the St. Mary's Health Care System entered into a collaborative, contractual relationship with a community-based agency, Community Connection of Northeast Georgia, for the production of one system-wide CHNA to satisfy the ACA requirement for all three hospitals in the St. Mary's Health Care System- St. Mary's Hospital, Good Samaritan Hospital, and Sacred Heart Hospital.

ADVISORY COMMITTEES

Two separate advisory committees were convened to provide oversight of the CHNA process. The first of these advisory committees was comprised chiefly of UGA researchers, who both facilitated the development of the population health survey and supported secondary data collection. The following list reflects the membership of the data collection advisory committee.

Data Collection and Analysis Advisory Committee

Member Name	Affiliation
Megan Ford*	ASPIRE Clinic, Clinic Coordinator
Delene Porter	President/CEO Athens Area Community Foundation
Tim Johnson	Family Connection/Communities-in-Schools, Executive Director
Jerry Shannon	UGA Geography Department, Assistant Professor
Pamela Orpinas*	UGA College of Public Health, Professor of Health Promotion and Behavior
Kerstin Gerst Emerson	UGA College of Public Health, Assistant Professor of Health and Policy Management
Suzanne Lester*	Georgia Regents University-UGA Medical Partnership , Assistant Professor of Family Medicine
Grace Bagwell-Adams	UGA College of Public Health, Assistant Professor of Health Policy and Management
Jason Cade	UGA School of Law, Assistant Professor
Henry N Young	UGA College of Pharmacy, Kroger Associate Professor of Clinical and Administrative Pharmacy
Kerry Steinberg	Spanish Instructor, Department of Romance Language
Brett Magner	Student, UGA-GRU Medical Partnership

HOSPITAL-BASED CHNA ADVISORY COMMITTEE

A hospital-based advisory committee was convened by the participating health care systems, comprising representation from the Mission Services and Public and Government Affairs departments. The hospital advisory committee met with Community Connection four times over the nine month period to provide feedback and obtain updates on data collection and analysis. The following individuals served on the hospital CHNA Advisory Committee.

Hospital-based CHNA Advisory Committee

Member Name	Affiliation
Pam Bickley	Athens Regional Health System, Community Health
Katie Caukin	Athens Regional Health System, Program Manager
Lauren Johnson	St. Mary's Health Care System, Community Benefits Program Coordinator
Sister Patricia Loomer	St. Mary's Health Care System, Director of Mission Services
Elaine Cook	Athens Regional Health System, Vice President of Government and Public Affairs
Mike Pilcher	Athens Regional Health System, Director of System Relations and Marketing

IDENTITY AND QUALIFICATIONS OF CONSULTANTS USED TO CONDUCT THE ASSESSMENT

Community Connection

Community Connection is an Athens-based 501c(3) nonprofit corporation whose mission is to ensure that no need goes unmet in Northeast Georgia. The group, which was founded 30 years ago and is credited with having established the nation's first computer-based resource directory, has been at the forefront of the provision and documentation of social services and social service needs. With its 20,000 annual individual contacts with some of the most underserved residents in Northeast Georgia, Community Connection is uniquely positioned to undertake the production of community needs assessments. The present CHNA was the organization's first foray into the field of formal needs assessment production.

COMMUNITY INPUT

SECTION E

COMMUNITY INPUT

Key Informant Interviews

For the nine counties comprising the hospitals' primary service area (i.e. those counties with the highest hospital utilization), primary data was collected as a complement to the secondary data analysis undertaken for the full 17 county area. The nine counties for which primary data was gathered include Barrow, Clarke, Greene, Jackson, Morgan, Madison, Oconee, Oglethorpe, and Walton. In order to shed additional light on the risk factors and population-specific behaviors contributing to the documented disparities, a total of 29 key informants were interviewed as part of the needs assessment. An original list of key informants was developed in a joint effort between the hospital-based advisory committee and the data collection advisory committee, with the latter submitting a list of informants which was later amended and approved by the former. Key informants were chosen based on their particular expertise relating to the health needs of the general community and the specific health needs of vulnerable population groups with which they either worked or directly represented. In addition to representatives from both participating hospitals, individuals were chosen who represented local health departments, school systems, human services, local government, and traditionally underserved communities. The list of key informants along with their affiliations can be found on page 125.

Key informants were scheduled for 45 minute long, semi-structured interviews conducted either in-person or over the phone, based on the availability of the interviewee. All interviews occurred between January and November of 2015 and were conducted using the key informant interview guide provided in Appendix E. All interviews were audio recorded and then transcribed using the Dragon transcription software. Transcriptions were cross checked for reliability and then coded for emergent themes. Key informant input has been incorporated throughout the document and is marked as "Voices of the Community" for identification.

Focus Groups

In addition to the key informant interviews, focus groups were conducted in the eight surrounding counties comprising the system's primary service area. Focus groups in the primary service area were co-facilitated and hosted by the Directors of the Family Connection offices in each of the selected counties. Focus groups took place during the regularly scheduled meetings of the providers participating in the interagency collaborative meetings overseen by Family Connection. Invitations went out in each county a full month ahead of the focus groups; and, each partner agency invited to attend was asked to bring one client to the catered meeting. Focus groups ranged in size from 15-50 individuals, and all of the sessions lasted 90 minutes. Meetings included a guided discussion (using the focus group schedule of questions in Appendix F) and an interactive mapping exercise, wherein participants were invited to identify the locations of county-based resources in order to have them added to the CHNA resource list.

For each of the sessions, two note takers separately recorded participant input into typed transcriptions; the transcriptions were then cross-checked for reliability and combined into one master document which was then coded for themes. Focus group input has been compiled into "Voices of the Community" tables appearing on the vulnerable population and county-specific data sheets in Section 3 of the report.

Population Health Survey

Working under the direct guidance of the Data Collection and Analysis Advisory Committee, Community Connection developed and administered two separate survey instruments between February and June, 2015. The first instrument, a 45 question long survey (Appendix G), was administered between February and May 2015. In mid-May, the first survey was replaced by the instrument in Appendix G (Part 2), when the first round of data analysis revealed that Survey 1 responses provided insufficient evidence to support the method of need prioritization which had been selected for the CHNA. Over the entirety of the administration window, both surveys were administered online and on paper, with particular attention being given to soliciting input from traditionally underserved groups. A series of community events were hosted at public school and park sites located in areas of high ER utilization; and, the "cost of attendance" at the well attended events was one completed survey per household. The convenience sample gathered through event-based administration was augmented by targeted survey administration at the site of monthly food distributions, as well as by the distribution of the survey through social, professional, and neighborhood listservs.

DATA LIMITATIONS AND INFORMATION GAPS

Though this assessment utilized an extensive data set, including both qualitative and quantitative primary and secondary data, the analysis and conclusions are subject to the limitations of the data collection methodology employed.

Primary qualitative data was collected from members and representatives of selected vulnerable population groups via focus groups and key informant interviews. In the interest of collecting data which could be compared across geographies and subpopulations, a core set of questions was developed to guide both processes, attached to this document as Appendices D and E. A missed opportunity resulting from this approach is that the experts thus engaged were not able to speak to the unique challenges faced by the groups they represented, which would have added valuable insight to the effort to identify specific causes of the health disparities identified through secondary data analysis.

Primary quantitative data, which were collected through the administration of a web- and paper-based population health survey, are subject to the limitations imposed by ours having been a convenience sample of the population. Towards collecting 2,000 completed surveys with insufficient manpower for geographic canvassing, Community Connection hosted a series of community-based special events to which community members were invited and “charged” a completed survey for admission. Although these events allowed us to target our key populations, we were limited to only those who attended during our designated survey time period.

Secondary data was drawn from a variety of sources, including national and statewide data sets and local agency-based data, when available. Though the aggregated data were comprehensive, in that a range of indicators were collected for each of the communities and conditions subject to study, there was variability in the availability of data which made the identification of disparities challenging.

Specifically, for many of the indicators of community health drawn from the Online Analytical Statistical Information System (OASIS), there were too few reported instances for county-specific analysis to have been conducted, severely limiting the conduct of cross-county comparisons. In these cases, data was aggregated for the region and compared to the state and nation, which masked the drastic geographic disparities observed for the indicators for which such analysis was possible. In addition to having limited overall county data for many of the indicators, there was very limited race-specific data, particularly at the county level. When race data were available, great disparities were identified on health conditions of interest, highlighting a huge missed opportunity for those indicators for which such data was unavailable.

The timeliness of the available data was an additional limitation to the analysis, in that very little of the secondary data upon which the CHNA depends are data collected on an annual basis. For many of the indicators analyzed for the assessment, the most recently collected data were up to five years old, meaning that improvements achieved during the intervening years could not be reflected in the assessment.

A significant challenge faced by Community Connection in undertaking the present assessment was the compressed timeline and size of the geographic area for which the report was produced. With just under nine months to collect and analyze primary and secondary data for the 17 county area identified as the community served by the two hospitals, Community Connection was limited with respect to the depth of analysis it was able to perform. Moving forward, Community Connection intends to address this shortcoming by presenting the findings of the needs assessment in each of the communities for which data was collected and incorporating the feedback of key stakeholders in these communities toward designing a process which will allow for the streamlined collection of information during the years between now and the 2018 CHNA.

KEY INFORMANTS

Key Informant Name, Title, Affiliation	Knowledge of or Expertise in Public Health	Leader, Representative and/or Member of Target Groups				Date of Interview
		Medically Underserved	Low-income persons	Minority Populations	Populations with Chronic Diseases	
Lee Farris Oglethorpe County Nurse Manager, Oglethorpe County Health Department	Diabetes & Obesity, HIV/AIDS & STD's, Chronic Diseases, Maternal & Infant Health	X	X		X	6/26/15
Ann Hester Executive Director, Oconee County Resource Council	Access to Health Service, Social Services		X	X		6/23/15
Rosemarie Newman Board Member, Oconee County Resource Council	Access to Health Services, Social Services		X	X		6/23/15
Tricia Massey Community Outreach Coordinator, Northridge Medical Center	Health Education, Access to Health Services, Seniors & Aging, Mental Health	X		X		6/5/15
Jennifer Justice School Social Worker, Barrow County School System	Chronic Conditions, Access to Care		X	X		6/16/15
Nancy Williams Walton County Nurse Manager, Walton County Health Department	Diabetes & Obesity, HIV/AIDS & STD's, Chronic Diseases, Maternal & Infant Health	X	X		X	6/9/15
Ashleigh Grizzle Madison County Nurse Manager, Madison County Health Department	Diabetes & Obesity, HIV/AIDS & STD's, Chronic Diseases, Maternal & Infant Health	X	X		X	6/11/15
Kirrena Gallagher Executive Director, Oglethorpe County Family Connection	Access to Health Services, Social Services		X	X		7/15/15
Celia Covington Director of Nursing, Good Samaritan Hospital	Access to Health Services	X			X	6/5/15
Paige Cummings Executive Director, Athens Nurses Clinic	Access to Health Services, Chronic Diseases, Dental Care	X	X	X	X	3/4/15
Tracy Thompson Executive Director, Mercy Health Center	Access to Health Services, Chronic Diseases, Cancer	X	X	X	X	3/9/15
Dr. Diane Dunston Chief Medical Officer, Athens Neighborhood Health Center	Access to Health Services, Chronic Diseases	X	X	X	X	3/11/15
Dr. Lou Kudon Program Manager, Northeast Health District	Access to Health Services	X	X	X	X	3/13/15
Dr. Toni Miles Professor, UGA College of Public Health	Seniors & Aging, Healthy Policy			X	X	3 / 31 / 15
Dr. Farris Johnson, M.D. Family Practitioner	Chronic Diseases	X		X		5/8/15
Sister Margarita Director, OASIS Catolico	Hispanic/Latino Health, Access to Health Services	X	X	X	X	6/15/15
Dawn Meyers School Social Worker, Clarke County School District	Children in Poverty, Access to Care, Education		X	X		7/2/15
Laurie Wilburn Bailey Clinical Director, Advantage Behavioral Health Systems	Mental Health & Substance Abuse		X		X	6/18/15
Kris Rapp Emergency Department Nurse Manager, St. Mary's Health Care System	Emergency Medical Care, Access to Health Services	X	X			6/3/15
Monesia Kpana Emergency Department Social Worker, St. Mary's Health Care System	Access to Health Services, Social Services	X	X			6/3/15
Dr. Carol Ann Eisenhart, M.D. M.D., Emergency Services, Athens Regional Medical Center	Emergency Medical Care, Access to Health Services	X	X	X		3/25/15
Dr. Chuck Peck, M.D. President & CEO, Athens Regional Health Systems and Athens Regional Medical Center	Access to Health Services	X				4/16/15
Don McKenna President & CEO, St. Mary's Health Care System	Access to Health Services	X				4/16/15

Michael Creech Mental Health, Athens Regional Medical Center	Mental Health & Substance Abuse	X		X		4/1/15
Katherine Kyker Social Worker, Athens Regional Medical Center	Access to Health Services, Social Services	X		X		4/2/15
Pheadra Corso Professor, UGA College of Public Health	Health Policy & Management	X				4/16/15
Dr. Phil Williams Dean, UGA College of Public Health	Access to Health Services	X				4/16/15
Adrienne Bumpers Executive Director, Salvation Army	Access to Health Services,	X	X	X	X	6/25/15
Eve Anthony Vice President & Director of Operations, Athens Community Council on Aging	Seniors & Aging		X	X	X	6/11/15
Charann Tolbert ER Nurse Manager, Sacred Heart Hospital	Emergency Medical Care, Access to Health Services	X	X	X		11/13/15
Jill Garland Hart County Health Department Office Manager	Diabetes & Obesity, HIV/AIDS & STD's, Chronic Diseases, Maternal & Infant Health	X	X		X	11/12/15
Jennifer Carter & David Buddenbaum Hart County Schools Superintendents	Access to Health Services, Health Education	X	X	X		11/12/15
Tracy Patrick Senior Center, Director	Seniors & Aging	X	X	X	X	11/11/15
Angy Fowler Franklin County Nurse Manager	Diabetes & Obesity, HIV/AIDS & STD's, Chronic Diseases, Maternal & Infant Health	X	X	X		11/11/15

Attempted Interviews: Morgan County Health Department

FOCUS GROUPS

Population/County	Agency	Agency Contact	Focus Group Date
Oglethorpe County	Oglethorpe County Family Connection	Kirrena Gallagher, Executive Director	2/4/15
Madison County	Madison County Family Connection	Ryan Melton, Executive Director	2/24/15
Greene County	Greene County Family Connection	Targie Folds, Executive Director	3/17/15
Morgan County	Morgan County Family Connection	Velde Hardy, Executive Director	3/17/15
Mental Health	Advantage Behavioral Health Systems	Frances Torres, Program Manager	3/26/15
Barrow County	Barrow County Family Connection	Susan Newberry, Executive Director	4/1/15
Children in Poverty	Early Learning Center (Head Start/Early Head Start)	Jan Stephens, Director	4/10/15
Jackson County	Jackson County Family Connection	Linda Foster, Executive Director	4/23/15
Homeless	Action Ministries	Solomon Smothers, Executive Director	5/1/15
Oconee County	Oconee County Resource Council	Ann Hester, Executive Director	5/12/15
Walton County	Walton County Family Connection	Dena Huff, Executive Director	5/19/15
Seniors	Athens Community Council on Aging	Eve Anthony, COO	6/5/15
Spanish-Speakers	Oasis Catolico	Sister Margarita, Director	6/20/15
Families in Poverty	Housing Authority	Pennyeda Patterson, Residents Council Chair	6/25/15
Uninsured and Underinsured	Athens Nurses Clinic, Mercy Health Clinic, Athens Neighborhood Health Center	Paige Cummings, Executive Director Tracy Thompson, Executive Director, Diane Dunston, Executive Director	5/12/15 & 6/22/15
Franklin County	Franklin County Family Connection	Ken Watkins, Executive Director	11/4/15
Hart County	Hart County Family Connection	Patricia Werner, Executive Director	10/28/15

WRITTEN COMMENTS ON ST. MARY'S HEALTH CARE SYSTEM'S CHNA & IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES

Previous to the onset of the 2015 St. Mary's Health Care System CHNA, no previous input or feedback had been provided on the three system hospitals' 2013 CHNAs and Implementation Plans. In order to meet the IRS-requirement, Community Connection worked with St. Mary's Health Care System and hospital staff in order to solicit feedback on the previous assessment from stakeholders and community members in the service area counties. Community Connection obtained a list of focus group participants and key informant interviewees from the previous CHNAs as a baseline of individuals with whom to engage for feedback on the previous assessment.

Very few responses were solicited from community members on the previous assessments. Community Connection intends to utilize this current assessment as an opportunity to engage community feedback at the onset of the report being published, in order to utilize the input towards a stronger CHNA Report and Implementation Plan in 2018.

The feedback below represents the entire of responses obtained.

COMMUNITY COMMENT #1

"These comments are combined to apply to both systems reports. These reports both relied upon secondary data and key informant interviews with no community-based focus groups or individual client/patient surveys. Without the input of the community, these reports are missing meaningful data regarding barriers to care for residents in the service areas of these health systems. It is with that data that the health care systems could then better understand how, for example; transportation, personal finances, legal concerns, and wait times for health care visits impact access to care. There is no data on wait times for appointments for Medicaid and Medicare patients in either health system, nor is there data on wait times for appointments at other safety net clinics. Missing also are questions regarding environment, work and food.

These CHNAs serve as a starting point for a more thorough community health needs assessment that must include focus groups, community member surveys and interviews, as well as key informant interviews from lay leaders in a cross section of the catchment areas diverse subsets of populations."

COMMUNITY COMMENT #2

"The ASPIRE Clinic at the University of Georgia aims to serve individuals, couples, and families in the Athens, Georgia community through holistic services that promote improved wellness and well-being, including therapy and mental health, nutrition education, financial counseling, home environment and design consulting, as well as legal problem solving. As a holistic clinic, we interface often with the physical health needs of our clients, but do not currently have the capacity to serve them in this domain, relying instead on the existing entities in Athens (hospitals, health clinics, etc.)

Although primarily focused on eliciting important information for local hospitals, the Community Health Needs Assessments (CHNAs) conducted here in our area also become vital to others, including the ASPIRE Clinic, as they provide contextual understanding of those we serve directly in our clinical environment – and assist us in our understanding of how we as a community agency may identify and better serve the vulnerable and underserved.

The CHNAs that were conducted by our community hospitals in 2012 (Athens Regional Medical Center) and 2012-13 (St. Mary's Hospital) synthesize information about the facets of health in our Athens area. The CHNAs conducted by ARMC and St. Mary's highlight mental health and substance abuse as a primary or significant concern, in addition to other physical health concerns and diagnoses, and our clinic supports this assertion. From our perspective, there is a large need in our community for affordable, easily accessible mental health and substance abuse treatment. A lack of access to psychiatry care is also a considerable concern from our vantage point. After reviewing the implementation plans by both ARMC and St. Mary's for how this should be improved, I see some issues with the hospitals' connectedness and willingness to entertain partnerships with the mental health resources that the University of Georgia offers to community members. There seems to sometimes be a misconception that on-campus resources are only accessible to students or UGA-affiliates. I think the hospitals' implementation plans would be strengthened by considering additional partnerships with these UGA clinics (ASPIRE Clinic, Psychology Clinic, Center for Counseling and Personal Evaluation), as their identified aims are to 1) expand access to care and 2) fortify existing partnerships and resources. I am hoping for this to be identified and explored in future CHNAs conducted by our local hospitals."

COMMUNITY COMMENT #3

"The Athens Area Community Foundation (AACF) advances strategic philanthropy by engaging passionate donors, building a shared understanding of the community's assets and needs, and increasing the capacity of community leaders and organizations to address the community's most critical challenges through collaboration. AACF currently stewards \$5.3 million in community assets and its donors have made over \$1 million in grants to local nonprofits since the foundation opened in 2008. While the Community Health Needs Assessments (CHNAs) conducted by Athens Regional Medical System and St. Mary's Health Care System help each organization with internal strategic planning, they also help the community foundation understand the strengths and priorities of two of our community's largest institutions. In addition to the highlighted priorities of mental and behavioral health, Athens Regional Medical Center's 2012 report identified areas where longitudinal data, if available, would better help with evaluations of programs. Setting benchmarks and measuring them year after year has become a priority for AACF to further ARMC's efforts. ARMC's report also noted the success of their Regional First Care centers which provides donors and our local free and reduced-price clinics with a potential model for increasing access to primary and preventive care. In addition, ARMC's information about the use of the Emergency Department for non-emergent needs and mental health issues points out gaps to both service providers and economic developers. St. Mary's report 2012-2013 focused on Athens-Clarke County and included issues of affordable housing, oral health, and reproductive health in the list of community needs. While St. Mary's could not make these a priority, the report creates a more holistic understanding of what a "healthy community" must include. This expansive perspective is reflected in St. Mary's involvement in the Athens Health Network, a collaborative of healthcare providers focused on the un- and under insured in Athens. Both CHNAs list organizations the hospitals plan to partner with and point to collaboration as the means to meet community needs. AACF looks forward to supporting and enhancing the implementation plans of both Athens Regional Medical System and St. Mary's Health Care System."

COMMUNITY COMMENT #4

- There is an imminent need for detoxification assessment & treatment for those seeking drug & alcohol treatment
- Promotion of ongoing education for general public in the area of drug & alcohol addiction, including student population
- Co-occurring disorders (Mental/nervous) education
- Continuing education to general population on HIV/Hep C & STDs.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH NEEDS

SECTION F

Access to Care Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
Primary Care Physicians, 2012, County Health Rankings & Roadmaps Health Factors	16-counties	3149:1	✗	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	1522:1	✓	--	--		--
Dentists, 2032, County Health Rankings & Roadmaps Health Factors	16-counties	6622:1	✗	--	--	12/17	--
	Athens-Clarke	1837:1	✓	--	--		--
Mental Health Providers, 2014, County Health Rankings & Roadmaps Health Factors	16-counties	4559:1	✗	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	366:1	✓	--	--		--
Uninsured, 2012, County Health Rankings & Roadmaps Health Factors	16-counties	21.31%	✗	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	21%	✓	--	--		--
Lack of a consistent source of primary care, 2011-2012 CDC BRFSS	16-counties	23.61%	✗	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	40.81%	✗	--	--		--
Population in Poverty, 2009-2013, ACS	16-counties	16.83%	✗	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	36.71%	✗	-	✓		--
Uninsured Adults, 2009-2013, ACS	16-counties	25.42%	✗	✓	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	24.7%	✗	✓	--		--
Uninsured Seniors, 2009-2013, ACS	16-counties	.45%	✓	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	.74%	✗	--	--		--
Uninsured Children, 2009-2013, ACS	16-counties	9.37%	✗	✓	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	9%	✗	✓	--		--
Could not see doctor due to cost, 2006-2011, Health Indicators Warehouse	16-counties	15.44%	✗	✓	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	15.10%	✓	✓	--		--
Community Prioritization-Healthcare Access	--	--	--	--	--	6/17	--
Community Prioritization-Transportation	--	--	--	--	--	7/17	--
TOTAL: 60/110 = .54545							

CORE INDICATORS

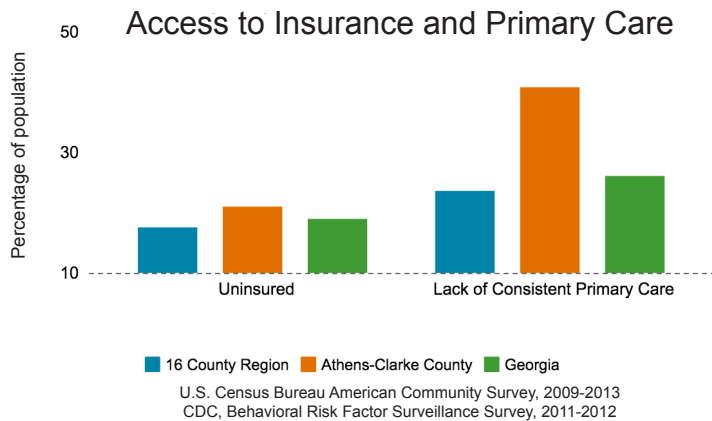
- The primary care provider to person ratio in the region is half that of the state, with only Clarke, Greene, Stephens and Oconee counties having better ratios.
- There is a drastic shortage of dentists in the region, with provider to person ratios being as low as nine times the state.
- In the region, 20% of adults are uninsured. Oconee County is the only exception, with only 14% of its population being uninsured.
- In Clarke County, 40% of individuals report not having a consistent source of healthcare, worst in the region followed by Madison and Habersham, at 39% and 33%, respectively.
- There are approximately 109,709 uninsured individuals in the 17 county CHNA service area, with just four federally qualified health centers (FQHC's) and two charitable care clinics.
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: 13% of the individuals surveyed reported not having insurance, with very little racial disparity on the measure. On the other hand, African American respondents were four times more likely to be covered by Medicaid and twice as likely to be covered by Medicare. Whites were twice as likely as blacks to be covered by Healthcare Exchange plans.
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: Individuals covered by Healthcare Exchange plans were 14% less likely to be able to get appointments with doctors than individuals with other types of coverage, and they were 11% less likely to use the emergency room as a regular source of care (p<.01).
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: African American respondents were nearly four times more likely than whites to report using the emergency room as a regular source of care.
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: Both the uninsured and those covered by Medicaid were 20% more likely than the overall survey population to report using the emergency room as their regular source of care (p<.01).

SNAPSHOT

Lack of insurance coverage is one of the leading hindrances to accessing health care. Poverty rates and unemployment are most closely linked to a lack of insurance coverage. Limited accessibility and availability of affordable primary care, dental care, and mental health care providers are also significant contributions to low healthcare access.

Data source: CDC, Vital Signs, Access to Health Care

RISK FACTORS		
Conditions	Behavior	Family History
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uninsured Adults • Uninsured Children • Uninsured Total Population • Person: Primary Care Provider Ratio • Person: Dental Health Provider Ratio • Person: Mental Health Provider Ratio • Lack of Regular Source of Care 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • N/A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • N/A



SUMMARY

The uninsured rate in the region is consistent with the state; however, the Hispanic/Latino population is nearly 3 times more likely than whites to be uninsured. The region lacks adequate and affordable healthcare options in the areas of primary, dental, and mental health, especially for those without adequate insurance. The greatest need is found in the area of mental health, for which all 17 counties in the service area are Federally Designated Professional Shortage Areas. Professional dental shortages have been declared in 12 of the 17 counties, and 11 of the 17 counties in the region are designated Primary Care Shortage Areas. Populations in poverty have significantly increased difficulty accessing healthcare, resulting from both a lack of insurance and the lack of consistent primary care.



But its our folks that maybe don't qualify for Medicaid; they make a little too much to qualify for Medicaid but they really don't make enough to afford insurance. Those are the ones that are getting left out of the loop and having trouble accessing care.

CARDIOVASCULAR HEALTH

Conditions Study

Cardiovascular Health Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
<i>Heart Disease, Percent Adults with Heart Disease, 2011-2012, CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System</i>	16-counties	8.22%	x	--	--	10/17	--
	Athens-Clarke	2.90%	✓	--	--		--
<i>Heart Disease Medicare Population, 2012, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid</i>	16-counties	26.79%	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	22.71%	✓	--	--		--
<i>High Blood Pressure, Percent Adults with High Blood Pressure, 2006-2012, CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System</i>	16-counties	33.19%	x	--	--	16/17	x
	Athens-Clarke	32.70%	x	--	--		x
<i>High Blood Pressure Medicare Population, 2012, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid</i>	16-counties	59.54%	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	57.97%	x	--	--		--
<i>Percent Adults with High Cholesterol, 2011-2012, CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System</i>	16-counties	41.96%	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	44.12%	x	--	--		--
<i>High Cholesterol Medicare Population, 2012, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid</i>	16-counties	46.27%	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	40.78%	✓	--	--		--
<i>Mortality-Heart Disease, 2007-2011, CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System</i>	16-counties	209.73	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	119.17	✓	✓	✓		--
<i>Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease, 2007-2011, CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System</i>	16-counties	106.78	x	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	58.04	✓	--	✓		--
<i>High Blood Pressure, Age-Adjusted Discharge Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	52.4	x	✓	x	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	72.8	x	✓	x		--



Cardiovascular Health Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
<i>High Blood Pressure, Age-Adjusted ER Visit Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	322.8	x	x	x	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	398.6	x	x	x	--	--
<i>Obstructive Heart Disease, Hospital Discharge Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	310.2	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	245.2	✓	✓	✓	--	--
<i>Obstructive Heart Disease, Death Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	84.6	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	53.8	✓	✓	✓	--	--
<i>Obstructive Heart Disease, Age-Adjusted ER Visit Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	118.3	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	58.4	✓	x	✓	--	--
<i>Population in Poverty, 2009-2013, ACS</i>	16-counties	16.83%	x	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	36.71%	x	--	✓	--	--
TOTAL: 87/153 = .5686							

CORE INDICATORS

- From 2003-2013, an increase in individuals seeking care at the ER for high blood pressure was observed (over 100% increase in Clarke and several neighboring counties). Across the region, there is a 64% increase for the same indicator.
- There is a 265% increase in ER visits for obstructive heart diseases in Clarke County. A 98% increase was documented in Madison County over the same time period.
- In Banks County, males are three times as likely as females to go to the ER for obstructive heart disease.
- In Clarke County, African Americans were 16 times more likely to be discharged from the hospital with high blood pressure, and in Walton they were 25 times more likely than their white counterparts to have been discharged for the same condition.
- In Clarke County, African Americans are 6 times more likely to visit the ER for high blood pressure than whites.
- High BP ER visit rates increased in every county, except Stephens, from 2003-2013.
- In Morgan County, African Americans are over three times more likely to die from obstructive heart diseases than their white counterparts.
- In Stephens County 67.4% of the population is estimated to have high cholesterol, which is four times the rate of Oglethorpe County and nearly double the state rate.
- Taliaferro County's 2013 discharge rate (299.7 per 100,000) for high blood pressure is three times the state and its ER visit rate is double that of the state.
- Clarke County Provider Data: In 2015, hypertension was diagnosed in 55% and 42% of Mercy Health Center and Athens Nurses Clinic clients, respectively.
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: 47.3% of African Americans reported having someone in their household with high blood pressure, as compared to only 21% of whites.
- CHNA.2015:Population Survey: Blacks who reported eating five or more servings of fruit and vegetables daily were 15% less likely to report high blood pressure in the household ($p<.01$).
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: Individuals with a high school diploma or less were 13% more likely than the overall sample population to report high blood pressure in the household ($p<.01$). Those with a minimum of a bachelor's degree were 24% less likely to report the existence of the same condition ($p<.01$).

SNAPSHOT

Cardiovascular health refers to the health of the heart and blood vessels, also known as the circulatory system. Hypertension (high blood pressure), heart disease, and stroke are common cardiovascular conditions and diseases. People of all ages and backgrounds are at risk for poor cardiovascular health. Heart disease and stroke are two of the leading causes of death in the United States, major causes of disability, and the principal causes of cardiovascular related death. Prevention of cardiovascular disease is possible and dependent on the control of various risk factors, including unhealthy lifestyle habits and preexisting medical conditions. Genetic factors can also contribute to poor cardiovascular health.

Data Source: CDC, Gateway to Health Communication & Social Marketing Practice, Cardiovascular Health

RISK FACTORS FOR HEART DISEASE & HYPERTENSION

Conditions

- High Blood Pressure
- High Cholesterol
- Diabetes
- Prehypertension

Behavior

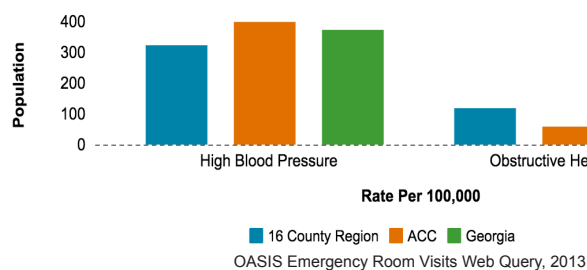
- Unhealthy Diet
- Physical Inactivity
- Obesity
- Excessive Alcohol Consumption
- Tobacco Use

Family History

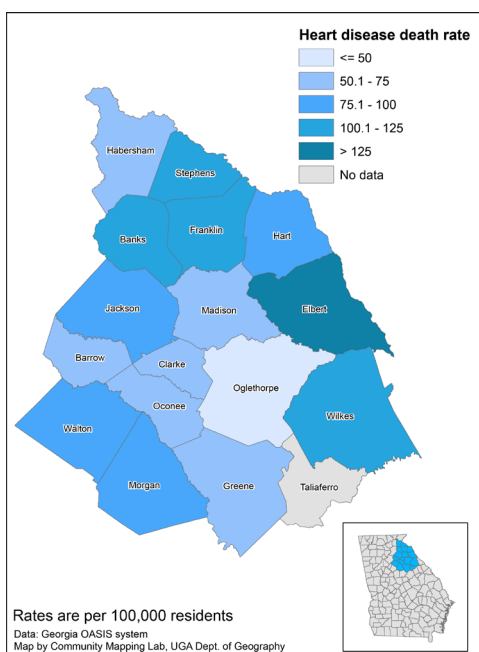
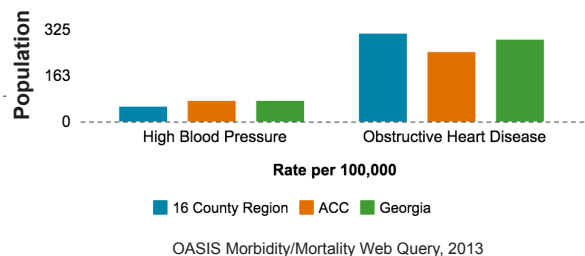
- Genetics & Family History
- Age
- Sex
- Race or Ethnicity

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control Prevention, Heart Disease and Hypertension Risk Factors

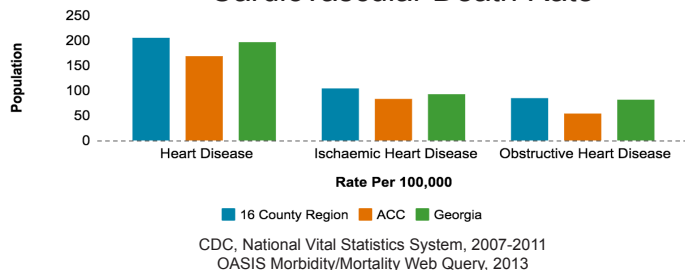
Cardiovascular-Related ER Visit Rate



Cardiovascular-Related Hospital Discharge Rate



Cardiovascular Death Rate



SUMMARY

There are significant racial disparities in the area of heart health. In many counties, African Americans are more likely to die from heart disease and many times more likely to visit the hospital with heart related issues. Across the region, there is a steady increase in the rate of ER visits for high blood pressure, speaking to a lack of community-based resources for the management of the condition.

CANCER

Conditions Study

Cancers Indicators	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
<i>Breast Cancer Incidence, Annual Incidence Rate, Per 100,000 Population</i>	16-counties	120.4	✓	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	146.7	x	--	--		--
<i>Breast Cancer Death Rate, 2013</i>	16-counties	23.6	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	23.2	x	✓	✓		--
<i>Breast Cancer Hospital Discharge Rate, 2013</i>	16-counties	30.2	x	x	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	20.2	✓	x	--		--
<i>Prostate Cancer Incidence, Annual Incidence Rate, Per 100,000 Population</i>	16-counties	144.81	x	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	188.6	x	--	--		--
<i>Prostate Cancer Death Rate, Age Adjusted, 2013</i>	16-counties	19.2	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	20	x	✓	--		--
<i>Prostate Cancer Hospital Discharge Rate, Age Adjusted, 2013</i>	16-counties	33.3	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	35.3	x	✓	x		--
<i>Colon/Rectal Cancer Incidence, Annual Incidence Rate, Per 100,000 Population</i>	16-counties	48.21	x	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	45.1	x	--	--		--
<i>Colon/Rectal Cancer, Death Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013</i>	16-counties	18.7	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	13.9	✓	✓	✓		--
<i>Colon/Rectal Cancer, Hospital Discharge Rate, 2013</i>	16-counties	39.8	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	26.4	✓	✓	✓		--
<i>Lung Cancer Incidence, 2007-2011, National Institutes of Health</i>	16-counties	72.97	3/3	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	60.8	0/3	--	0/1		--



CORE INDICATORS

- In the region, African American males are nearly three times as likely to die from prostate cancer than white males and 80% more likely to have been diagnosed.
- African American females are twice as likely as white females to die from breast cancer in both Clarke County and the region. This rate is about 50% higher than the race disparity observed at the state level.
- Oconee County had the worst prostate cancer rate in the service area, at 194.8 cases per 100,000 (as compared to the state value of 161 cases per 100,000); the prostate cancer incidence rate for Clarke County was 33% higher than the national incidence and 17% higher than the state.
- Prostate cancer is the 11th leading cause of death in the region, and the seventh leading cause for African American men.
- Race independent data reveal throat and lung cancers as the number two cause of death in the region, with breast and colon being the 14th and 11th leading causes, respectively.
- In the region, breast cancer is the 8th leading overall cause of death for women and the second leading cause of cancer death.
- Breast cancer is sixth leading overall cause of death for African American women and the number one cause of cancer death for the population.

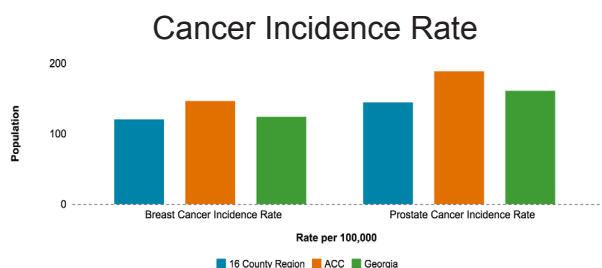
SNAPSHOT

Cancer is a term used for diseases in which abnormal cells divide without control and can invade other tissues. Cancer cells can spread to other parts of the body through the blood and lymph systems. Cancer is not just one disease, but many diseases. Every year, cancer claims the lives of more than half a million Americans, and one of every four deaths in the United States is due to cancer. Screening for cancers helps to detect these diseases at an early stage, when treatment works best. A person's cancer risk can be reduced with healthy choices like avoiding tobacco, limiting alcohol use, protecting skin from the sun and avoiding indoor tanning, eating a diet rich in fruits and vegetables, keeping a healthy weight, and being physically active.

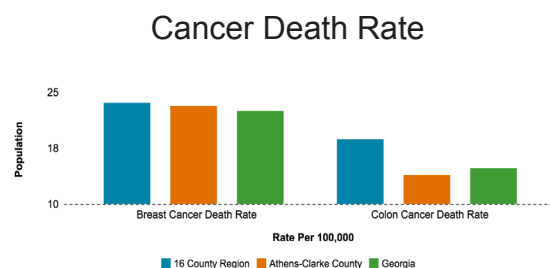
Data Source: CDC, Cancer Home, Prevention

RISK FACTORS FOR CANCER		
Conditions	Behavior	Family History
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • N/A 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of Exercise • Overweight/Obesity • Unhealthy Diet • Tobacco Use • Lack of Preventative Screenings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maternal or Paternal Diagnosis

Data Source: CDC, Risk Factors for Breast Cancer, Colorectal Cancer, and Prostate Cancer



CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011

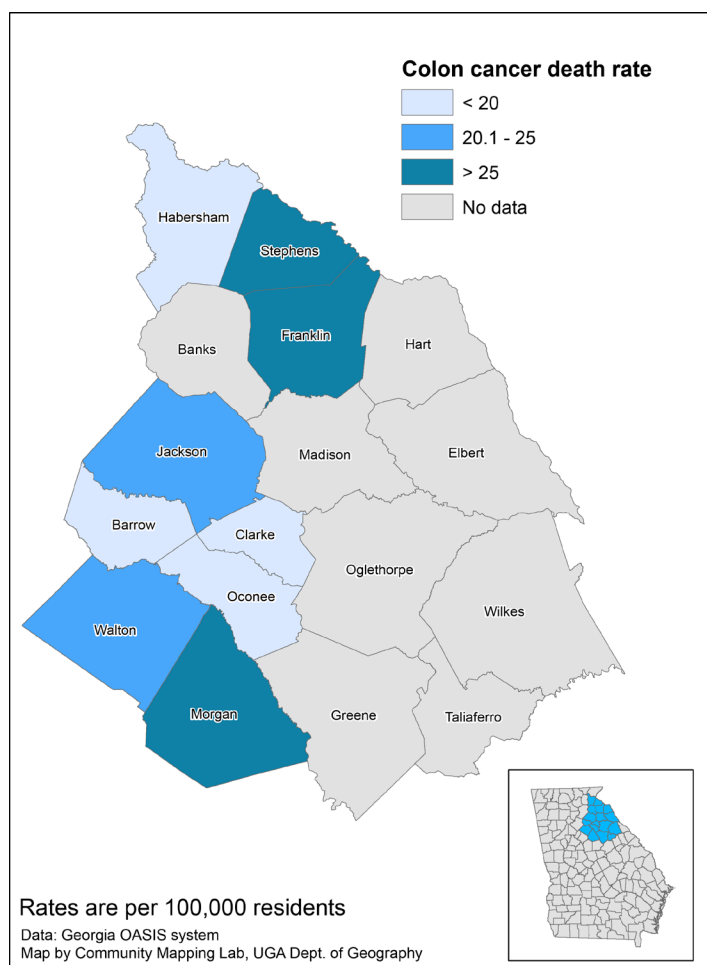
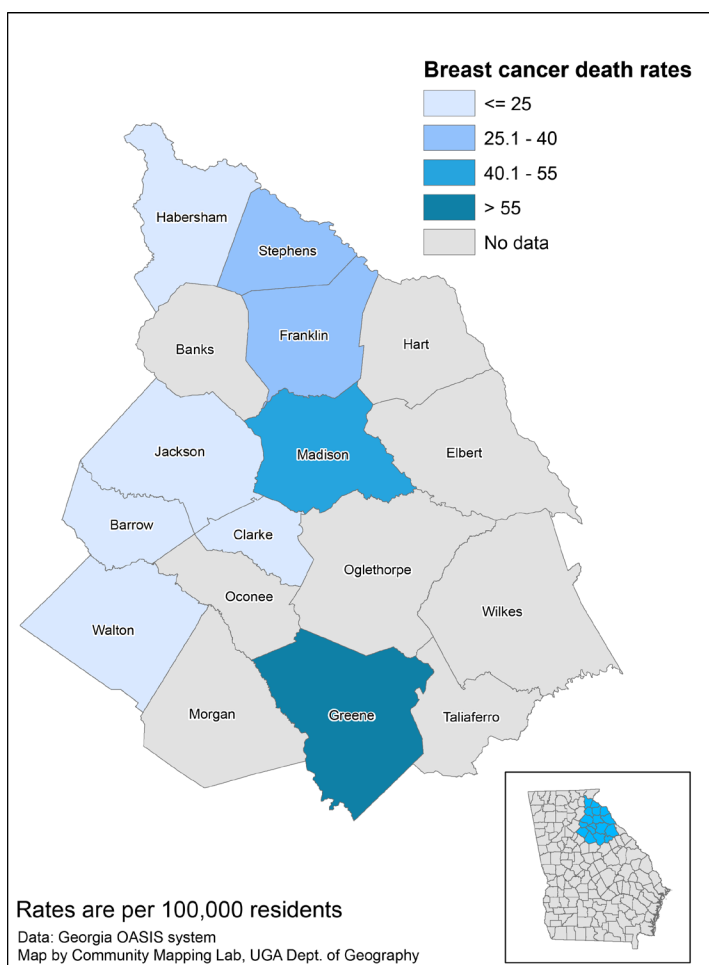
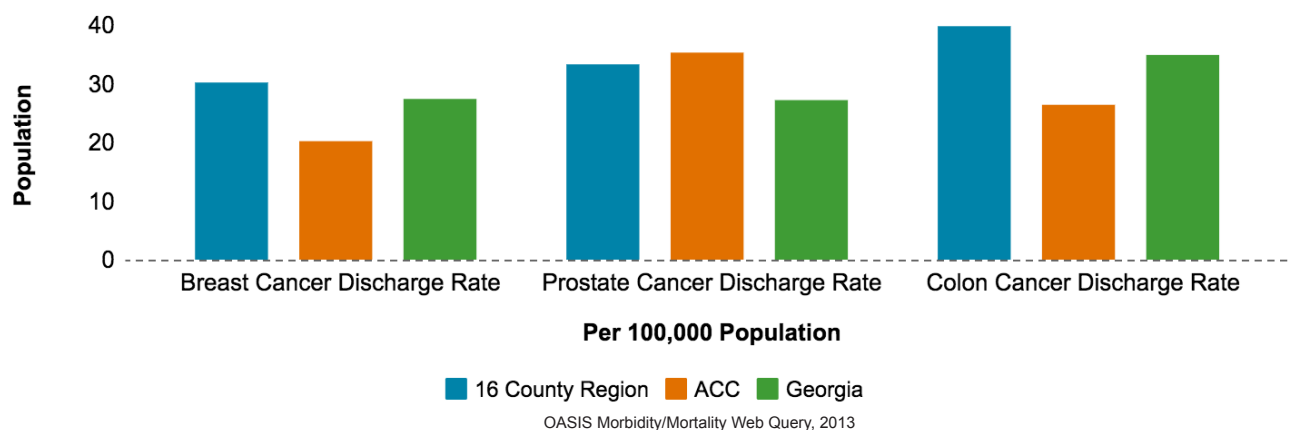


OASIS Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013



I don't know if it's just the timing and the way things cycle around, but we have seen a lot of cancer lately, and when I say cancer, I'm talking in all forms.

Cancer-Related Hospital Discharge Rate



SUMMARY

The shortage of county-specific, race-based cancer data placed a limitation on the ability to identify racial disparities. However, significant race-based cancer mortality disparities were documented in the region, state and nation. Drastic regional differences in cancer incidence and mortality were documented, with ten of the 17 counties having higher cancer mortality rates than the state.

CEREBROVASCULAR HEALTH

Conditions Study

Cerebrovascular Health Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
Stroke, Death Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS	16-counties	49.7	x	✓	✓	--	x
	Athens-Clarke	41.4	x	✓	✓		x
Stroke, Hospital Discharge Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS	16-counties	251.2	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	228.8	x	✓	✓		--
Stroke, ER Visit Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS	16-counties	53	x	x	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	20.7	✓	x	✓		--
High Blood Pressure, Age-Adjusted ER Visit Rate, 2013, OASIS	16-counties	322.8	x	x	x	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	398.6	x	x	x		--
High Blood Pressure, Age-Adjusted Discharge Rate, 2013, OASIS	16-counties	52.4	x	✓	x	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	72.8	x	✓	x		--
High Blood Pressure, 2006-2012, CDC BRFSS	16-counties	33.19%	x	--	--	16/17	x
	Athens-Clarke	32.70%	x	--	--		x
Percent Adults with High Cholesterol, 2011-2012, CDC BRFSS	16-counties	41.96%	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	44.12%	x	--	--		--
Obesity, 2012, CDC BRFSS	16-counties	30.4%	x	✓	✓	17/17	--
	25.9%	0/3	✓	✓	✓		--
Physical Inactivity, 2012, CDC National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Management	16-counties	27.07%	x	✓	✓	--	✓
	Athens-Clarke	25.90%	x	✓	✓		✓
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers, 2011-2012, CDC BRFSS	16-counties	51.05%	x	--	--	14/17	--
	Athens-Clarke	43.38%	x	--	✓		--
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population, 2012, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	16-counties	59.54%	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	57.97%	x	--	--		--
Obstructive Heart Disease, Age-Adjusted ER Visit Rate, 2013, OASIS	16-counties	118.3	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	58.4	✓	x	✓		--



CORE INDICATORS

- Both Madison and Stephens County’s age-adjusted stroke death rate (76.5 per 100,000 and 75.3 per 100,000, respectively) are almost double the state average.
- Taliaferro’s hospital discharge rate for stroke (392.5 per 100,000) increased 145% between 2003-2013. The value is also 77% greater than the state rate.
- Clarke County’s stroke ER visit rate is half that of the state, but the rate increased by over 100% between 2003-2013.
- Greene County’s stroke ER visitation rate is twice that of the state and has increased by over 100% between 2003-2013.
- In 2013, Oglethorpe County African Americans died from stroke at four times the rate of whites.
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: African American survey respondents were twice as likely as whites to report both having someone in their household who experienced a stroke and having someone in the household with high blood pressure (47.3% of black survey respondents reported having HBP in their household).
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: white survey respondents were twice as likely as black respondents to report exercising always (27% of whites responded in this way), while just shy of 50% of both populations reported never exercising.
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: high cholesterol was reported in the households of 18% of the survey respondents; the disorder was reported in 16% of white households and 21% of black households.
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: 83% of black survey respondents reported either sometimes or always eating fast food more than once a week, as compared to 63% of white respondents.

SNAPSHOT

Cerebrovascular health is most closely associated with stroke, heart disease, and hypertension. Stroke is the fifth leading cause of death in the country, according to the Center for Disease Control and Prevention. African-Americans are at most risk for having a stroke and potentially dying from the condition. Deaths due to stroke are also most common the the southeast region of the country. Those with various cardiovascular conditions including high blood pressure and high cholesterol are most commonly at risk to develop cerebrovascular illnesses. Smokers are also at substantial risk of developing these conditions. Prevention of cerebrovascular conditions can be achieved through healthy diets, active lifestyles, and cardiovascular screenings.

Data Source: CDC, Stroke, Statistics & Maps

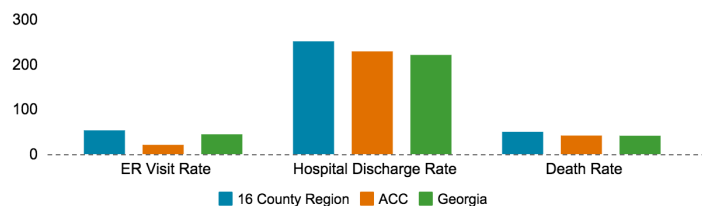
RISK FACTORS FOR STROKE		
Conditions	Behavior	Family History
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Previous Stroke or Transient Ischemic Attack• High Blood Pressure• High Cholesterol• Heart Disease• Diabetes• Sickel Cell Disease	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unhealthy Diet• Physical Inactivity• Obesity• Excessive Alcohol Consumption• Tobacco Use	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Genetics & Family History• Age• Sex• Race or Ethnicity

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control Prevention, Stroke Risk Factors



They call it the silent disease. So people who have high blood pressure often feel perfectly well, so they’re not going to get services.

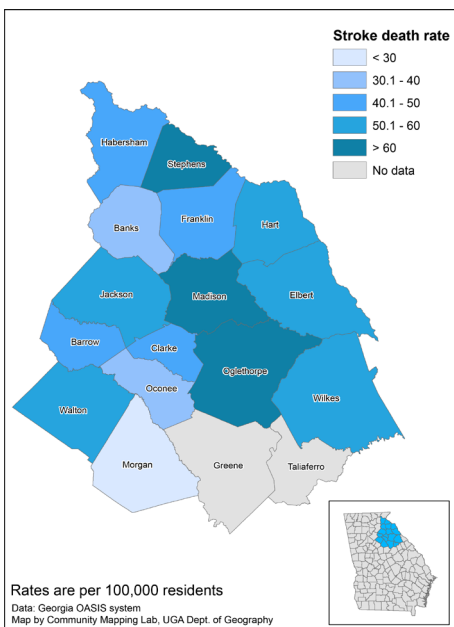
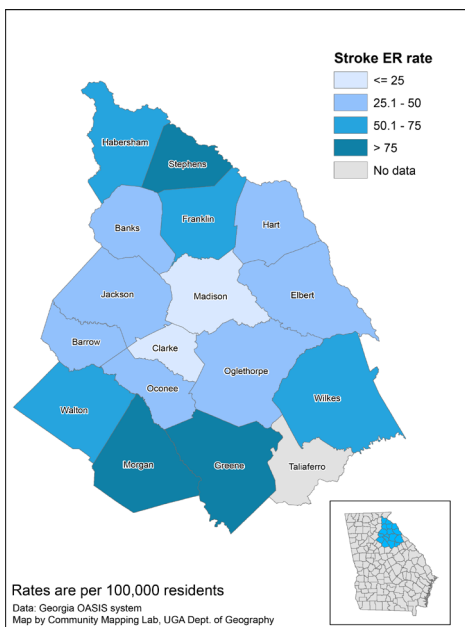
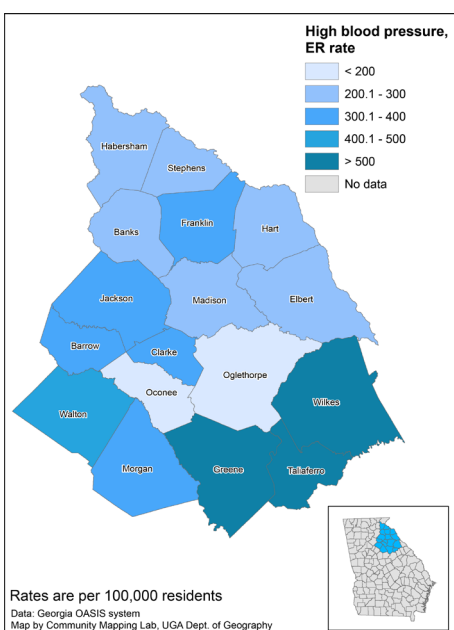
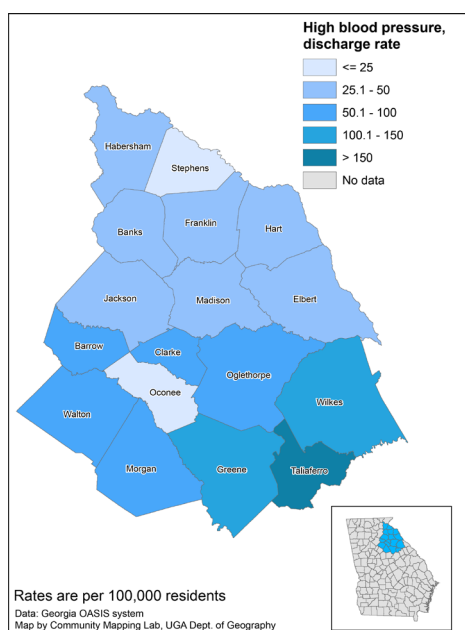
Stroke-Related Indicators



OASIS Emergency Room Visits Web Query, 2010
OASIS Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013

SUMMARY

Across the region, irrespective of race, individuals are experiencing greater risk for stroke and atherosclerosis. High cholesterol, a primary risk factor for the two conditions, is documented at levels exceeding the state in nine of the 15 counties for which data are available. Stephens, Banks, Elbert, Greene, Hart, and Morgan all had greater than 50% of their populations estimated to have high cholesterol. Stephens, the second worst county for stroke mortality, was estimated to have 67.5% of its population suffering with high cholesterol. Regionally, there was a 32% increase in ER visits for stroke, speaking to the need for greater community-based prevention strategies targeted at the primary risk factors for stroke.



DIABETES & OBESITY

Conditions Study

Diabetes and Obesity Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
<i>Deaths due to Diabetes 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	22.2	x	✓	✓	--	✓
	Athens-Clarke	33.4	x	x	x		✓
<i>Discharges due to Diabetes, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	153.4	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	235.5	x	✓	✓		--
<i>ER visits due to Diabetes 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	228.4	x	x	x	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	378.6	x	x	x		--
<i>Diabetes Prevalence, 2012, CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion</i>	16-counties	10.34%	x	✓	✓	15/17	--
	Athens-Clarke	10.8%	x		✓		--
<i>Medicare population diabetes prevalence, 2012, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services</i>	16-counties	27.43%	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	25.94 %	✓	--	--		--
<i>Overweight, 2013, CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System</i>	16-counties	36.70%	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	27.10%	✓	--	--		--
<i>Obesity, 2012, CDC National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion</i>	16-counties	30.4%	x	✓	✓	17/17	--
	Athens-Clarke	25.9%	✓	✓	✓		--
<i>Physical Inactivity, 2012, CDC National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion</i>	16-counties	27.07%	x	✓	✓	--	✓
	Athens-Clarke	25.90 %	x	✓	✓		✓
<i>Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients, 2012, Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice</i>	16-counties	86.03 %	✓	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	86.49 %	✓	✓	✓		--
<i>Fast food restaurant access, 2013, US Census County Business Patterns</i>	16-counties	60.73	x	✓	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	95.96	x	✓	--		--
<i>Recreational and fitness facility access, 2013, US Census Bureau County Business Patterns</i>	16-counties	5.5	x	✓	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	14.57	✓	✓	--		--
<i>Grocery store access, 2013, US Census Bureau County Business Patterns</i>	16-counties	14.88	x	✓	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	22.28	✓	✓	--		--
<i>SNAP-authorized food store access, 2014, US Dept. of Agriculture, SNAP Retailer Locator</i>	16-counties	108.01	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	101.1	x	--	--		--



Diabetes and Obesity Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
WIC-authorized food store access, US Dept. of Agriculture Food Environment Atlas	16-counties	17.8	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	17.04%	x	--	---		--
Population with low food access, 2010, US Dept. of Agriculture Food Access Research Atlas	16-counties	22.19%	✓	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	43.28	x	--	--		--
Food insecurity, 2012, Feeding America	16-counties	14.48%	✓	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	21.53%	x	--	--		--
Population in Poverty, 2009-2013	16-counties	16.83%	2/3	--	0/2	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	36.71%	6/3	--	0/2		--
Total: 112/174= .6437							

CORE INDICATORS

- Regional diabetes prevalence reflects a 24.5% increase from 2004-2011; over the same period there's been an increase of 37.5% in Clarke County.
- Diabetes discharge rates show significant racial disparity, with African Americans in all but three counties being at least twice as likely to be discharged from the hospital with the condition. This population was 10 times more likely in Banks and 11 times more likely in Franklin to be treated for a diabetes-related disorder.
- ER visits in every county reflected racial disparities, with African-Americans being between 1.6 and 8.4 times more likely to visit the ER for diabetes.
- Clarke County was the only county in which the diabetes death rate increased from 2003-2013, showing a 127% increase in this measure.
- In Clarke, the only county for which race disparity data is available, African Americans are nearly four times more likely to die from diabetes than whites.
- ER visits for diabetes increased in both the state and region between 2003-2013; in Banks, Clarke, Habersham, Madison, and Morgan this rate increased twice as fast as the state.
- The five counties with worse food access than the state are Clarke, Barrow, Morgan, Taliaferro and Walton; among these counties only Morgan did not have a consequent diabetes prevalence exceeding the state value.
- Clarke and Oconee counties both have concentrations of fast food restaurants which exceed the state and nation (95.96 and 85.35 per 100,000, respectively).
- Self-reported obesity has increased by over 20% in the 16 county region (excluding Clarke) from 2004-2012.
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: 10% of white respondents reported having diabetes in their household, as compared to 27% of blacks and 21% of Latinos.
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey Survey: data showed a direct correlation between education and diabetes, with advanced degree holders being 10% less likely than the overall survey population to report diabetes in the household ($p<.01$). Those with high school diplomas or less were 10% more likely to report diabetes in the household ($p<.01$).
- Clarke County Provider Data: showed that obese individuals accounted for 52% of Mercy Health Center clients and 29% of Athens Nurses Clinic clients in 2015.



We are having a lot of overweight teenagers that are already presenting with high cholesterol, diabetes, or pre-diabetes. Definitely in our older population, 40s and above, cardiovascular disease and diabetes are the biggest risk factors here.

SNAPSHOT

Diabetes is a disease in which blood glucose levels are above normal. Sugar builds up in blood due to a lack of insulin or inefficient use of insulin. Diabetes can cause serious health complications including heart disease, blindness, kidney failure, and lower-extremity amputations. Diabetes is the seventh leading cause of death in the United States. Risk factors for type 2 diabetes include older age, obesity, family history of diabetes, prior history of gestational diabetes, impaired glucose tolerance, physical inactivity, and race/ethnicity. African Americans, Hispanic/Latino Americans, American Indians, and some Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders are at particularly high risk for type 2 diabetes. Obesity is defined as a Body Mass Index exceeding 30% depending on height and weight. Obesity can be addressed through healthy eating, active lifestyles, and consulting with a primary care provider.

Data Source: CDC, Diabetes, Basics

RISK FACTORS FOR OBESITY & DIABETES

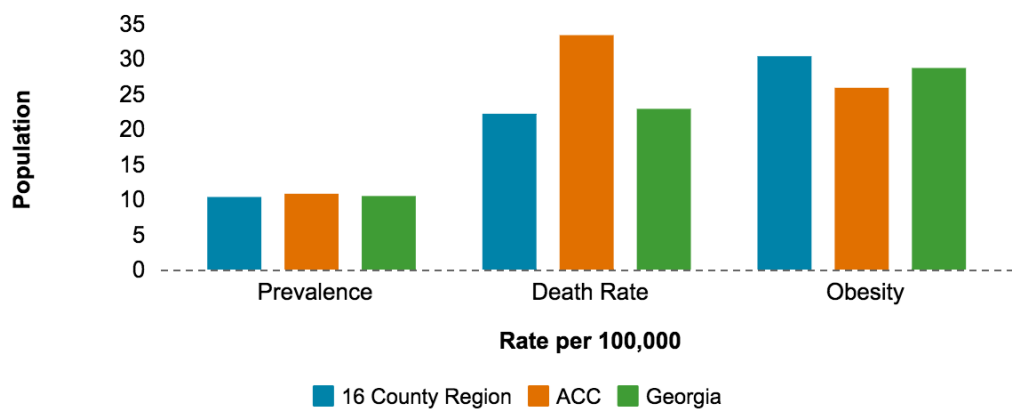
Conditions	Behavior	Family History
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Obesity Impaired Glucose Tolerance Autoimmune Factors Hypertension High Blood Cholesterol 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unhealthy Diet Physical Inactivity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Genetics & Family History Older Age Race or Ethnicity

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control Prevention, Adult Obesity Causes and Preventing Diabetes

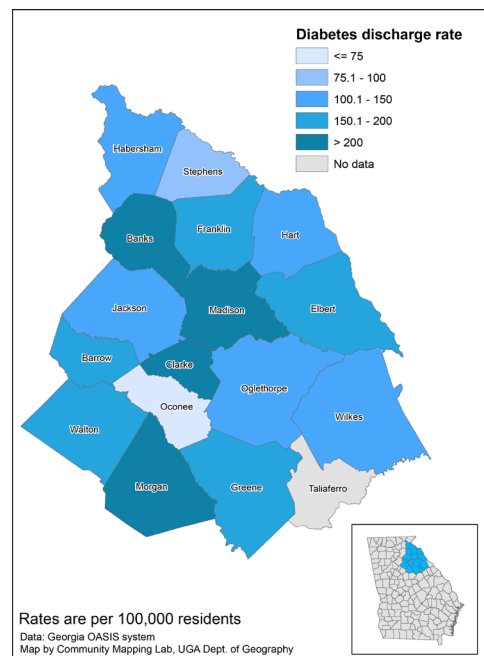
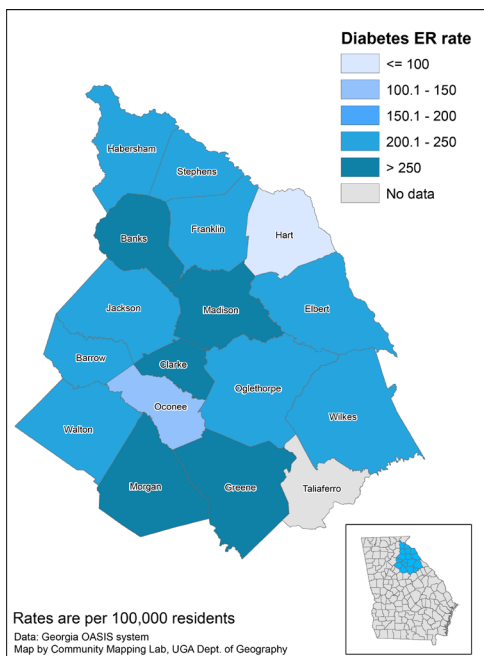
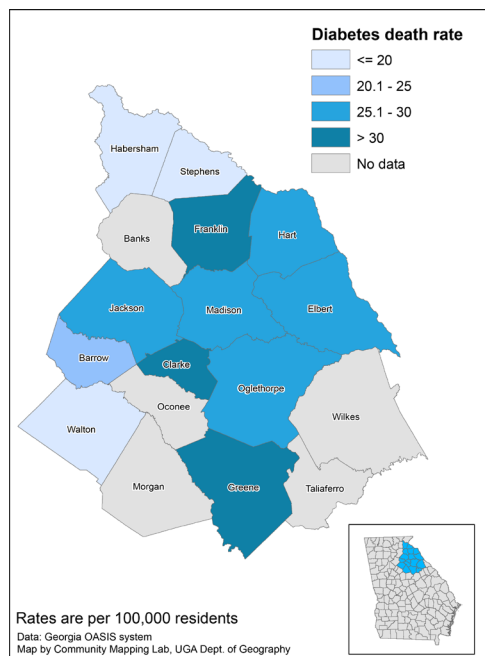
SUMMARY

In keeping with national trends, both obesity and diabetes have been on the rise in the region. Both prevalence and hospitalization reflect steady increases in the 17 county area. There are massive racial disparities in both diabetes related hospitalization and ER visitation. Additionally, there is inadequate access to healthy foods and decreasing access to recreational and fitness facilities across the region.

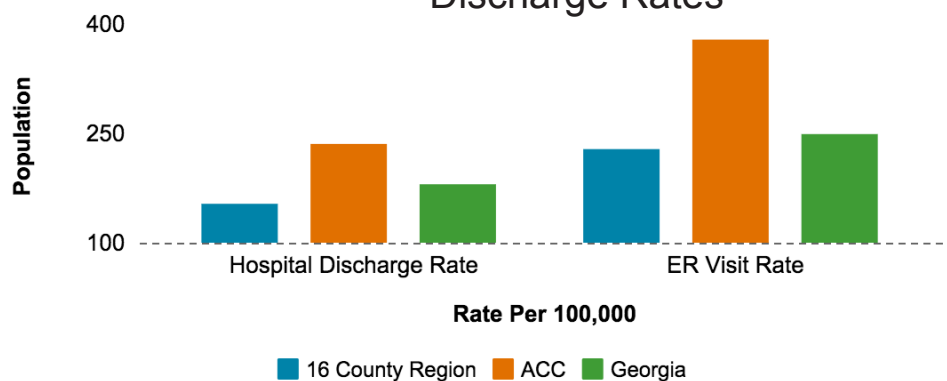
Diabetes Prevalence and Death Rate



Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012
 OASIS Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013
 CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012

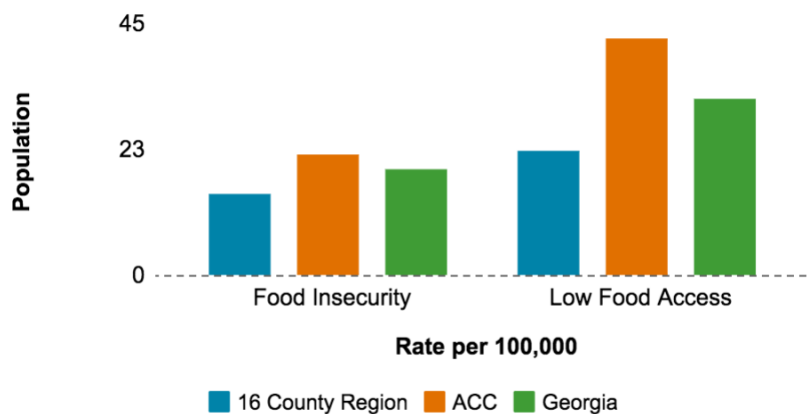


Diabetes-Related Hospital Visits and Discharge Rates



OASIS Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013
OASIS Emergency Room Visits Web Query, 2013

Food Insecurity and Low Food Access



Feeding America, 2012
US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA -
Food Access Research Atlas, 2010

HIV/AIDS, STI's

Conditions Study

HIV/AIDS & STD's Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
HIV prevalence, 2010, US Dept. of Health and Human Services, 2012, CDC National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention	16-counties	107.27	X	✓	X	-	X
	Athens-Clarke	288.7	X	✓	X		X
Chlamydia Incidence, OASIS	16-counties	286.2	X	X	X	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	752.9	X	✓	X		--
Gonorrhea Incidence, OASIS	16-counties	60.2	X	✓	X	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	164.9	X	✓	X		--
HIV Screenings, Percent of adults never screened for HIV/AIDS, 2011-2012, CDC BRFSS	16-counties	64.67%	X	-	-	-	X
	Athens-Clarke	68.32%	X	-	-		X
HIV/AIDS Hospital Discharge Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS	16-counties	7.9	✓	✓	X	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	24.7	X	✓	X		--
Heavy Drinking	16-counties	10.88%	✓	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	10.2%	✓	--	--		--
Binge Drinking, 2005-2011, National Indicators Warehouse	16-counties	9.59%	X	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	11.2%	X	✓	--		--
Tobacco Use, 2011-2012, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System.	16-counties	51.05%	X	--	--	14/17	--
	Athens-Clarke	43.38%	X	--	✓		--
Tobacco Quit Attempts, 2011-2012, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System.	16-counties	58.62%	X	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	50.77%	X	--	✓		--
Population in Poverty, 2009-2013, ACS	16-counties	16.83%	X	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	36.71%	X	--	✓		--
Community Prioritization, STD's						4/17	
TOTAL: 84/120= .70							

CORE INDICATORS

- In the counties for which there is race-based data, African Americans are between six and 31 times more likely to have been diagnosed with HIV than their white counterparts.
- In the region, the percentage of the population which has not been screened for HIV is nearly three times the Healthy People 2020 target of 26.4%.
- Individuals in Clarke County are twice as likely to have been diagnosed with chlamydia than individuals in either the state or the 16 county region.
- Between 2003-2011, rates of chlamydia diagnosis increased by 44% across the 16 county region: chlamydia diagnosis doubled in Habersham, tripled in Oconee and increased by 28% in Clarke County.
- Georgia has 50% more gonorrhea infections than the nation; Stephens and Wilkes County's both have gonorrhea infection rates slightly higher than the state.

SNAPSHOT

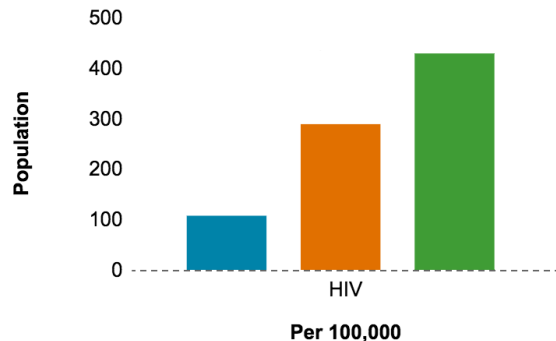
HIV is a viral infection that affects the cells of the immune system due to contraction of the virus. When the infection reaches severity and depletes the immune system's ability to fight infections and disease, the HIV infection leads to AIDS. STI's are sexually transmitted infections including chlamydia and gonorrhea. Preventative measures for HIV/AIDS and STI's include limiting sexual partners, using condoms, not sharing needles, and routine screenings for the virus and infections.

Data Source: CDC, HIV, Prevention

RISK FACTORS FOR HIV/AIDS & STI's		
Conditions	Behavior	Family History
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• HIV Prevalence• Chlamydia Incidence• Gonorrhea Incidence	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unprotected Sexual Activity• Substance Abuse• Binge Drinking• Injection Drug Use• Pre-Existing STI	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• N/A

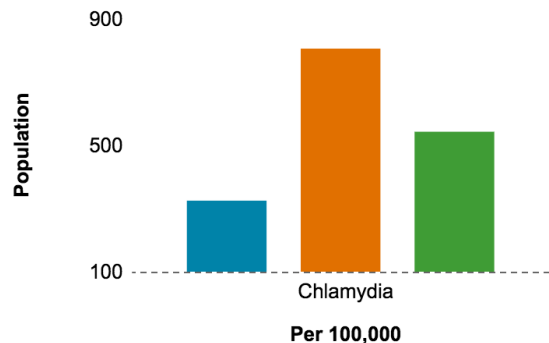
Data Source: Center for Disease Control, HIV Risk and Prevention.

Prevalence of HIV



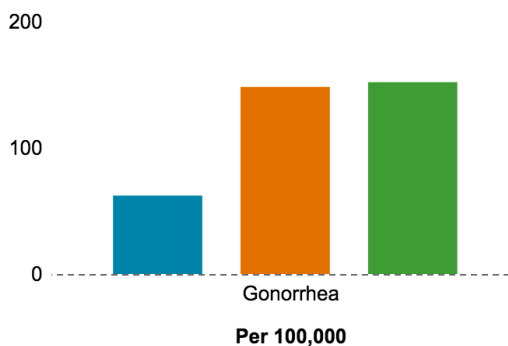
US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse; CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010

Incidence of Chlamydia



Chlamydia Incidence, US Dept. of Health & Human Services, CDC National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2012

Incidence of Gonorrhea



Gonorrhea Incidence, US Dept. of Health & Human Services, CDC National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2012

SUMMARY

Despite the fact that fewer people are being screened for HIV in the region than in the state, both HIV and chlamydia prevalence are increasing in the hospital service area over time. This is particularly salient given that the CDC estimates that almost one in eight individuals infected with HIV are unaware of their infection. Additionally, the prevalence of HIV, chlamydia, and gonorrhea contribute to significant racial disparities.



There's a variety of obstacles between them. Cost is a huge obstacle. The medicine for treating HIV/AIDS is expensive. Knowledge on how to do that and where to get it treated and the desire for confidentiality and anonymity becomes a big obstacle because people are afraid.

INJURY PREVENTION + SAFETY

Conditions Study

Injury Prevention & Safety, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
<i>Motor Vehicle Collisions, Age-Adjusted Death Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	13.3	x	✓	✓	--	x
	Athens-Clarke	6.1	✓	✓	✓		✓
<i>Motor Vehicle Collisions, Age-Adjusted Discharge Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	70.7	x	x	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	47.5	✓	✓	✓		--
<i>Motor Vehicle Collisions, Age-Adjusted ER Visits, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	993.7	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	1185.1	x	✓	x		--
<i>Drowning, Age-Adjusted Death Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	1.4	x	✓	x	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	--	--	--	--		--
<i>Drowning, Age-Adjusted ER Visit Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	1.7	✓	✓	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	--	--	--	--		--
<i>Poisoning, Age-Adjusted Death Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	13.5	x	x	✓	--	x
	Athens-Clarke	6.3	✓	✓	--		✓
<i>Poisoning, Age-Adjusted Discharge Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	39.8	x	x	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	41.6	x	--	✓		--
<i>Poisoning, Age-Adjusted ER Visit Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	93.5	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	107.5	x	x	✓		--
<i>Unintentional Injuries, Age-Adjusted Death Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	4.1	x	✓	x	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	--	--	--	--		--
<i>Unintentional Injuries, Age-Adjusted Discharge Rate, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	61.1	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	42	✓	✓	✓		--



Injury Prevention & Safety, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
Unintentional Injury, Age-Adjusted ER Visit Rate, 2013, OASIS	16-counties	4356.1	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	3431.7	✓	✓	x		--
Poisoning ER Visits, 1-4 years old, 2013, OASIS	16-counties	473.9	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	500.5	x	✓	x		--
Poisoning ER Visits, 18-29 years old, 2013, OASIS	16-counties	75.8	✓	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	47.8	✓	✓	✓		--
Community Priority-Violence	--	--	--	--	--	3/17	--
	--	--	--	--	--		--
TOTAL: 43/119= .36134							

CORE INDICATORS

- In the region, males were nearly 2.5 times more likely to die from a motor vehicle accident than females.
- From 2003-2013, there was a 126.5% increase in the number of hospital discharges due to motor vehicle crashes. This measure increased in all 16 of the surrounding counties over the time period. Clarke County was the only exception, with a documented 35% decrease in motor vehicle discharges over the same time period.
- In Clarke County, African Americans were over 6 times more likely to visit the ER for a motor vehicle accident compared to whites.
- In 2013, there were 30% more deaths in the region due to poisoning than in the state.
- Regional discharge rates due to poisoning nearly doubled from 2003-2013, an increase which occurred at a rate nearly two times that of the state.
- Between 2003-2013, Clarke County experienced a dramatic increase in ER Visits for poisoning (41.45% increase); the Clarke County 2013 ER poisoning rate was 25% higher than the state rate.
- African Americans were twice as likely to present to the ER with poisoning as their white counterparts.
- In the region, males were over 4 times more likely to die from unintentional injuries when compared to females.
- African Americans in Clarke County were 3 times more likely to visit the ER for an injury compared to their white counterparts in 2013.

SNAPSHOT

Unintended injuries can affect all individuals regardless of race, age, or economic status. Safety precautions can reduce risk of injury including wearing seat belts, avoiding drinking and driving, and reckless behaviors. Prevention is the best practice.

Data Source: CDC, Injury Center

RISK FACTORS FOR UNINTENDED INJURY

Conditions

- Drowning Deaths
- Injury ER Deaths
- Motor Vehicle Crashes

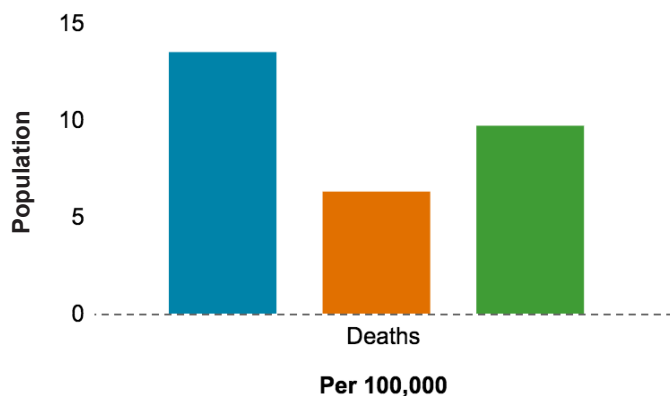
Behavior

- Drinking and Driving
- Falls

Family History

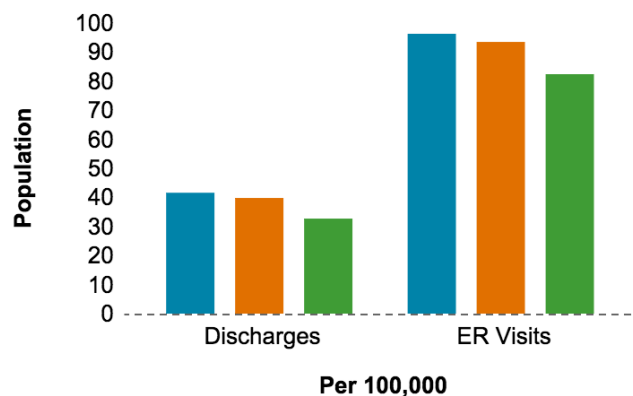
- N/A

Poisoning Deaths



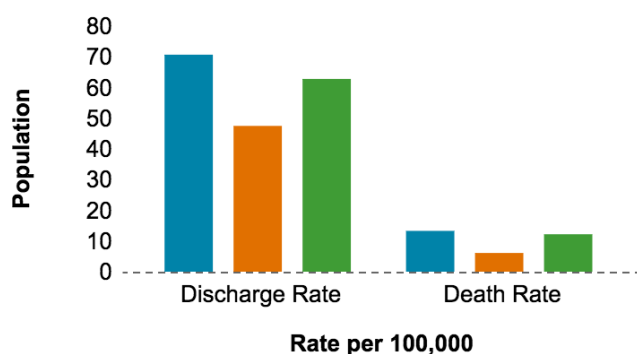
■ 16 County Region ■ ACC ■ Georgia
OASIS Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013

Poisoning Discharges and ER Visits



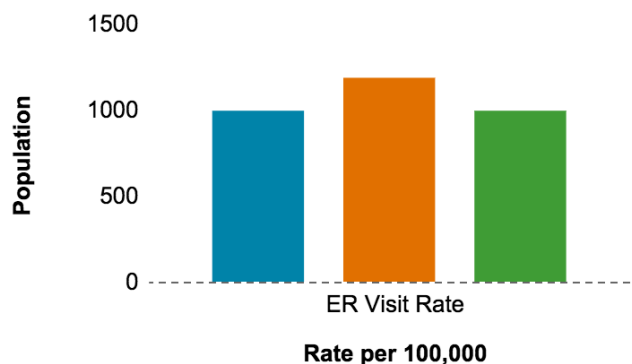
■ 16 County Region ■ ACC ■ Georgia
OASIS Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013
OASIS Emergency Room Visits Web Query, 2013

Motor Vehicle Crashes by Hospital Discharge Rate and Death Rate



■ 16 County Region ■ ACC ■ Georgia
OASIS Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013

Motor Vehicle Crashes by Emergency Room



■ 16 County Region ■ ACC ■ Georgia
OASIS Emergency Room Visits Web Query, 2013

SUMMARY

Poisonings, including alcohol and unintentional drug overdoses, account for a significant portion of preventable deaths in the region. Similar to the state and nation, motor vehicle crashes account for more deaths in young males than other groups. In the region, African Americans are between 3 and 6 times more likely to visit the ER for poisoning or unintentional injuries. Greater injury prevention education is needed across the region and particularly in minority communities.

MATERNAL + INFANT HEALTH

Conditions Study

Maternal and Infant Health Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
Teen Births, 2006-2012, US Dept. of Health and Human Services Health Indicators, CDC National Vital Statistics Program	16-counties	45.44	x	✓	--	9/17	-
	Athens-Clarke	23.8	✓	✓	x		-
Low Birth Weight, 2003-2013, OASIS	16-counties	7.90%	x	✓	✓	--	x
	Athens-Clarke	9.50%	x	✓	✓		x
Very Low Birth Weight, 2003-2013, OASIS	16-counties	1.70%	✓	✓	✓	--	x
	Athens-Clarke	1.90%	x	✓	✓		x
Premature Births, 2003-2013 OASIS	16-counties	11.70%	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	12.90%	x	✓	✓		--
Infant Mortality Rate, 2003-2013, OASIS	16-counties	8.3	x	✓	✓	--	x
	Athens-Clarke	7.4	x	✓	--		x
Population in Poverty, 2009-2013, ACS	16-counties	16.83%	x	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	36.71%	x	--	✓		--
Births with Tobacco, 2013, OASIS	16-counties	17.7	x	x	x	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	12.7	x	x	✓		--
Children in Poverty, 2009-2013, ACS	16-counties	22.48 %	x	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	37.93%	x	--	x		--
Community Prioritization – Prenatal Care		--	--	--	--	2/17	--
Total: 62/115 = .5391							

SUMMARY

Overall, teen birth rates are on the decline in the region, largely resulting from the efforts of Family Connection initiatives. However, significant racial disparities persist, with Hispanic females being the most at-risk group for teen pregnancy. Birth outcomes also reflect patterns of racial disparity across the region, with African American babies being more likely to be born at low birth weight despite the fact that the region met Healthy People 2020 standards on this measure.

CORE INDICATORS

- There are drastic racial disparities in teen birth rates in the region, with Latino/Hispanic females being as much as 14 times more likely than white females to get pregnant.
- In Clarke County and Morgan County, the only two counties with significant black/white racial disparities, African American teens were, respectively, 10 times and three times more likely than whites to get pregnant.
- Only six of the 17 counties had teen birth rates lower than the state. The county with the highest rate, Taliaferro, had teen births occurring 60% more frequently than the state and 5 times as frequently as the best performing county (Oconee County).
- Both in terms of low and very low birth weight, the region performed better than the state and is on target with Healthy People 2020 objectives.
- Infant mortality rates in the region are worse than the state and the nation, with Stephens County having twice the infant mortality of the state.
- African American babies are twice as likely to be born at low birth weight across the 17 county catchment area; in Franklin, Elbert, Madison and Morgan counties, upwards of 20% of African American babies are born at low birth weight.
- Both the 16 county region and Clarke County do not meet Healthy People 2020 objectives for infant mortality.

SNAPSHOT

Maternal and infant health is attained through healthy nutrition and lifestyle before conception. Chronic conditions such as diabetes, high blood pressure, high cholesterol, and obesity can influence the health of a pregnant woman and the health of her baby. Tobacco use is also a significant hindrance to maternal and infant health.

Data Source: CDC, Reproductive Health, Maternal and Infant Health

RISK FACTORS FOR LOW BIRTH WEIGHT

Conditions

- High Blood Pressure
- Diabetes
- Heart, Lung, Kidney Problems
- Infections
- Problems with the Placenta
- Having a Low-Birth Weight Baby in a Previous Pregnancy

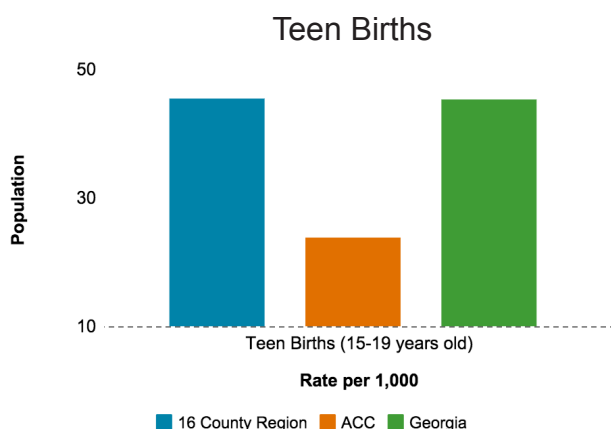
Behavior

- Not Gaining Enough Weight During Pregnancy
- Smoking
- Drinking Alcohol
- Use of Illegal Drugs

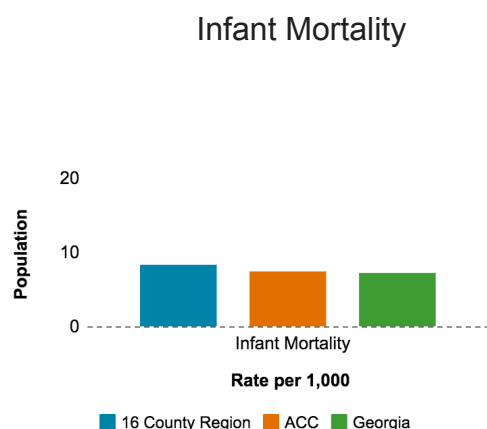
Family History

- Age (higher risk for younger than 17 and older than 35)
- Race or Ethnicity

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Reproductive Health; March of Dimes, Low Birth Weight risk factors



US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse; CDC, National Vital Statistics Program, 2006-2012



OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query, 2003-2013

MENTAL HEALTH & SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Conditions Study

Mental Health and Substance Abuse Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
<i>Depression Medicare Population, 2012, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services</i>	16-counties	16.03%	X	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	17.89%	X	--	--		--
<i>Liquor Store Access, 2013, US Census Bureau County Business Patterns</i>	16-counties	6.32	✓	✓	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	11.14	X	✓	--		--
<i>Heavy Alcohol Consumption, 2012, CDC National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion</i>	16-counties	10.88%	✓	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	10.20%	✓	--	--		--
<i>Suicide, Death Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	13	X	✓	X	1/17	X
	Athens-Clarke	16	X	X	--		X
<i>Suicide, Hospital Discharge Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	39.5	X	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	23	✓	✓	✓		--
<i>Suicide, ER Visit Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	69.4	X	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	91.8	X	X	✓		--
<i>Social Isolation, 2006-12, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse.</i>	16-counties	17.84%	X	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	16.5%	✓	--	--		--
<i>Longer Commute to Work, 2009-2013, ACS</i>	16-counties	37.31%	✓	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	17%	X	--	--		--
<i>Binge Drinking, National, , 2005-2011, Indicators Warehouse</i>	16-counties	9.59%	X	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	11.2%	X	✓	--		--
<i>Population in Poverty, 2009-2013, ACS</i>	16-counties	16.83%	X	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	36.71%	X	--	✓		--
<i>Tobacco Use, Former or current smokers, 2011/2012, CDC BRFSS</i>	16-counties	51.05%	X	--	--	14/17	--
	Athens-Clarke	43.38%	X	--	✓		--

Mental Health and Substance Abuse Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
<i>Tobacco Quit Attempts, 2011/2012, CDC BRFSS</i>	16-counties	58.62%	X	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	50.77%	X	--	✓		--
<i>Mental Health Providers, 2014, CMS, National Provider Identification</i>	16-counties	4559:1	X	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	366:1	✓	--	--		--
<i>Community Prioritization- Addiction</i>						5/17	
<i>Community Prioritization- Mental Health</i>						13/17	
TOTAL: 58/156 = .5449							

CORE INDICATORS

- In the region and in Athens-Clarke County, the Medicare population had higher rates of depression than both the state and the nation.
- The suicide death rate in Clarke County increased over 70% from 2003-2013, a rate 29% higher than the state.
- In the region, males were nearly 5 times more likely to commit suicide than females.
- The hospitalization rate due to suicide attempts in Jackson County rose 60% from 2003-2013. Walton County also saw a significant increase over the same time period (51.93% increase from 2003-2013).
- ER Visits due to suicidal behavior in Habersham County were nearly twice that of the state in 2013. Madison, Clarke, and Barrow Counties also had rates at least 25% worse than the state in 2013.
- Every county in the service area is designated as a mental health professional shortage area (U.S. Department of Health & Human Service, Health Resources and Services Administrations, 2013-2014).
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: White respondents were nearly three times more likely than African Americans to report anxiety and twice as likely to report experiencing depression. On the other hand, African American clients were 37% more likely to be diagnosed with schizophrenia.
- Clarke County Provider Data: According to Advantage Behavioral Health Systems (ABHS) data, whites were twice as likely as African Americans to be diagnosed with major depression and three times more likely to be diagnosed with bi-polar disorder.

SNAPSHOT

Mental health is “a state of well-being in which the individual realizes his or her own abilities, can cope with the normal stresses of life, can work productively and fruitfully, and is able to make a contribution to his or her community.” It is estimated that only about 17% of U.S adults are considered to be in a state of optimal mental health. There is emerging evidence that positive mental health is associated with the occurrence, successful treatment, and course of many chronic diseases including diabetes, cancer, cardiovascular disease, asthma, and obesity. Risk behaviors for these chronic diseases include physical inactivity, smoking, excessive drinking, and insufficient sleep. Mental health conditions can be monitored through self-care, but also through services from mental health specialists and providers. Substance abuse can be closely tied to mental health issues due to mismanagement of the condition. Preventative practices include seeking assistance and services from health professionals when necessary.

Data Source: CDC, Mental Health

RISK FACTORS FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Conditions

- Depression
- Driving Alone
- Suicide Hospital Discharge
- Suicide ER Visits

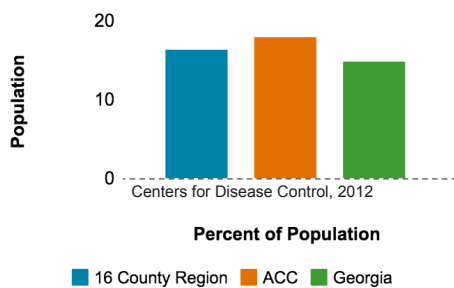
Behavior

- Prescription Drug Use
- Heavy Drinking, Binge Drinking Behaviors

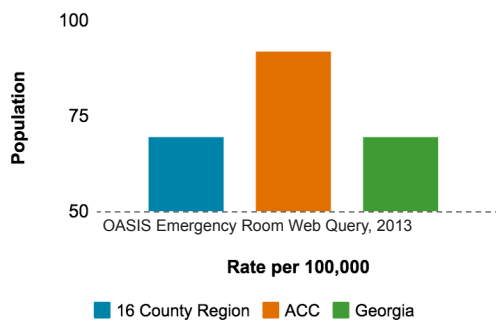
Family History

- Familial History of Drug and Alcohol Abuse

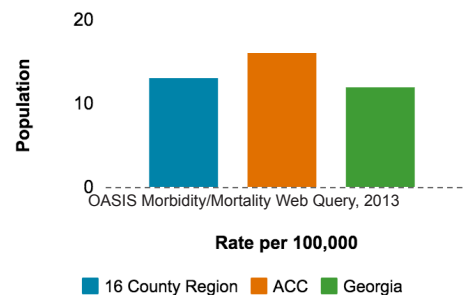
Depression Among Medicare Population



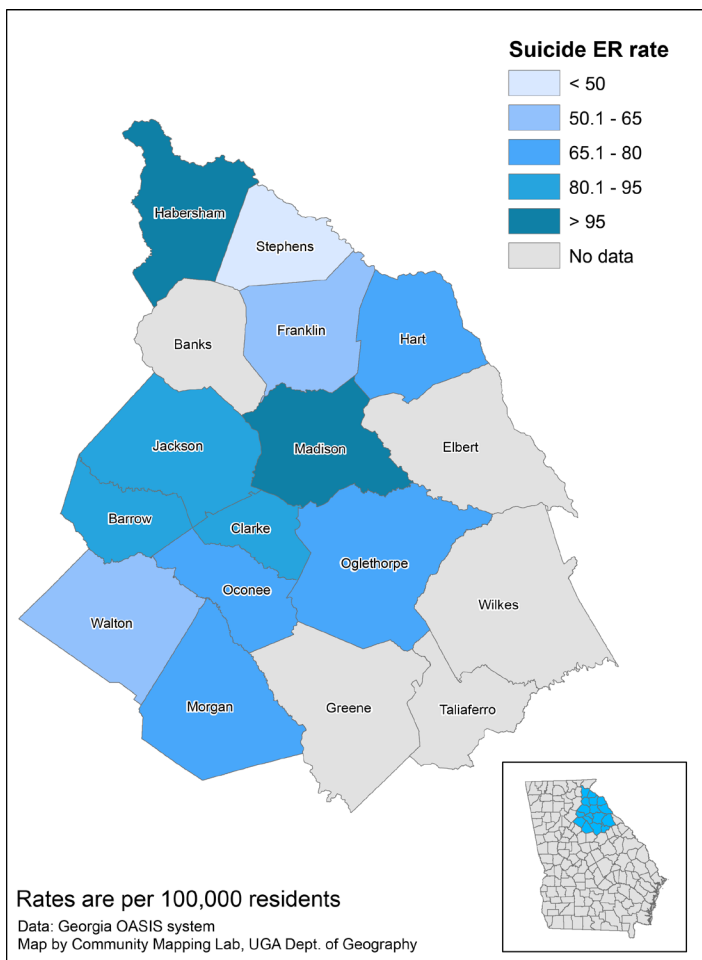
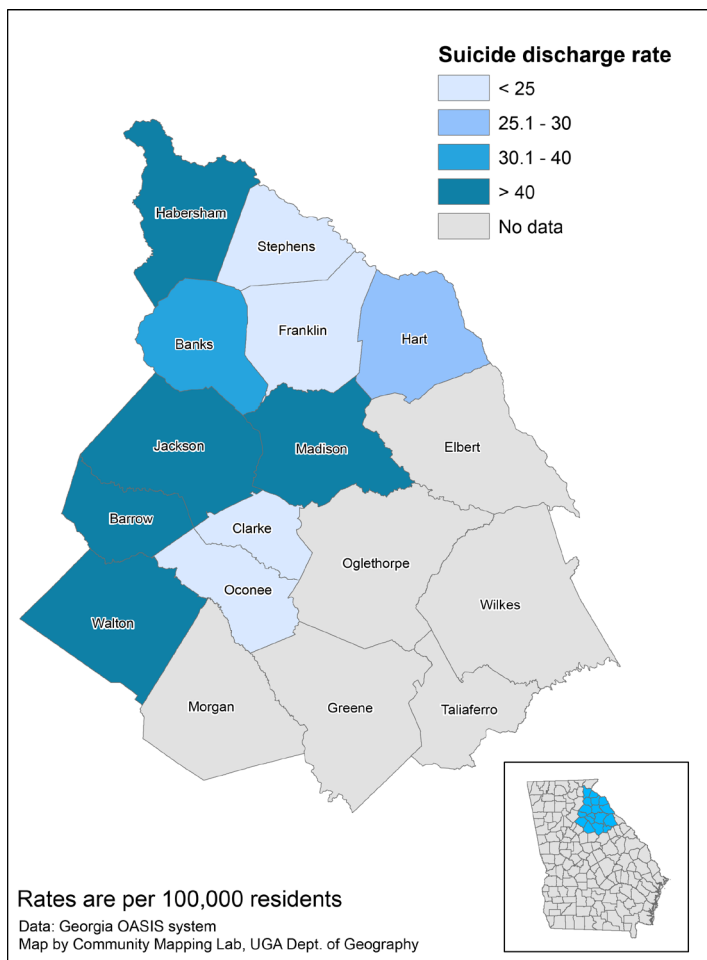
Suicide Emergency Room Visit Rate



Suicide Death Rate



What we're seeing is so much mental health leading to poor physical health and poor physical health leading to poor mental health, so we've got to find a way to manage that.



VOICES OF THE COMMUNITY Advantage Behavioral Health Client Focus Group

Priority Health Needs	Barriers to Accessing Care	Recommendations for Improving Community Health
There is too little dental care available for the low income	It is way too hard to get Medicaid or Medicare, even when you qualify... to much red tape	We need to do a better job of ensuring that people receive the benefits for which they are eligible
Access to birth control is a challenge resulting in many unintended pregnancies	DFCS is difficult to navigate and the wait times are too long	We should ensure equal access to health care for everyone, irrespective of what type of insurance they have
There is too much HIV transmission taking place because too many people don't know they're infected	Transportation is a major barrier and too few places offer bus passes	Make dental services more readily available to the low income
There is no support for vision care for the low income	There appear to be waiting lists for all the major services people are needing	
	Taking time to access health care is a challenge for folks who are trying to hold down employment	
	Cost is a significant barrier, both in terms of getting care and affording medications	
	People on Medicare/Medicaid are forced to switch providers frequently	

SUMMARY

The region suffers from a severe lack of mental health providers, as all 17 counties are federally designated mental health professional shortage areas. Very limited data exist on specific mental health diagnoses and substance abuse in the state and in the region. However, suicide deaths have been increasing since 2003, suggesting that mental health problems are going unaddressed in the service area. While alcohol consumption across the region is lower than in the state, community members note increasing concern for prescription drug use and alcohol abuse, especially in rural areas.

RESPIRATORY HEALTH

Conditions Study

Respiratory Health Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
<i>Asthma Prevalence, Percent Adults with Asthma, 2011-2012, CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System</i>	16-counties	15.61%	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	12.91%	✓	--	--		--
<i>Lung Cancer Incidence, 2007-2011, National Institutes of Health National Cancer Institute</i>	16-counties	72.97	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	60.8	✓	--	✓		--
<i>Lung Disease Mortality, 2007-2011, CDC National Vital Statistics System</i>	16-counties	54.06	x	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	38.11	✓	--	✓		--
<i>Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers, 2011-2012, CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System</i>	16-counties	51.05%	x	--	--	14/17	--
	Athens-Clarke	43.38%	x	--	✓		--
<i>Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt, 2011-2012, CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System</i>	16-counties	58.62%	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	50.77%	x	--	✓		--
<i>Asthma, Hospital Discharge Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	70.4	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	78.9	x	✓	x		--
<i>Asthma, ER Visit Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	453.3	x	✓	x	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	577.1	x	x	x		--
<i>Lung Cancer Death Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	52.9	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	37.9	✓	✓	✓		--
<i>Lung-Cancer, Hospital Discharge Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	35.7	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	29	✓	✓	✓		--
<i>Particulate Matter, County Health Rankings</i>	16-counties	13.7	x	--	--	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	25.9%	✓	✓	✓		--
<i>Obesity, 2012, CDC BRFSS</i>	16-counties	30.4%	x	✓	✓	17/17	--
	Athens-Clarke	25.9%	✓	✓	✓		--



They're [the poor] living in dilapidated housing and they often don't have central air...it's infested with roaches. And so that's why we have such bad asthma.

Respiratory Health Indicators, Year, Source	Region	Value	Geographic Comparison	Trend Data	Disparity	Community Prioritization	HP 2020
<i>Physical Inactivity, 2012, CDC National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Management</i>	16-counties	27.07%	x	✓	✓	--	✓
	Athens-Clarke	25.90%	x	✓	✓		✓
<i>Stroke, Death Rate, Age-Adjusted, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	49.7	x	✓	✓	--	x
	Athens-Clarke	41.4	x	✓	✓		x
<i>Other Chronic Respiratory Age-Adjusted Deaths, 2013, OASIS</i>	16-counties	45.8	x	✓	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	31.4	✓	✓	✓		--
<i>Population in Poverty, 2009-2013, ACS</i>	16-counties	16.83%	x	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	36.71%	x	--	✓		--
<i>Children in Poverty, 2009-2013, ACS</i>	16-counties	22.48%	x	--	✓	--	--
	Athens-Clarke	37.93%	x	--	½		--
<i>Community Prioritization - Respiratory Problems</i>	--	--	--	--	--	8/17	--
TOTAL: 105/192 = .5469							

CORE INDICATORS

- Across the region, asthma-related ER visitation by African Americans is consistently higher than their white counterparts. In Habersham, blacks are 14.8 times more likely than whites to visit the ER for asthma.
- Asthma ER visitation rates are increasing in eight of the 17 counties, with Taliaferro, Clarke, and Oglethorpe reflecting the greatest increases (97%, 61% and 53%, respectively).
- In Clarke County, African Americans are four times more likely to be discharged from the hospital with asthma.
- In a rare reversal of racial disparity, lung disease mortality is higher for whites in the region, nation and state.
- In all but four of the 17 counties, lung cancer deaths are on the decline; however, Elbert County saw a 145% increase in lung cancer deaths between 2003-2013. The only other counties in which lung cancer deaths increased were Barrow, Madison, and Wilkes (9.4%, 5.3% and 12.2%, respectively).
- Stephens County was third worst in the region for lung disease mortality; a full 65.2% of Stephens' population reported having ever smoked more than 100 cigarettes and only 33.1% of smokers reported having attempted to quit in the past 12 months (the state value for this indicator is 61% smokers attempting to quit).
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: 20% of African American respondents reported having asthma in their households, twice the reporting rate of both whites and Latinos.
- CHNA.2015 Population Survey: Poverty was strongly associated with the incidence of asthma, with individuals living at 100% of the federal poverty line being 16% more likely to report asthma in the household ($p < .01$).

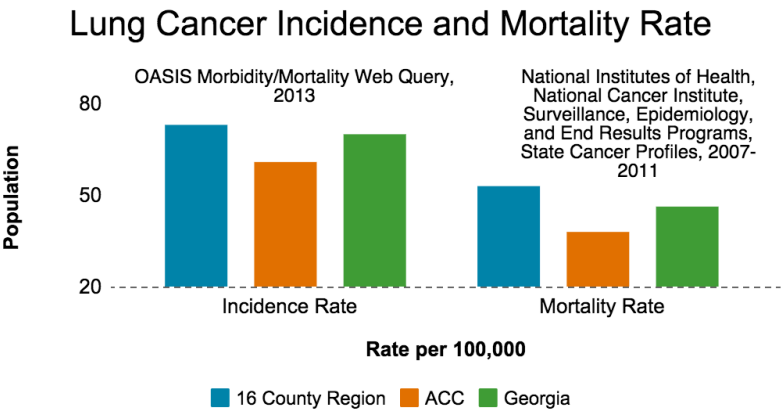
SNAPSHOT

Respiratory health includes conditions such as lung disease, COPD, and asthma that affect the airways of the lungs. COPD is a disease of the lung that adds difficulty to breathing. This condition is the number three cause of death in the country and is most directly caused by smoking. The best preventative measure is to choose to be a non-smoker. Those at risk are mainly racial and ethnic minorities and older populations. Asthma is a condition that adds difficulty to breathing and, during an attack, the airways swell when triggered. Air pollution and particulate matter is often considered to be the cause of asthma. Cigarette smoke is a significant trigger for those suffering from asthma. Best practices for improving respiratory health are to not smoke and to have a healthy diet and active lifestyle. Asthma can be monitored through medication and visits to a primary care provider.

Data Source: CDC, COPD Index; CDC, Tips from Former Smokers; CDC, Air Pollution and Respiratory Health

RISK FACTORS FOR LUNG CANCER/COPD/ASTHMA		
Conditions	Behavior	Family History
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Prader-Willi Syndrome• Cushing’s Syndrome	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Smoking• Exposure to Secondhand Smoke• Exposure to Radon or Other Harmful Substances• Exposure to Air Pollution• Physical Inactivity	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Genetics and Family History• Radiation Therapy to the Chest• Having Another Allergic Condition

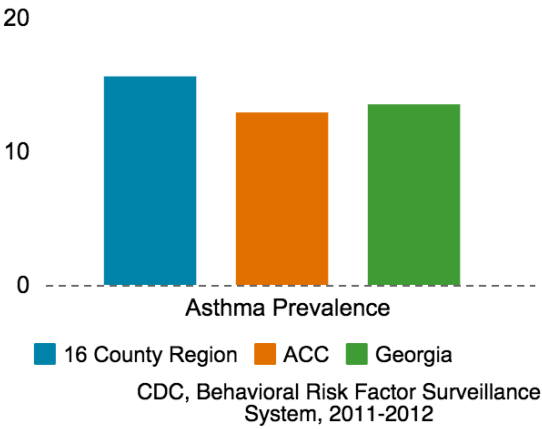
Data Source: Centers for Disease Control Prevention, COPD Foundation, Mayo Clinic



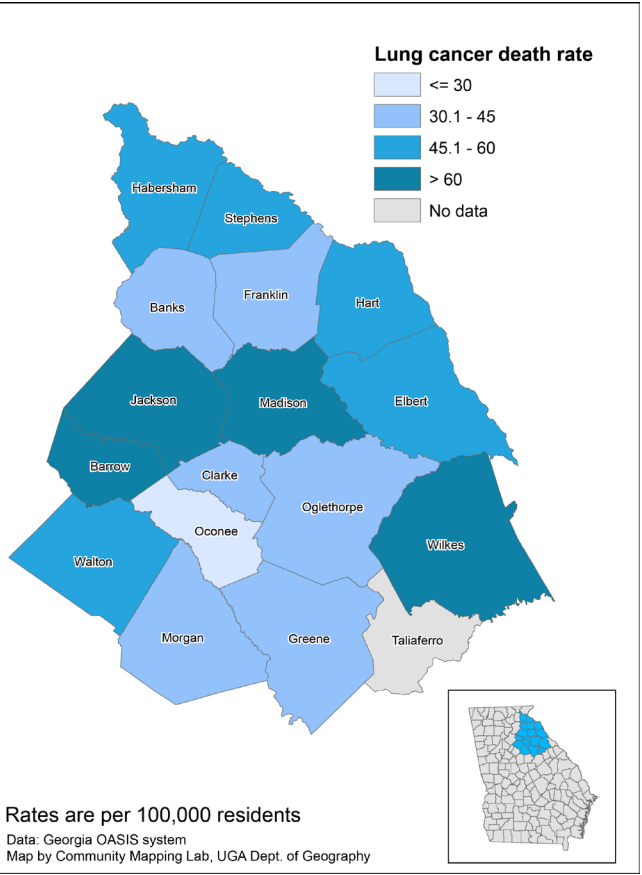
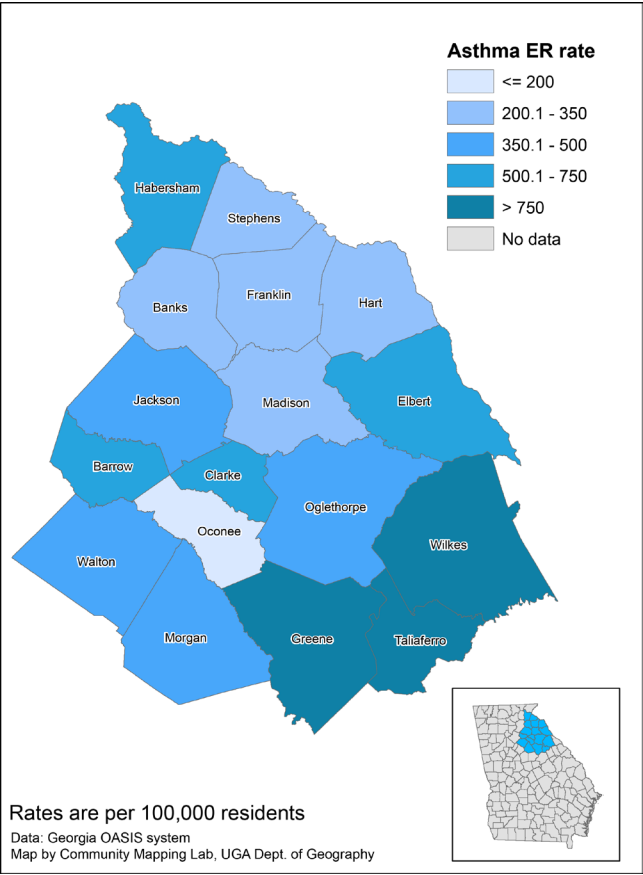
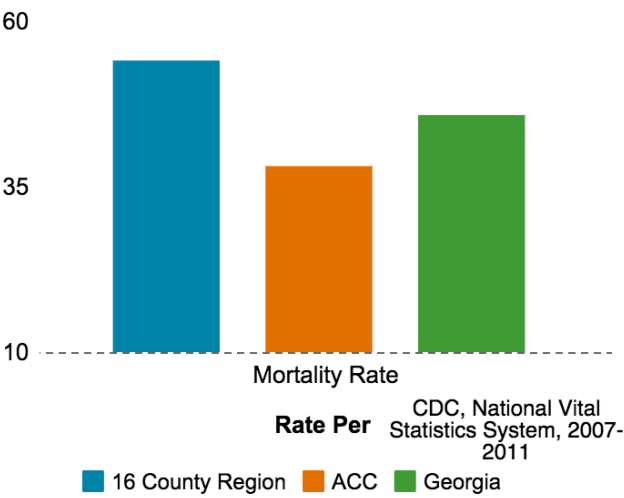
SUMMARY

Though asthma prevalence shows a dramatic disparity for African Americans, lung disease mortality reflects a reversal of this relationship, with whites being more likely to die from lung cancer than blacks. Smoking is serious problem in the region, with 12 of the 15 counties for which data were available reflecting a higher percentage of current or former smokers than the state. This behavior increases the likelihood of developing lung disease, cancer, stroke, and certain cardiovascular conditions. As such, consideration should be given to a heightened investment in smoking cessation programming. In the region, outdoor air quality is also a risk factor for poor respiratory health, as all 17 of the counties had particulate matter pollution measures greater than the state.

Asthma Prevalence



Lung Disease Mortality



APPENDIX A: CORE INDICATOR DATA

Detailed Explanation of Contents

Health Need	Health Condition/quality of life topic area
Indicator	Condition specific indicators/risk factors
Source/Year	Date and source of indicator-specific data
Value	Averaged indicator value for 16 county region
16 Counties	Indicator value for Athens-Clarke County
ACC value	Indicator value for the state of Georgia
State value	Indicator value for the state of Georgia
National value	Indicator value for the nation
Best county value	Highest/Lowest indicator value from among 16 county region
Three worst county values	Three worst indicator values from among 16 county region
Race disparity ratio	Ratio calculated by dividing the worst by the best race-specific indicator value
Gender disparity ratio	Ratio calculated by dividing the worst by the best gender-specific indicator value
Best vs. worst county	Geographic Disparity ratio calculated by dividing the worst by the best county value
% change over time	Trend calculation performed by dividing the most recent by the oldest indicator value
HP2020	Health People 2020 goal for the indicator in question
Units	Units corresponding to indicator-specific values

Note that comparison, trend, and race disparity analysis were all impacted by the availability of data and, therefore, may not be present for all indicators.

Red highlighting indicates notable values, trends, or disparities.

		Value		State	National	Best County	3 Worst Counties	Race Disparity	Gender Disparity	Best vs. worst county	% Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
Indicator	Source, Year	Crude Data	Age-Adjusted Data	Value	Value	Value	Values	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Trend		
Social Indicators of Health													
Population in Poverty (16 counties)	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-2013	16.83%	--	18.20%	15.37%	9.30% (Oconee)	29.97% (Taliaferro), 27.32% (Wilkes), 25.42% (Hart)	2.220	1.800	3.223	--	--	Percent of Population without insurance
Population in Poverty (ACC)	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-2013	36.71%	--	18.20%	15.37%	--	--	1.35	1.08	--	--	--	Percent of Population without insurance
Children in Poverty (16 counties)	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-2013	22.48%	--	25.31%	21.58%	10.77% (Oconee)	39.84% (Wilkes), 38.61% (Greene), 34.5% (Hart)	2.784	1.02	3.699	22.48%	--	Percent of Children without insurance
Children in Poverty (ACC)	U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2009-2013	37.93%	--	25.31%	21.58%	--	--	3.871	0.98	--	--	--	Percent of Children without insurance
Diabetes and Obesity													
Diabetes prevalence (16 counties)	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012	11.63%	10.34%	10.48%	9.11%	8.6% (Jackson)	13.2% (Wilkes), 12.4% (Taliaferro), 11.8% (Stephens)	--	1.1504	1.5349	24.53%, 2004-2011	--	% Adults Over 20 years old diagnosed
Diabetes prevalence (Athens-Clarke County)	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012	8.80%	10.80%	10.48%	9.11%	--	--	--	1.1111	--	37.50%, 2004-2011	--	% Adults Over 20 years old diagnosed
Overweight (16 counties)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	36.70%	--	35.09%	35.78%	25.12 (Oglethorpe)	49.5% (Greene), 48.74% (Hart), 42.23% (Habersham)	--	--	1.9725	--	--	% Adults overweight, self-report
Overweight (ACC)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	27.10%	--	35.09%	35.78%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults overweight, self-report
Obesity (16 counties)	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012	30.40%	--	28.72%	27.14%	26.4 (Banks, Franklin)	33.6% (Taliaferro), 32.3% (Wilkes), 32.3% (Elbert)	--	1.0495	1.3258	20.49%, (2004-2012)	--	% Adults obese, self-report
Obesity (ACC)	CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012	25.90%	--	28.72%	27.14%	--	--	--	--	--	4.86%, 2004-2012	--	% Adults obese, self-report
Physical inactivity (16 counties)	CDC, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 2012	27.07%	--	24.50%	22.64%	21.0%(Oconee)	33.5% (Franklin), 30.8% (Barrow), 29.1% (Taliaferro)	--	1.1554	1.5952	-3.56%, 2004-2012	32.60%	% Population with no leisure time physical activity
Physical inactivity (ACC)	CDC, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 2012	25.90%	--	24.50%	22.64%	--	--	--	1.1822	--	10.21%, 2004-2012	32.60%	% Population with no leisure time physical activity
Diabetes prevalence (16 counties, Medicare population)	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012	27.43%	--	27.70%	27.03%	20.93% (Greene)	34.08% (Taliaferro), 30.58% (Stephens), 30.37% (Madison)	--	--	1.6283	--	--	% Medicare population diagnosed
Diabetes prevalence (ACC Medicare population)	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012	25.94%	--	27.70%	27.03%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Medicare population diagnosed
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients (16 counties)	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012	86.03%	--	84.70%	84.57%	89.74% (Stephens)	75.76% (Taliaferro), 78.3% (Wilkes), 79.58% (Hart)	--	--	1.1500	.338%, 2008-2012	--	% Medicare population with diabetes with annual exam
Diabetes management-hemoglobin A1c test in Medicare patients (ACC)	Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2012	86.49%	--	84.70%	84.57%	--	--	--	--	--	-1.50%, 2008-2012	--	% Medicare population with diabetes with annual exam
Fast food restaurant access (16 counties)	US Census 2013, County Business Patterns	60.73	--	78.19	72.74	20.14 (Oglethorpe)	85.35 (Oconee), 78.35 (Morgan), 76.98 (Franklin)	--	--	4.2378	3.83%, 2008-2013	--	Rate per 100,000 population
Fast food restaurant access (ACC)	US Census 2013, County Business Patterns	95.96	--	78.19	72.74	--	--	--	--	--	5.66%, 2008-2013	--	Rate per 100,000 population
Recreational and fitness facility access (16 counties)	US Census 2013, County Business Patterns	5.5	--	7.88	9.72	15.24(Oconee)	0 (Banks, Greene, Hart, Madison, Taliaferro, Wilkes)	--	--	--	-20.63%, 2008-2013	--	Rate per 100,000 population
Recreational and fitness facility access (ACC)	US Census 2013, County Business Patterns	14.57	--	7.88	9.72	--	--	--	--	--	6.27%, 2008-2013	--	Rate per 100,000 population
Grocery store access (16 counties)	US Census 2013, County Business Patterns	14.88	--	18.33	21.2	31.26 (Greene)	0 (Banks, Taliaferro) 6.71 (Oglethorpe)	--	--	--	4.27%, 2008-2013	--	Rate per 100,000 population
Grocery store access (ACC)	US Census 2013, County Business Patterns	22.28	--	18.33	21.2	--	--	--	--	--	13.03%, 2008-2013	--	Rate per 100,000 population
SNAP-authorized food store access (16 counties)	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014	108.01	--	102.05	78.44	200.08 (Greene)	60.41 (Oglethorpe), 70.1 (Oconee), 93.1 (Walton)	--	--	3.3120	--	--	Rate per 100,000 population
SNAP-authorized food store access (ACC)	US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA - SNAP Retailer Locator, 2014	101.1	--	102.05	78.44	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	Rate per 100,000 population
WIC-authorized food store access (16 counties)	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011	17.8	--	17.9	15.6	58.72 (Taliaferro)	5.48 (Banks), 6.81 (Oglethorpe), 14.33 (Madison)	--	--	10.7153	--	--	Rate per 100,000 WIC population
WIC-authorized food store access (ACC)	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Environment Atlas, 2011	17.04	--	17.9	15.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	Rate per 100,000 WIC population
Population with low food access (16 counties)	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010	22.19%	--	31.49%	23.61%	0% (Hart)	68.96% (Taliaferro), 40.06% (Barrow), 34.67% (Walton)	--	--	--	--	--	% Population with low food access
Population with low food access (ACC)	US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas, 2010	43.28%	--	31.49%	23.61%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Population with low food access

		Value		State	National	Best County	3 Worst Counties	Race Disparity	Gender Disparity	Best vs. worst county	% Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
Indicator	Source, Year	Crude Data	Age-Adjusted Data	Value	Value	Value	Values	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Trend		
Food insecurity rate (ACC)	Feeding America, 2012	21.53%	--	18.90%	15.94%	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.00%	% Population with food insecurity
STD's, HIV/AIDS													
Indicator	Source	Value (Year)		State (Value), Age-Adjusted, if provided an option	National (Value), Age-Adjusted, if provided an option	Best County Value	3 Worst County Values	Race Disparity Ratio	Gender Disparity Ratio	Best vs. worst county ratio	Trend, % Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
HIV prevalence (16 counties)	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse; CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010	107.27	--	428.78	340.37	32.8 (Oconee)	271.7 (Banks), 183.1 (Elbert), 175.7 (Wilkes)	6.93	--	8.2835	5.58%, 2008-2010	--	Population with HIV / AIDS, Rate per 100,000 Population
HIV prevalence (ACC)	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse; CDC, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, 2010	288.7	--	428.78	340.37	--	--	6.16	--	--	2.56%, 2008-2010	--	Population with HIV / AIDS, Rate per 100,000 Population
HIV screenings (16 counties)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	64.67%	--	55.12%	62.79%	52.84% (Oconee)	73.8% (Madison), 73.6% (Franklin), 71.84% (Hart)	--	--	1.3967	--	26.4 (100- 73.6% target for people screened)	Percent of adults never screened for HIV/AIDS
HIV screenings (ACC)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	68.32%	--	55.12%	62.79%	--	--	--	--	--	--	26.4 (100- 73.6% target for people screened)	Percent of adults never screened for HIV/AIDS
Chlamydia (16 counties)	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013	286.2	--	466.2	--	193.3 (Jackson)	822 (Taliaferro), 459.5 (Wilkes), 447.3 (Greene)	7.61	4.6160	4.2525	42.74%	--	Chlamydia cases per 100,000 population
Chlamydia (ACC)	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013	752.9	--	466.2	--	--	--	10.009	3.2380	--	22.93%	--	Chlamydia cases per 100,000 population
Gonorrhea (16 counties)	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013	60.2	--	130.1	--	33.7 (Morgan)	352.3 (Taliaferro), 112.3 (Elbert), 101.2 (Stephens)	15.788	1.6820	10.4540	-30.08%	--	Gonorrhea cases per 100,000 population
Gonorrhea (ACC)	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2003-2013	164.9	--	130.1	--	--	--	25.23	1.4310	--	-48.60%	--	Gonorrhea cases per 100,000 population
Maternal and Infant Health													
Indicator	Source	Value (Year)		State (Value), Age-Adjusted, if provided an option	National (Value), Age-Adjusted, if provided an option	Best County Value	3 Worst County Values	Race Disparity Ratio	Gender Disparity Ratio	Best vs. worst county ratio	Trend, % Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
Teen Births (16 counties)	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse; CDC, National Vital Statistics Program, 2006-2012	45.44	--	45.3	36.6	13.9 (Oconee)	72.5 (Taliaferro), 66.6 (Franklin), 65 (Elbert)	--	--	5.216	-15.26%	--	Rate of total births to women ages 15-19 per 1,000 population
Teen Births (ACC)	US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse; CDC, National Vital Statistics Program, 2006-2012	23.8	--	45.3	36.6	--	--	14.8	--	--	-8.46%, 2002-2012	--	Rate of total births to women ages 15-19 per 1,000 population
Low Birth Weight (16 counties)	OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query, 2003-2013	--	7.90%	9.50%	--	3.2% (Oconee County)	26.3% (Taliaferro), 11.6% (Greene), 10.9% (Franklin)	2.188	1.239	8.219	-5.95%	7.8% of live births	Percent Low Birthweight Births
Low Birth Weight (ACC)	OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query, 2003-2013	--	9.50%	9.50%	--	--	--	2.526	1.043	--	0%	7.8% of live births	Percent Low Birthweight Births
Very Low Birth Weight (16 counties)	OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query, 2003-2013	--	1.70%	1.90%	--	0 (Oglethorpe, Taliaferro)	5.2% (Greene), 4.3% (Elbert), 2.7% (Franklin)	2.692	1.0625	--	6.25%	1.4% of live births	Percent Very Low Birthweight Births
Very Low Birth Weight (ACC)	OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query, 2003-2013	--	1.90%	1.90%	--	--	--	1.375	1.111	--	11.76%	1.4% of live births	Percent Very Low Birthweight Births
Premature Births (16 counties)**	OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query, 2003-2013	--	11.70%	12.80%	--	7.0% (Banks)	19.4% (Greene), 15.2% (Franklin), 13.4 (Elbert, Stephens)	1.654	1.117	2.771	-6.40%	--	Percent Births <37 weeks gestation in county or region
Premature Births (ACC)**	OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query, 2003-2013	--	12.90%	12.80%	--	--	--	1.314	1.132	--	-16.23%	--	Percent Births <37 weeks gestation in county or region
Infant Mortality Rate (16 counties)	OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query, 2003-2013	--	8.3	7.2	6*	0 (Banks, Oconee, Taliaferro)	16.4 (Stephens), 10.4 (Habersham), 9.6 (Jackson)	1.2	1.049	--	-6.74%	6.0 infant deaths per 1,000 live births	Number of infant deaths occurring per 1,000 live births
Infant Mortality Rate (ACC)	OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query, 2003-2013	--	7.4	7.2	6*	--	--	--	--	--	-40.32%	6.0 infant deaths per 1,000 live births	Number of infant deaths occurring per 1,000 live births
Births with Tobacco Use (16 counties)	OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query, 2003-2013	--	17.70%	7.50%	--	0% (Taliaferro)	30.9% (Madison), 28.4% (Elbert), 27.5% (Oglethorpe)	5.225	--	--	--	--	% Live Births where mother used Tobacco during pregnancy
Births with Tobacco Use (ACC)	OASIS, Maternal/Child Health Query, 2003-2013	--	12.70%	7.50%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Live Births where mother used Tobacco during pregnancy
**Any reports that contain prematurity figures created before 2.23.15 may have underreported data, due to a rounding error in the calculation of gestational age. This may lower the rate of prematurity by as much as 1.8 percentage points for 2009-2012.													
*World Bank: Mortality rate, infant (per 1,000 live births), 2013													
Cardiovascular Health													
Indicator	Source	Value		State (Value)	National (Value)	Best County Value	3 Worst County Values	Race Disparity Ratio	Gender Disparity Ratio	Best vs. worst county ratio	Trend, % Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
Heart Disease (16 counties)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	8.22%	--	4.41%	4.40%	0% (Elbert)	16.65% (Hart County), 12.50% (Franklin), 12.43% (Stephens)	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults with heart disease
Heart Disease (ACC)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	2.90%	--	4.41%	4.40%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults with heart disease
Heart Disease Medicare Population (16 counties)	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012	26.79%	--	26.52%	28.55%	24.49% (Greene)	31.57% (Morgan), 28.3% (Banks), 27.93% (Habersham)	--	--	1.2891	--	--	% Medicare population with heart disease
Heart Disease Medicare Population (ACC)	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012	22.71%	--	26.52%	28.55%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Medicare population with heart disease

		Value		State	National	Best County	3 Worst Counties	Race Disparity	Gender Disparity	Best vs. worst county	% Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
Indicator	Source, Year	Crude Data	Age-Adjusted Data	Value	Value	Value	Values	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Trend		
High Blood Pressure (16 counties)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012	33.19%	--	31.60%	28.16%	23.7% (Franklin)	49.3% (Greene), 48.9% (Stephens), 43.5% (Elbert)	--	--	2.0802	--	26.9% Adults	% Adults with high blood pressure
High Blood Pressure (ACC)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-2012	32.70%	--	31.60%	28.16%	--	--	--	--	--	--	26.9% Adults	% Adults with high blood pressure
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population (16 counties)	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012	59.54%	--	59.86%	55.49%	55.24% (Hart)	62.97% (Stephens), 62.92% (Oglethorpe), 62.89% (Habersham)	--	--	1.1399	--	--	% Medicare population with high blood pressure
High Blood Pressure Medicare Population (ACC)	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012	57.97%	--	59.86%	55.49%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Medicare population with high blood pressure
High Cholesterol (16 counties)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	41.96%	--	37.24%	38.52%	16.44% (Oglethorpe)	67.45% (Stephens), 59.12% (Elbert), 57.78% (Morgan)	--	--	4.1034	--	--	% Adults with high cholesterol
High Cholesterol (ACC)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	44.12%	--	37.24%	38.52%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults with high cholesterol
High Cholesterol Medicare Population (16 counties)	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012	46.27%	--	46.09%	44.75%	35.57% (Wilkes)	54.09% (Franklin), 51.86% (Habersham), 48.48% (Stephens)	--	--	1.5207	--	--	% Medicare population with high cholesterol
High Cholesterol Medicare Population (ACC)	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012	40.78%	--	46.09%	44.75%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Medicare population with high cholesterol
Mortality-Heart Disease (16 counties)	CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	209.73	205.23	196.53	184.55	163.93 (Oconee)	262.72 (Taliaferro), 258.71 (Wilkes), 253.24 (Stephens)	1.3112	0.6464	1.6026	-31.32%, 2002-2011	--	Rate of death per 100,000 population
Mortality-Heart Disease (ACC)	CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	119.17	168.53	196.53	184.55	--	--	1.2578	0.6415	--	-43.90%	--	Rate of death per 100,000 population
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease (16 counties)	CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	106.78	104.05	92.48	118.96	79.98 (Oglethorpe)	157.56 (Elbert), 127.3 (Banks), 120.71 (Franklin)	1.2222	0.5496	1.9700	--	103.4 deaths/100,000 population	Rate of death per 100,000 population
Mortality-Ischaemic Heart Disease (ACC)	CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	58.04	83.07	92.48	118.96	--	--	1.1149	0.5499	--	--	103.4 deaths/100,000 population	Rate of death per 100,000 population
Respiratory Health													
Indicator	Source	Crude Data	Age-Adjusted Data	State (Value)	National (Value)	Best County Value	3 Worst County Values	Race Disparity Ratio	Gender Disparity Ratio	Best vs. worst county ratio	Trend, % Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
Asthma Prevalence (16 counties)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	15.61%	--	13.52%	13.36%	3.16% (Elbert)	39.43% (Stephens), 24.5% (Hart), 22.24% (Morgan)	--	--	12.4778	--	--	% Adults with asthma
Asthma Prevalence (ACC)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	12.91%	--	13.52%	13.36%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults with asthma
Lung Cancer Incidence (16 counties)	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Programs, State Cancer Profiles, 2007-2011	--	72.97	69.9	64.9	41.2 (Oconee)	92.5 (Barrow), 87.3 (Madison), 86 (Elbert)	--	--	2.2451	--	--	Annual incidence rate per 100,000 population
Lung Cancer Incidence (ACC)	National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Programs, State Cancer Profiles, 2007-2011	49	60.8	69.9	64.9	--	--	1.3570	--	--	--	--	Annual incidence rate per 100,000 population
Lung Disease Mortality (16 counties)	CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	54.08	54.06	45.83	42.67	25.84 (Greene)	70.37 (Madison), 66.75 (Barrow), 61.2 (Stephens)	2.7233	0.6467	2.7233	--	--	Rate of death per 100,000 population
Lung Disease Mortality (ACC)	CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	26.18	38.11	45.83	42.67	--	--	0.6262	0.8472	--	--	--	Rate of death per 100,000 population
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers (16 counties)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	51.05%	--	42.53%	44.16%	24.68% (Franklin)	65.21% (Stephens), 62.1% (Banks), 62% (Madison)	--	--	2.6422	--	--	% Adults ever smoking 100 or more cigarettes
Tobacco Use-Former or Current Smokers (ACC)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	43.38%	--	42.53%	44.16%	--	--	0.6956	--	--	--	--	% Adults ever smoking 100 or more cigarettes
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt (16 counties)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	58.62%	--	61.06%	60.02%	87.97% (Hart)	33.10% (Stephens), 42.18% (Oglethorpe), 43.38% (Banks)	--	--	0.3763	--	--	% Smokers with quit attempt in last 12 months
Tobacco Usage-Quit Attempt (ACC)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2012	50.77%	--	61.06%	60.02%	--	--	1.2757	--	--	--	--	% Smokers with quit attempt in last 12 months
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths (16 counties)	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013	--	45.80	41.40	--	25.7% (Banks)	79.6% (Madison), 71.2% (Barrow), 58.5% (Hart)	2.2837	1.5634	3.0973	0%	--	Age-Adjusted Deaths per 100,000 population
Other Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Deaths (ACC)	OASIS, Morbidity/Mortality Web Query, 2013	--	31.40	41.10	--	--	--	1.5130	2.1682	--	15.44%	--	Age-Adjusted Deaths per 100,000 population
Mental Health & Substance Abuse													
Indicator	Source	Crude Data	Age-Adjusted Data	State (Value)	National (Value)	Best County Value	3 Worst County Values	Race Disparity Ratio	Gender Disparity Ratio	Geographic Disparity Ratio	Trend, % Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
Depression Medicare Population (16 counties)	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012	16.03%	--	14.79%	15.45%	10.43% (Greene)	19.8% (Franklin), 18.02% (Elbert), 17.96% (Barrow)	--	--	1.8984	--	--	% Medicare fee for service population with depression
Depression Medicare Population (ACC)	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2012	17.89%	--	14.79%	15.45%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Medicare fee for service population with depression
Liquor Store Access (16 counties)	U.S. Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013	6.32	--	9.16	10.48	0 (Banks, Hart, Madison, Oconee, Oglethorpe, Taliaferro)	25.01 (Greene), 22.39 (Morgan), 18.88 (Wilkes)	--	--	--	6.94%, 2008-2013	--	Rate of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population
Liquor Store Access (ACC)	U.S. Census Bureau, County Business Patterns, 2013	11.14	--	9.16	10.48	--	--	--	--	--	-40.90%, 2008-2013	--	Rate of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population

		Value		State	National	Best County	3 Worst Counties	Race Disparity	Gender Disparity	Best vs. worst county	% Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
Indicator	Source, Year	Crude Data	Age-Adjusted Data	Value	Value	Value	Values	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Trend		
Alcohol Consumption (16 counties)	CDC National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012	11.38%	10.88%	13.70%	16.94%	9.1% (Jackson)	13.7% (Barrow), 10.7% (Oconee), 9.7% (Madison)	--	--	1.5055	--	--	% Adults aged 18 and older self-reporting heavy alcohol consumption
Alcohol Consumption (ACC)	CDC National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2012	10.20%	10.20%	13.70%	16.94%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults aged 18 and older self-reporting heavy alcohol consumption
Binge Drinking (16 counties)	CDC BRFSS, 2005-2011	--	9.59%	12.30%	26.70%	2.80% (Franklin)	15.20% (Barrow), 13.1% (Oconee), 12.4% (Oglethorpe)	--	--	5.4286	--	--	% Adults aged 18 and older self-reporting 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) drinks on at least one occasion in the past month
Binge Drinking (ACC)	CDC BRFSS, 2005-2011	--	11.20%	12.30%	26.70%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults aged 18 and older self-reporting 5 or more (men) or 4 or more (women) drinks on at least one occasion in the past month
Social Isolation (16 counties)	CDC BRFSS, 2005-2011	--	17.84%	20.70%	--	9.6% (Stephens)	24.20% (Walton), 23.3% (Oglethorpe), 21.1% (Madison)	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults aged 18 and older reporting inadequate emotional support
Social Isolation (ACC)	CDC BRFSS, 2005-2011	--	16.50%	20.70%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults aged 18 and older reporting inadequate emotional support
Long commute to work (16 counties)	US Census Bureau, ACS, 2009-2013	--	37.31%	39.00%	--	23% (Oconee, Elbert)	55% (Barrow), 50% (Walton), 48% (Jackson)	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults commuting alone for more than 30 minutes
Long commute to work (ACC)	US Census Bureau, ACS, 2009-2013	--	17.00%	39.00%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults commuting alone for more than 30 minutes
Cancers													
Indicator	Source	Crude Data	Age-Adjusted Data	State (Value)	National (Value)	Best County Value	3 Worst County Values	Race Disparity Ratio	Gender Disparity Ratio	Geographic Disparity Ratio	Trend, % Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
Breast Cancer Incidence (16 counties)	CDC, Nation Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	--	120.4	123.8	122.7	96.7 (Banks)	147.6 (Morgan), 137.2 (Greene), 132.7 (Madison)	1.035	--	1.5264	--	--	Annual Incidence Rate, Per 100,000 Population
Breast Cancer Incidence (ACC)	CDC, Nation Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	--	146.7	123.8	122.7	--	--	1.009	--	--	--	--	Annual Incidence Rate, Per 100,000 Population
Prostate Cancer Incidence (16 counties)	CDC, Nation Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	--	144.81	161	142.3	115.8 (Stephens)	194.8 (Oconee), 162.6 (Walton), 154.8 (Banks)	1.891	--	1.6822	--	--	Annual Incidence Rate, Per 100,000 Population
Prostate Cancer Incidence (ACC)	CDC, Nation Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	--	188.6	161	142.3	--	--	1.448	--	--	--	--	Annual Incidence Rate, Per 100,000 Population
Colon and Rectal Cancer Incidence (16 counties)	CDC, Nation Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	--	48.21	43.3	43.3	32.9 (Oconee County)	70 (Wilkes County), 64.5 (Franklin), 64.5 (Banks)	1.622	--	2.1277	--	--	Annual Incidence Rate, Per 100,000 Population
Colon and Rectal Cancer Incidence (ACC)	CDC, Nation Vital Statistics System, 2007-2011	--	45.1	43.3	43.3	--	--	1.396	--	--	--	--	Annual Incidence Rate, Per 100,000 Population
Access to Care													
Indicator	Source	Crude Data	Age-Adjusted Data	State (Value)	National (Value)	Best County Value	3 Worst County Values	Race Disparity Ratio	Gender Disparity Ratio	Geographic Disparity Ratio	Trend, % Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
Primary Care Physicians (16 counties)	Area Health Resource File/American Medical Association, 2012	3149.13	--	1572	--	885.1 (Oconee)	9158:1 (Banks), 7309:1 (Oglethorpe), 5584:1 (Madison)	---	---	10.348:1	--	--	Ratio of population to primary care physicians
Primary Care Physicians (ACC)	Area Health Resource File/American Medical Association, 2012	1522	--	1572	--	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	Ratio of population to primary care physicians
Dentists (16 counties)	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file, 2013	6622.2	--	2099	--	1632:1 (Greene)	18415:1 (Banks), 14548:1 (Oglethorpe), 5005:1 (Wilkes)	---	---	11.284:1	--	--	Ratio of population to dentists
Dentists (ACC)	Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file, 2013	1837	--	2099	--	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	Ratio of population to dentists
Mental Health Providers (16 counties)	Center for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identification, 2014	4559.08	--	914	--	567:1 (Oconee)	14,029:1 (Madison), 10,010:1 (Wilkes), 6362:1 (Hart)	---	---	24.743:1	--	--	Ratio of population to mental health providers
Mental Health Providers (ACC)	Center for Medicaid and Medicare Services, National Provider Identification, 2014	366	--	914	--	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	Ratio of population to mental health providers
Uninsured Population (16 counties)	U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey, 2009-2013	17.55%	--	18.96 %	14.87%	11.01% (Oconee)	20.21% (Habersham), 19.69% (Barrow), 19.25% (Hart)	2.815	1.17	1.8356	--	--	Ratio of population with-out health insurance
Uninsured Population (ACC)	U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey, 2009-2013	21%	--	18.96%	14.87%	--	--	---	---	---	--	--	Ratio of population with-out health insurance
Premature Death (16 counties)	CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2010-2012	8562.5	--	7,314	--	5223 (Oconee)	12025 (Taliaferro), 10569 (Elbert), 10365 (Wilkes)	---	---	2.302	--	--	Years of Potential Life Lost before age 75
Premature Death (ACC)	CDC, National Vital Statistics System, 2010-2012	6,575	--	7,314	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	Years of Potential Life Lost before age 75
Lack of a consistent source of primary care (16 counties)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey, 2011-2012	23.61%	--	26.09%	22.07%	3.72% (Franklin)	39.68% (Madison), 33.24% (Habersham), 28.85% (Oglethorpe)	--	--	10.6667	--	--	Percent Adults 18+ without 1 person they think of as their personal healthcare provider or doctor, Self-Report
Lack of a consistent source of primary care (ACC)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey, 2011-2012	40.81%	--	26.09%	22.07%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	Percent Adults 18+ without 1 person they think of as their personal healthcare provider or doctor, Self-Report

		Value		State	National	Best County	3 Worst Counties	Race Disparity	Gender Disparity	Best vs. worst county	% Change over time	Healthy People 2020 Target	Units
Indicator	Source, Year	Crude Data	Age-Adjusted Data	Value	Value	Value	Values	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Trend		
Delayed healthcare due to cost (16 counties)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey, 2005-2011	--	15.44%	15.80%	--	10.8% (Oconee)	41.76% (Elbert), 22.5% (Jackson), 17.1% (Franklin)	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults Aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months
Delayed healthcare due to cost (ACC)	CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey, 2005-2011	--	15.10%	15.80%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	% Adults Aged 18 years and over who needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost in the past 12 months
Uninsured Children (16 counties)	US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates. 2012	9.37%	--	9.34%	7.54%	7.6% (Stephens)	11.3% (Greene), 11.1% (Oglethorpe), 10.7% (Banks)	--	--	--	1.487	0%	Percent children under 18 years without insurance
Uninsured Children (ACC)	US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates. 2012	9%	--	9.34%	7.54%	--	--	--	--	--	--	0%	Percent children under 18 years without insurance
Uninsured Adults (16 counties)	US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates. 2012	25.42%	--	25.54%	20.76%	17.20% (Oconee)	29.4% (Taliaferro), 29.2% (Habersham), 28.9% (Elbert)	--	--	1.7093	--	0%	Percent of Adults 18-64 years old without insurance
Uninsured Adults (ACC)	US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates. 2012	24.70%	--	25.54%	20.76%	--	--	--	--	--	--	0%	Percent of Adults 18-64 years old without insurance
Uninsured Seniors (16 counties)	US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates. 2012	0.45%	--	1.13%	0.97%	--	1.71% (Barrow), 1.29% (Walton), .54% (Greene)	--	--	--	--	0%	Percent of Seniors 65 years and older without insurance
Uninsured Seniors (ACC)	US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates. 2012	0.74%	--	1.13%	0.97%	--	--	--	--	--	--	0%	Percent of Seniors 65 years and older without insurance
Injury Prevention and Safety													
Poisoning ER Visits, Age 1-4 years (16 counties)	OASIS, ER Visit Web Query, 2003-2013	--	473.9	414.1	--	0 (Taliaferro)	758 (Stephens), 662 (Oconee), 625 (Elbert)	1.189	1.1680	--	-15.99%	--	Emergency Room Visits per residence for poisoning
Poisoning ER Visits, Age 1-4 years (16 counties)	OASIS, ER Visit Web Query, 2003-2013	--	500.5	414.1	--	--	--	3.019	1.3500	--	17.82%	--	Emergency Room Visits per residence for poisoning
Poisoning ER Visits, Age 18-29 years (ACC)	OASIS, ER Visit Web Query, 2003-2013	--	75.8	79.2	--	0 (Oglethorpe)	118.5 (Barrow), 83.2 (Walton), 59.2 (Jackson)	1.51	1.0420	--	-22.65%	--	Emergency Room Visits per residence for poisoning
Poisoning ER Visits, Age 18-29 years (ACC)	OASIS, ER Visit Web Query, 2003-2013	--	47.8	79.2	--	--	--	1.568	1.8800	--	-9.29%	--	Emergency Room Visits per residence for poisoning

Indicator	Geography	Rate	Trend	Race & Race Disparity			Gender & Gender Disparity		
		Age-Adjusted Death Rate, 2013	% Change over time, 2003-2013	Non-Hispanic White, 2013	Non-Hispanic Black, 2013	Race Disparity Ratio	Male, 2013	Female, 2013	Gender Disparity Ratio
Diabetes & Obesity									
Diabetes	State	22.5	-6.50%	17.8	41	2.303	27.300	19.4	1.407
	16-county average	23.6	-21.83%	20.7	33.4	1.614	24.600	19.9	1.236
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Barrow	16.8	-3.22%	20.5	--	--	--	16.3	--
	Clarke	23.2	127.21%	19.9	79	3.970	27.300	19.4	1.407
	Elbert	--	-29.59%	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Franklin	35.8	--	29.1	--	--	--	44.3	--
	Greene	77.2	-48.22%	26.7	--	--	31.300	--	--
	Habersham	19.7	-27.11%	22	0	--	--	23.1	--
	Hart	--	-15.76%	23.8	0	--	42.300	--	--
	Jackson	20	-24.87%	27.8	--	--	37.300	20.6	1.811
	Madison	46.1	0%	21.2	--	--	--	37.6	--
	Morgan	--	--	--	--	--	0.000	--	--
	Oconee	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Oglethorpe	--	-26.26%	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Stephens	26.2	-11.59%	20.9	0	--	31.000	--	--
	Taliaferro	--	--	0	0	--	0.000	0.0	--
	Walton	18.9	-57.37%	13.6	--	--	11.600	13.7	1.181
	Wilkes	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Reproductive Health									
HIV/AIDS	Georgia	3.7	-51.95%	1	9.9	9.9	5.2	2.2	2.364
	16 County Region	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Barrow	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Clarke	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Elbert	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Franklin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Greene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Habersham	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Hart	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Jackson	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Madison	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Morgan	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Oconee	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Oglethorpe	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Stephens	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Taliaferro	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Walton	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wilkes	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cardiovascular Health									
Obstructive Heart Disease	Georgia	81.5	-42.52%	80.3	89.1	1.110	113.8	57.6	1.976
	16 County Region	84.6	-48.73%	82	103.2	1.259	111	62.9	1.765
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	4.151	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	111.3	-28.00%	106.3	--	--	186.1	--	--
	Barrow	68.2	-62.57%	67.2	92.6	1.378	76.1	57.1	1.333
	Clarke	53.8	-61.46%	46.4	67	1.444	84.5	35.2	2.401
	Elbert	148.6	0.61%	127	256.9	2.023	203.4	110.3	1.844
	Franklin	104.3	-46.13%	102	--	--	131.3	91.1	1.441
	Greene	66.4	-56.17%	69.8	--	--	86.9	48.9	1.777
	Habersham	68.4	-50.51%	72.7	0	--	88.7	50.5	1.756
	Hart	80.9	-45.70%	72	--	--	125.5	59	2.127
	Jackson	90.7	-53.89%	92.4	--	--	110.2	76.9	1.433
	Madison	66.9	-66.70%	75.6	0	--	104.8	34.6	3.029
	Morgan	91.4	-47.92%	61.2	210.8	3.444	107.2	73.6	1.457
	Oconee	53.5	-62.69%	55.8	--	--	50.5	47	1.074
	Oglethorpe	35.8	-78.32%	32.3	--	--	--	--	--
	Stephens	102	-12.45%	97.7	--	--	119.1	89.9	1.325
	Taliaferro	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--
	Walton	94.1	-54.43%	90.2	139.8	1.550	135.8	59.8	2.271
	Wilkes	112.3	14.24%	126.1	92.5	1.363	166.4	74.5	1.562
Respiratory Health									
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	Georgia	41.1	3.01%	48.3	21.8	2.216	48.1	36.6	1.314
	16 County Region	45.8	-0.22%	49.1	21.5	2.284	55.5	38.5	1.442
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	25.7	-47.66%	27.3	0	--	--	41.1	--
	Barrow	71.2	54.11%	80.5	0	--	105.1	48.4	2.171
	Clarke	31.4	15.44%	34.8	23	1.513	46.4	21.4	2.168
	Elbert	41.9	-8.91%	35.3	--	--	--	60.8	--
	Franklin	44.1	-18.63%	49.1	0	--	52.3	38	1.376
	Greene	34.9	-25.59%	39.2	--	--	46.1	32.8	1.405
	Habersham	53.2	-11.63%	56.9	0	--	59.1	48.9	1.209
	Hart	58.5	106.71%	59.5	0	--	83.1	40.4	2.057
	Jackson	42.8	-0.23%	47.3	0	--	45.4	38	1.195
	Madison	79.6	55.77%	89.9	0	--	75	79.3	1.057
	Morgan	31.8	--	32.8	--	--	64.3	--	--
	Oconee	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Oglethorpe	47.7	--	60.4	0	--	68.6	--	--
	Stephens	58	19.34%	64.8	0	--	65.4	54.2	1.207
	Taliaferro	-	--	0	--	--	--	0	--
	Walton	33.5	-33.40%	32.2	--	--	43.8	24.7	1.773
	Wilkes	43.9	--	44.5	--	--	72	--	--

Individual rates too low to report

Indicator	Geography	Rate	Trend	Race & Race Disparity			Gender & Gender Disparity		
		Age-Adjusted Death Rate, 2013	% Change over time, 2003-2013	Non-Hispanic White, 2013	Non-Hispanic Black, 2013	Race Disparity Ratio	Male, 2013	Female, 2013	Gender Disparity Ratio
Mental Health and Substance Abuse									
Suicide	Georgia	11.9	3.48%	16.6	4.4	3.773	19.5	5.1	3.824
	16 County Region Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	13	-0.08%	14.4	--	--	21.9	4.7	4.660
	Banks	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Barrow	0	--	0	0	--	0	0	--
	Clarke	12	-14.89%	14.4	--	--	21.4	--	--
	Elbert	16	72.04%	24.4	--	--	31.8	--	--
	Franklin	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--
	Greene	--	--	--	0	--	0	--	--
	Habersham	10.8	-14.29%	--	0	---	23.1	0	--
	Hart	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Jackson	11.9	15.53%	14.4	0	--	23.9	0	--
	Madison	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Morgan	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--
	Oconee	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Oglethorpe	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--
	Stephens	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Taliaferro	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--
	Walton	15.8	36.21%	15.7	--	--	24.5	--	--
	Wilkes	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--
	Cerebrovascular Health								
Stroke	Georgia	41	-37.21%	36.9	51.4	1.393	39.4	41.3	1.051
	16 County Region Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	49.7	-30%	47	56.6	1.204	44.8	52.5	1.172
	Banks	2.221	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Barrow	37.8	-55.11%	40.5	0	--	--	--	--
	Clarke	44.7	-34.36%	42.2	--	--	76.1	29.9	2.545
	Elbert	41.4	-39.02%	33.6	70.4	2.095	42.1	38.4	1.096
	Franklin	54.1	-21.25%	36.3	92.4	2.545	57.6	57.7	1.002
	Greene	40.4	-28.00%	33.4	0	--	--	55.1	--
	Habersham	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Hart	45.6	-30.06%	45.8	0	--	53.9	38.8	1.389
	Jackson	50.6	-22.27%	35.6	--	--	50.6	51.5	1.018
	Madison	59.4	-15.00%	65.6	0	--	28	82.1	2.932
	Morgan	76.5	0.39%	78.9	--	--	82.4	71.4	1.154
	Oconee	29.8	-44.61%	33.8	--	--	--	41.2	--
	Oglethorpe	33.9	-51.36%	33.5	--	--	--	51.89	--
	Stephens	60.9	-3.50%	39.8	169.1	4.249	63.7	49.4	1.289
	Taliaferro	75.3	-7.83%	60.3	--	--	65.9	74.6	1.132
	Walton	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Wilkes	56.2	-30.87%	56.8	51.4	1.105	45.5	59.4	1.305
	Cancer								
Colon/Rectum Cancer	Georgia	14.8	-22.10%	14	18.9	1.35	19.3	11.3	1.71
	16 County Region Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	18.7	12.65%	17.6	29.4	1.67	24.6	13.6	1.81
	Banks	2.439	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Barrow	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Clarke	16.1	-12.97%	17.1	--	--	25.4	--	--
	Elbert	13.9	-38.49%	13.6	--	--	17.2	12	1.43
	Franklin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Greene	30.1	--	33.7	0	--	--	--	--
	Habersham	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Hart	17.4	20%	17	0	--	--	16.8	--
	Jackson	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Madison	22.9	20.52%	24.3	--	--	36.8	--	--
	Morgan	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Oconee	33.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Oglethorpe	15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Stephens	--	--	0	--	--	0	--	--
	Taliaferro	33.6	--	29.1	--	--	60.5	--	--
	Walton	--	--	--	0	--	0	--	--
	Wilkes	21.1	37.90%	18.2	--	--	23.1	17.2	1.34
	Breast Cancer (Female Only)								
Breast Cancer (Female Only)	Georgia	22.5	-13.46%	20	29.5	1.48	--	--	--
	16 County Region Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	23.6	-1.66%	20.7	44.3	2.14	--	--	--
	Banks	4.595	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Barrow	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Clarke	16.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Elbert	23.2	-7.56%	17.1	34.5	2.02	--	--	--
	Franklin	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Greene	35.8	16.61%	39.5	0	--	--	--	--
	Habersham	77.2	--	--	172	--	--	--	--
	Hart	19.7	-49.48%	20.6	0	--	--	--	--
	Jackson	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Madison	20	-35.89%	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Morgan	46.1	--	47.5	--	--	--	--	--
	Oconee	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Oglethorpe	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--
	Stephens	26.2	-6.42%	29.2	0	--	--	--	--
	Taliaferro	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--
	Walton	18.9	9.88%	20.8	0	--	--	--	--
	Wilkes	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Prostate Cancer (Male Only)								
Prostate Cancer (Male Only)	Georgia	22.6	-25.90%	17.6	47.1	2.68	--	--	--

Indicator	Geography	Rate	Trend	Race & Race Disparity			Gender & Gender Disparity		
		Age-Adjusted Death Rate, 2013	% Change over time, 2003-2013	Non-Hispanic White, 2013	Non-Hispanic Black, 2013	Race Disparity Ratio	Male, 2013	Female, 2013	Gender Disparity Ratio
	16 County Region	19.2	-12.72%	16.8	50.1	2.98			
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	2.751	--	--	--	--			
	Banks	--	--	--	0	--			
	Barrow	28	-15.15%	31.6	0	--			
	Clarke	20	-28.57%	--	72	--			
	Elbert	48.7	--	--	--	--			
	Franklin	0	--	0	0	--			
	Greene	--	--	--	0	--			
	Habersham	--	--	--	0	--			
	Hart	--	--	--	0	--			
	Jackson	36.1	--	28.5	--	--			
	Madison	--	--	0	--	--			
	Morgan	--	--	--	0	--			
	Oconee	--	--	--	--	--			
	Oglethorpe	0	--	0	0	--			
	Stephens	--	--	--	0	--			
	Taliaferro	--	--	0	--	--			
	Walton	17.7	--	--	--	--			
	Wilkes	--	--	0	--	--			
Lung Cancer	Georgia	46.2	-22.09%	49.2	41.8	1.18	62	34.6	1.79
	16 County Region	52.9	-13.98%	54	52.3	1.03	72.7	38.2	1.90
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	2.539	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	38.2	-25.53%	40.6	0	--	62.7	--	--
	Barrow	69.7	9.41%	75.3	--	--	100.7	48.6	2.07
	Clarke	37.9	-38.07%	37.7	41.1	1.09	57.6	23.3	2.47
	Elbert	52.1	145.75%	53.8	--	--	96.9	--	--
	Franklin	39.4	-23.34%	39.5	--	--	78.9	--	--
	Greene	45	-4.45%	36.6	69.1	1.89	53.5	47.6	1.12
	Habersham	54.3	-0.73%	55	--	--	70.5	39.5	1.78
	Hart	45.9	-22.33%	40.8	--	--	81.1	--	--
	Jackson	68	-31.38%	67.9	--	--	86.2	63.5	1.36
	Madison	72.1	5.25%	78.3	--	--	100.7	48.8	2.06
	Morgan	38.2	-39.74%	44.8	--	--	49	--	--
	Oconee	28.4	-33.95%	26.1	--	--	47.3	--	--
	Oglethorpe	42.3	-50.05%	52.8	0	--	65.3	--	--
	Stephens	58.7	-2.81%	56.3	--	--	69.3	49.9	1.39
	Taliaferro	0	--	0	0	--	0	0	--
	Walton	49.1	-25.37%	52	36	1.44	57.8	42.2	1.37
	Wilkes	71.6	12.22%	53.2	94.2	1.77	94.9	54.4	1.74
Injury Prevention & Safety									
Motor Vehicle Collisions									
	Georgia	12.2	-25.15%	11.9	12.6	1.059	17.1	7.8	2.192
	16 County Region	13.3	-56.82%	14	12	1.167	19	7.9	2.405
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	3.027	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Banks	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Barrow	10.1	-70.21%	13.1	0	--	12.5	--	--
	Clarke	6.1	-65.34%	--	--	--	10.7	--	--
	Elbert	25	--	--	--	--	49.4	0	--
	Franklin	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Greene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Habersham	10.7	-67.67%	8.9	0	--	--	--	--
	Hart	--	--	0	0	--	0	--	--
	Jackson	8.7	-65.90%	10.4	0	--	18.1	0	--
	Madison	22.7	-50%	21.6	--	--	--	--	--
	Morgan	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--
	Oconee	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--
	Oglethorpe	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--
	Stephens	22.6	-27.33%	26.8	0	--	42.2	--	--
	Taliaferro	--	--	0	--	--	0	--	--
	Walton	7.5	-76.19%	9.9	0	--	--	--	--
	Wilkes	--	--	0	--	--	--	0	--
Drowning	Georgia	0.9	-30.77%	0.8	0.9	1.125	1.4	0.4	3.5
	16 County Region	1.4	-17.65%	1.5	0	--	--	--	--
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)								
	Banks								
	Barrow								
	Clarke								
	Elbert								
	Franklin								
	Greene								
	Habersham								
	Hart								
	Jackson								
	Madison								
	Morgan								
	Oconee								
	Oglethorpe								
	Stephens								
	Taliaferro								
	Walton								
	Wilkes								
	Individual rates too low to report								
Poisoning	Georgia	9.7	64.41%	14.2	4.4	3.227	11.7	7.7	1.519
	16 County Region	13.5	55.17%	15.9	--	--	12	14.9	1.242
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	0	--	0	0	--	0	0	--

Indicator	Geography	Rate	Trend	Race & Race Disparity			Gender & Gender Disparity		
		Age-Adjusted Death Rate, 2013	% Change over time, 2003-2013	Non-Hispanic White, 2013	Non-Hispanic Black, 2013	Race Disparity Ratio	Male, 2013	Female, 2013	Gender Disparity Ratio
	Barrow	10	-7.41%	13.4	0	--	--	--	--
	Clarke	6.3	-32.98%	9.7	--	--	--	--	--
	Elbert	26.5	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Franklin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Greene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Habersham	11.3	--	14	0	--	--	--	--
	Hart	--	0	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Jackson	14.4	-23.81%	17.1	0	--	--	19	--
	Madison	26.1	45.81%	30.5	0	--	--	34.2	--
	Morgan	--	--	--	0	--	0	--	--
	Oconee	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Oglethorpe	0	--	0	0	--	0	0	--
	Stephens	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--
	Taliaferro	0	--	0	0	--	0	0	--
	Walton	16.1	--	20.5	0	--	18.4	14.1	1.305
	Wilkes	--	--	--	0	--	0	--	--
Unintentional Injury	Georgia	3.5	-60.67%	3.6	3.5	0.943	4.8	2.3	2.087
	16 County Region Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	4.1	-43.06%	4.3	--	--	7.1	1.6	4.438
	Banks								
	Barrow								
	Clarke								
	Elbert								
	Franklin								
	Greene								
	Habersham								
	Hart								
	Jackson								
	Madison								
	Morgan								
	Oconee								
	Oglethorpe								
	Stephens								
	Taliaferro								
	Walton								
	Wilkes								

Individual rates too low to report

APPENDIX A (CONT): OASIS DISCHARGE RATES

Indicator	Geography	Rate	Rate	Trend	Race & Race Disparity			Gender & Gender Disparity			Payer			
		Deduplicated Discharge Age- Adjusted rate, 2013	Age-Adjusted Discharge Rate per 100,000 population 2013	% Change over time, 2003-2013	White, 2013	Black, 2013	Race Disparity	Male, 2013	Female, 2013	Gender Disparity Ratio	Medicare	Medicaid	Self-Pay	Private Insurance
Diabetes & Obesity														
Diabetes	State	133.5	180.2	-1.91%	123.3	323	2,620	192.5	169.8	1.134	68.4	31.8	36	33.8
	16-county average	110.1	153.4	-22.88%	134.3	292.5	2,178	162.7	145.5	1.118	60.4	27	34.9	28.4
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16- county region)	3.952	6.625	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.224	--	--	--
	Banks	147.6	201.8	-3.72%	167.8	1796.8	10,708	162.7	243.3	1.495	88.7	45	59.6	--
	Barrow	128.5	170.3	-20.27%	157.2	320.8	2,041	225.4	120.2	1.875	69	20.9	45.8	28.9
	Clarke	161	235.5	21.77%	124.1	531.8	4,285	240.9	231.6	1.040	126.7	28.3	53.2	24.8
	Elbert	119.2	179.2	-33.13%	227.2	102.6	1,158	205.5	156.7	1.311	77.2	30	--	59.8
	Franklin	117.7	179.7	-19.09%	118.8	901.8	11,244	127.8	233.3	0.548	68.5	48.6	--	53.8
	Greene	129.5	165	-45.18%	80.2	318.4	3,970	211.7	131.5	1.610	55.3	51.6	47	--
	Habersham	86.3	120.5	28.74%	118.7	--	--	139.5	103.8	1.344	53.8	19	33.8	12.3
	Hart	87.3	102.3	-66.00%	102.4	132.8	1,297	72	128.9	0.559	50	34.4	0	--
	Jackson	117.2	148.4	-30.88%	145.7	216	1,482	145.8	149.6	0.975	60.1	11.8	52.9	21.8
	Madison	163.6	271.9	5.35%	248.7	572	2,300	390.4	155.1	2.517	88.4	22.2	97.2	60
	Morgan	153.1	272.3	57.86%	193.3	509.3	2,635	293.5	266.6	1.101	79.9	--	128.6	37
	Oconee	41.4	41.4	-59.21%	40.8	--	--	55.9	--	--	21	--	--	--
	Oglethorpe	119.3	134.1	-15.71%	91.2	359.1	3,938	83.7	181	0.462	69.1	35.7	--	--
	Stephens	70.3	87.2	-67.66%	74.5	174.6	2,344	73.9	97.3	0.760	39.6	0	--	23
	Taliaferro	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	0	--	--	0	--	0
	Walton	113.7	170.9	8.72%	145.2	296.2	2,040	151.6	191.4	0.792	66.2	46.8	17.9	34.9
	Wilkes	139.2	148.6	-8.27%	74.1	245.4	3,309	159.5	146.7	1.087	59.8	--	--	46.1
Reproductive Health														
HIV/AIDS	Georgia	19.9	20.9	99.52%	5.4	53.3	9.87	29.8	12.4	2.4	4.6	7.9	4.5	3.2
	16 County Region	7.6	7.9	-35.77%	5.2	22.5	4.33	7.9	7.9	1	1.5	3.1	2.5	--
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16- county region)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	--	--	--	0	0	0	--	0	--	0	0	--	0
	Barrow	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--
	Clarke	23.1	24.7	-13.94%	--	71.5	--	30.9	19.2	1.609	6.4	12.4	3.9	--
	Elbert	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	0
	Franklin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	0	--	--
	Greene	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	0	--	0
	Habersham	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	0
	Hart	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	0
	Jackson	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--	--	0	--	--	0
	Madison	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--	--	0	--	--	0
	Morgan	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--	0
	Oconee	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	0	--	0
	Oglethorpe	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--	0
	Stephens	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	0	--	0
	Taliaferro	0	0	--	0	0	0	0	0	--	--	0	--	0
	Walton	7.1	7.1	-21.98%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0
	Wilkes	0	0	--	0	0	0	0	0	--	0	0	--	0
Cardiovascular Health														
High Blood Pressure	Georgia	63	73	1.39%	32.2	171.3	5,320	69.3	75.2	1.085	36.6	9.2	12.4	11
	16 County Region	41.3	52.4	-21.56%	28	208.5	7,446	49.7	54.2	1.091	30	5	10	6.3
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16- county region)	6.0625	17.028	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	42.3	47.3	-1.46%	39.5	--	--	48.2	--	--	27.2	0	--	--
	Barrow	54.5	58.2	43.00%	44.1	184.8	4,190	49.5	65.4	1.321	30.4	7.1	14.4	6.3
	Clarke	52.3	72.8	4.44%	12.8	212.4	16.59	64.4	79	1.227	--	--	--	--
	Elbert	38.1	48.8	-68.62%	--	125.7	--	--	59.5	--	26.4	0	--	--
	Franklin	32.5	35.5	-62.67%	32.6	34.5	--	--	47.1	--	35.5	0	--	0
	Greene	57.7	104.5	59.54%	--	276.4	--	161.5	50.3	3.211	82.8	--	0	--
	Habersham	24.6	26.5	-25.35%	27.7	--	--	39.4	15.7	2.510	22.9	--	0	0
	Hart	33.8	37.5	-36.44%	22.4	104	4,643	37	36.1	1.025	13	--	--	--
	Jackson	35	41.9	-61.20%	36.6	121.2	3,311	44.3	36	1.231	18.1	--	19.2	--
	Madison	32.9	32.9	-48.83%	22.2	--	--	34.6	39.9	1.120	20.5	--	--	--
	Morgan	50.8	64.2	38.66%	--	70.4	58.9	1.196	23.5	--	--	--	--	--
	Oconee	24.5	24.5	-18.87%	22	--	--	36.3	--	--	13	--	--	--
	Oglethorpe	78.7	78.7	58.67%	46.9	232.2	4,951	100	56.7	1.764	33.7	--	--	--
	Stephens	17.6	17.6	-71.84%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0
	Taliaferro	--	299.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	299.7	--	0	0
	Walton	43.1	80	22.70%	14.3	367.5	25,699	45.1	111.5	2.472	49.1	12.9	13.5	--
	Wilkes	106.7	112.7	-16.39%	--	208.5	--	143	80.7	1.772	43.5	--	--	--
Obstructive Heart Disease														
	Georgia	257.6	289.2	-56.35%	295.7	267.4	1,106	397.9	198.8	2.002	168.5	15.4	28.1	61
	16 County Region	274.3	310.4	-55.87%	310.3	309.5	1,003	417.5	216.1	1.932	184.3	14.8	35.9	65.1
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16- county region)	2.417	2.421	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	247.6	278	-59.84%	278.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Barrow	311	351.6	54.53%	363.5	221.6	1,645	414.4	143.9	2.880	133.9	27.2	87.7	79.6
	Clarke	227.4	245.2	-48.64%	197.4	332.5	1,684	172.2	196.2	1.962	169.4	12.8	21.9	31.1
	Elbert	224.1	254.3	-58.60%	272.2	192.8	1,412	384	138.9	2.765	150.8	--	35.6	41.9
	Franklin	236.5	264	-69.92%	278.3	--	--	304.5	228.6	1.332	169.2	14.9	28.1	25.4
	Greene	215.2	247.2	-51.66%	238	290.7	1,221	326	163.9	1.989	116.2	--	71.4	53
	Habersham	248.9	274.7	-69.19%	271.2	--	--	414.2	267.2	2.672	165.3	16.8	26.2	61.6
	Hart	198	178.9	-74.74%	187.3	155.4	1,205	243.9	127.2	1.917	141	0	--	26.8
	Jackson	302.9	331	-59.40%	310.2	626.1	2,018	468.4	204.5	2.290	198.1	16.1	24.3	84.6
	Madison	301.3	316.8	-51.10%	322.3	328.6	1,020	458.8	196.3	2.337	196.4	15.1	36.7	57.6
	Morgan	218.9	250.2	-58.56%	272.4	191.3	1,424	333.5	166.3	2.126	155.3	--	47.8	38.4
	Oconee	175.5	201.9	-61.40%	202.2	269.4	1,332	272.6	137	1.990	118.8	--	22.3	53.5
	Oglethorpe	266.7	284.1	-47.02%	300.1	237.7	1,263	347.8	215.3	1.615	188.4	--	--	54.2
	Stephens	381.9	313.2	-51.37%	316.3	256.2	1,235	415.6	--	1.847	201.1	--	33.2	65.3
	Taliaferro	325.4	386.6	-30.75%	424.6	462.4	--	--	504.8	--	164.8	0	0	--
	Walton	339.2	433.1	-43.11%	429.4	433.1	1,070	548.8	331.6	1.658	253.7	23.6	67.7	77.4
	Wilkes	373.5	428.1	-45.71%	468.5	392	1,195	393.2	449.5	1.143	274.9	0	--	132
Respiratory Health														
Asthma	Georgia	82.1	95.1	-32.93%	65	158.3	2,435	72.7	113.7	1.564	45.5	53.1	24.5	25.8
	16 County Region	63.8	70.4	-48.80%	64.2	108.1	1,684	55.8	82.1	1.471	33.6	39.2	18.4	15
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16- county region)	3.488	3.028	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	0	0	--	0
	Barrow	99.4	111.2	-44.46%	107.9									

Indicator	Geography	Rate	Rate	Trend	Race & Race Disparity			Gender & Gender Disparity			Payer				
		Deduplicated Discharge Age-Adjusted rate, 2013	Age-Adjusted Discharge Rate per 100,000 population 2013	% Change over time, 2003-2013	White, 2013	Black, 2013	Race Disparity	Male, 2013	Female, 2013	Gender Disparity Ratio	Medicare	Medicaid	Self-Pay	Private Insurance	
Cerebrovascular Health	Habersham	43.9	43.9	47.32%	46.1	--	--	52.4	36.7	1.428	--	21.9	19.6	0	
	Hart	23.6	23.6	-71.00%	37.9	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	
	Jackson	48.7	48.7	60.73%	47.6	--	--	48.9	47.9	1.021	7.9	--	22.7	11.9	
	Madison	42.6	42.6	11.81%	43.2	--	--	41.7	43	1.031	--	--	29.4	--	
	Morgan	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	
	Oconee	22.4	22.4	-42.71%	24.7	0	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	
	Oglethorpe	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	0	
	Stephens	24.6	24.6	-41.98%	28.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	
	Taliaferro	0	0	--	0	0	--	0	0	--	0	0	0	0	
	Walton	54.5	54.5	51.93%	60.7	--	--	34	73.7	2.168	16.5	11.4	18.2	8.4	
	Wilkes	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	--	0	0	--	0	
Cerebrovascular Health															
Stroke	Georgia	188.1	220.9	-21.50%	188.5	300.3	1.593	243.3	201.6	1.207	141.6	14.8	20.1	33.3	
	16 County Region	210.5	251.2	-21.33%	236.4	348.4	1.474	264.1	236.7	1.116	173.8	14.1	21.3	34.1	
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	2.615	3.201	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Banks	158.7	170.2	-62.67%	167.5	0	--	166.8	177.9	1.067	111.5	--	--	35.7	
	Barrow	228.4	266	-12.82%	244	522.7	2.142	264.3	275.9	1.044	191.7	13.8	15.3	33.1	
	Clarke	200.1	228.8	-23.52%	179.6	143.7	1.229	285.9	184.6	1.549	157.8	12.2	25.5	24.8	
	Elbert	244.9	284.9	-19.81%	243.8	358.9	1.472	345.7	244.8	1.412	207	22	30.1	19.4	
	Franklin	159.9	192.1	-48.22%	191.7	--	--	216.7	161.5	1.342	127.1	--	--	43.9	
	Greene	205.7	237.2	0.55%	213.4	247.5	1.160	292.4	207.8	1.408	161.8	--	--	56.7	
	Habersham	187.9	227.7	-22.34%	226.2	--	--	264.9	195	1.358	162.5	--	13.6	31.9	
	Hart	107	122.6	-49.15%	117.6	177.1	1.506	118.8	124	1.044	98.6	0	--	17.8	
Cancer	Jackson	279.8	334.9	-3.07%	313.9	567.9	1.809	336.1	320.2	1.050	219.4	20.9	28	53.3	
	Madison	257.8	304.8	-7.19%	308.8	278.6	1.108	307.7	297.7	1.034	226.4	18	21.3	31.3	
	Morgan	185.5	214.1	-42.35%	194.2	247.1	1.272	273.8	168.8	1.622	153.8	--	33.1	--	
	Oconee	154	214.5	-25.39%	207.7	365	1.757	211.9	201.2	1.053	162	--	21.8	15.3	
	Oglethorpe	268.6	352.4	13.20%	290.4	689	2.373	405.3	295	1.374	246.2	--	43.2	52.7	
	Stephens	215.3	254.8	-17.06%	243.6	356.2	1.462	295.7	211.8	1.396	175	30.4	18.2	27.6	
	Taliaferro	230.9	392.5	145.31%	514.5	--	--	391.7	294.9	1.331	392.5	0	0	0	
	Walton	222.4	256.8	-23.71%	237.9	352.7	1.483	228.2	274.3	1.202	162	18.4	31.3	39.6	
	Wilkes	206.1	269.9	-15.60%	247.5	303.2	1.225	325.5	208.8	1.559	191.7	--	--	--	
	Cancer														
	Colon/Rectum Cancer	Georgia	31.9	34.9	-29.49%	32.2	42.3	1.314	40.9	29.9	1.368	18.4	2.5	2.5	9.7
16 County Region		37.7	39.8	-30.05%	37.7	46.4	1.231	51.7	28.1	1.840	21.2	2.8	2.1	12.3	
Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)		2.776	2.754	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Banks		34.8	38.4	-16.52%	40.3	0	--	66.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Barrow		24.5	25.7	-37.62%	21.6	--	--	29.8	22	1.355	11.1	--	--	7.4	
Clarke		25.1	26.4	-51.73%	17.3	45.9	2.653	25.7	16.9	1.396	16.9	0	--	6.6	
Elbert		46.6	49.8	-53.97%	50.4	--	--	68.5	31.5	2.175	27.8	0	--	--	
Franklin		45.8	45.8	-39.01%	46.5	--	--	50	38.1	1.312	33.3	0	0	--	
Greene		34.7	41.5	-21.99%	39.9	57.2	1.434	28.8	54	1.875	--	0	--	--	
Habersham		47.3	49.3	6.48%	48.4	0	--	61.6	39.4	1.563	23.9	--	0	20	
Hart		25.6	25.6	-45.76%	25.3	--	--	43.1	--	--	14.8	--	0	--	
Jackson		34.9	42.8	-15.25%	40.7	--	--	49.2	37	1.330	28.3	--	0	10.3	
Breast Cancer (Female Only)	Madison	68	70.5	58.78%	70.5	--	--	113.1	33.1	3.417	41.6	--	--	21.2	
	Morgan	42.8	42.8	-37.88%	45.1	--	--	60.7	--	--	--	--	--	22.7	
	Oconee	31.2	31.2	-37.14%	30.1	--	--	34.8	--	--	18.9	0	0	--	
	Oglethorpe	49.1	49.1	--	42.8	--	--	--	46.6	--	--	--	--	--	
	Stephens	55.6	59	23.69%	57	--	--	93.2	27.7	3.365	30.3	--	0	19.2	
	Taliaferro	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	0	--	--	0	0	0	
	Walton	29.7	29.7	-51.39%	27.1	--	--	38.4	19.1	2.010	14.9	--	--	9.9	
	Wilkes	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Individual rates too low to report														
	Georgia	26.2	27.4	47.80%	25.4	32.5	1.280	--	27.4	--	4.1	1.8	0.3	7.6	
	16 County Region	29.3	30.2	42.20%	31.3	24.3	1.288	--	30.2	--	4.6	1.6	--	8.6	
Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	3.535	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Banks	--	39.7	14.74%	--	0	--	--	39.7	--	--	--	--	--		
Barrow	29.7	29.7	-14.16%	35.6	0	--	--	29.7	--	--	--	--	--		
Clarke	20.2	20.2	-52.46%	--	33.5	--	--	20.2	--	--	--	--	--		
Elbert	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Franklin	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Greene	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Habersham	18.5	18.5	-67.31%	19.9	0	--	--	18.5	--	--	--	--	--		
Hart	--	27	-37.06%	--	0	--	--	27	--	--	--	--	--		
Jackson	34.5	34.5	-23.16%	31.3	--	--	--	34.5	--	--	--	--	--		
Madison	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Morgan	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Oconee	52.2	52.2	3.57%	46.1	--	--	--	52.2	--	--	--	--	--		
Oglethorpe	65.4	65.4	--	81.4	0	--	--	65.4	--	--	--	--	--		
Stephens	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Taliaferro	--	0	--	0	0	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--		
Walton	29	29	26%	23.9	--	--	--	29	--	--	--	--	--		
Wilkes	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Individual rates too low to report															
Prostate Cancer (Male Only)	Georgia	26.6	27.2	-49.16%	24	38.4	1.6	27.2	--	--	11.7	0.8	1	11.8	
	16 County Region	32.7	33.3	-39.78%	29.2	73.6	2.521	33.3	--	--	14.5	--	1.6	15.5	
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	5.000	5.781	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Banks	59.7	59.7	2.05%	62.6	0	--	59.7	--	--	50.2	--	--	--	
	Barrow	31.4	26.2	-46.23%	26.2	--	--	26.2	--	--	14.7	--	--	16.8	
	Clarke	35.3	35.3	-47.62%	19.4	87.3	4.5	35.3	--	--	23.3	--	--	10.1	
	Elbert	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Franklin	--	86.8	--	--	--	--	86.8	--	--	0	--	--	--	
	Greene	38.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Habersham	43.2	43.2	-15.79%	40.2	--	--	43.2	--	--	19.2	Individual rates too low to report			
	Hart	32	32	--	38.2	0	--	32	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Jackson	34.9	37.4	-44.18%	40.8	0	--	37.4	--	--	16.3	--	--	18.6		
Madison	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--		
Morgan	39.6	39.6	--	--	--	--	39.6	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Oconee	54.9	54.9	-34.33%	54.7	--	--	54.9	--	--	--	--	--	27.5		
Oglethorpe	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--		
Stephens	40.9	40.9	-29.24%	34	--	--	40.9	--	--	--	--	--	--		
Taliaferro	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0		
Walton	16.9	16.9	-65.58%	15.2	--	--	16.9	--	--	13.4	--	--	0		
Wilkes	40	97.7	--	--	193.9	--	97.7	--	--	0	--	--	--		
Individual rates too low to report															
Lung Cancer	Georgia	27.8	33.1	-34.46%	33	34.4	1.042	41.1	27	1.522	19.8	3.3	1.7	6.3	
	16 County Region	31.8	35.7	-33.40%	35.5	36.8	1.037	45	28.4	1.585	21.1	2.9	2.3	8.5	
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Banks	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--	0	0	0	
	Barrow	46.8	49.3	-40.67%	51.6	--	--	69	35.3	1.955	31.7	--	--	9.9	
	Clarke	22	29	-55.72%	21.3	44	2.066	33.5	25.5	1.314	15.4	10.3	0	--	
	Elbert	30.2	40	--	47.8	--	--	46.2	37.2	1.242	23.8	--	--	--	
	Franklin	29.3	45.6	12.32%	46.9	--	--	48	43.8	1.096	26.3	--	--	--	
	Greene	35.7	44.6	35.56%	40.3	--	--	33.6	56.3	1.676	31.5	--	--	--	
	Habersham	29.9	36.5	-17.61%	36.7	--	--								

Indicator	Geography	Rate	Rate	Trend	Race & Race Disparity			Gender & Gender Disparity			Payer			
		<i>Deduplicated Discharge Age- Adjusted rate, 2013</i>	<i>Age-Adjusted Discharge Rate per 100,000 population 2013</i>	<i>% Change over time, 2003-2013</i>	<i>White, 2013</i>	<i>Black, 2013</i>	<i>Race Disparity</i>	<i>Male, 2013</i>	<i>Female, 2013</i>	<i>Gender Disparity Ratio</i>	<i>Medicare</i>	<i>Medicaid</i>	<i>Self-Pay</i>	<i>Private Insurance</i>
Motor Vehicle Collisions	Georgia	61.2	62.8	91.9	61.6	62.1	1.008	80.2	46.3	1.732	6.6	6.4	9.3	23.1
	16 County Region	68.8	70.7	126.5	69.8	72.6	1.040	84.2	57.8	1.457	8.5	7.1	12.8	27.1
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	4.257	4.257	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	66.2	66.2	140	63.1	--	--	77.2	55.2	1.399	23.2	0	--	--
	Barrow	71	71	132.3	66.4	140.7	2.119	74.7	73.8	1.012	8.2	9.9	12.9	22.7
	Clarke	47.5	47.5	-35.81%	46.3	52.7	1.138	66.7	32.7	2.040	5.3	7.4	8.5	11.3
	Elbert	76.9	76.9	135.7	78	--	--	77.1	75.9	1.016	--	--	--	32.8
	Franklin	29.2	29.2	147.1	32.7	0	--	--	40.7	--	--	--	0	--
	Greene	50.2	53.5	117.3	37.7	--	--	75.3	--	--	--	--	0	--
	Habersham	48.8	48.8	112.3	50.1	0	--	55.5	42.1	1.318	--	0	--	27.4
	Hart	49.5	40.5	117.5	50.7	0	--	--	44.6	--	--	--	--	--
	Jackson	66.2	66.2	125.2	71.8	0	--	105.1	27	3.893	--	--	20	21.9
	Madison	95.8	99	126.3	95.5	--	--	74.7	123.4	1.652	--	24.8	--	16.8
	Morgan	65.9	65.9	107.3	88.5	0	--	73.8	59.3	1.245	--	--	--	--
	Oconee	58.5	64.8	93.5	56	--	--	102.1	--	--	--	0	--	37.2
	Oglethorpe	88.2	88.2	168.9	95.9	--	--	110.2	67.7	1.628	--	0	--	36.4
	Stephens	74.2	74.2	128	77.5	--	--	94.7	53.9	1.757	0	--	--	37.3
	Taliaferro	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	--	--	0	0	--	0
	Walton	86.3	90.3	115.5	90.7	74.4	1.219	106	73.7	1.438	14.5	--	12.5	46.7
	Wilkes	124.3	124.3	243.5	--	185.8	--	190.6	--	--	--	0	--	--
Poisoning	Georgia	32.3	32.7	52.09%	35	31.1	1.141	30.2	34.7	1.149	12.7	7	6.9	4.4
	16 County Region	39.1	39.8	99%	42.9	22.9	1.873	38.1	41.6	1.092	18.3	8	7.8	3.9
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	40.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	62.5	62.5	--	65.8	0	--	64.8	59.8	1.084	--	0	35.2	--
	Barrow	30.9	32.2	70.37%	35.4	0	--	41.9	23.1	1.814	--	15.4	10.1	--
	Clarke	40.3	41.6	--	47.6	42.5	1.751	40.2	42.9	1.067	28.5	6.2	--	--
	Elbert	36.5	36.5	54.01%	46.3	--	--	44	--	--	--	--	0	--
	Franklin	36	36	-1.37%	31	--	--	--	45.8	--	--	--	--	--
	Greene	51.1	51.1	--	30	--	--	101.1	--	--	--	--	--	0
	Habersham	52.9	56	136.29%	54.9	--	--	55.7	--	1.000	20.3	20	--	--
	Hart	24	24	25.65%	16.6	--	--	--	31.7	--	--	--	0	--
	Jackson	70.3	71.8	412.86%	76.9	--	--	49.7	92.3	1.857	40.8	17.8	--	--
	Madison	53.6	53.6	63.41%	57.1	--	--	49.8	59.8	1.201	34.9	--	--	--
	Morgan	48.4	48.4	--	64.6	0	--	--	72.6	--	--	--	--	--
	Oconee	19.6	19.6	--	21.9	0	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	0
	Oglethorpe	46.6	46.6	--	48.2	--	--	--	73.6	--	--	--	--	--
	Stephens	37.5	37.5	91.33%	38.5	--	--	--	48.7	--	21.8	--	0	--
	Taliaferro	0	0	--	0	0	--	0	0	--	0	0	0	0
	Walton	20.3	20.3	-13.25%	23.4	--	--	21.5	18.7	1.150	9	--	--	--
	Wilkes	--	--	--	0	0	--	--	--	--	--	0	0	--
Unintentional Injury	Georgia	52.96	53.4	-22.38%	54.1	48.9	1.106	71	36.4	1.951	12.5	8.2	12.9	12.6
	16 County Region	60.8	61.1	-23.43%	57.2	69.8	1.220	78.9	43.8	1.801	15.9	11.3	10.4	16
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Banks	98.2	98.2	42.73%	92	0	--	126.3	69.5	1.817	--	--	--	32.6
	Barrow	49.1	50.2	-40.17%	41.9	74.7	1.783	62.3	37.6	1.657	11.4	10.9	10.1	12.5
	Clarke	42	42	-25	35.6	49	1.376	57.1	28.6	1.997	10.9	6.8	9	9.5
	Elbert	60.3	60.3	-20.81%	62.3	--	--	70.3	37.5	1.223	23.7	--	--	--
	Franklin	36.6	36.6	-65.34%	34	0	--	61.9	--	--	--	--	--	--
	Greene	112.5	112.5	215.13%	80.1	130.4	1.628	140.9	76.1	1.852	31.2	--	--	36.5
	Habersham	53.6	55.5	18.84%	47.1	0	--	52.6	56.5	1.074	16.8	18.1	9.7	10.9
	Hart	30.4	30.4	-53.16%	39.7	0	--	31.1	--	--	--	--	0	0
	Jackson	52.1	52.1	-43.86%	50	--	--	37.7	27.8	1.356	--	10.4	--	17.7
	Madison	87.1	87.1	-23.53%	93.3	0	--	141.8	34.7	4.086	24	--	22.2	20
	Morgan	110.2	110.2	35.21%	114	--	--	133	74.8	2.045	--	--	--	32.3
	Oconee	43.9	43.9	-40.19%	44	--	--	87.4	--	--	23.5	0	--	--
	Oglethorpe	60.2	60.2	-19.73%	66	--	--	--	87.6	--	--	--	0	--
	Stephens	35.6	35.6	-66.70%	38.4	--	--	--	37.9	--	16.6	--	0	--
	Taliaferro	0	0	--	0	0	--	0	0	--	0	0	0	0
	Walton	73.6	73.6	-0.54%	69.7	104.3	1.496	90.3	56.5	1.598	16.8	12	12.5	22.2
	Wilkes	74.9	74.9	3.45%	--	142.1	--	106	--	--	--	--	--	--

APPENDIX A (CONT): OASIS ER VISITS

Indicator	Geography	Rate	Rate	Trend	Race & Race Disparity			Gender & Gender Disparity			Payer				
		Deduplicated ER Visits Age-Adjusted Rate per 100,000 population (2013)	ER Visits Age-Adjusted Rate per 100,000 population, 2013	% Change over time, 2003-2013	White, 2013	Black, 2013	Race Disparity	Male, 2013	Female, 2013	Gender Disparity Ratio	Medicare	Medicaid	Self-Pay	Private	
Diabetes & Obesity															
Diabetes	State	249	249	34.96%	152.7	481.8	2.409	241.7	256.5	1.061	90.2	40.3	63.5	42.1	
	16-county average	228.4	228.4	34.51%	180.8	581	3.213	225.7	232.2	1.029	98.2	32.7	58.4	33.6	
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	3.952	4.813	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Banks	289.2	289.2	69.52%	280	--	--	296.9	282.2	1.032	123	28.9	94.7	39.1	
	Barrow	216.5	216.5	17.60%	191.2	486.7	2.546	234.7	200.9	1.168	85.8	28	60.5	36.3	
	Clarke	378.6	378.6	61.24%	185.2	853.4	4.608	432.3	330.2	1.309	154.8	43.2	119.7	52.8	
	Elbert	241.8	241.8	-16.59%	184.2	401.7	2.181	216.6	267.2	1.234	132.5	60.2	--	29.4	
	Franklin	210.2	210.2	9.94%	182.2	667.1	3.661	201.3	207.2	1.029	108.4	22.9	--	59.4	
	Greene	382.6	382.6	20.33%	137.1	840.3	6.129	366.2	404	1.103	157.3	83.1	58.3	73.9	
	Habersham	223	223	69.32%	204.2	931.6	4.562	181	264.8	1.463	102.9	33.1	49.8	30	
	Hart	79.5	79.5	-38.70%	57.7	198.6	3.442	56.4	104.6	1.855	50.6	--	--	--	
	Jackson	213.5	213.5	22.55%	192.4	512.1	2.662	229.2	201.3	1.139	93.5	20.3	52.9	43.5	
	Madison	344.9	344.9	142.21%	335	539.5	1.610	501.3	199.4	2.514	105.5	24.8	184.7	20.9	
	Morgan	302.2	302.2	98.03%	129.4	872.5	6.743	316.7	283.8	1.116	52.1	--	215.1	--	
	Oconee	113.8	113.8	10.92%	84.1	707	8.407	131.6	99.4	1.324	58.6	--	32.4	15.7	
	Oglethorpe	225.6	225.6	-0.35%	170.5	538.6	3.159	199.1	249.9	1.255	167.2	--	--	--	
	Stephens	236.5	236.5	-7.54%	190	643.4	3.386	139.1	321.5	2.311	142.2	58.9	--	27.6	
	Taliaferro	261.3	261.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	
	Walton	246.2	246.2	115.21%	174.4	672.2	3.854	211.9	280	1.321	100.5	53.1	45.9	39.1	
	Wilkes	234.7	234.7	26.93%	--	513.2	--	240.3	230.4	1.043	98.2	--	82.1	--	
Cardiovascular Health															
High Blood Pressure	Georgia	372.8	372.8	167.05%	202.1	755.1	3.736	324.8	411.9	0.789	127.6	33.6	109.5	83.8	
	16 County Region	322.8	322.8	64.44%	224.5	1000.3	4.456	298.9	339.9	0.879	127.6	29.8	83.3	73.8	
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	2.463	2.463	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Banks	274	274	56.57%	282.8	--	--	274.9	270.1	1.018	115.6	--	76.3	58.4	
	Barrow	372.3	372.3	104.22%	265.6	1192.8	4.491	447	320.3	1.396	145.1	35.1	102.1	80.6	
	Clarke	398.6	398.6	116.40%	149.4	926.4	6.201	355.9	427.6	1.201	145.5	49.2	120.2	71.1	
	Elbert	277.1	277.1	69.90%	147.9	632.1	4.274	302.9	250.4	1.210	124.5	34.2	--	98.6	
	Franklin	315.2	315.2	61.06%	259.7	998.3	3.844	235.9	374.7	0.630	169.6	26.9	23.8	88.9	
	Greene	515.7	515.7	16.75%	146.5	1251.7	8.544	426.2	596.6	0.714	180.7	56.8	177.4	97.5	
	Habersham	293.8	293.8	39.51%	279.4	1001.8	3.586	235.1	343	0.685	117.7	20.7	73.1	62.2	
	Hart	212.4	212.4	31.52%	125.7	629.8	5.010	184.1	232.7	0.791	100.3	38.5	--	59.4	
	Jackson	300.5	300.5	40.29%	21.8	971.69	3.859	267.7	320.6	0.835	125.2	22.3	67.2	75.7	
	Madison	244.9	244.9	86.95%	197.8	776.4	3.925	251.7	235.6	1.068	113.9	--	82.5	23.1	
	Morgan	353.3	353.3	124.32%	126.5	1174.1	9.281	347.8	358	0.972	30.9	--	255.1	37.6	
	Oconee	179.7	179.7	56.26%	140.4	942.4	6.712	161.8	190.1	0.851	111.1	--	18.3	46.4	
	Oglethorpe	170	170	22.39%	114.8	443.8	3.866	155.6	178.1	0.874	50.6	--	51.4	41.6	
	Stephens	284.8	284.8	-14.42%	242.3	760	3.137	225.6	328.2	0.687	152.3	44.2	--	73.3	
	Taliaferro	851.2	851.2	34.8%	--	1313.2	--	533	1211.1	0.457	324	--	--	--	
	Walton	422.8	422.8	182.81%	256.2	1309.5	5.111	393	471	0.771	145.8	41.7	120.3	105.7	
	Wilkes	524.6	524.6	114.04%	177.7	1030.4	5.799	625.1	425.4	1.469	187.7	50.4	158.9	113.6	
Obstructive Heart Disease															
Disease	Georgia	75.4	75.4	-19.79%	79.2	66.7	1.187	100.3	54.5	1.840	38.7	5.5	10.1	16.8	
	16 County Region	118.3	118.3	-1.25%	119.2	124.8	1.047	161.1	81	1.989	61.1	8.2	16.8	28.8	
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	4.688	4.688	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Banks	108.2	108.2	-37.13%	113.8	0	--	161.8	53.8	3.007	47.8	--	36.2	--	
	Barrow	114.8	114.8	-29.18%	115.4	139.8	1.211	168.4	70.9	2.375	57.2	8.1	11.7	34.2	
	Clarke	58.4	58.4	265%	59.8	63.8	1.067	91.7	33.4	2.746	--	--	--	--	
	Elbert	58.3	58.3	-61.23%	67.6	--	--	72.9	45.2	1.613	27	0	--	--	
	Franklin	126.1	126.1	-15.08%	117.8	235.8	2.002	176.1	83.2	2.117	84.4	25.1	0	--	
	Greene	174	174	-19.00%	133.2	253.8	1.905	231.1	119.7	1.931	87.4	--	34.1	35.9	
	Habersham	171	171	-6.46%	179.1	--	--	237.3	111.8	2.128	100	8.96	22.2	31.6	
	Hart	117.7	117.7	-24.36%	103.3	206.5	1.999	175.9	70.1	2.509	70.1	--	--	13.9	
	Jackson	109.8	109.8	25.06%	108	123.7	1.145	149.4	78.9	1.894	53.2	--	17.3	28.2	
	Madison	70.7	70.7	98.66%	75.7	--	--	81.3	61.5	1.322	41	--	--	16.5	
	Morgan	82.4	82.4	-11.87%	82.1	--	--	123	43.5	2.828	--	0	52.2	--	
	Oconee	61.8	61.8	--	63.1	--	--	88.1	36.3	2.427	36.1	0	--	20	
	Oglethorpe	50.6	50.6	--	55	--	--	75.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Stephens	237.2	237.2	-2.43%	225.9	353	1.563	321.2	163.1	1.969	126.9	17.8	--	83.7	
	Taliaferro	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	0	0	--	
	Walton	119.5	119.5	70.71%	125.3	98.1	1.277	151.1	93.6	1.614	53.4	9.1	24.5	31.5	
	Wilkes	108.1	108.1	37.36%	144.5	--	--	141.5	78.2	1.804	69.8	0	--	--	
Respiratory Health															
Asthma	Georgia	567	567	5.21%	287.7	1072.3	3.727	547.1	580	1.060	46.8	235.7	152.7	105.5	
	16 County Region	453.3	453.3	-2.26%	302.7	1324.5	4.376	469.1	433.6	1.082	44.3	202.9	120.5	79.3	
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	4.642	4.642	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Banks	311.4	311.4	-34.18%	295.6	--	--	220.9	404.5	1.831	63.6	120.8	66.8	60.3	
	Barrow	521.7	521.7	-2.32%	436.9	1102.2	2.523	548.5	485.8	1.130	39.1	216.5	167.1	90.4	
	Clarke	577.1	577.1	61.11%	191.2	1306.4	6.833	549.1	598.6	1.090	116.6	163.3	189	94.9	
	Elbert	531.6	531.6	-11.93%	225.2	1153.2	5.121	414.2	649	1.567	58.6	362.7	34.5	75.7	
	Franklin	296.5	296.5	-55.13%	230.9	892.4	3.865	234.3	358	1.528	49.8	163	42.2	36.1	
	Greene	1127.8	1127.8	15.95%	293.2	2021.9	6.896	1209	1029.8	1.001	87	655.8	296.1	88.9	
	Habersham	559.3	559.3	52.69%	310.2	4601.6	14.834	925.1	240.3	3.850	28	378.9	79.4	61.2	
	Hart	276	276	-52.76%	191.8	654.1	3.410	269.7	282.8	1.049	28.2	161.2	--	82	
	Jackson	435.6	435.6	-8.10%	329.7	1572.3	4.004	465.1	402.7	1.155	50.8	133.3	147.8	93.2	
	Madison	260	260	-5.59%	196.9	807	4.099	288.6	234.6	1.230	64.2	70.4	46.7	71.8	
	Morgan	412.9	412.9	-31.80%	264.4	943.7	3.599	323.4	496	1.534	--	84.9	271.6	38.5	
	Oconee	187.6	187.6	24.24%	109.9	1420.4	12.924	209	165.5	1.263	28.8	39.6	81.6	37.6	
	Oglethorpe	437.8	437.8	53.24%	291.2	1068.7	3.670	332	349.8	1.521	116	159.2	87.5	70.6	
	Stephens	262.9	262.9	-44.38%	220.3	647.5	2.939	247.9	271.7	1.096	26.2	141.2	35.3	46.9	
	Taliaferro	1281.1	1281.1	97.06%	--	1798.2	--	--	1938.5	--	--	720	--	--	
	Walton	498.5	498.5	25.79%	369.1	1063.5	2.881	490.1	503	1.026	38.1	216.1	128.4	110.7	
	Wilkes	963.5	963.5	44.43%	453.5	1659.3	3.659								

Indicator	Geography	Rate	Rate	Trend	Race & Race Disparity			Gender & Gender Disparity			Payer				
		Deduplicated ER Visits Age-Adjusted Rate per 100,000 population (2013)	ER Visits Age-Adjusted Rate per 100,000 population, 2013	% Change over time, 2003-2013	White, 2013	Black, 2013	Race Disparity	Male, 2013	Female, 2013	Gender Disparity Ratio	Medicare	Medicaid	Self-Pay	Private	
	Franklin	60.8	60.8	44.08%	55.3	--	--	73.3	53.7	1.365	41.6	--	--	--	
	Greene	96.2	96.2	100.84%	83.8	94.3	1.125	97.7	97	1.007	71	--	--	--	
	Habersham	70.4	70.4	18.52%	73.2	0	--	62.6	76.9	1.228	39.1	--	--	15	
	Hart	29.8	29.8	--	28.6	0	--	37.2	23.6	1.576	19	--	0	--	
	Jackson	44.3	44.3	14.77%	44.3	--	--	66.3	31.2	2.125	28.1	--	--	--	
	Madison	23.2	23.2	--	25.6	0	--	37.6	--	--	20.7	0	0	--	
	Morgan	80.6	80.6	49.10%	63.7	149.8	2.352	89.6	74.1	1.209	31.9	0	36.6	--	
	Oconee	30.4	30.4	--	33.4	0	--	36.5	25.4	1.437	18.2	--	0	--	
	Oglethorpe	--	27.2	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	
	Stephens	91.5	91.5	51.50%	89.4	--	--	58.1	122.2	2.103	73.2	--	0	--	
	Taliaferro	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	0	--	0	0	--	0	
	Walton	51.9	51.9	37.70%	45.7	92	2.013	55.1	49.5	1.113	26.2	--	8.2	11.4	
	Wilkes	73.8	73.8	--	66.4	--	--	84.2	65	1.295	44.5	--	--	--	
	Injury Prevention & Safety Motor Vehicle Collisions	Georgia	1005	1005.4	-17.95%	713.5	1517.5	2.127	908.5	1101.6	1.213	36.2	108.5	250.7	370.9
		16 County Region	993.7	993.7	-35.94%	878.2	1650.4	1.879	987.6	999.9	1.012	42.9	100.5	206	399.9
Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)		3.394	3.394	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Banks		912	912	-49.85%	888.4	1253.3	1.411	932.6	881	1.059	40.4	144.7	281.6	277.4	
Barrow		1109.7	1109.7	-39.89%	966.6	2064.4	2.136	1063	1149.5	1.081	38.6	97.9	195	587.2	
Clarke		1185.1	1185.1	-6.81%	431.5	2869.5	6.650	1105.7	1256.3	1.136	94.5	14.2	34.7	29.1	
Elbert		870.2	870.2	-43.18%	597.7	1518.3	2.540	786.4	956.5	1.216	12.4	192.2	76	344.3	
Franklin		829.1	829.1	-57.59%	847.4	833.1	1.017	779.6	883.2	1.133	40.1	119.9	127.3	218.5	
Greene		1191.8	1191.8	-4.84%	787.4	1713.5	2.176	1254.4	1139.2	1.101	26.7	38.6	288.9	557	
Habersham		778	778	-36.64%	804.4	530.1	1.517	858.4	707.4	1.213	25.8	93.9	193.3	213.9	
Hart		458.6	458.6	-72.13%	442.2	507.9	1.149	448.6	468.4	1.044	38.6	78.6	35.3	142.9	
Jackson		1088.7	1088.7	-32.14%	999.9	1963.9	1.964	1107	1064.8	1.040	55.3	101.2	276.9	392.4	
Madison		1297.5	1297.5	-22.35%	1183.9	2115.4	1.787	1281.1	1308.2	1.021	105.5	98.9	285	316.2	
Morgan		836.4	836.4	-45.81%	689.4	1240.6	1.800	935.8	742.5	1.260	--	28.8	426.5	189.9	
Oconee		668.4	668.4	-37.93%	595.6	1684.9	2.829	659.2	679.3	1.030	33.4	15.7	100.1	195.6	
Oglethorpe		1283.9	1283.9	-12.05%	976.3	2704.8	2.770	1226.8	1339.5	1.092	89.8	113.6	283.5	297.3	
Stephens		868.6	868.6	-52.65%	811.4	1486	1.831	840.3	900.8	1.072	26.9	89.8	57.9	157.3	
Taliaferro		1556.5	1556.5	-11.52%	1596.4	1489.9	1.071	1314.3	1952.3	1.485	--	0	661.5	463.4	
Walton		1171.7	1171.7	-23.63%	977.6	1964.4	2.009	1151.8	1191.9	1.035	18.5	129.1	214.4	712.1	
Wilkes		1152.4	1139.2	1.16%	1028.7	1358.5	1.321	1135.7	1182.2	1.041	96.5	172.5	410.4	312.9	
Drowning		Georgia	1.9	1.9	5.56%	2.2	1.4	1.571	2	1.8	1.111	--	0.8	0.3	0.7
		16 County Region	1.7	1.7	0%	2.1	0	--	--	--	--	0	--	--	--
		Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Banks	3.394	3.394	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Barrow	1109.7	1109.7	-39.89%	966.6	2064.4	2.136	1063	1149.5	1.081	38.6	97.9	195	587.2
	Clarke	1185.1	1185.1	-6.81%	431.5	2869.5	6.650	1105.7	1256.3	1.136	94.5	14.2	34.7	29.1	
	Elbert	870.2	870.2	-43.18%	597.7	1518.3	2.540	786.4	956.5	1.216	12.4	192.2	76	344.3	
	Franklin	829.1	829.1	-57.59%	847.4	833.1	1.017	779.6	883.2	1.133	40.1	119.9	127.3	218.5	
	Greene	1191.8	1191.8	-4.84%	787.4	1713.5	2.176	1254.4	1139.2	1.101	26.7	38.6	288.9	557	
	Habersham	778	778	-36.64%	804.4	530.1	1.517	858.4	707.4	1.213	25.8	93.9	193.3	213.9	
	Hart	458.6	458.6	-72.13%	442.2	507.9	1.149	448.6	468.4	1.044	38.6	78.6	35.3	142.9	
	Jackson	1088.7	1088.7	-32.14%	999.9	1963.9	1.964	1107	1064.8	1.040	55.3	101.2	276.9	392.4	
	Madison	1297.5	1297.5	-22.35%	1183.9	2115.4	1.787	1281.1	1308.2	1.021	105.5	98.9	285	316.2	
	Morgan	836.4	836.4	-45.81%	689.4	1240.6	1.800	935.8	742.5	1.260	--	28.8	426.5	189.9	
	Oconee	668.4	668.4	-37.93%	595.6	1684.9	2.829	659.2	679.3	1.030	33.4	15.7	100.1	195.6	
	Oglethorpe	1283.9	1283.9	-12.05%	976.3	2704.8	2.770	1226.8	1339.5	1.092	89.8	113.6	283.5	297.3	
	Stephens	868.6	868.6	-52.65%	811.4	1486	1.831	840.3	900.8	1.072	26.9	89.8	57.9	157.3	
	Taliaferro	1556.5	1556.5	-11.52%	1596.4	1489.9	1.071	1314.3	1952.3	1.485	--	0	661.5	463.4	
	Walton	1171.7	1171.7	-23.63%	977.6	1964.4	2.009	1151.8	1191.9	1.035	18.5	129.1	214.4	712.1	
	Wilkes	1152.4	1139.2	1.16%	1028.7	1358.5	1.321	1135.7	1182.2	1.041	96.5	172.5	410.4	312.9	
Poisoning	Georgia	82.4	82.4	-8.24%	79.5	87.4	1.099	84.9	79.7	1.065	12	26	19.5	17.5	
	16 County Region	93.5	93.5	-8.96%	93	103.5	1.113	95.8	91.9	1.042	18.6	29.8	19.1	20.5	
	Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	1.901	1.901	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Banks	89.9	89.9	-27.44%	96.3	0	--	86.5	94.1	1.088	--	--	30.2	--	
	Barrow	105.8	105.8	-9.96%	108.2	94.5	1.145	106.5	108.7	1.021	24.6	28.5	26.3	25.1	
	Clarke	107.5	107.5	41.45%	76.7	166.3	2.168	96.3	120.1	1.247	32.3	26	24.8	16.7	
	Elbert	69.5	69.5	-21.20%	86.8	--	--	56.5	82.2	1.455	--	32.1	--	--	
	Franklin	115.2	115.2	-38.79%	112.9	--	--	40.8	186.7	4.576	31.9	47.6	--	25	
	Greene	65.7	65.7	-26.59%	--	--	--	87.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Habersham	72.1	72.1	20.97%	77.2	--	--	93	56	1.661	11.3	21.2	13.3	18.4	
	Hart	68.9	68.9	2.99%	61.2	101.7	1.662	39.3	105.6	2.687	14.2	46.4	0 --	--	
	Jackson	93.9	93.9	-19.05%	88.1	156.5	1.776	94.6	91.7	1.032	22	31.5	13.4	18.4	
	Madison	116.3	116.3	-2.76%	114.2	--	--	155.2	78.8	1.970	28.2	35.8	--	21.9	
	Morgan	124.9	124.9	59.72%	149.8	--	--	167.4	88.7	1.887	--	--	66.3	--	
	Oconee	103.6	103.6	100.78%	98.6	--	--	76.5	126.7	1.656	21.5	21.2	17.1	32.7	
	Oglethorpe	84.5	84.5	-31.58%	90	--	--	149.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	
	Stephens	109	109	-20.20%	112.7	--	--	75.2	141.3	1.879	40	42.2	0	19.6	
	Taliaferro	--	--	--	0	--	--	--	0	--	0	--	0	0	
	Walton	88.9	88.9	-5.22%	81.1	131.5	1.621	102.1	75.8	1.347	9.3	25.7	31.2	21.3	
	Wilkes	75.4	75.4	-27.0 1%	--	--	--	--	--	--	0	--	0	0	
	Unintentional Injury	Georgia	3439	3439	-16.01%	3183.1	3819.4	1.200	3840.3	3031.5	1.267	327.5	938.8	929.4	894.5
		16 County Region	4356.1	4356.1	-21.29%	4296.4	5088.5	1.184	4874.4	3838.6	1.270	593.2	1309.5	1126.5	1102.3
		Best/Worst county value ratio (for 16-county region)	2.242	2.242	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
		Banks	4397.3	4397.3	-27.76%	4389	6820.4	1.554	5008.7	3759.1	1.332	448.8	1328.7	1338.8	964.6
		Barrow	4689.5	4689.5	-24.62%	4758.2	5044.8	1.060	5069.9	4313.7	1.175	520.3	1443.6	1317.9	1116.3
Clarke		3431.7	3431.7	-19.15%	2081.1	6265.5	3.011	3774	3996.5	1.219	725.6	747	978.4	742.4	
Elbert		3595.2	3595.2	-28.24%	3413.1	3996.6	1.171	3847.6	3360.5	1.145	540.6	1551	234.1	1033	
Franklin		4553.2	4553.2	-33.86%	4568.1	5326.7	1.166	5317.3	3784.4	1.405	700.3	1989	279	1211.2	
Greene		5873.6	5873.6	-18.27%	4728.2	7038.8	1.489	6677	5053	1.321	554.5	1788.5	1987.6	1214.9	
Habersham		4572.5	4572.5	-6.46%	4820.8	2959.6	1.629	5263.7	3942.7	1.335	429.2	1447.6	1		

APPENDIX B: LICENSED HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS

County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Banks	X-Ray	FIELDALE BALDWIN	184 Professional Drive	Baldwin	30511
Banks	X-Ray	BULLDOG CHIROPRACTIC	30332 Highway 441 South	Commerce	30529
Banks	X-Ray	AFFORDABLE DENTURES OF COMMERCE	287 Steven B. Tanger Boulevard	Commerce	30529
Banks	X-Ray	URGENT CARE BANKS CROSSING	415-b Pottery Factory Dr	Commerce	30529
Banks	X-Ray	COMMERCE PAIN MANAGEMENT	413 Pottery Factory Road	Commerce	30529
Banks	X-Ray	BANKS COUNTY HEALTH CENTER	Evans St; P.o. Box 26	Homer	30547
Banks	X-Ray	CHIROPRACTIC LIFE CENTER	386 Hwy 441 By Pass	Baldwin	30511
Banks	X-Ray	HOMER FAMILY CHIROPRACTIC	1253 Historic Homer Highway	Homer	30547
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Barrow	Acute Care Hospital	BARROW REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	316 North Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ADVANTAGE BEH HLTH SYSTEM- BARROW CO	98 Lanthier Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	PROJECT ADAM RECOVERY RESIDENCE	112 Lanthier Street, P.o. Box 2	Winder	30680
Barrow	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	BARROW COUNTY DIALYSIS CENTER	301 North Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	US RENAL CARE WINDER DIALYSIS	429 Loganville Highway, Suite 105	Winder	30680
Barrow	Narcotics Treatment Program	MEDICINE WHEEL CLINIC- WNDER	85 Auburn Park Drive	Auburn	30011
Barrow	Private Home Care Provider	LIFETIME HEALTH CARE SERVICES	40-g Auburn Park Drive	Auburn	30011
Barrow	X-ray	WILLIAM T. MACNEW, MD	314 N. Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	BENNER AND KENNEDY	212 East Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	CLYDE P. RAGLAND, D.C.	82 West Candler Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	D O BAXTER, P.C.	152 N. Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	L JUSTIN PAYNE, DMD, PC	5391 Highway 53, Suite 101	Braselton	30517
Barrow	X-ray	LARRY J. SHAW, D.D.S., P.C.	315 N. Broad Street, Po Box 626	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	PATRICK H. STEPHENS, D.M.D.	7 Carl-midway Church Road	Auburn	30011
Barrow	X-ray	SEAN YAPLEUGCO, D.C.	220 Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	STEWART CLINIC	206 E. May Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	W. DWIGHT AUSTIN, MD	260 N. Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	AUBURN DENTAL CENTER	1310 Atlanta Highway	Auburn	30011
Barrow	X-ray	BARROW CO INTERNAL MEDICINE	206 East Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	BARROW DENTAL ASSOCIATES, P.C.	197 West Candler Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	BARROW ORTHOPEDIC ASSOCIATES	217 North Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	BARROW PEDIATRICS	561 Jefferson Highway	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	BARROW REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	316 N. Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	BRASELTON FAMILY DENTISTRY	5122 Highway 53	Braselton	30517
Barrow	X-ray	CAMPBELL DENTAL, LLC	48 Piedmont Drive, Suite 302	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	CHATEAU SPINAL REHAB	2095 Highway 211 Nw Suite 3a	Braselton	30517
Barrow	X-ray	COMMERCE SPINAL	6454 Highway 53 North	Braselton	30517
Barrow	X-ray	CORNERSTONE SPORTS MEDICINE & ORTH	314 N Broad Street Suite 340	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	FAMILY FOOT CARE CENTER-WINDER	137 West Athens Street, Unit 102	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	FAMILY PHYSICIANS, P.A.	314 North Broad St., Suite 130	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	GEORGIA SPECIFIC CLINIC OF CHIROPRACTIC	49 Piedmont Drive Suite 104	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	GUILFORD IMMEDIATE CARE	5769 Old Winder Hwy	Braselton	30517
Barrow	X-ray	GWINNETT CLINIC	175 North Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	IMAGING CENTER AT BRASELTON	5875 Thompson Mill Road Ste 190	Hoschton	30548
Barrow	X-ray	MILLER FAMILY CHIROPRACTIC	257 N. Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	MULTIMEDIA DENTAL SYSTEMS, INC	137 North Broad Street, Suite D	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	NORTH BROAD FAMILY MEDICINE	295 N Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	NORTH GEORGIA ORTHODONTICS- WINDER	17 Monroe Highway Suites Cc And Dd	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	NORTH GEORGIA PEDIATRIC DENTISTRY	2695 Old Winder Highway Suite 100	Braselton	30517
Barrow	X-ray	NORTHEAST GEORGIA PHYSICIANS GROUP- FAMILY HEALTH	63 W. Candler St	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	PEACHTREE CHILDREN'S DENTISTRY BETHLEHEM-DR KIL	916 Loganville Hwy, Ste 100	Bethlehem	30620
Barrow	X-ray	PULMONARY & SLEEP SPECIALISTS OF NORTHEAST GEORGIA	30 Satellite Drive, Suite 200	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	REGIONAL FIRST CARE BARROW	340 Exchange Blvd	Bethlehem	30620
Barrow	X-ray	SMILES FOR LIFE DENTAL CARE	5745 Old Winder Hwy Ste E	Braselton	30517
Barrow	X-ray	STANSELL/ PETREE FAM DENTISTRY	369 E. Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	URGENT CARE OF BRASELTON	1515 River Place, Ste 100,	Braselton	30517
Barrow	X-ray	VINEYARD DENTAL CARE	2095 Highway 211 Suite 6a	Braselton	30517
Barrow	X-ray	WAUGH AND ALLEN	359 East Broad Street	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	WINDER DENTAL CARE	339 Atlanta Highway Se	Winder	30680
Barrow	X-ray	WINDER MED PROFESSIONAL ASSC	251 E. Broad Street	Winder	30680
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Clarke	Ambulatory Surgical Center	CENTER FOR PL & RECON SURGERY	3320 Old Jefferson Road, Building 100	Athens	30607
Clarke	Community Living Arrangements	169 OAK BLUFF CLA	169 Oak Bluff Drive	Athens	30607
Clarke	Community Living Arrangements	200 VINCENT DRIVE	200 Vincent Drive	Athens	30607
Clarke	Community Living Arrangements	HOPE HAVEN - WINCHESTER WAY	140 Winchester Way	Athens	30606
Clarke	Community Living Arrangements	HUNTINGTON ROAD	250 Huntington Road	Athens	30606
Clarke	Community Living Arrangements	INNOVATIVE LIVING FOR LIFE	5020 Hickory Drive	Winterville	30683

Clarke	Health Maintenance Organization (hmo)	ATHENS AREA HEALTH PLAN SELECT	295 West Clayton Street	Athens	30601
Clarke	Health Maintenance Organization (hmo)	ATHENS AREA HEALTH PLAN SELECT	295 West Clayton Street	Athens	30601
Clarke	Hospice	COMPASSIONATE CARE HOSPICE OF NORTHERN GA, LLC	2340 Prince Avenue Suite A	Athens	30606
Clarke	Hospice	COMPASSIONATE CARE HOSPICE OF NORTHERN GA, LLC	2340 Prince Avenue Suite A	Athens	30606
Clarke	Hospice	GENTIVA HOSPICE	855 Gaines School Road Suite G,	Athens	30605
Clarke	Hospice	HOMESTEAD HOSPICE & PALLIATIVE CARE	1561 Lenru Road Suite A	Bogart	30622
Clarke	Hospice	HOSPICE ADVANTAGE, LLC	2470 Daniels Bridge Road Suite 171	Athens	30606
Clarke	Hospice	PRUITTHEALTH HOSPICE-ATHENS	435 Hawthorne Avenue Suite 200	Athens	30606
Clarke	Hospice	SOUTHERNCARE ATHENS	825 Baxter Street	Athens	30605
Clarke	Personal Care Home	CUNNINGHAM'S PERSONAL CARE HOME	195 Bristlecone Court	Winterville	30683
Clarke	Personal Care Home	HOUSE OF ANGELS	420 Lavender Road	Athens	30606
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	A C T HOME CARE, INC	1075 Gaines School Road	Athens	30605
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	ADVANTAGE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SYSTEMS	250 North Avenue	Athens	30601
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	A C T HOME CARE, INC	1075 Gaines School Road	Athens	30605
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	ADVANTAGE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SYSTEMS	250 North Avenue	Athens	30601
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	CARING HEARTS HOME CARE PROFESSIONALS	125 Putters Drive	Athens	30607
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	GEORGIA OPTIONS, INC	160 Ben Burton Road	Bogart	30622
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	HEAVENLY SUNSHINE HEALTH SERVICES, LLC	999 Gaines School Road	Athens	30605
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	HOPE HAVEN OF NORTHEAST GEORGIA, INC	795 Newton Bridge Road	Athens	30607
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	OCONEE AREA HOME CARE SERVICES, INC	106 East Paces Drive	Athens	30605
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	REMAIN AT HOME SENIOR CARE, LLC	330 Research Drive	Athens	30605
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	RESCARE HOMECARE	1551 Jennings Mill Road, Ste 2700a	Bogart	30622
Clarke	Private Home Care Provider	WESLEY WOODS OF ATHENS HOME CARE SERVICES	801 Riverhill Drive	Athens	30606
Clarke	Acute Care Hospital	ST MARY'S HOSPITAL	1230 Baxter Street	Athens	30606
Clarke	Ambulatory Surgical Center	GEORGIA LITHOTRIPSY AND LASER	120 Trinity Place	Athens	30607
Clarke	Ambulatory Surgical Center	NORTHEAST GEORGIA PROCEDURE CENTER	1620 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	Ambulatory Surgical Center	AMERICAN EYE SURGERY CENTER, INC	651 South Milledge Avenue	Athens	30605
Clarke	Ambulatory Surgical Center	ATHENA UROLOGY SURGERY CENTER	1500 Oglethorpe Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	Ambulatory Surgical Center	AMERICAN EYE SURGERY CENTER, INC	651 South Milledge Avenue	Athens	30605
Clarke	Ambulatory Surgical Center	ATHENA UROLOGY SURGERY CENTER	1500 Oglethorpe Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	Ambulatory Surgical Center	SURGERY CENTER OF ATHENS, LLC	2142 W Broad Street	Athens	30606
Clarke	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ADVANTAGE BEH HLTH SYSTEM C & A MENTAL HEALTH	2085 S Milledge Ave	Athens	30605
Clarke	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ADVANTAGE BEH HLTH SYSTEM- ADDICTIVE DS	195 Miles Street	Athens	30601
Clarke	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ADVANTAGE BEH HLTH SYSTEM- WOMEN'S TREATMENT	115 Berlin St Apt B-7	Athens	30601
Clarke	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ATHENS AREA COMMENCEMENT CENTER	1175 Mitchell Bridge Road	Athens	30606
Clarke	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ADVANTAGE BEH HLTH SYSTEM C & A MENTAL HEALTH	2085 S Milledge Ave	Athens	30605
Clarke	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ADVANTAGE BEH HLTH SYSTEM- ADDICTIVE DS	195 Miles Street	Athens	30601
Clarke	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ADVANTAGE BEH HLTH SYSTEM- WOMEN'S TREATMENT	115 Berlin St Apt B-7	Athens	30601
Clarke	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ATHENS AREA COMMENCEMENT CENTER	1175 Mitchell Bridge Road	Athens	30606
Clarke	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	GEORGIA DETOX AND RECOVERY CENTERS, LLC - ATHENS	230 Briarcliff Road	Athens	30606
Clarke	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	ATHENS WEST DIALYSIS	1747 Langford Drive Building 500	Bogart	30622
Clarke	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	CLASSIC CITY DIALYSIS INC	2485 Jefferson Rd	Athens	30606
Clarke	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	CLASSIC CITY DIALYSIS INC	2485 Jefferson Rd	Athens	30606
Clarke	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	FRESENIUS MEDICAL CARE CLARKE COUNTY	5105 Jefferson Rd Suite B	Athens	30606
Clarke	Narcotics Treatment Program	ALLIANCE RECOVERY CENTER- ATHENS	119 Sycamore Drive	Athens	30606
Clarke	Narcotics Treatment Program	ALLIANCE RECOVERY CENTER- ATHENS	119 Sycamore Drive	Athens	30606
Clarke	Narcotics Treatment Program	DM & ADR, INC	1710 Commerce Road	Athens	30607
Clarke	Outpatient Physical/speech Therapy	MEDICAL REHABILITATION SYSTEMS	105 Moores Grove Road # 100	Winterville	30683
Clarke	X-ray	A. D. SHACKELFORD JR., D.M.D.	600 Oglethorpe Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ALLAN F. HIXON, D.D.S.	1077 Baxter St	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ANTHONY R GORDON, DPM	798 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ASHMORE AND GOLDEN, LLC	1010 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	A. D. SHACKELFORD JR., D.M.D.	600 Oglethorpe Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ALLAN F. HIXON, D.D.S.	1077 Baxter St	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ANTHONY R GORDON, DPM	798 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ASHMORE AND GOLDEN, LLC	1010 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	BARRY D. SIMMONS, D.D.S.	847 South Milledge Avenue	Athens	30605
Clarke	X-ray	BENJAMIN J. PATRICK, D.M.D.	1155 Cedar Shoals Drive	Athens	30605
Clarke	X-ray	BILLY J GOLDMAN, DMD	1010 Prince Ave Suite 286 North Building	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	BRENT NAIL, DMD	2470 Daniels Bridge Road, Ste 271	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	CHARLES B. BURCH, JR., D.D.S.	175 Hawthorne Park Drive	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	CHARLES J. CARTER, D.D.S.	855 Sunset Drive	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	DAVID ARNOLD MD	1500 Oglethorpe Ave Suite 500a	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	DAVID G DILLARD, MD	1000 Hawthorne Avenue, Suite 0	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	DAVID H. HULSEY, D.D.S.	1761 S. Lumpkin Street	Athens	30606

Clarke	X-ray	DOUGLAS C. HENSON, D.D.S.	600 Oglethorpe Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ERIC WILSON, MD	700 Sunset Drive, Suite 400	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	F NEAL PYLANT, DMD	375 Hawthorne Lane	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	GARY L JONES, DMD	705 Oglethorpe Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	GARY L. JONES, D.M.D.	705 Oglethorpe Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	GLENN C. ALEX, D.M.D.	140 Trinity Place	Athens	30607
Clarke	X-ray	HERMAN A. ELDER, D.M.D., PH.D	2300 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	MELODY HIGGINBOTH, D.M.D.	1171-a Mitchell Bridge Road	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	MICHAEL I. HUPPERT, D.C.	920 S. Milledge Avenue	Athens	30605
Clarke	X-ray	MOSTATA NIKNAFS, D.P.M.	1010 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURG ASC	740 Prince Ave.	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	PHILLIP H. DURDEN, IV, D.M.D.	104 Moores Grove Road	Winterville	30683
Clarke	X-ray	ROBERT W. LOWRY, D.D.S.	1000 Hawthorne Avenue, Suite R	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	RONALD S. COLE, D.M.D.	1060 Gaines School Road	Athens	30605
Clarke	X-ray	ROSANNA MASCIADRI, D.D.S.	1175 Oglethorpe Avenue Suite A	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ROSS RUSSELL, DDS	1010 Prince Ave, Suite 301 East	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	SHEFFIELD & DEMPSEY, MD	150 Nacoochee Ave	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	STANLEY SATTERFIELD, D.M.D.	2000 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	STEPHEN S. FENNELL, D.D.S.	600 Oglethorpe Ave.	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	TERRY E. PARKMAN, D.M.C.	700 Sunset Drive, Suite 401	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	THOMAS M. HENSON, D.D.S.	700 Oglethorpe Avenue, Suite A-5	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	THOMAS R. MCDONALD, D.M.D.	1010 Prince Ave 104-e	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	TIMOTHY H. GARRETT, D.M.D.	1010 Prince Avenue, Suite 303	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	TOM OLIVER, M.D.	360 Hawthorne Lane	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	TONY SIMPSON, DC	700 Hawthorne Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	W. EMORY LINDER, JR., D.D.S.	1060 Gaines School Road Suite B-1	Athens	30605
Clarke	X-ray	WILLIAM G. RICE, D.D.S.	140 Hawthorne Park	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	WOLANDA P HARDY, DDS	10 Huntington Road, Suite A-2	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	AMBULATORY SURGERY CENTER	1765 Old West Broad Street, Bldg 1 #300	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ANTHONY CHIROPRACTIC	335 Hawthorne Lane	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ASPEN DENTAL- ATHENS	1805 Epps Bridge Road	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENA UROLOGY SURGERY CENTER	1500 Oglethorpe Avenue, Ste 2100	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENS ASSOC FAMILY PRACTICE, LLC	300 Hawthorne Lane	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENS ATLAS CHIROPRACTIC CTR	855 Sunset Drive, Suite 8	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENS BONE & JOINT, PC	1010 Prince Avenue, Suite 115 South	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	AMBULATORY SURGERY CENTER	1765 Old West Broad Street, Bldg 1 #300	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ANTHONY CHIROPRACTIC	335 Hawthorne Lane	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ASPEN DENTAL- ATHENS	1805 Epps Bridge Road	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENA UROLOGY SURGERY CENTER	1500 Oglethorpe Avenue, Ste 2100	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENS ASSOC FAMILY PRACTICE, LLC	300 Hawthorne Lane	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENS ATLAS CHIROPRACTIC CTR	855 Sunset Drive, Suite 8	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENS BONE & JOINT, PC	1010 Prince Avenue, Suite 115 South	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENS CARDIOLOGY GROUP	700 Oglethorpe Ave.	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENS CHIROPRACTIC HEALTHCARE	1010 Prince Avenue Suite 184n	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENS UROLOGY ASSOCIATES	1500 Oglethorpe Avenue Suite 2000	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENS VASCULAR SPECIALISTS	195 King Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ATHENS WOMEN'S CLINIC	1270 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	CHASTAIN CHIROPRACTIC CLINIC	455 N. Milledge Avenue	Athens	30601
Clarke	X-ray	CHIROPRACTIC WORKS	101 Cedar Rock Trace	Athens	30605
Clarke	X-ray	CLASSIC CITY ORTHODONTICS	600 Oglethorpe Ave.	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	CHASTAIN CHIROPRACTIC CLINIC	455 N. Milledge Avenue	Athens	30601
Clarke	X-ray	CHIROPRACTIC WORKS	101 Cedar Rock Trace	Athens	30605
Clarke	X-ray	CLASSIC CITY ORTHODONTICS	600 Oglethorpe Ave.	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	DENTAL SLEEP MEDICINE OF GA, PC	1500 Oglethorpe Ave Suite 2300	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	DISCOVER CHIROPRACTIC CLINIC	2440 West Broad Street Ste. 3	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	EAST ATHENS FAMILY DENTISTRY	342 Oak Street	Athens	30601
Clarke	X-ray	ELLIS PAIN MANAGEMENT	650 Oglethorpe Avenue Suite 4	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	ERICKSON CHIROPRACTIC & WELLNESS CENTER	650 Oglethorpe Ave, Ste 2	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	FAMILY CHIROPRACTIC HEALTH CTR	2330 West Broad Street	Athens	30601
Clarke	X-ray	FIVE COUNTY FOOT CARE	2003 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	FOOT AND ANKLE CENTERS OF NE GEORGIA	610 Oglethorpe Avenue Suite B	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	FOUNDATION CHIROPRACTIC	1060 Gaines School Road	Athens	30605
Clarke	X-ray	GEORGIA LITHOTRIPSY & LASER SC	120 Trinity Place	Athens	30607
Clarke	X-ray	GEORGIA SPINE SURGERY CENTER, LLC	1061 Dowdy Road Ste 103	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	HAWTHORNE MEDICAL ASSOCIATES	120 Hawthorne Park	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	HAWTHORNE ORTHOPAEDICS	1000 Hawthorne Avenue, Ste J	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	HENRY L DEWITT, MD	1500 Oglethorpe Ave, Suite 3300	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	MEDICAL CENTER OF ATHENS, INC	1010 Prince Ave., Suite 151 West	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	MERCY HEALTH CENTER	112 Park Avenue	Athens	30601
Clarke	X-ray	NEWMAN AND NAIL DENTAL ASSOCIATES, PC	595 N. Milledge Ave	Athens	30601
Clarke	X-ray	NORTH GEORGIA ORTHODONTICE	4011 Atlanta Highway	Bogart	30622

Clarke	X-ray	NORTHEAST GEORGIA CANCER CARE, LLC	220 Hawthorne Park	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	NORTHEAST GEORGIA CANCER CENTER	3320 Old Jefferson Road, Building 7	Athens	30607
Clarke	X-ray	PERFORMANCE PEDIATRICS & SPORTS MEDICINE	1181 Langford Drive, Building 200, Suite 101	Bogart	30622
Clarke	X-ray	PICKRON ORTHODONTIC CARE	3131 Atlanta Hwy	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	PRINCE AVENUE PRIMARY CARE	892 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	REDDY URGENT CARE	1061 Dowdy Road, Suite 100	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	REGIONAL FIRST CARE	485 Hwy 29 North	Athens	30601
Clarke	X-ray	RICHARD CHIROPRACTIC CENTER	485 Huntington Road, Suite 194	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	SAINT MARYS HEALTHCARE	1230 Baxter Street	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	SMARTCARE URGENT CARE- ATHENS	1480 Baxter St, Ste A	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	STEWART CLINIC OF ATHENS	1135 Prince Avenue	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	SURGERY CENTER OF ATHENS	2142 W Broad Street, Building 100, Suite 100	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	UGA DENTAL CLINIC/ UGA HEALTH CENTER	370 River Road	Athens	30602
Clarke	X-ray	UNIVERSITY HEALTH SERVICE- MED	370 River Road	Athens	30602
Clarke	X-ray	UROLOGY CLINIC, THE	120 Trinity Place	Athens	30607
Clarke	X-ray	WAUGH & ALLEN ORTHODONTICS	1500 Oglethorpe Ave., Ste. 100	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	WAUGH AND ALLEN ORTHODONTICS	2470 Daniels Bridge Road Ste 201	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	WEST ATHENS DENTAL	10 Huntington Road, Suite A-2	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	WINTERVILLE MEDICAL CENTER	Main Street	Winterville	30683
Clarke	X-ray	WOMEN'S HEALTHCARE ASSOCIATES	1000 Hawthorne Ave Suite G	Athens	30606
Clarke	X-ray	WOMENS CENTER OF ATHENS	830 King Avenue	Athens	30606
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Elbert	Acute Care Hospital	ELBERT MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	4 Medical Drive	Elberton	30635
Elbert	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ADVANTAGE BEH HLTH SYSTEM- ELBERT	50 Chestnut Street	Elberton	30635
Elbert	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	ELBERTON DIALYSIS CENTER	894 Elbert St	Elberton	30635
Elbert	Home Health Agency	CARESOUTH HOMECARE PROFESSIONALS	333 B Heard Street	Elberton	30635
Elbert	Rural Health Clinics	MEDICAL CENTER OF ELBERTON, LLP, THE	109 College Avenue	Elberton	30635
Elbert	X-ray	DRS GRIZZLE, KAY AND SAMPLES	21 Chestnut Street	Elberton	30635
Elbert	X-ray	JESSE L. ROBINSON, D.M.D.	6 Forest Avenue	Elberton	30635
Elbert	X-ray	JOE S. CAMPBELL, D.D.S.	48 Laurel Drive	Elberton	30635
Elbert	X-ray	STUART W. ERWIN, D.M.D.	22 Laurel Drive	Elberton	30635
Elbert	X-ray	ELBERT MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	4 Medical Drive	Elberton	30635
Elbert	X-ray	ELBERTON FAMILY CHIROPRACTIC	14 Laurel Drive	Elberton	30635
Elbert	X-ray	MEDICAL CENTER, THE	109 College Avenue	Elberton	30635
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Franklin	Home Health Agency	TUGALOO HOME HEALTH AGENCY, AN AMEDISYS COMPANY	12915 Jones Street	Lavonia	30553
Franklin	Acute Care Hospital	ST MARY'S SACRED HEART HOSPITAL, INC	367 Clear Creek Parkway	Lavonia	30553
Franklin	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	US RENAL CARE ROYSTON DIALYSIS	611 Cook Street	Royston	30662
Franklin	Rural Health Clinics	REDDY MEDICAL GROUP- FRANKLIN SPRINGS STREET	132 Franklin Springs Street	Royston	30662
Franklin	X-ray	D. L. STONE, D.M.D.	5771 Vickery Street	Lavonia	30553
Franklin	X-ray	M. TRUETT WATSON, D.D.S.	323 Franklin Springs Street	Royston	30662
Franklin	X-ray	MICHAEL R. CALLAHAN, D.M.D.	12991 Jones Street	Lavonia	30553
Franklin	X-ray	FAMILY FIRST HEALTHCARE OF NEGA	11973 Augusta Road	Lavonia	30553
Franklin	X-ray	FAMILY FOOT CARE CENTER-LAVONIA	12322 Augusta Road	Lavonia	30553
Franklin	X-ray	FRANKLIN COUNTY HEALTH DEPT	Highway 145, P.o. Box 546	Carnesville	30521
Franklin	X-ray	FRANKLIN MEDICAL ASSOCIATES	7850 Royston Road	Carnesville	30521
Franklin	X-ray	GLOBAL WOUND CARE, LLC	200 Bond Street	Royston	30662
Franklin	X-ray	LAVONIA CLINIC	12192 Augusta Road	Lavonia	30553
Franklin	X-ray	ROYSTON DIAGNOSTIC CENTER	930 Franklin Springs St	Royston	30662
Franklin	X-ray	ROYSTON MEDICAL ASSOCIATES	819 Church Street	Royston	30662
Franklin	X-ray	TRI-COUNTY MEDICAL	132 Franklin Springs Street	Royston	30662
Franklin	X-ray	TURNER PODIATRY & WOUND CARE	891 Church Street	Royston	30662
Franklin	X-ray	WALLACE R. WIGGINS, D.D.S.	7888 Highway 145	Carnesville	30521
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Greene	Private Home Care Provider	RESCARE HOMECARE	1028 Founders Row	Greensboro	30642
Greene	Critical Access Hospital	ST MARY'S GOOD SAMARITAN HOSPITAL	5401 Lake Oconee Parkway	Greensboro	30642
Greene	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	PENFIELD CHRISTIAN HOMES- MAIN CAMPUS	1061 Mercer Circle	Penfield	30669
Greene	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	GREENSBORO DIALYSIS CENTER	1220 Siloam Road	Greensboro	30642
Greene	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	LAKE OCONEE DIALYSIS CENTER	1000 Cowles Clinic Way	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	FAMILY MED CTR OF LAKE OCONEE	1041 Park Drive	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	FAMILY MEDICAL ASSOCIATES	118 S Main Street	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	FRANKS CHIROPRACTIC LIFE CTR	1031 Parkside Commons, Suite 103	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	GREENSBORO FAMILY DENTISTRY	1590 South Main St	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	LAKE OCONEE FAMILY DENTAL	1010 Park Dr.	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	LAKE OCONEE ORAL SURGERY	1031 Founders Row	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	LAKE OCONEE SMILE CENTER	1050 Parkside Commons 103	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	MCG MEDICAL ASSOCIATES	2011 Westend Drive	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	MIDDLE GA MEDICAL ASSOCIATES	1110 Commerce Drive Suite 108	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	R NORMAN LEE, DDS	1041 Parkside Commons Ste 104	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	SCOTT ROBERTS, DMD	1021 Founders Row	Greensboro	30642
Greene	X-ray	ST MARYS GOOD SAMARITAN HOSPITAL	5401 Lake Oconee Parkway	Greensboro	30642

Greene	X-ray	TENDER CARE	803 South Main Street	Greensboro	30642
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Habersham	Home Health Agency	HCMC HOME CARE	1040 Historic Hwy 441 North Suites C And D	Demorest	30535
Habersham	Acute Care Hospital	HABERSHAM COUNTY MEDICAL CTR	541 Historic Highway 441-north	Demorest	30535
Habersham	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	AVITA COMMUNITY PARTNERS- HABERSHAM COUNTY	196 Scoggins Drive	Demorest	30535
Habersham	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	FRESENIUS MEDICAL CARE HABERSHAM	735 N Historic Hwy 441	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	ADVANCED HEALTHCARE	101 Demorest Square Suite G	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	CENDIE R. CRAWLEY, DMD	1080 Historic Highway 441, Suite D	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	CHESTON B. KIMSEY JR., D.D.S.	5 Jefferson Street	Clarksville	30523
Habersham	X-ray	CHIROPRACTIC SPINAL CENTER	799 N. Main Street	Cornelia	30531
Habersham	X-ray	CHIROPRACTIC SPINE CTR N GA	475 S. Washington Street, Suite C	Clarksville	30523
Habersham	X-ray	DEMOREST FAMILY MEDICINE	4020 Demorest/mt. Airy Hwy	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	DONALD CANTRELL, DMD	157 Hodges Street	Cornelia	30531
Habersham	X-ray	DR. WEYRICH, JANET D.D.S.,MS	106 Sherwood Drive	Clarksville	30523
Habersham	X-ray	EUBANK FAMILY DENISTRY	107 Sherwood Drive	Clarksville	30523
Habersham	X-ray	F. STUART SANDERS, M.D.	207 Adams Street	Clarksville	30523
Habersham	X-ray	HABERSHAM COUNTY HEALTH DEPT	185 Scoggins Drive	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	HABERSHAM COUNTY MEDICAL CTR	Highway 441; P.o. Box 37	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	HABERSHAM MEDICAL GROUP, P.C.	277 Madison Street	Clarksville	30523
Habersham	X-ray	HABERSHAM OB/GYN	870-a Austin Drive	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	HABERSHAM ORTHODEPIC SURGERY	157 Adams Drive; P. O. Box 610	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	HABERSHAM PODIATRY	134-b Market Corners	Cornelia	30531
Habersham	X-ray	HABERSHAM PRIMARY CARE	590 Historic Hwy 441	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	HOLLY R. CANTRELL, D.M.D., MS	108 Highland Avenue	Cornelia	30531
Habersham	X-ray	J KENNETH WELDON, DDS	172 Professional Park Drive	Clarksville	30523
Habersham	X-ray	JAMES H. FARMER, D.M.D.	265 Railroad Avenue	Clarksville	30523
Habersham	X-ray	JOHN P. GALE, D.M.D.	1088 South Main Street	Cornelia	30531
Habersham	X-ray	MRI & IMAGING OF GEORGIA-HABERSHAM	638 441 Historic Highway N Suite D	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	MY FAMILY DOC AND PAIN MANAGEMENT	1070 Historic Hwy 441	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	NORTH GEORGIA ORTHOPAEDICS	638 Highway 441 Suite B	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	PAIN CLINIC OF NORTH GEORGIA	191 Historic Highway 441	Demorest	30535
Habersham	X-ray	PATRICK K. MCSHANE, D.M.D.	469 Clarksville Street	Cornelia	30531
Habersham	X-ray	RALPH L JACKSON, D.M.D., P.C.	105 Highland Ave.	Cornelia	30531
Habersham	X-ray	REGINA BOLING, DDS	808 S Washington St/p.o. Box 1461	Clarksville	30523
Habersham	X-ray	ROBERT M. MILLER, D.D.S.	133 Madison Street	Clarksville	30523
Habersham	X-ray	S. KENT WHITE, D.M.D.	217 N. Main Street	Cornelia	30531
Habersham	X-ray	SCOTT THOMPSON, D.M.D.	225 Jefferson Street	Clarksville	30523
Habersham	X-ray	SPINAL REHABILITATION CENTERS, INC	186 Cannon Bridge Road, Ste B	Cornelia	30531
Habersham	X-ray	TOM GALE, D.M.D.	1058 Wayside Street	Cornelia	30531
Habersham	X-ray	WOODS CHIROPRACTIC CENTER	746 East Louise Street	Clarksville	30523
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Hart	Personal Care Home	BROOKDALE HARTWELL	45 Walnut Street	Hartwell	30643
Hart	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	AVITA COMMUNITY PARTNERS- HART COUNTY	228 North College Ave	Hartwell	30643
Hart	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	LAKE HARTWELL DIALYSIS	1065 East Franklin Street	Hartwell	30643
Hart	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	LAKE HARTWELL KIDNEY CENTER	98 Arthur Street	Hartwell	30643
Hart	Medicare/medicaid Nursing Home	HART CARE CENTER	261 Fairview Avenue	Hartwell	30643
Hart	Medicare/medicaid Nursing Home	HARTWELL HEALTH AND REHABILITATION	94 Cade Street	Hartwell	30643
Hart	Rural Health Clinics	REDDY URGENT CARE- HARTWELL, LLC	138 Gibson Street	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	NICHOLS CLINIC, THE	166 Athens Street	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	CHARLES M. SMITH, D.M.D.	259 Athens Street	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	DR HAMWAY	162 Cade Street	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	FAMILY FOOTCARE CENTER	1087 East Franklin Street Suite G	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	HART COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT	64 Reynold Street	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	HART COUNTY HOSPITAL	Gibson And Cade Streets	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	HARTWELL CHIROPRACTIC CLINIC	351 W. Franklin Street	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	HARTWELL DENTAL ASSOCIATES	56 West Gibson	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	HARTWELL FAMILY PRACTICE	229 Athens Street	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	MANN FAMILY CHIROPRACTIC	3992 Anderson Hwy	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	MICHAEL A. LEE, D.M.D.	30 Chandler Center	Hartwell	30643
Hart	X-ray	REDDY URGENT CARE-HARTWELL	138 W Gibson Street	Hartwell	30643
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Jackson	Acute Care Hospital	NORTHBRIDGE MEDICAL CENTER	70 Medical Center Drive	Commerce	30529
Jackson	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ADVANTAGE BEH HLTH SYSTEM- JACKSON	383 General Jackson Drive	Jefferson	30549
Jackson	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	COMMERCE KIDNEY CENTER	592 Ridgeway Road, Suite A	Commerce	30529
Jackson	Narcotics Treatment Program	ROBERT W DAIL MEMORIAL TREATMENT CENTER	734 Hospital Road	Commerce	30529
Jackson	X-ray	B J C ORTHOPEDICS	15 Medical Center Drive	Commerce	30529
Jackson	X-ray	BANKS-JACKSON-COMMERCE HOSP	1934 Hospital Road	Commerce	30529
Jackson	X-ray	CHIROPRACTIC HEALTH AND WELLNESS CENTER	1689 Old Pendergrass Rd Suite 360	Jefferson	30549
Jackson	X-ray	CHIROPRACTIC SPINAL CENTER	2331 N Elm St, Commerce Plaza Shopping Ctr	Commerce	30529
Jackson	X-ray	COMPLETE HEALTH CHIROPRACTIC AND REHAB	55 Freedom Parkway, Suite 112	Hoschton	30548
Jackson	X-ray	CREATIVE CHIROPRACTIC HEALTH CLINIC	1872 Washington Street	Jefferson	30549
Jackson	X-ray	DAVID COONEY, DDS	6323 Grand Hickory Dr 100 D	Braselton	30517

Jackson	X-ray	DAVID COONEY, DDS	1689 Old Pendergrass Road, Suite 350-a	Jefferson	30549
Jackson	X-ray	DOUGLAS E. CLEVELAND, D.D.S.	441 Athens Street	Jefferson	30549
Jackson	X-ray	ELAINE R. BECK, D.D.S.	1797 North Elm Street	Commerce	30529
Jackson	X-ray	FAMILY FOOTCARE CENTER	679 Hospital Road	Commerce	30529
Jackson	X-ray	GARY L JONES, DMD	1304 Broad Street	Commerce	30529
Jackson	X-ray	HEARTLAND DENTAL CARE OF GA-BRASELTON DENTAL CARE	2625 Old Winder Hwy, Ste G	Braselton	30517
Jackson	X-ray	HOWELL ORTHODONTICS	2614 Hwy 129 N	Jefferson	30549
Jackson	X-ray	JACKSON CO FAMILY WELLNESS	1756 124 West	Jefferson	30549
Jackson	X-ray	JAN X-RAY SERVICES, INC.	8343 Minard Road	Parma	49269
Jackson	X-ray	JEFFERSON CHIROPRACTIC	644 Athens Street	Jefferson	30549
Jackson	X-ray	JOHN T. CRENSHAW, MD	219 Memorial Drive/ P.o.box 219	Jefferson	30549
Jackson	X-ray	LESLIE DAVID, MD	115 Towne Center Parkway Suite 113	Hoschton	30548
Jackson	X-ray	PEDIATRIC DENTISTRY	215 Mercer Place	Commerce	30529
Jackson	X-ray	REGIONAL FIRST CARE	528 Panther Drive	Jefferson	30549
Jackson	X-ray	SAMUEL K. THOMASON, D.D.S.	1397 S. Elm Street	Commerce	30529
Jackson	X-ray	SUSAN HAWN, M D	1654 Washington Street	Jefferson	30549
Jackson	X-ray	WILLIAM R NEWELL, DMD, PC	1681 Old Pendergrass Rd Suite 195	Jefferson	30549
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Madison	Private Home Care Provider	BURTON HOME CARE, LLC	21 Ivywood Drive	Hull	30646
Madison	Rural Health Clinics	REDDY MEDICAL GROUP- GENERAL DANIEL AVENUE	280 General Daniel Avenue	Danielsville	30633
Madison	X-ray	DR. ROBERT HOOPER	371 Highway 98 East	Danielsville	30633
Madison	X-ray	DANIELSVILLE FAMILY PRACTICE	385 Highway 98 East Po Box 509	Danielsville	30633
Madison	X-ray	TRI COUNTY MEDICAL CENTER	280 General Daniels Ave; P.o. Box 767	Danielsville	30633
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Morgan	Critical Access Hospital	MORGAN MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	1077 South Main Street	Madison	30650
Morgan	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	MADISON KIDNEY CENTER	1311 Atlanta Highway	Madison	30650
Morgan	Rural Health Clinics	MADISON MEDICAL ASSOCIATES, PC	1075 South Main Street Suite 100	Madison	30650
Morgan	X-ray	ADRIAN WOODRUFF, JR., D.M.D.	480 Hancock Street	Madison	30650
Morgan	X-ray	MICHAEL D HUGHES, DC	113 Fairplay Street	Rutledge	30663
Morgan	X-ray	MICHAEL MONTGOMERY	1040 Barclay Drive	Madison	30650
Morgan	X-ray	CHARLES SCHERER, III, DDS	2151 Eatonton Highway	Madison	30650
Morgan	X-ray	FAMILY CHIROPRACTORS	1163 Eatonton Road	Madison	30650
Morgan	X-ray	FAMILY CHIROPRACTORS	1163 Eatonton Road	Madison	30650
Morgan	X-ray	FOREST PAGETT, D.M.D.	139 E Jefferson St	Madison	30650
Morgan	X-ray	GEORGIA FOOT & ANKLE, PC	1075 S Main Street	Madison	30650
Morgan	X-ray	MADISON FAMILY DENTISTRY, LLC	1686 Eatonton Road	Madison	30650
Morgan	X-ray	MADISON PEDIATRICS, P.C.	1820 Bethany Road	Madison	30650
Morgan	X-ray	MORGAN MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	1077 South Main Street	Madison	30650
Morgan	X-ray	ORTHODONTIC CARE OF MADISON	1690 Eatonton Road	Madison	30650
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Oconee	Home Health Agency	AMICITA HOME HEALTH, LLC	1612 Mars Hill Road, Suite B	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Home Health Agency	GUARDIAN HOME CARE OF CENTRAL GEORGIA	1551 Jennings Mill Road, Building 2500 A	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Home Health Agency	ST MARY'S HOME HEALTH SERVICES	1021 Jamestown Blvd Suite 215	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Hospice	AFFINIS HOSPICE, LLC	1612 Mars Hill Road, Suite A	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Hospice	BRIDGEWAY HOSPICE	1731 Meriweather Drive	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Hospice	SAINT MARY'S HOSPICE SERVICES	1021 Jamestown Blvd Suite 215	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Personal Care Home	MAGNOLIA ESTATES OF OCONEE	1641 Virgil Langford Road	Bogart	30622
Oconee	Private Home Care Provider	CARE TO CONTINUE	1431 Capital Avenue, Suite 115	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Private Home Care Provider	CHRISTOPHER'S BRIDGE, LLC	1026 Twelve Oaks Drive Ste E	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Private Home Care Provider	FAMILY LIFE HOME CARE, INC	1582 Mars Hill Road Suite C	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Private Home Care Provider	HOME INSTEAD SENIOR CARE OF ATHENS GEORGIA	1551 Jennings Mill Road, Bldg 2200 A	Bogart	30622
Oconee	Private Home Care Provider	NIGHTINGALE SERVICES, INC	1580 Mars Hill Road Suite B	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Private Home Care Provider	RESCARE INC	1551 Jennings Mill Road, Suite 1600 B	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Private Home Care Provider	VISITING ANGELS	3651 Mars Hill Road Suite 1300 B	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Private Home Care Provider	WHY LEAVE HOME SENIOR CARE	1020 Barber Creek Drive Ste321	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	Ambulatory Surgical Center	GEORGIA SPINE SURGERY CENTER, LLC	1061 Dowdy Road, Suite 103	Athens	30606
Oconee	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ATHENS ADDICTION RECOVERY CENTER	8801 Macon Highway, Suite 2	Athens	30606
Oconee	Medicare/medicaid Nursing Home	HIGH SHOALS HEALTH AND REHABILITATION	3450 New High Shoals Rd	High Shoals	30645
Oconee	Outpatient Physical/speech Therapy	HORIZON PHYSICAL THERAPY & REHAB, INC	1306 Caduceus Way	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	OCONEE ENDODONTICS	1622 Mars Hill Road Suite B	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	ATHENS DENTISTRY FOR CHILDREN'S	2470 Daniels Bridge Road, Building 200, Suite H	Athens	30606
Oconee	X-ray	BRAD HALL, DMD	2470 Daniels Bridge Road, Building 100 A	Athens	30606
Oconee	X-ray	CHRIS STRICKLAND, DDS	1582 Mars Hill Road Suite B	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	CHUCK CHAMBERS, DMD	2281 Hog Mountain Road	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	DAVENPORT FAMILY CHIROPRACTICE	1120 Mars Hill Road	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	DEANN HARMON, DDS	1590 Mars Hill Road, Suite 1	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	E. JAYNI BRADLEY, D.M.D.	1120 Mars Hill Road, Suite 101	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	ELLIS PAIN CENTER	1500 Langford Medical Drive	Bogart	30622
Oconee	X-ray	EPPS VILLAGE FAMILY DENTISTRY	1720 Epps Bridge Road, Suite 110	Athens	30606
Oconee	X-ray	FRED H SIMONTON III DMD	1590 Mars Hill Road	Watkinsville	30677

Oconee	X-ray	GREATER ATHENS PHYSICIANS, INC	1550 Mars Hill Road	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	GREG WARE, DDS	1031 Village Drive	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	HARDISON FAMILY CHIRO	1020 Barber Creek Drive, Ste 310	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	HAWTHORNE MEDICAL ASSOCIATES	1351 Stonebridge Parkway, Bldg 105	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	HARDISON FAMILY CHIRO	1020 Barber Creek Drive, Ste 310	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	HAWTHORNE MEDICAL ASSOCIATES	1351 Stonebridge Parkway, Bldg 105	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	HEALTHFIRST FAMILY CHIROPRACTIC	1580 Mars Hill Road Suite B	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	JAMES DAVID BROWN, D.M.D.	1010 Woodlands Road	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	JOHN S. FRANTZ, D.M.D.	1120 Mars Hill Road, Suite 100	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	LAWRENCE GEORGE, DDS	1520 Jennings Mill Road	Bogart	30622
Oconee	X-ray	M D PAIN CARE DR TALLEY JR MD	1622 Mars Hill Rd Suite C	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	NETWORK FOR EFFECTIVE WOMAN'S SERVICES	1351 Stonebridge Parkway	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	NEW IMAGE DENTAL GROUP	1040 Garland Drive Suite 200	Bogart	30622
Oconee	X-ray	REGIONAL FIRST CARE	1010 Village Drive	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	RONNIE E. MOBLEY, D.D.S.	2281 Hog Mt. Road	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	ST MARY'S DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING CENTER	2470 Daniels Bridge Road, Bldg 300	Athens	30606
Oconee	X-ray	WAUGH AND ALLEN ASSOCIATES	2261 Hog Mountain Road	Watkinsville	30677
Oconee	X-ray	WINDRIDGE FAMILY MEDICINE	1612 Mars Hill Road, Suite B	Watkinsville	30677
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Oglethorpe	X-ray	CRAWFORD-LEXINGTON MEDICAL CTR	U.s. Highway 78	Lexington	30648
Oglethorpe	X-ray	MICHAEL C. KEMPF, D.D.S.	Route 1 Oglethorpe Hwy 78	Lexington	30648
Oglethorpe	X-ray	RIVER OF LIFE CHIROPRACTIC	1071 Athens Road	Crawford	30630
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Stephens	Hospice	AMEDISYS HOSPICE	53 Rock Drive	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	Private Home Care Provider	RESCARE HOMECARE	74 Hwy 123	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	Acute Care Hospital	STEPHENS COUNTY HOSPITAL	163 Hospital Drive	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	AVITA COMMUNITY PARTNERS- STEPHENS CO	1763 Fernside Drive	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	FRESENIUS MEDICAL CARE TOCCOA	929 Falls Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	Narcotics Treatment Program	PITTARD CLINIC	1654 Falls Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	Outpatient Physical/speech Therapy	PHYSICAL THERAPY SPECIALISTS	22 Hayes Street	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	FOOT HILLS IMAGING	274 Big A Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	CARRINGER CHIROPRACTIC WELLNESS	33 Memorial Business Drive	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	D. REX PATTERSON, D.D.S.	845 South Big A Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	EDMONDS CHIROPRACTIC CLINIC	756 Big A Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	FAMILY FOOT CARE CENTER-TOCCOA	711 Rose Lane	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	J. H. WILBANKS, D.D.S.	504 E. Doyle Street	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	JAMES FORDYCE, MD	3018-b Falls Avenue/p O Box 250	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	MICHAEL CLEVELAND, D.D.S.	485 Falls Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	NORTHEAST GA BONE & JOINT SURGERY	218 Falls Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	PHILLIP LAWRENCE, D.C.	418 N. Broad Street	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	SAM CASTILLO, D.M.D.	6439 S. Big A Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	STEPHENS COUNTY HEALTH DEPT	222 North Boulevard	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	STEPHENS COUNTY HOSPITAL	163 Hospital Drive	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	T. DALE TWILLEY, D.M.D.	735 South Big A Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	TOCCOA CANCER CENTER/ NGMC CAMPUS	1640 Falls Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	TOCCOA CLINIC	58 Big A Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	TRI COUNTY PODIATRIC SERVICES	6392 South Big A Road	Toccoa	30577
Stephens	X-ray	V. LOWERY, III, D.D.S., P.C.	Rt 2, Box 408 Memorial Drive	Eastanollee	30538
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Taliaferro	Personal Care Home	JABEZ INC A GA PERSONAL CARE HOME 2	339 E A Taylor Road	Crawfordville	30631
Taliaferro	X-ray	TALIAFERRO COUNTY HEALTH DEPT	55 Alexander Street	Crawfordville	30631
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Walton	Community Living Arrangements	DOLLY'S CLA 2	2030 Ga Hwy 11	Monroe	30656
Walton	Community Living Arrangements	EXCEPTIONAL COMMUNITY SERVICES	1812 Brook Court	Monroe	30655
Walton	Community Living Arrangements	MONICA EVELYN	1761 Ridgecrest Drive	Monroe	30655
Walton	Community Living Arrangements	SION'S PLACE	2649 Georgia Hwy 11	Monroe	30656
Walton	Medicare/medicaid Nursing Home	PARK PLACE NURSING FACILITY	1865 Bold Springs Road	Monroe	30655
Walton	Medicare/medicaid Nursing Home	SOCIAL CIRCLE NSG & REHAB CTR	671 North Cherokee Road	Social Circle	30025
Walton	Personal Care Home	ANointed HANDS PCH	3193 Old Monroe Madison	Monroe	30655
Walton	Personal Care Home	C & G CARE WHISPERS	5520 Highway 20	Loganville	30052
Walton	Personal Care Home	CANDLER RIDGE II	1205 Nunnally Drive	Monroe	30655
Walton	Personal Care Home	CARING HEARTS PERSONAL CARE HOME	430 South Broad Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	Personal Care Home	CARRIAGE HOUSE OF SOUTHERN PLANTATION	690 Tommy Lee Fuller Drive	Loganville	30052
Walton	Personal Care Home	CHOICE CARE SENIOR LIVING AT CS FLOYD	278 Cs Floyd Road	Loganville	30052
Walton	Personal Care Home	CRISTIAN'S HOUSE	6354 Escroe Dr	Loganville	30052
Walton	Personal Care Home	EVA & ERMA'S HOUSE	2458 Red Oak Bend	Oxford	30054
Walton	Personal Care Home	GENTLE TOUCH PCH	110 Main Street	Jersey	30018
Walton	Personal Care Home	GRACEY MANOR	3400 Youth Monroe Road	Loganville	30052
Walton	Personal Care Home	HOLLANDER SENIOR LIVING	171 Highway Us 78 Nw	Monroe	30655
Walton	Personal Care Home	JUDAH PCH	134 East 5th Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	Personal Care Home	KARING HEARTS	1143 Lavista Drive	Monroe	30655
Walton	Personal Care Home	LARK'S NEST, THE	210 Main Street	Loganville	30052
Walton	Personal Care Home	LEE LEGACY PCH	431 South Broad Street	Monroe	30655

Walton	Personal Care Home	LIVING TREASURES PERSONAL CARE	4682 Cedar Drive	Loganville	30052
Walton	Personal Care Home	MARABLE MANOR	235 E Marable Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	Personal Care Home	MARABLE MANOR II	303 Church Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	Personal Care Home	MIRACLE GARDEN PCH	3591 Stoney Creek Way	Loganville	30052
Walton	Personal Care Home	OPTIMUM CARE HOME	964 Navaho Trail	Monroe	30655
Walton	Personal Care Home	PETAL'S PERSONAL CARE HOME 2	713 East Spring Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	Personal Care Home	PETALS PERSONAL CARE HOME	422 South Broad St	Monroe	30655
Walton	Personal Care Home	SENIOR SOLUTIONS / EDINBURGH	621 North Cherokee Rd	Social Circle	30025
Walton	Personal Care Home	SENIOR SOLUTIONS / HAMPTON COURT	621 N Cherokee Road	Social Circle	30025
Walton	Personal Care Home	SENIOR SOLUTIONS / MATTHEWS MANOR	621 N Cherokee Road	Social Circle	30025
Walton	Personal Care Home	SIMPLY ELEGANT CARE HOMES II	1250 Nicholsville Road	Monroe	30656
Walton	Personal Care Home	SOUTHERN PLANTATION	580 Tommy Lee Fuller Drive	Loganville	30052
Walton	Personal Care Home	WILLOW RIDGE HOME	181 Main Street	Loganville	30052
Walton	Private Home Care Provider	24 HOUR PROFESSIONALS, INC	667 Michael Circle	Monroe	30655
Walton	Private Home Care Provider	AN ANGEL'S HANDS, LLC	120 S Cherokee Road	Social Circle	30025
Walton	Private Home Care Provider	CENTER FOR MEDICAL RESOURCES, INC	155 Bankers Blvd, Bldg A, Suite 100	Monroe	30655
Walton	Private Home Care Provider	COMFORT KEEPERS #677	4402 Lawrenceville Road, Suite 203	Loganville	30052
Walton	Private Home Care Provider	EXCEPTIONAL COMMUNITY SERVICES, INC	304 East Church Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	Private Home Care Provider	GLORY HEALTHCARE SERVICES, LLC	7744d Hampton Place	Loganville	30052
Walton	Acute Care Hospital	CLEARVIEW REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	2151 West Spring Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	Drug Abuse Treatment Center	ADVANTAGE BEH HLTH SYSTEM- WALTON	834 Highway 11 Sw	Monroe	30655
Walton	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	DSI SOCIAL CIRCLE DIALYSIS	1032 Bateman Drive	Social Circle	30025
Walton	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	FMC DIALYSIS SERVICES WALTON	299 Plaza Drive	Monroe	30655
Walton	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	WALTON COUNTY DIALYSIS	225 Plaza Drive	Monroe	30655
Walton	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	WALTON DIALYSIS CENTER	710 Breedlove Dr	Monroe	30655
Walton	Licensed Laboratory	CLEARVIEW REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	2151 West Spring Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	DR WAYNE HULSEY	333 Alcova Street, Suite 9	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	ADAMS CLINIC OF CHIROPRACTIC	2070 Georgia Hwy 11, Nw	Monroe	30656
Walton	X-ray	BAPTIST MOBILE HEALTH MINISTRY	3741 Rosebud Road	Loganville	30052
Walton	X-ray	CARR MEDICAL GROUP	3470 Youth Monroe Road	Loganville	30052
Walton	X-ray	CLEARVIEW REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	2151 West Spring Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	COAST DENTAL- LOGANVILLE	4325 Atlanta Hwy, Suite 9	Loganville	30052
Walton	X-ray	COMTEMPORARY DENTISTRY	7760 Hampton Place	Loganville	30052
Walton	X-ray	DAVID G. CARITHERS, D.D.S.	238 Main Street	Loganville	30052
Walton	X-ray	DENNY L. MALCOM, D.D.S.	133 Cherokee Road	Social Circle	30025
Walton	X-ray	FAITH IN SERVING HUMANITY MEDICAL/DENTAL	226 Alcovy Street Building F	Monroe	30656
Walton	X-ray	GLACCUM CHIROPRACTIC CLINIC	120 Camp Street, Ste A	Loganville	30052
Walton	X-ray	GWINNETT CLINIC	4397 Atlanta Highway	Loganville	30052
Walton	X-ray	JOHN WEST D.D.S.	803 East Spring St	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	KENNETH GRUBBS, D.D.S., P.A.	101 Davis Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	KOCH ORTHODONTICS	4743 Atlanta Highway, Suite 380	Loganville	30052
Walton	X-ray	LARRY J MILLER, DMD, PC	862 Michael Etchison Road	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	LOGANVILLE FAMILY MEDICINE	4589 Lawrenceville Hwy	Loganville	30052
Walton	X-ray	MONROE MEDICAL & WELLNESS, P.C	924 Spring Street West	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	MONROE SMILE CENTER	256 Hammomd Drive	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	ORAL SURGERY ASSOC & DENTAL IMPLANT CTR-MONROE	307 South Broad Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	PATRICIA PASS-DUDLEY D.D.S.	148 M. L. King Blvd	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	PRINCETON DENTAL GROUP-LOGANVILLE	4353 Atlanta Hwy	Loganville	30052
Walton	X-ray	PROVIDENCE ORTHOPEDICS & SPORTS MEDICAL	1401 West Spring Street, Suite 200	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	REDDY URGENT CARE-MONROE	500 Great Oaks Drive	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	SCOTT W SMITH DMD	4376 Lawrenceville Road/loganv'll Plaza	Loganville	30052
Walton	X-ray	SOCIAL CIRCLE DENTAL	1027 Bateman Drive Suite C	Social Circle	30025
Walton	X-ray	SPRING STREET FAMILY DENTISTRY	416 E Spring Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	STEVEN C. TAYLOR, D.D.S.	303 South Broad Street	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	THOMAS E. MCGARITY, D.D.S.	129 Main Street	Jersey	30018
Walton	X-ray	WALTON FAMILY MEDICINE	521 Great Oak Drive	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	WALTON INTERNAL MEDICINE	705 Breedlove Drive, Suite 100	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	WALTON ORTHOPAEDICS & SPORTS M	333 Alcoy Suite 1	Monroe	30655
Walton	X-ray	WAYNE HULSEY, MD	521 Great Oaks Drive	Monroe	30655
County	Facility Type	Name	Address	City	Zip
Wilkes	Community Living Arrangements	SOTO HOME #1	2570 Sharon Road	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Community Living Arrangements	SOTO HOME #3	2580 Sharon Road	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Community Living Arrangements	SOTO HOME #6	263 Wrightsboro Road	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Community Living Arrangements	SOTO HOME #7	1024 Spring Street	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Community Living Arrangements	SOTO HOME 8	1490 Thomson Road	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Home Health Agency	CSRA HOME HEALTH AGENCY, INC	127 Gordon Street	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Medicare/medicaid Nursing Home	PRUITTHEALTH - WASHINGTON	112 Hospital Drive	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Personal Care Home	COUNTRY MANOR PERSONAL CARE HOME	173 N Hulin Ave	Tignall	30668
Wilkes	Personal Care Home	DIVINE CARE PERSONAL CARE HOME	605 Georgia Avenue	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Personal Care Home	ECHOLS PCH	5266 Lexington Road	Rayle	30660
Wilkes	Personal Care Home	HARPERS PERSONAL CARE HOME	186 Bootlegger Lane	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Personal Care Home	SOUTHERN MANOR SENIOR LIVING	184 Pine Lane	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Personal Care Home	TIGNALL HOUSE, THE	185 S Hulin Ave	Tignall	30668
Wilkes	Private Home Care Provider	C S R A PRIVATE DUTY, INC	127 Gordon Street	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Critical Access Hospital	WILLS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	120 Gordon Street	Washington	30673
Wilkes	End Stage Renal Dialysis Clinic	WASHINGTON DIALYSIS CENTER	154 Washington Plaza	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Licensed Laboratory	WILLS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL LABORATORY	120 Gordon Street	Washington	30673
Wilkes	Rural Health Clinics	COMMUNITY MEDICAL ASSOCIATES OF WASHINGTON	212 Hospital Drive	Washington	30673
Wilkes	X-ray	BARNWELL CLINIC OF CHIROP	307 N. By Pass	Washington	30673
Wilkes	X-ray	BRUCE HOLES, D.M.D.	22 W. Robert Toombs Avenue	Washington	30673
Wilkes	X-ray	CARLTON W HEARN D.D.S.	507 Spring Street	Washington	30673
Wilkes	X-ray	DOWNTOWN CHIROPRACTIC	22 R. West Robert Tooms Avenue	Washington	30673
Wilkes	X-ray	GEORGIA PINE MEDICAL CENTER	123 Gordon Street, Suite A	Washington	30673
Wilkes	X-ray	JAMES B. FINCH, D.M.D.	214 Hospital Drive	Washington	30673
Wilkes	X-ray	SOUTHERN CHIROPRACTIC	110 E Robert Toombs Avenue	Washington	30673
Wilkes	X-ray	WASHINGTON INTERNAL MEDICINE	22 R West Robert Toombs Ave	Washington	30673
Wilkes	X-ray	WILKES COUNTY HEALTH DEPT.	204 Gordon Street	Washington	30673
Wilkes	X-ray	WILLS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	120 Gordon Street	Washington	30673

APPENDIX C: IDENTIFIED COMMUNITY RESOURCES

County	Resource Type	Agency	Program Name
Banks	Aging Resources	Assisted Living Association of Georgia	Southern Pines Senior Care, Inc
Banks	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Banks	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Banks	Child and Youth Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Georgia Pre-K
Banks	Child and Youth Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Head Start
Banks	Counseling Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Banks	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Banks	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Banks	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Georgia Pre-K
Banks	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Head Start
Banks	Employment	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Banks	Financial Assistance	Salvation Army	Project Share
Banks	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Banks	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating/Utility Assistance
Banks	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Banks	Food/Food Pantry	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Banks	Housing	Homer Housing Authority	Housing Programs
Banks	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Housing Programs
Banks	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Weatherization Services
Banks	Medical	Banks County Health Department	Health Services
Banks	Medical	Medlink (Homer)	Health Services
Banks	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Banks	Medical	Georgia Department of Public Health, District 2	Banks County Health Department
Barrow	Aging Resources	Barrow Senior Citizens Center	The Senior Citizens Center
Barrow	Arts and Culture	Barrow Senior Citizens Center	The Senior Citizens Center
Barrow	Child and Youth Services	Division of Child Support	Child Support Services
Barrow	Child and Youth Services	Division of Family and Children Services	Adoption
Barrow	Child and Youth Services	Division of Family and Children Services	Afterschool Services
Barrow	Child and Youth Services	Division of Family and Children Services	Child Protective Services
Barrow	Child and Youth Services	Division of Family and Children Services	Foster Care
Barrow	Child and Youth Services	Division of Family and Children Services	Subsidized Child Care Assistance
Barrow	Child and Youth Services	Easter Seals Disability Service	Quality Child Care for Children of All Abilities
Barrow	Child and Youth Services	The Tree House	Child Services Program
Barrow	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Barrow	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Barrow	Clothing	St. Vincent de Paul	St. Vincent de Paul Society
Barrow	Counseling Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Barrow	Counseling Services	Bush Chapel African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church	Food Pantry And Various Counseling Services
Barrow	Counseling Services	Comprehensive Counseling Services, LLC	Anger Management
Barrow	Counseling Services	Comprehensive Counseling Services, LLC	Family Violence Intervention Program
Barrow	Counseling Services	Comprehensive Counseling Services, LLC	MRT
Barrow	Counseling Services	Comprehensive Counseling Services, LLC	Parenting
Barrow	Counseling Services	Comprehensive Counseling Services, LLC	Substance Abuse Treatment
Barrow	Counseling Services	Comprehensive Counseling Services, LLC	Values Clarification Course
Barrow	Counseling Services	Northeast Georgia Homeless Veterans Shelter	Homeless Veterans Assistance
Barrow	Counseling Services	Peace Place, Inc.	Outreach Services and Legal Advocacy
Barrow	Counseling Services	Peace Place, Inc.	Safety Planning
Barrow	Counseling Services	Project ADAM Community Assistance Center, Inc.	Residential Treatment
Barrow	Counseling Services	The Tree House	Child Services Program
Barrow	Counseling Services	The Tree House	Family Services Program
Barrow	Counseling Services	Winder First United Methodist Church	Stephen Ministry
Barrow	Disability Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Barrow	Education	Division of Family and Children Services	Adoption
Barrow	Education	Division of Family and Children Services	Afterschool Services
Barrow	Education	Division of Family and Children Services	The Personal Responsibility Education Program
Barrow	Education	Peace Place, Inc.	Education & Community Awareness
Barrow	Education	Peace Place, Inc.	Teen Dating Violence
Barrow	Education	St. Vincent de Paul	St. Vincent de Paul Society
Barrow	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Barrow	Emergency/Crisis Care	Comprehensive Counseling Services, LLC	Family Violence Intervention Program
Barrow	Emergency/Crisis Care	Peace Place, Inc.	Outreach Services and Legal Advocacy
Barrow	Emergency/Crisis Care	Peace Place, Inc.	Shelter
Barrow	Emergency/Crisis Care	Peace Place, Inc.	Teen Dating Violence
Barrow	Emergency/Crisis Care	The Tree House	Child Services Program
Barrow	Employment	Northeast Georgia Homeless Veterans Shelter	Homeless Veterans Assistance
Barrow	Family Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Barrow	Family Services	Come Alive Ministries	Hope Program
Barrow	Family Services	Comprehensive Counseling Services, LLC	Parenting
Barrow	Family Services	Division of Family and Children Services	Adoption
Barrow	Family Services	Division of Family and Children Services	Refugee Resettlement
Barrow	Family Services	Peace Place, Inc.	Children And Family Programs
Barrow	Family Services	The Tree House	Family Services Program
Barrow	Financial Assistance	Action, Inc.	Community services
Barrow	Financial Assistance	Church of The Month	Utility Assistance
Barrow	Financial Assistance	Division of Family and Children Services	Church of the Month
Barrow	Financial Assistance	Division of Family and Children Services	Energy Assistance Program
Barrow	Financial Assistance	Salvation Army	Project Share
Barrow	Financial Assistance	St. Vincent de Paul	St. Vincent de Paul Society
Barrow	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating/Utility Assistance
Barrow	Food/Food Pantry	First Baptist Church of Carl	Food Pantry
Barrow	Food/Food Pantry	Bethabara Baptist	Deacon Ministry- Food Pantry
Barrow	Food/Food Pantry	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Barrow	Food/Food Pantry	Barrow County Food Bank	Food Pantry
County	Resource Type	Agency	Program Name
Barrow	Food/Food Pantry	Barrow Senior Citizens Center	The Senior Citizens Center
Barrow	Food/Food Pantry	Bush Chapel African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church	Food Pantry And Various Counseling Services
Barrow	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Emergency Food Assistance
Barrow	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Barrow	Food/Food Pantry	St. Vincent de Paul	St. Vincent de Paul Society

Barrow	Food/Food Pantry	Winder First United Methodist Church	Food Pantry
Barrow	Government	Division of Family and Children Services	Adoption
Barrow	Housing	Northeast Georgia Homeless Veterans Shelter	Transitional Housing for Veterans
Barrow	Housing	Peace Place, Inc.	Transitional Housing
Barrow	Housing	St. Vincent de Paul	St. Vincent de Paul Society
Barrow	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Housing Programs
Barrow	Housing	Winder Housing Authority	Housing
Barrow	Legal Services	Barrow Senior Citizens Center	The Senior Citizens Center
Barrow	Legal Services	Comprehensive Counseling Services, LLC	Values Clarification Course
Barrow	Legal Services	Division of Child Support	Child Support Services
Barrow	Legal Services	Division of Family and Children Services	Adoption
Barrow	Legal Services	Peace Place, Inc.	Outreach Services and Legal Advocacy
Barrow	Medical	Amedysis Central Home Health	Home Health Services
Barrow	Medical	Barrow Regional Medical Center	Health Services
Barrow	Medical	Barrow Senior Citizens Center	The Senior Citizens Center
Barrow	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Barrow	Medical	Medlink Georgia, Inc.	Family Health Services/ Family Medicine
Barrow	Medical	Barrow Regional Medical Center	Health Services
Barrow	Medical	Northeast Health District	Health Department
Barrow	Medical	Come Alive Ministries	Free Pregnancy Tests
Barrow	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Council on Alcohol and Drugs	Alcohol Abuse Prevention Initiative
Barrow	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Addictive Disease/Substance Abuse Treatment
Barrow	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Comprehensive Counseling Services, LLC	Substance Abuse Treatment
Barrow	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Peace Place, Inc.	Children And Family Programs
Barrow	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Project ADAM Community Assistance Center, Inc.	Intensive Outpatient Treatment
Barrow	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Project ADAM Community Assistance Center, Inc.	Outpatient Treatment
Barrow	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Project ADAM Community Assistance Center, Inc.	Residential Treatment
Barrow	Veterans	Northeast Georgia Homeless Veterans Shelter	Homeless Veterans Assistance
Clarke	Aging Resources	Oconee Area Home Care Services	Companion/Sitter Services
Clarke	Aging Resources	Oconee Area Home Care Services	Homemaker Services
Clarke	Aging Resources	Oconee Area Home Care Services	Homemaker Services
Clarke	Child and Youth Services	Quality Care for Children	Find Child Care
Clarke	Child and Youth Services	REAL LEDGE	School Based Enterprise
Clarke	Child and Youth Services	Slater Foundation for Youth	Pretty Girls Rock
Clarke	Child and Youth Services	Athens YMCA	Youth
Clarke	Child and Youth Services	Downtown Ministries	Downtown Life
Clarke	Child and Youth Services	The Sparrow's Nest	Youth group
Clarke	Child and Youth Services	Athens Neighborhood Health Center	Athens Neighborhood Youth Leadership Academy
Clarke	Education	U-Lead Athens	U-Lead Athens
Clarke	Family Services	Joyce Ervin Open Hearts Center	Adopt a Family For Christmas
Clarke	Family Services	Hope Springs Christian Fellowship	C & M Cafe
Clarke	Education	Women to the World	Clarke County Literary Force
Clarke	Family Services	Family Connection-Communities in Schools of Athens, Inc	Neighborhood Leaders Program
Clarke	Financial Assistance	United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development	Single Family Housing Direct Home Loans
Clarke	Housing	American Red Cross	Disaster Services
Clarke	Housing	Area Agency on Aging	Housing Options and Advocacy
Clarke	Housing	Athena Gardens	Affordable Senior Housing
Clarke	Housing	Athens - Clarke Heritage Foundation, Inc.	Hands On Athens
Clarke	Housing	Athens Area Homeless Shelter	Almost Home
Clarke	Housing	Athens Area Homeless Shelter	Going Home
Clarke	Housing	Athens Housing Authority	Affordable Housing
Clarke	Housing	Athens Land Trust	Affordable Housing
Clarke	Housing	Habitat for Humanity	New Home Construction
Clarke	Housing	Habitat for Humanity	Rental Properties
Clarke	Housing	Area Agency on Aging	Housing Options and Advocacy
Clarke	Housing	Homeless Day Service	Housing Assistance
Clarke	Housing	Interfaith Hospitality Network of Athens, Inc	Interfaith Hospitality Network, Inc
Clarke	Housing	PLR Athens	Recovery Housing
Clarke	Housing	Project Safe	On Going Support
Clarke	Housing	Women to the World	PALS Athens
Clarke	Housing	UGA the Aspire Clinic	Improve Your Home Environment
Clarke	Information and Referral	A Place for Mom	Connecting Families to Senior Living
Clarke	Information and Referral	Area Agency on Aging	Aging and Disability Resource Connection
Clarke	Information and Referral	Athens Latino Center for Education and Services	Referrals
Clarke	Information and Referral	Community Connection of Northeast Georgia	2-1-1 Information and Referral
Clarke	Information and Referral	Community Connection of Northeast Georgia	HandsOn Northeast Georgia
Clarke	Information and Referral	Family Connection-Communities in Schools of Athens, Inc	Communities in Schools Site Coordinators
Clarke	Information and Referral	Sparrow's Nest Mission Church	Social Services Ministry
Clarke	Information and Referral	Stonehenge Youth Association	Stonehenge Youth Association
Clarke	Information and Referral	The Cottage, Sexual Assault Center and Children's Advocacy Center	Child and Teen Services
Clarke	Legal Services	ASPIRE Clinic	Legal Problem Solving
Clarke	Legal Services	Athens Day Reporting Center/ Probation	Prison Diversion Alternative
Clarke	Legal Services	Athens Latino Center for Education and Services	Deferred Action Assistance
Clarke	Legal Services	Athens Senior Resources Network	Legal Services
Clarke	Legal Services	Athens-Clarke County Police Department	Academies and Internships
Clarke	Legal Services	Athens-Clarke County Police Department	Accident Reports, Crime Reports, Crime Prevention, Traffic Citations
Clarke	Legal Services	Athens-Clarke County Police Department	Crime Prevention Unit
Clarke	Legal Services	Athens-Clarke County Police Department	Protection Information
County	Resource Type	Agency	Program Name

Clarke	Legal Services	Athens-Clarke County Police Department	Public Announcements
Clarke	Legal Services	Athens-Clarke County Treatment and Accountability Court	Treatment and Accountability Court
Clarke	Legal Services	Athens-Oconee CASA	Athens- Oconee CASA
Clarke	Legal Services	Board of Elections	Voter Information
Clarke	Legal Services	Children First, Inc.	Athens-Oconee CASA
Clarke	Legal Services	Children First, Inc.	Family Time Community Visitation Center
Clarke	Legal Services	Children First, Inc.	Safe Care/Family Fusion
Clarke	Legal Services	Clarke County Municipal Court	Cases, Court Dates and Fines
Clarke	Legal Services	Clarke County Probation	DUI / Drug Court Program
Clarke	Legal Services	Clarke County Probation	Pretrial Intervention
Clarke	Legal Services	Clarke County Probation	Pretrial Release
Clarke	Legal Services	Clarke County Probation	Violence Against Women
Clarke	Legal Services	Clerk of Superior and State Court	Legal Services
Clarke	Legal Services	District Attorney's Office	Prosecuting Attorney
Clarke	Legal Services	Division of Child Support	Child Support Services
Clarke	Legal Services	Economic Justice Coalition	Civic Engagement
Clarke	Legal Services	Economic Justice Coalition	Living Wage Advocacy
Clarke	Legal Services	Elderly Legal Assistance Program	Legal Information
Clarke	Legal Services	Georgia Clients Council, Inc.	Veda McKnight Community Leadership Empowerment Institute
Clarke	Legal Services	Georgia Department of Labor	TOPPSTEP
Clarke	Legal Services	Georgia Legal Services Program	Legal Services
Clarke	Legal Services	Georgia Therapy Associates	Substance Abuse Treatment for Criminal Justice Clients
Clarke	Legal Services	Next Step Care	Home Health Services
Clarke	Legal Services	Public Defender	Divisions
Clarke	Legal Services	Quality Care for Children	Additional Child Care Resources
Clarke	Legal Services	Samaritan Center for Counseling and Wellness	Private Consultation
Clarke	Legal Services	Silver & Archibald LLP	Law Firm
Clarke	Legal Services	Solicitor General's Office	Prosecution
Clarke	Legal Services	The Cottage, Sexual Assault Center and Children's Advocacy Center	Adult Services
Clarke	Legal Services	The Cottage, Sexual Assault Center and Children's Advocacy Center	Child and Teen Services
Clarke	Legal Services	Treatment and Accountability Court	Treatment and Accountability Court
Clarke	Legal Services	UGA Family Violence Clinic	UGA Family Violence Clinic
Clarke	Legal Services	UGA Public Interest Practicum	Civil Programs
Clarke	Legal Services	Western Judicial Circuit Felony Drug Court	Drug Court
Clarke	Legal Services	Department of Juvenile Justice	Jurisdiction and Function
Clarke	Legal Services	The Official Democratic Party Committee of Clarke County, Georgia	Voter Registration and Assistance
Clarke	Legal Services	UGA the Aspire Clinic	Improve Your Legal Situation
Clarke	Medical	A.C.T. HOME CARE, INC.	Private Home Care Services
Clarke	Medical	Advantage Behavioral Health	Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services
Clarke	Medical	Advantage Behavioral Health	Counseling and Therapy Services
Clarke	Medical	AIDS Athens, Inc.	Medical Care
Clarke	Medical	Amedysis Central Home Health	Home Health Services
Clarke	Medical	Apria Healthcare	Health Services
Clarke	Medical	Area Agency on Aging	Community Based Programs
Clarke	Medical	Area Agency on Aging	Medicare Counseling
Clarke	Medical	Athens Neighborhood Health Center	Health Care Financial Counseling
Clarke	Medical	Athens Neighborhood Health Center	Marketing and Outreach
Clarke	Medical	Athens Nurses Clinic	Health Care
Clarke	Medical	Athens Pregnancy Center	Earn While You Learn
Clarke	Medical	Athens Regional Health System	Health Services
Clarke	Medical	Athens Senior Resources Network	Home Health Care
Clarke	Medical	Athens Senior Resources Network	Medical Supplies
Clarke	Medical	BrightStar Care	Alzheimer's and Dementia Care
Clarke	Medical	BrightStar Care	Companion Care
Clarke	Medical	BrightStar Care	Errand and Transportation Services
Clarke	Medical	BrightStar Care	Skilled Home Health Care
Clarke	Medical	Burton Homecare LLC	Personal Care Support
Clarke	Medical	CareSouth Homecare Professionals *	Home Health Services
Clarke	Medical	Charlie Norwood VA Medical Center	Community Based Outpatient Clinic
Clarke	Medical	Charlie Norwood VA Medical Center	Hospital
Clarke	Medical	Custom Mobility	Mobility Assistance
Clarke	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Clarke	Medical	Family Care, Inc.	Transitional Care Services
Clarke	Medical	First African Methodist Episcopal Church	Aerobics and Health Ministry
Clarke	Medical	Georgia Therapy Associates	Detoxification
Clarke	Medical	Halcyon Hospice	Hospice Services
Clarke	Medical	Lincare	Respiratory In-Home Health Equipment Services
Clarke	Medical	Athens Neighborhood Health Center	Health Services
Clarke	Medical	Athens Nurses Midwives	Health Services
Clarke	Medical	Athens Nurses' Clinic	Health Services
Clarke	Medical	Lions Club Athens, Inc.	Vision Athens
Clarke	Medical	Loran Smith Center for Cancer Support at Athens Regional Medical Center	Cancer Risk Assessment/Genetic Testing
Clarke	Medical	Loran Smith Center for Cancer Support at Athens Regional Medical Center	Healing Therapy
Clarke	Medical	Loran Smith Center for Cancer Support at Athens Regional Medical Center	Social Support Services
Clarke	Medical	Mercy Health Center	Medical Clinic
Clarke	Medical	Multiple Specialties - Clinic	Internal Medicine
Clarke	Medical	Next Step Care	Home Health Services
Clarke	Medical	Northeast Health District	Health Department
Clarke	Medical	Northeast Health District	Teen Matters Clinic
Clarke	Medical	Nuci Phillips Memorial Foundation	Eye Care
County	Resource Type	Agency	Program Name
Clarke	Medical	Oconee Area Home Care Services	Personal Care Services

Clarke	Medical	Oconee Area Home Care Services	Respite Services
Clarke	Medical	Oconee Area Home Care Services	Skilled Nursing Services
Clarke	Medical	Physicians Circle for Patients	Healthcare Services
Clarke	Medical	Project Safe	On Going Support
Clarke	Medical	Pruitthealth Home First Atlanta	Health Care Services
Clarke	Medical	Regional FirstCare Athens *	Health Services
Clarke	Medical	Southern Care Inc.	Southern Care Inc.
Clarke	Medical	Sparrow's Nest Mission Church	Social Services Ministry
Clarke	Medical	St. Mary's Hospital and Health Care System *	Medical Services
Clarke	Medical	The United States Social Security Administration	Medicare
Clarke	Medical	Athens YMCA	Aquatics
Clarke	Medical	Athens YMCA	Fitness
Clarke	Medical	Loran Smith Center for Cancer Support at Athens Regional Medical Center	Wigs/Turbans/Hats
Clarke	Medical	Reddy Urgent Care	Health Services
Clarke	Medical	UGA the Aspire Clinic	Improve Your Nutrition
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Addictive Disease/Substance Abuse Treatment
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Advantage Cares
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Counseling and Therapy Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Criminal Justice/Court Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Crisis Stabilization
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Homeless Day-Service Center
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Mental Health Community-Based Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Mental Health Day Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Mental Health Residential Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	AIDS Athens, Inc.	Educational Workshops and Days of Support
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	AIDS Athens, Inc.	Housing
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	AIDS Athens, Inc.	Social Supportive Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Alcoholics Anonymous Athens	Alcoholics Anonymous
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Area Agency on Aging	Community Based Programs
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	ASPIRE Clinic	Individual, Couple, and Family Therapy Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Athens Area Commencement Center	Substance Abuse Program for Professionals
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Athens Area Commencement Center	Substance Abuse Treatment
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Athens Day Reporting Center/ Probation	Prison Diversion Alternative
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Athens Psychological Services	Psychological and Counselling Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Athens Regional Health System	Courage to Quit
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Athens-Clarke County Treatment and Accountability Court	Treatment and Accountability Court
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Charlie Norwood VA Medical Center	Community Based Outpatient Clinic
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Clarke County Probation	DUI / Drug Court Program
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Clarke County Probation	Violence Against Women
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Freedom From Bondage	Freedom From Bondage
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Georgia Therapy Associates	Detoxification
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Georgia Therapy Associates	Methadone Detoxification
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Georgia Therapy Associates	Persons with co-occurring mental and substance abuse disorders
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Georgia Therapy Associates	Substance abuse treatment for criminal justice clients
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Georgia Therapy Associates	Substance abuse treatment services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Hill Chapel Baptist church	Narcotics Anonymous
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Hope House Recovery	Rehab Center
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Loran Smith Center for Cancer Support at Athens Regional Medical Center	Counseling and Education
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Loran Smith Center for Cancer Support at Athens Regional Medical Center	Healing Therapy
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Loran Smith Center for Cancer Support at Athens Regional Medical Center	Social Support Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Loran Smith Center for Cancer Support at Athens Regional Medical Center	Support Groups
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Lutheran Services of Georgia	FACES

Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Multiple Choices	Basic Skills Training
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Multiple Choices	Peer Advocacy
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Nuci Phillips Memorial Foundation	Mental Healthcare
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Oasis Counseling Center	Life After Diagnosis
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Oasis Counseling Center	Women's Empowerment Group
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Palm House Recovery Center Inc.	11 Step Meeting
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Palm House Recovery Center Inc.	Group Therapy
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Person-Centered Therapy	Anger Management
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Person-Centered Therapy	Clinical Evaluation
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Person-Centered Therapy	DUI / Drug Risk Reduction Program
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Person-Centered Therapy	Prime for Life
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	PLR Athens	Peer Led Drop-in Service
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Public Defender	Divisions
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Samaritan Center for Counseling and Wellness	Education
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Samaritan Center for Counseling and Wellness	Private Consultation
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Sparrow's Nest Mission Church	Social Services Ministry
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Sparrow's Nest Mission Church	Support Group for At-Risk Youth
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Sparrow's Nest Mission Church	Support Group for Substance Abuse
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	The Athens Area Commencement Center Alcohol & Drug Addiction Recovery Program	Aftercare
County	Resource Type	Agency	Program Name
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	The Athens Area Commencement Center Alcohol & Drug Addiction Recovery Program	Ambulatory Detoxification
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	The Athens Area Commencement Center Alcohol & Drug Addiction Recovery Program	Evening Outpatient Treatment
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	The Athens Area Commencement Center Alcohol & Drug Addiction Recovery Program	Intensive Outpatient Treatment
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	The Athens Area Commencement Center Alcohol & Drug Addiction Recovery Program	Partial Hospitalization / Day Treatment
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	The Cottage, Sexual Assault Center and Children's Advocacy Center	Adult Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	The Cottage, Sexual Assault Center and Children's Advocacy Center	Child and Teen Services
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Treatment and Accountability Court	Treatment and Accountability Court
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Western Judicial Circuit Felony Drug Court	Drug Court
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Alcoholics Anonymous Athens	Alcoholics Anonymous
Clarke	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	UGA the Aspire Clinic	Improve Your Self
Clarke	Transportation	Area Agency on Aging	Community Based Programs
Clarke	Transportation	Athens Community Council on Aging	Services for Older Adults
Clarke	Transportation	Athens Transit	Public Transportation
Clarke	Transportation	Athens Transit	The LIFT
Clarke	Transportation	BikeAthens	Bicycle Education
Clarke	Transportation	BikeAthens	The Bike Recycling Program
Clarke	Transportation	BrightStar Care	Errand and Transportation Services
Clarke	Transportation	Custom Mobility	Mobility Assistance
Clarke	Transportation	Department of Driver Services	Driver Services
Clarke	Transportation	Homeless Day Service	SOAR: Client Direct Benefits
Clarke	Transportation	Interfaith Hospitality Network of Athens, Inc	Interfaith Hospitality Network, Inc
Clarke	Transportation	Sparrow's Nest Mission Church	Social Services Ministry
Clarke	Transportation	Athens for Everyone	Public Transit Campaign
Clarke	Veterans	Family Counseling Service of Athens, Inc.	Help for Veterans
Clarke	Veterans	American Red Cross	Services to the Armed Forces
Elbert	Child and Youth Services	Division of Child Support	Child Support Services
Elbert	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Elbert	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Elbert	Counseling Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Addictive Disease/Substance Abuse Treatment
Elbert	Counseling Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Counseling and Therapy Services
Elbert	Counseling Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Elbert	Counseling Services	Flanigan's Counseling and Evaluation Services	Drug Counseling
Elbert	Disability Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Elbert	Education	Northeast Health District	Teen Matters Clinic
Elbert	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Elbert	Family Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Elbert	Financial Assistance	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Elbert	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating/Utility Assistance
Elbert	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Elbert	Food/Food Pantry	Hope Center of Elberton, GA	Food Pantry
Elbert	Food/Food Pantry	Safe House Ministries	Food Pantry
Elbert	Food/Food Pantry	Salvation Army	Food Pantry
Elbert	Homeless Shelter	Safe House Ministries	Homeless Shelter
Elbert	Housing	Elberton Housing Authority	Housing Program

Elbert	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Housing Programs
Elbert	Legal Services	Division of Child Support	Child Support Services
Elbert	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Elbert	Medical	Elbert Memorial Hospital	Medical Services
Elbert	Medical	Medlink (Bowman)	Health Services
Elbert	Medical	Northeast Health District	Health Department
Elbert	Medical	Elbert Memorial Hospital	Health Services
Elbert	Medical	Northeast Health District	Teen Matters Clinic
Elbert	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Addictive Disease/Substance Abuse Treatment
Elbert	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Counseling and Therapy Services
Elbert	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Mental Health Day Services
Elbert	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Flanigan's Counseling and Evaluation Services	Drug Counseling
Franklin	Aging Resources	Franklin County Senior Center	Home Delivered Meals
Franklin	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Franklin	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Franklin	Child and Youth Services	Connections for Special Parents	Special programs
Franklin	Child and Youth Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Georgia Pre-K
Franklin	Child and Youth Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Head Start
Franklin	Counseling Services	Harmony House Child Advocacy Center Inc.	Advocacy for Victims of Violence
Franklin	Counseling Services	Harmony House Child Advocacy Center Inc.	Counseling
Franklin	Counseling Services	Heart Ministries	Residential Addiction Treatment
Franklin	Counseling Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Franklin	Disability Services	Connections for Special Parents	Special programs
Franklin	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Franklin	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Franklin	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Georgia Pre-K
Franklin	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Head Start
Franklin	Emergency/Crisis Care	Harmony House Child Advocacy Center Inc.	Advocacy for victims of violence
Franklin	Employment	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Franklin	Family Services	Franklin Life Pregnancy Resource Center, Inc.	Earn While You Learn
Franklin	Financial Assistance	Salvation Army	Project Share
Franklin	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Franklin	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating Assistance
Franklin	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
County	Resource Type	Agency	Program Name
Franklin	Food/Food Pantry	Franklin County Senior Center	Home Delivered Meals
Franklin	Food/Food Pantry	Rainbow Pantry	Food Pantry
Franklin	Food/Food Pantry	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Franklin	Housing	Lavonia Housing Authority	Low-Income Housing
Franklin	Housing	Royston Housing Authority	Housing
Franklin	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Housing Programs
Franklin	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Weatherization services
Franklin	Legal Services	Harmony House Child Advocacy Center Inc.	Advocacy for victims of violence
Franklin	Legal Services	Harmony House Child Advocacy Center Inc.	Prosecutorial Services
Franklin	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Franklin	Medical	Georgia Department of Public Health, District 2	Franklin County Health Department
Franklin	Medical	Ty Cobb Regional Medical	Health Services
Franklin	Medical	Connections for Special Parents	Special programs
Franklin	Medical	Medlink Georgia, Inc.	Family Health Services/ Family Medicine
Franklin	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Heart Ministries	Residential Addiction Treatment
Franklin	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Harmony House Child Advocacy Center Inc.	Support Groups
Franklin	Transportation	Franklin County Senior Center	Transportation
Greene	Aging Resources	Assisted Living Association of Georgia	Savannah Court of Lake Oconee
Greene	Aging Resources	Greene County Senior Center	Consumer Information and Outreach
Greene	Aging Resources	Greene County Senior Center	Healthy Living
Greene	Aging Resources	Greene County Senior Center	Recreation and Socialization
Greene	Aging Resources	Greene County Senior Center	Transportation
Greene	Aging Resources	Lake Oconee Assisted Living	Residential Care for Assisted Living
Greene	Aging Resources	ResCare Home Care Inc.	HomeCare Services
Greene	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Greene	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Greene	Clothing	Greene County Christian Outreach	Clothing
Greene	Counseling Services	First Call Pregnancy Health Center	Post-Abortion Counseling and Support Groups
Greene	Disability Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Greene	Disability Services	Lake Oconee Assisted Living	Residential Care for Assisted Living
Greene	Donations	Greene County Christian Outreach	Furniture and Household Goods
Greene	Education	TenderCare Clinic	Wellness Program
Greene	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Greene	Emergency/Crisis Care	Circle of Love Center, Inc.	Emergency and Crisis care
Greene	Family Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Greene	Financial Assistance	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Greene	Financial Assistance	Greene County Christian Outreach	Utility Payment Assistance
Greene	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Greene	Food/Food Pantry	Greene County Senior Center	Healthy Living
Greene	Homeless Shelter	Greene County Christian Outreach	Transitional Housing/Shelter
Greene	Housing	Union Point Housing Authority	Housing Program
Greene	Information and Referral	First Call Pregnancy Health Center	Referrals to Community Resources and Agencies
Greene	Information and Referral	Greene County Senior Center	Consumer Information and Outreach
Greene	Legal Services	Circle of Love Center, Inc.	Emergency and Crisis Care
Greene	Legal Services	Greene County Senior Center	Consumer Information and Outreach
Greene	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Greene	Medical	First Call Pregnancy Health Center	Maternal Services
Greene	Medical	Greene County Senior Center	Healthy Living
Greene	Medical	Northeast Health District	Health Department
Greene	Medical	St. Mary's Good Samaritan Hospital	Medical Services
Greene	Medical	TenderCare Clinic	Dental
Greene	Medical	TenderCare Clinic	Medical
Greene	Medical	TenderCare Clinic	Pharmacy
Greene	Medical	TenderCare Clinic	Pharmacy
Greene	Medical	TenderCare Clinic	Wellness Program

Greene	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Greene County Senior Center	Consumer Information and Outreach
Greene	Transportation	Assisted Living Association of Georgia	Savannah Court of Lake Oconee
Greene	Transportation	Greene County Senior Center	Consumer Information and Outreach
Greene	Transportation	Greene County Senior Center	Healthy Living
Greene	Transportation	Greene County Senior Center	Transportation
Habersham	Aging Resources	Alzheimer's Family Support Group Baldwin	Alzheimer's Family Support Group
Habersham	Aging Resources	Habersham County Senior Center	Senior Center
Habersham	Child and Youth Services	Division of Child Support	Child support services
Habersham	Child and Youth Services	Athens YMCA	Resident Camps
Habersham	Child and Youth Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Georgia Pre-K
Habersham	Child and Youth Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Head Start
Habersham	Child and Youth Services	Department of Family and Children Services	Habersham DFCS Office
Habersham	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	4-H Club
Habersham	Child and Youth Services	Habersham County Homework Centers	Elementary After-School Homework Help
Habersham	Child and Youth Services	Habersham County Mentoring Program	Child Mentor Program
Habersham	Clothing	Habersham Churches in Cooperative Ministry	Sharing & Caring Places
Habersham	Counseling Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Habersham	Disability Services	Georgia Mountain Resources	Support Services
Habersham	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Habersham	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Georgia Pre-K
Habersham	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Head Start
Habersham	Education	Habersham County Homework Centers	Elementary After-School Homework Help
Habersham	Emergency/Crisis Care	Circle of Hope	Domestic Violence Services
Habersham	Employment	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Habersham	Employment	Georgia Department of Labor	Local Dept. of Labor office
Habersham	Employment	New Connections to Work	Employment Services
Habersham	Family Services	CASA Program Clarkesville	Court Appointed Special Advocate
Habersham	Family Services	Prevent Child Abuse-Habersham	First Steps and Meet to Talk Programs
Habersham	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
County	Resource Type	Agency	Program Name
Habersham	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating Assistance
Habersham	Financial Assistance	Habersham Churches in Cooperative Ministry	Sharing & Caring Places
Habersham	Food/Food Pantry	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Habersham	Food/Food Pantry	Habersham County Soup Kitchens	Soup Kitchens
Habersham	Food/Food Pantry	Hope for Hungry at Level Grove Baptist Church	Food Pantry
Habersham	Food/Food Pantry	Habersham Churches in Cooperative Ministry	Sharing & Caring Places
Habersham	Government	Georgia Department of Labor	Local Dept. of Labor office
Habersham	Homeless Shelter	Habersham Homeless Ministries	Temporary Family Shelters
Habersham	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Housing Programs
Habersham	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Weatherization
Habersham	Information and Referral	The Arc of Georgia	Information and Referral
Habersham	Legal Services	Division of Child Support	Child Support Services
Habersham	Legal Services	Circle of Hope	Domestic Violence Services
Habersham	Legal Services	Child Support Enforcement	Collection Assistance
Habersham	Medical	Medlink (Demorest)	Health Services
Habersham	Medical	Georgia Department of Public Health, District 2	Habersham County Health Department
Habersham	Medical	GraceGate Medical Clinic	Low-Income Medical Care
Habersham	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Alcoholics Anonymous Cornelia	Alcoholics Anonymous
Habersham	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Centerpoint Counseling Services	Counseling Services
Habersham	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Clarkesville Counseling & Mediation Services, Inc.	Counseling Services
Habersham	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Foothills Counseling Center	Counseling Services
Habersham	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Georgia Mountains Community Services	Habersham Mental Health
Habersham	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	LifeWorks Counseling Services	Counseling Services
Habersham	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Mustard Seed Counseling Service, Inc.	Counseling Services
Habersham	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	North Georgia Counseling Center, Inc.	Counseling Services
Habersham	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Victory Home	Residential Alcohol Rehabilitation
Habersham	Veterans	Georgia Department of Veterans Services	Local Dept. of Veterans office
Hart	Case Management	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence	Non-residential/ Outreach & Crisis Intervention
Hart	Child and Youth Services	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Children's Programs
Hart	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Hart	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Hart	Child and Youth Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Head Start
Hart	Child and Youth Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Georgia Pre-K
Hart	Clothing	Hart County Clothes Closet	Clothes Closet
Hart	Counseling Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Hart	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Hart	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Head Start
Hart	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Georgia Pre-K
Hart	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Hart	Emergency/Crisis Care	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Children's Programs
Hart	Emergency/Crisis Care	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Community Outreach
Hart	Emergency/Crisis Care	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Legal Advocacy
Hart	Emergency/Crisis Care	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Non-Residential Services and Advocacy
Hart	Emergency/Crisis Care	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Residential Services and Advocacy
Hart	Emergency/Crisis Care	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Support Groups
Hart	Emergency/Crisis Care	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence	24-hour Hotline
Hart	Emergency/Crisis Care	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence	Emergency Shelter
Hart	Emergency/Crisis Care	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence	Legal Advocacy
Hart	Emergency/Crisis Care	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence	Non-Residential/ Outreach & Crisis Intervention
Hart	Employment	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Hart	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating Assistance
Hart	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Hart	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating Assistance
Hart	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Hart	Food/Food Pantry	Hart County Clothes Closet	Clothes Closet
Hart	Food/Food Pantry	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Hart	Housing	Hartwell Housing Authority	Housing Assistance
Hart	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Housing Programs
Hart	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Weatherization
Hart	Legal Services	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Legal Advocacy

Hart	Legal Services	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Non-Residential Services and Advocacy
Hart	Legal Services	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Residential Services and Advocacy
Hart	Legal Services	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence	Legal Advocacy
Hart	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Hart	Medical	Georgia Department of Public Health, District 2	Hart County Health Department
Hart	Medical	Hart County Health Department	Health Services
Hart	Medical	Medlink (Hartwell)	Health Services
Hart	Medical	Ty Cobb Memorial Hospital	Health Services
Hart	Medical	Hart County Ministerial Association	Food Pantry
Hart	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Residential Services and Advocacy
Hart	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Northeast Georgia Council on Domestic Violence- Heart Haven	Support Groups
Jackson	Aging Resources	Assisted Living Association of Georgia	Southern Pines Senior Care, Inc
Jackson	Aging Resources	Bentley Assisted Living Northminster	Alzheimer's Memory Care
Jackson	Aging Resources	Bentley Assisted Living Northminster	Residential Assisted Living Facility
Jackson	Child and Youth Services	Boys and Girls Club of Jackson County	After School Programs
Jackson	Child and Youth Services	The Tree House	Child Services Program
Jackson	Child and Youth Services	Easter Seals Disability Service	Quality Child Care for Children of All Abilities
Jackson	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Jackson	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Jackson	Clothing	Christian Outreach Ministry	Human Services
Jackson	Clothing	Hope Resource Center	Earn While You Learn
Jackson	Counseling Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Jackson	Counseling Services	The Tree House	Child Services Program
Jackson	Counseling Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Addictive Disease/Substance Abuse Treatment
County		Agency	Program Name
Jackson	Disability Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Jackson	Education	Boys and Girls Club of Jackson County	After School Programs
Jackson	Education	Jackson County Certified Literacy Community Program	GED Services
Jackson	Education	Northeast Health District	Teen Matters Clinic
Jackson	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Jackson	Emergency/Crisis Care	The Tree House	Child Services Program
Jackson	Emergency/Crisis Care	Piedmont Rape Crisis Center, Inc.	Victim Services
Jackson	Family Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Jackson	Family Services	Northeast Health District	WIC Clinic
Jackson	Family Services	Hope Resource Center	Earn While You Learn
Jackson	Family Services	Hope Resource Center	Pregnancy Support
Jackson	Financial Assistance	First Baptist Church	First Baptist Church
Jackson	Financial Assistance	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Jackson	Financial Assistance	The Ark of Jackson County	Financial Assistance
Jackson	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating Assistance
Jackson	Food/Food Pantry	Banks-Jackson Foodbank	Food Bank in Commerce
Jackson	Food/Food Pantry	Christian Outreach Ministry	Human Services
Jackson	Food/Food Pantry	Northeast Health District	WIC Clinic
Jackson	Food/Food Pantry	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Jackson	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Jackson	Food/Food Pantry	Sardis Presbyterian Church	Outreach
Jackson	Food/Food Pantry	Northeast Church	Food Pantry
Jackson	Government	Northeast Health District	WIC Clinic
Jackson	Homeless Shelter	Atlanta Mission	The Potter's House
Jackson	Housing	Jackson Electric	Operation Round Up
Jackson	Housing	Jefferson County Housing Authority	Jefferson Public Housing Authority
Jackson	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Housing Programs
Jackson	Legal Services	Piedmont CASA, Inc.	CASA Volunteer
Jackson	Medical	Affordable Dentures	Denture Services
Jackson	Medical	Northeast Health District	Health Department
Jackson	Medical	Northridge Medical Center	Medical Services
Jackson	Medical	Regional First Care	Health Services
Jackson	Medical	Bentley Assisted Living Northminster	Alzheimer's Memory Care
Jackson	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Jackson	Medical	Hope Resource Center	Pregnancy support
Jackson	Medical	Northeast Health District	Teen Matters Clinic
Jackson	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Addictive Disease/Substance Abuse Treatment
Jackson	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Mental Health Day Services
Jackson	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Atlanta Mission	The Potter's House
Madison	Aging Resources	Madison County Senior Center	Daily Activities
Madison	Aging Resources	Madison County Senior Center	Health and Wellness
Madison	Child and Youth Services	Camp Maranatha	Summer Camp Programs
Madison	Child and Youth Services	Easter Seals Disability Service	Quality Child Care for Children of All Abilities
Madison	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Madison	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Madison	Clothing	Comer Baptist Church	Food and Clothing
Madison	Clothing	Danielsville Baptist Church	Clothing
Madison	Clothing	Gordon's Chapel UMC	Clothes Closet
Madison	Counseling Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Madison	Counseling Services	Jones Chapel UMC	Stephen Ministry
Madison	Counseling Services	Madison County Health Dept.	STD Clinic
Madison	Counseling Services	Madison County Health Dept.	Teen Matters
Madison	Counseling Services	Madison County Pregnancy Center	Madison County Pregnancy Center
Madison	Counseling Services	Parent Talk Action Team	Counseling Services
Madison	Disability Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Madison	Education	Madison County Library	Information and Referrals/Library
Madison	Education	Northeast Health District	Teen Matters Clinic
Madison	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Madison	Family Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Madison	Family Services	Madison County Health Dept.	Teen Matters
Madison	Family Services	Madison County WIC Clinic	Special Supplemental Nutrition Program

Madison	Family Services	Northeast Health District	WIC Clinic
Madison	Financial Assistance	Windstream Communications	Lifeline Assistance Program
Madison	Financial Assistance	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Madison	Financial Assistance	Trinity Baptist Church	Financial Assistance
Madison	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating Assistance
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Colbert First Baptist	Food Pantry
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Colbert United Methodist Church *	Food Bank
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Waggoners Grove Baptist Church	Food Pantry
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Cedar Grove Baptist Church	Cedar Grove Food Pantry
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Comer Baptist Church	Food and Clothing
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Madison County Food Bank	Food Assistance
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Evangelical Methodist Church	Food/Food Pantries
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Madison County Health Dept.	WIC Clinic
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Madison County Senior Center	Daily Activities
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Madison County Senior Center	Meals on Wheels
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Madison County WIC Clinic	Special Supplemental Nutrition Program
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Northeast Health District	WIC Clinic
Madison	Food/Food Pantry	Hull Baptist Church	Hull Baptist Food Pantry
Madison	Government	Northeast Health District	WIC Clinic
County	Resource Type	Agency	Program Name
Madison	Housing	Comer Housing Authority	Comer Housing Authority Housing Authority of the City of Comer
Madison	Housing	Danielsville Housing Authority	Housing
Madison	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Housing Programs
Madison	Information and Referral	Jones Chapel UMC	Stephen Ministry
Madison	Information and Referral	Madison County Library	Information and Referrals/Library
Madison	Medical	Medlink Georgia, Inc.	Family Health Services/ Family Medicine
Madison	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Madison	Medical	Madison County Health Dept.	Children's Services
Madison	Medical	Madison County Health Dept.	Family Planning
Madison	Medical	Madison County Health Dept.	SHAPP Program
Madison	Medical	Madison County Health Dept.	STD Clinic
Madison	Medical	Madison County Health Dept.	Teen Matters
Madison	Medical	Madison County Health Dept.	WIC Clinic
Madison	Medical	Madison County Pregnancy Center	Madison County Pregnancy Center
Madison	Medical	Northeast Health District	Health Department
Madison	Medical	Northeast Health District	Teen Matters Clinic
Madison	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Madison County Health Dept.	Teen Matters
Madison	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Madison County Pregnancy Center	Madison County Pregnancy Center
Madison	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Parent Talk Action Team	Counseling Services
Madison	Medical	Medlink (Colbert)	Health Services
Morgan	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Morgan	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Morgan	Counseling Services	Counseling Associates for Well-Being	Counseling Services
Morgan	Education	Piedmont College	Adult Basic Education
Morgan	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Morgan	Financial Assistance	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Morgan	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Morgan	Food/Food Pantry	The Caring Place	Food Pantry , Emergency Situations
Morgan	Housing	Housing Authority of the City of Madison	Housing Program
Morgan	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Morgan	Medical	Morgan Memorial Hospital	Medical Services
Morgan	Medical	Northeast Health District	Health Department
Oconee	Aging Resources	Family Life Care	Nursing Care
Oconee	Aging Resources	Oconee County Senior Care	Activities for Seniors
Oconee	Aging Resources	Aging Resources	Quality Care Services
Oconee	Aging Resources	Home Instead Senior Care Athens	Companionship Services
Oconee	Aging Resources	Home Instead Senior Care Athens	Home Helper Services
Oconee	Aging Resources	Home Instead Senior Care Athens	Personal Care Services
Oconee	Aging Resources	ResCare Home Care Inc.	HomeCare Services
Oconee	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Oconee	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Oconee	Civic Club	Athens School of Ministry & Worship Arts	ServeAthens ICN
Oconee	Counseling Services	AK Counseling & Consulting, Inc.	Psychological Counseling
Oconee	Counseling Services	Bethel Christian	Bethel Christian
Oconee	Counseling Services	Pathways Transition Programs Inc.	Comprehensive assessment and therapy services
Oconee	Disability Services	Georgia Vocational Rehabilitation Agency	Cave Springs Center
Oconee	Disability Services	Georgia Options	Direct Support
Oconee	Education	Athens School of Ministry & Worship Arts	Certificate & Degree Programs
Oconee	Education	The Oconee County Adult Education Center of Athens Technical College	Oconee Adult Education Program
Oconee	Education	The Oconee County Adult Education Center of Athens Technical College	Oconee County Adult Education Program of Athens Technical College
Oconee	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Oconee	Education	Oconee Area Resource Council	Oconee Mentor Program
Oconee	Emergency/Crisis Care	Pathways Transition Programs Inc.	Comprehensive Assessment and Therapy Services
Oconee	Employment	Georgia Vocational Rehabilitation Agency	Cave Springs Center
Oconee	Employment	Bread For Life	Bread for Life Hospitality Training
Oconee	Family Services	Pathways Transition Programs Inc.	Comprehensive Assessment and Therapy Services
Oconee	Financial Assistance	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Oconee	Financial Assistance	Faith Presbyterian Church	Mercy Ministry
Oconee	Financial Assistance	Union Christian Church	Benevolence
Oconee	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating Assistance
Oconee	Food/Food Pantry	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Oconee	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Oconee	Homeless Shelter	Athens School of Ministry & Worship Arts	ServeAthens ICN
Oconee	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Housing Programs
Oconee	Medical	Family Life Care	Nursing Care
Oconee	Medical	Caring Man In A Van	Non-Emergency Transportation

Oconee	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Oconee	Medical	Northeast Health District	Health Department
Oconee	Medical	Regional First Care	Health Services
Oconee	Medical	Lincare	Disease Management Programs
Oconee	Medical	Lincare	Respiratory In-Home Health Equipment Services
Oconee	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Georgia Options	Direct Support
Oconee	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Lincare	Disease Management Programs
Oconee	Transportation	Caring Man In A Van	Non-Emergency Transportation
Oglethorpe	Aging Resources	Oglethorpe County Senior Citizens Center	Daily Activities
Oglethorpe	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Oglethorpe	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Oglethorpe	Child and Youth Services	Action, Inc.	Kids In Action at The Pencil School
Oglethorpe	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Oglethorpe	Financial Assistance	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Oglethorpe	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating Assistance
County	Resource Type	Agency	Program Name
Oglethorpe	Food/Food Pantry	Arnold Grove Baptist	Feed the hungry
Oglethorpe	Food/Food Pantry	Oglethorpe County Senior Citizens Center	Meals on Wheels
Oglethorpe	Food/Food Pantry	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Oglethorpe	Food/Food Pantry	Action, Inc.	Full Plate
Oglethorpe	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Oglethorpe	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Housing Programs
Oglethorpe	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Oglethorpe	Medical	Medlink (Lexington)	Family Health Services/ Family medicine
Oglethorpe	Medical	Northeast Health District	Health Department
Oglethorpe	Transportation	Oglethorpe County Senior Citizens Center	Transportation Assistance
Stephens	Aging Resources	ResCare Home Care Inc.	HomeCare Services
Stephens	Aging Resources	Stephens County Senior Center	Activities
Stephens	Aging Resources	Stephens County Senior Center	Health and Wellness
Stephens	Child and Youth Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Head Start
Stephens	Child and Youth Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Georgia Pre-K
Stephens	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Stephens	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Stephens	Child and Youth Services	FAITH, Inc.	Child Advocacy Center
Stephens	Civic Club	Stephens County Senior Center	Health and Wellness
Stephens	Clothing	Toccoa Soup Kitchen and Shelter	Clothes Closet
Stephens	Clothing	FAITH, Inc.	Thrift Store
Stephens	Counseling Services	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Stephens	Counseling Services	Toccoa Counseling Center	Toccoa Counseling Center
Stephens	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Head Start
Stephens	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Georgia Pre-K
Stephens	Education	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Stephens	Education	Stephens County Senior Center	Education
Stephens	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Stephens	Emergency/Crisis Care	FAITH, Inc.	Domestic Violence and Shelter Services
Stephens	Employment	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Stephens	Employment	Spherion/Interim Personnel	Staffing Needs for Employers and Jobseekers
Stephens	Employment	Spherion/Interim Personnel	Employment Services
Stephens	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Stephens	Financial Assistance	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Heating Assistance
Stephens	Financial Assistance	Salvation Army	Financial Assistance
Stephens	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Stephens	Food/Food Pantry	Hill Street Baptist Church	Food Pantry
Stephens	Food/Food Pantry	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Community Services
Stephens	Food/Food Pantry	Shirley Combs Shelter	Food Pantry
Stephens	Food/Food Pantry	Stephens County Food Bank	Food Bank
Stephens	Food/Food Pantry	Stephens County Senior Center	Meals on Wheels
Stephens	Food/Food Pantry	Stephens County Senior Center	Nutrition
Stephens	Food/Food Pantry	Toccoa Soup Kitchen and Shelter	Soup Kitchen
Stephens	Food/Food Pantry	FAITH, Inc.	Domestic Violence and Shelter Services
Stephens	Government	Georgia Department of Juvenile Justice	Local Dept. of Juvenile Justice office
Stephens	Homeless Shelter	Shirley Combs Shelter	Homeless Shelter
Stephens	Homeless Shelter	Toccoa Soup Kitchen and Shelter	Emergency Shelter
Stephens	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Housing Programs
Stephens	Housing	Ninth District Opportunity, Inc.	Weatherization
Stephens	Housing	Northeast Georgia Housing Authority	Public Housing Program
Stephens	Housing	Toccoa Housing Authority	Public Housing
Stephens	Information and Referral	FAITH, Inc.	Domestic Violence and Shelter Services
Stephens	Legal Services	FAITH, Inc.	Domestic Violence and Shelter Services
Stephens	Legal Services	Georgia Department of Juvenile Justice	Local Dept. of Juvenile Justice office
Stephens	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Stephens	Medical	Ty Cobb Regional Medical	Health Services
Stephens	Medical	Georgia Department of Public Health, District 2	Stephens County Health Department
Stephens	Medical	Stephens County Health Dept.	Medical Services
Stephens	Medical	Stephens County Hospital	Medical Services
Stephens	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	FAITH, Inc.	Domestic Violence and Shelter Services
Stephens	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Turning Points	Counseling Services
Stephens	Transportation	Stephens County Senior Center	Support
Walton	Aging Resources	Center for Medical Resources, Inc.	Home Care
Walton	Aging Resources	Walton County Senior Citizens Council, Inc.	Congregate Meals
Walton	Child and Youth Services	Easter Seals Disability Service	Quality Child Care for Children of All Abilities
Walton	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Walton	Child and Youth Services	UGA Cooperative Extension	Georgia 4-H
Walton	Clothing	The Ministry Village	Foster Care Support
Walton	Clothing	Mount Enon Baptist Church	Clothes Closet
Walton	Clothing	Walker Baptist Church Food Pantry	Food Pantry
Walton	Counseling Services	Loganville Community Ministry Village	Counseling and Child Advocacy
Walton	Counseling Services	Person-Centered Therapy	Anger Management

Walton	Counseling Services	Person-Centered Therapy	Clinical Evaluation
Walton	Counseling Services	Person-Centered Therapy	DUI / Drug Risk Reduction Program
Walton	Counseling Services	Person-Centered Therapy	Prime for Life
Walton	Counseling Services	The Ministry Village	Counseling
Walton	Counseling Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Addictive Disease/Substance Abuse Treatment
Walton	Counseling Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Counseling and Therapy Services
Walton	Counseling Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Walton	Disability Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Walton	Education	The Ministry Village	Foster Care Support
Walton	Education	Northeast Health District	Teen Matters Clinic
Walton	Education	UGA Cooperative Extension	Financial Planning and Literacy
Walton	Emergency/Crisis Care	Loganville Community Ministry Village	Counseling and Child Advocacy
County	Resource Type	Agency	Program Name
Walton	Employment	The Ministry Village	Project Jumpstart
Walton	Family Services	Advantage Behavioral Health	Developmental Disability Services
Walton	Financial Assistance	Action, Inc.	Community Services
Walton	Financial Assistance	Faith in Serving Humanity	F.I.S.H.
Walton	Food/Food Pantry	Good Hope Christian Church	Wednesday night and Sunday services
Walton	Food/Food Pantry	Division of Family and Children Services	Food Stamps
Walton	Food/Food Pantry	Walker Baptist Church Food Pantry	Food Pantry
Walton	Food/Food Pantry	Walton County Senior Citizens Council, Inc.	Congregate Meals
Walton	Food/Food Pantry	Walton County Senior Citizens Council, Inc.	Home Delivered Meals
Walton	Food/Food Pantry	Faith in Serving Humanity	F.I.S.H.
Walton	Homeless Shelter	Faith in Serving Humanity	F.I.S.H.
Walton	Housing	Monroe Housing Authority	Housing
Walton	Housing	Monroe Housing Authority	Rutledge Housing Authority
Walton	Housing	Social Circle Housing Authority	Public Housing Program
Walton	Legal Services	The Ministry Village	Child Advocacy
Walton	Legal Services	The Ministry Village	Supervised Visitation
Walton	Medical	Advantage Behavioral Health	Counseling and Therapy Services
Walton	Medical	Amedysis Central Home Health	Home Health Services
Walton	Medical	Center for Medical Resources, Inc.	Home Care
Walton	Medical	Clearview Regional Medical Center	Medical Services
Walton	Medical	Division of Family and Children Services	Medicaid
Walton	Medical	Healing Angels Medical Clinic- Free Clinic	Health Services
Walton	Medical	Northeast Health District	Health Department
Walton	Medical	Northeast Health District	Teen Matters Clinic
Walton	Medical	Faith in Serving Humanity	FISH Medical/Dental
Walton	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Loganville Community Ministry Village	Counseling and Child Advocacy
Walton	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Person-Centered Therapy	Anger Management
Walton	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Person-Centered Therapy	Clinical Evaluation
Walton	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Person-Centered Therapy	DUI / Drug Risk Reduction Program
Walton	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Person-Centered Therapy	Prime for Life
Walton	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	The Ministry Village	Foster Care Support
Walton	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Addictive Disease/Substance Abuse Treatment
Walton	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Counseling and Therapy Services
Walton	Mental Health/Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	Mental Health Day Services
Walton	Transportation	Good Hope Christian Church	Wednesday night and Sunday services
Walton	Transportation	Walton County Senior Citizens Council, Inc.	Transportation

APPENDIX D: HEALTH RELATED RESOURCES

County	Condition	Organization/Program	Phone
Banks	Cancers	Health Department- Women's Health	706-677-2296
Banks	COPD, Lung Disease	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-677-2296
Banks	Diabetes	Health Department- Adult Health	706-677-2296
Banks	Diabetes	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-677-2296
Banks	Heart Disease	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-677-2296
Banks	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-677-2296
Banks	Hypertension	Health Department- Adult Health	706-677-2296
Banks	Hypertension	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-677-2296
Banks	Mental Health	Avita Community Partners	706-894-3700
Banks	Obesity	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-677-2296
Banks	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-677-2296
Banks	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Women's Health	706-677-2296
Banks	Stroke	Health Department- Adult Health	706-677-2296
Banks	Substance Abuse	Avita Community Partners	706-894-3700
Barrow	Cancers	Health Department- BreastTest and More	770-307-3011
Barrow	Diabetes	Health Department- Heart Healthy	770-307-3011
Barrow	Heart Disease	Health Department- Heart Healthy	770-307-3011
Barrow	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Screenings	770-307-3011
Barrow	Hypertension	Health Department- Heart Healthy	770-307-3011
Barrow	Mental Health	Advantage Behavioral Health	770-868-4150
Barrow	Obesity	Health Department- Heart Healthy	770-307-3011
Barrow	Obesity	Health Department- WIC Nutrition/Education	770-307-3011
Barrow	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Come Alive Ministries	770-867-3000
Barrow	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Screenings	770-307-3011
Barrow	Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	770-868-4150
Barrow	Substance Abuse	Project ADAM	770-867-8003
Clarke	HIV/AIDS	AIDS Athens	706-549-3730
Clarke	Substance Abuse	The Athens Area Commencment Center	706-546-7355
Clarke	Substance Abuse	Hope House	706-372-0793
Clarke	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Screenings	706-389-6921
Clarke	Obesity	Health Department- Heart Healthy	706-389-6921
Clarke	Obesity	Health Department- WIC Nutrition/Education	706-389-6921
Clarke	Cancers	Health Department- BreastTest and More	706-389-6921
Clarke	Diabetes	Health Department- Heart Healthy	706-389-6921
Clarke	Heart Disease	Health Department- Heart Healthy	706-389-6921
Clarke	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Screenings	706-389-6921
Clarke	Hypertension	Health Department- Heart Healthy	706-389-6921
Clarke	Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	706-369-5745
Elbert	Cancers	Health Department- Breast and Cervical Screening	706-283-3775
Elbert	Diabetes	Health Department- Screenings	706-283-3775
Elbert	Heart Disease	Health Department- Cardiovascular Screening	706-283-3775
Elbert	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Screenings	706-283-3775
Elbert	Hypertension	Health Department- Cardiovascular Screening	706-283-3775
Elbert	Mental Health	Advantage Behavioral Health	706-549-3182
Elbert	Obesity	Health Department- Cardiovascular Screening	706-283-3775
Elbert	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Family Planning	706-283-3775
Elbert	Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	706-549-3182
Franklin	Cancers	Health Department- Women's Health	706-384-5575
Franklin	Cancers	Health Department- Breast and Cervical Screening	706-384-5575
Franklin	COPD, Lung Disease	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-384-5575
Franklin	Diabetes	Health Department- Adult Health	706-384-5575
Franklin	Diabetes	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-384-5575
Franklin	Heart Disease	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-384-5575
Franklin	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-384-5575
Franklin	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Screenings	706-384-5575
Franklin	Hypertension	Health Department- Adult Health	706-384-5575
Franklin	Hypertension	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-384-5575
Franklin	Mental Health	Avita Community Partners	706-376-4002
Franklin	Obesity	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-384-5575
Franklin	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-384-5575
Franklin	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Women's Health	706-384-5575
Franklin	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Screenings	706-384-5575

County	Condition	Organization/Program	Phone
Franklin	Stroke	Health Department- Adult Health	706-384-5575
Franklin	Substance Abuse	Avita Community Partners	706-376-4002
Greene	Cancers	Health Department- Breast and Cervical Screening	706-453-7561
Greene	Diabetes	Health Department- Testing, Screening, Education	706-453-7561
Greene	Diabetes	Greene County Senior Center- Screenings, Education	706-453-7465
Greene	Heart Disease	Northeast Cardiology (Greensboro)	706-548-9111
Greene	Heart Disease	Health Department- Testing, Screening, Education	706-453-7561
Greene	Heart Disease	Oconee Heart and Vascular Center (Greensboro)	706-389-3440
Greene	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Testing and Screening	706-453-7561
Greene	Hypertension	Northeast Cardiology (Greensboro)	706-548-9111
Greene	Hypertension	Health Department- Testing, Screening, Education	706-453-7561
Greene	Hypertension	Greene County Senior Center- Screenings, Education	706-453-7463
Greene	Hypertension	Oconee Heart and Vascular Center (Greensboro)	706-389-3441
Greene	Mental Health	Advantage Behavioral Health	706-453-2301
Greene	Obesity	Health Department- Education	706-453-7561
Greene	Obesity	Greene County Senior Center- Screenings, Education	706-453-7464
Greene	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	First Call Pregnancy Center	706-453-1908
Greene	Stroke	Northeast Cardiology (Greensboro)	706-548-9111
Greene	Stroke	Health Department- Education	706-453-7561
Greene	Stroke	Oconee Heart and Vascular Center (Greensboro)	706-389-3442
Habersham	Cancers	Health Department- Women's Health	706-778-7156
Habersham	Cancers	Health Department- Women's Health	706-778-7156
Habersham	COPD, Lung Disease	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-778-7156
Habersham	Diabetes	Health Department- Adult Health	706-778-7156
Habersham	Diabetes	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-778-7156
Habersham	Diabetes	Health Department- Screenings	706-778-7156
Habersham	Heart Disease	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-778-7156
Habersham	Heart Disease	Health Department- Screenings	706-778-7156
Habersham	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-778-7156
Habersham	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Screenings, Referrals	706-778-7156
Habersham	Hypertension	Health Department- Adult Health	706-778-7156
Habersham	Hypertension	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-778-7156
Habersham	Hypertension	Health Department- Screenings	706-778-7156
Habersham	Mental Health	Avita Community Partners	706-894-3700
Habersham	Obesity	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-778-7156
Habersham	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-778-7156
Habersham	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Women's Health	706-778-7156
Habersham	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Screenings, Treatment	706-778-7156
Habersham	Stroke	Health Department- Adult Health	706-778-7156
Habersham	Substance Abuse	Avita Community Partners	706-894-3700
Hart	Cancers	Health Department- Women's Health	706-376-5117
Hart	Cancers	Health Department- Breast and Cervical Screening	706-376-5117
Hart	COPD, Lung Disease	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-376-5117
Hart	Diabetes	Health Department- Adult Health	706-376-5117
Hart	Diabetes	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-376-5117
Hart	Heart Disease	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-376-5117
Hart	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-376-5117
Hart	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Screenings	706-376-5117
Hart	Hypertension	Health Department- Adult Health	706-376-5117
Hart	Hypertension	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-376-5117
Hart	Hypertension	Health Department- Screenings	706-376-5117
Hart	Mental Health	Avita Community Partners	706-376-4002
Hart	Obesity	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-376-5117
Hart	Obesity	Health Department- Screenings	706-376-5117
Hart	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-376-5117
Hart	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Women's Health	706-376-5117
Hart	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Screenings, Family Planning Program	706-376-5117
Hart	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Hart Life	706-376-1700
Hart	Stroke	Health Department- Adult Health	706-376-5117
Hart	Substance Abuse	Avita Community Partners	706-376-4002
Jackson	Substance Abuse	Potters House Recovery Program	706-543-8338
Jackson	Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	706-367-5258

County	Condition	Organization/Program	Phone
Jackson - Commerce	Cancers	Health Department- Breast and Cervical Screening	706-335-3895
Jackson - Commerce	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Testing and Screening	706-335-3895
Jackson - Commerce	Hypertension	Health Department- Blood Pressure Management	706-335-3895
Jackson - Commerce	Mental Health	Advantage Behavioral Health	706-355-5379
Jackson - Commerce	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Testing and Screening	706-335-3895
Jackson - Jefferson	Cancers	Health Department- Breast and Cervical Screening	706-367-5204
Jackson - Jefferson	Diabetes	Health Department- Testing and Screening	706-367-5204
Jackson - Jefferson	Heart Disease	Health Department- Stroke and Heart Attack Prevention	706-367-5204
Jackson - Jefferson	Heart Disease	Health Department- Testing and Screening	706-367-5204
Jackson - Jefferson	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Testing and Screening	706-367-5204
Jackson - Jefferson	Hypertension	Health Department- Stroke and Heart Attack Prevention	706-367-5204
Jackson - Jefferson	Obesity	Health Department- Nutrition Education	706-367-5204
Jackson - Jefferson	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Testing and Screening	706-367-5204
Jackson - Jefferson	Stroke	Health Department- Stroke and Heart Attack Prevention	706-367-5204
Madison	Cancers	Health Department- Breast and Cervical Screening	706-795-2131
Madison	COPD, Lung Disease	Health Department- Smoking Cessation Counseling	706-795-2131
Madison	Diabetes	Health Department- Testing and Screening	706-795-2131
Madison	Heart Disease	Health Department- Stroke and Heart Attack Prevention	706-795-2131
Madison	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Testing and Screening	706-795-2131
Madison	Hypertension	Health Department- Stroke and Heart Attack Prevention	706-795-2131
Madison	Mental Health	Advantage Behavioral Health	706-389-6767
Madison	Obesity	Health Department- Weight loss counseling	706-795-2131
Madison	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Testing and Screening	706-795-2131
Madison	Stroke	Health Department- Stroke and Heart Attack Prevention	706-795-2131
Madison	Substance Abuse	Health Department- Smoking Cessation Counseling	706-795-2131
Morgan	Substance Abuse	Drug Abuse & Addiction Centers	706-338-9685
Oconee	Cancers	Health Department- Breast and Cervical Screening	706-769-3983
Oconee	Diabetes	Health Department- Wellness Screening	706-769-3983
Oconee	Heart Disease	Health Department- Wellness Screening	706-769-3983
Oconee	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Screenings	706-769-3983
Oconee	Hypertension	Health Department- Wellness Screening	706-769-3983
Oconee	Obesity	Health Department- Wellness Screening	706-769-3983
Oconee	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Screenings	706-769-3983
Oglethorpe	Cancers	Health Department- Women's Health	706-743-8181
Oglethorpe	Diabetes	Health Department- Screenings	706-743-8181
Oglethorpe	Heart Disease	Health Department- Stroke and Heart Attack Prevention	706-743-8181
Oglethorpe	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Screenings	706-743-8181
Oglethorpe	Hypertension	Health Department- Stroke and Heart Attack Prevention	706-743-8181
Oglethorpe	Obesity	Health Department- Stroke and Heart Attack Prevention	706-743-8181
Oglethorpe	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- STD and Family Planning Program	706-743-8181
Oglethorpe	Stroke	Health Department- Stroke and Heart Attack Prevention	706-743-8181
Stephens	Cancers	Health Department- Women's Health	706-282-4507
Stephens	Cancers	Health Department- Women's Health	706-282-4507
Stephens	COPD, Lung Disease	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-282-4507
Stephens	Diabetes	Health Department- Adult Health	706-282-4507
Stephens	Diabetes	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-282-4507
Stephens	Diabetes	Health Department- Adult Health	706-282-4507
Stephens	Heart Disease	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-282-4507
Stephens	Heart Disease	Health Department- Screenings	706-282-4507
Stephens	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-282-4507
Stephens	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-282-4507
Stephens	Hypertension	Health Department- Adult Health	706-282-4507
Stephens	Hypertension	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-282-4507
Stephens	Hypertension	Health Department- Screenings	706-282-4507
Stephens	Mental Health	Toccoa Counseling Center	706-886-1335
Stephens	Mental Health	AmericanWork, Inc. (Toccoa)	706-827-9937
Stephens	Mental Health	Stephens County Mental Health	706-282-4650
Stephens	Mental Health	Avita Community Partners	706-282-4542
Stephens	Obesity	Health Department- Health Promotion	706-282-4507
Stephens	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Toccoa Life Care Center	706-886-0177
Stephens	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-282-4507
Stephens	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Women's Health	706-282-4507

<i>County</i>	<i>Condition</i>	<i>Organization/Program</i>	<i>Phone</i>
Stephens	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Communicable Diseases	706-282-4507
Stephens	Stroke	Health Department- Adult Health	706-282-4507
Stephens	Stroke	Health Department- Screenings	706-282-4507
Stephens	Substance Abuse	Pittard Clinic	707-886-4410
Stephens	Substance Abuse	Toccoa Counseling Center	706-886-1336
Stephens	Substance Abuse	Stephens County Mental Health	706-282-4651
Stephens	Substance Abuse	Avita Community Partners	706-282-4542
Taliaferro	Cancers	Health Department- Chronic Disease Prevention	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Cancers	Health Department- Women's Health	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Cancers	Health Department- BreastTest and More	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	COPD, Lung Disease	Health Department- Chronic Disease Prevention	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Diabetes	Health Department- Chronic Disease Prevention	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Diabetes	Nutrition Services Program	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Heart Disease	Health Department- Chronic Disease Prevention	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Heart Disease	Health Department- Hypertension Management	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Heart Disease	Nutrition Services Program	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Heart Disease	Health Department- Hypertension Management	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- General Medical & Infectious Disease	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	HIV/AIDS	Ryan White Clinic	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Hypertension	Health Department- Chronic Disease Prevention	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Hypertension	Health Department- Hypertension Management	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Hypertension	Nutrition Services Program	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Hypertension	Health Department- Hypertension Management	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Obesity	Nutrition Services Program	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- General Medical & Infectious Disease	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Women's Health	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Family Planning	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- STD Clinic	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Stroke	Health Department- Chronic Disease Prevention	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Stroke	Health Department- Hypertension Management	706-456-2316
Taliaferro	Stroke	Health Department- Hypertension Management	706-456-2316
Walton	Mental Health	Advantage Behavioral Health	770-267-8302
Walton	Substance Abuse	Advantage Behavioral Health	770-267-8302
Wilkes	Cancers	Health Department- Family Planning	706-678-2623
Wilkes	Cancers	Health Department- BreastTest and More	706-678-2622
Wilkes	Heart Disease	Health Department- Hypertension Management Organization	706-678-2624
Wilkes	HIV/AIDS	Health Department- STD Clinic	706-678-2628
Wilkes	Hypertension	Health Department- Hypertension Management Organization	706-678-2625
Wilkes	Mental Health	Serenity Behavioral Health	706-678-1322
Wilkes	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- Family Planning	706-678-2629
Wilkes	STI's, Unplanned Pregnancy	Health Department- STD Clinic	706-678-2627
Wilkes	Stroke	Health Department- Hypertension Management Organization	706-678-2626
Wilkes	Substance Abuse	Serenity Behavioral Health	706-678-1323

APPENDIX E: KEY INFORMANTS

CHNA Key Informant Interview Guide

COMMUNITY HEALTH AND WELLNESS

What do you think are the physical health needs or concerns of our community?

Probe: Heart disease, diabetes, cancer, asthma, STI's, HIV, etc.

Follow up: Who do these health needs or concerns affect the most (e.g. age groups, socioeconomic groups, geographic subsets, etc.)?

Follow up: Are there any other needs that should be addressed?

Follow up: Are there organizations already addressing these needs? If so, which ones?

What do you think are the behavioral/mental health needs or concerns of the community?

Probe: Suicide, depression, anxiety, ADHD, relationship stress, family dynamics

Follow up: Who do these health needs or concerns affect the most (e.g. age groups, socioeconomic groups, geographic subsets, etc.)?

Follow up: Are there organizations already addressing these needs? If so, which ones?

What do you think are the social health concerns facing our community? (Social health is in one sense the health of a person in reference to his or her ability to interact with others and thrive in social settings. It can also refer to the health of a society in general, and how the members of that society are treated and behave toward each other.

Probe: Things like housing, neighborhood safety, violence, transportation, employment, green space, etc.

Follow up: Who do these health needs or concerns affect the most (e.g. age groups, socioeconomic groups, geographic subsets, etc.)?

Follow up: Are there organizations already addressing these needs? If so, which ones?

RISK FACTORS

What are behaviors that cause sickness and death in our community?

Probe: Smoking, drinking, drug use, poor diet/nutrition, lack of physical activity, lack of screening (breast cancer, diabetes, etc.), etc.?

Follow up: Who engages in these risk factors and who is impacted (e.g. age groups, socioeconomic groups, geographic subsets, etc.)?

What are the behaviors that promote health and wellness in our community?

Probe: Exercise, healthy nutrition, etc.

Follow up: Who engages in these positive behaviors and who is impacted (e.g. age groups, socioeconomic groups, geographic subsets, etc.)?

HEALTH CARE UTILIZATION

Where do members of your community go to access existing primary health care?

Probe: Can you identify the facilities and what types they are (e.g. free clinic, private doctors office, etc.)?

Follow up: Who accesses these services?

Follow up: How often do they go to these facilities?

Follow up: What are the reasons they go (e.g. preventive care, chronic care, etc.)?

Follow up: What are some barriers to accessing primary health care in our community?

Probe: Inadequate transportation, long wait times, don't know where to go, lack of insurance, etc.

Follow up: Who do these barriers impact?

Where do members of the community go to access existing specialty care?

Probe: Can you identify the facilities and what types they are (e.g. free clinic, private doctors office, etc.)?

**Probe: What types of specialty care are people in your community seeking (i.e. gynecology, heart specialist, dialysis, etc.)?

Follow up: Who accesses these services?

Follow up: How often do they go to these facilities?

Follow up: What are the reasons they go (e.g. preventive care, chronic care, etc.)?

Where do members of your community go to access emergency care?

Probe: Please identify these facilities

Follow up: Who accesses these services?

Follow up: How often do they go to these facilities?

Follow up: What are the reasons they go (e.g. preventive care, chronic care, etc.)?

Follow up: Why do they go to emergency care facilities rather than primary care?

Where do members of your community go to access existing mental and behavioral health care?

Probe: Can you identify the facilities and what types they are (e.g. free clinic, private doctors office, etc.)?

Follow up: In your opinion, are there sufficient mental and behavioral health services available to community members?

Follow up: What are some barriers to accessing mental and behavioral health care in the community?

Probe: Inadequate transportation, long wait times, don't know where to go, lack of insurance, social stigma, language/cultural issues

Follow up: Who is impacted by these barriers?

RISK FACTORS

What are some of our community's assets (such as facilities and programs) that promote and sustain the health of community residents?

Probe: Primary and preventive health care; mental/behavioral health; social environment; and other community assets

ACCESS TO CARE

Are you satisfied with the current capacity of the health care system in our community?

Probe: Please consider access, cost, availability, quality, options in health care, etc.

Follow up: Why or why not?

APPENDIX F: FOCUS GROUPS

Focus Group Facilitator Guide

1. What are some of our community's assets and strengths related to the health of community residents? *(In other words, what are we doing well with respect to the health of our community)*

Probe: Can you name a few community resources/assets that promote health and wellness?

Probe: Are there any specific behaviors that we can point to that promote health and wellness?

2. Where does the community usually get health care when they need it?

(In other words, where do people go for help? Or, where have you gone or heard of people having to go, and what help did they receive?)

Probe: What about specialty care? Where do people go for it?

Probe: What about mental and behavioral health care? Where do people go for it?

Follow up: In general, where do uninsured and underinsured individuals go when they need health care?

3. Are you satisfied with the capacity of the healthcare system in our community?

Probe: Please consider cost, availability, quality, options in health care, etc.

Follow up: What could be done to improve our local system?

4. What are the most significant barriers that keep people in the community from accessing health care? (i.e. Insurance, availability of providers, transportation, cost, language/cultural barriers, accessibility, awareness of services)

Follow up: What about access to dental and vision care?
What about mental health services?

5. Focusing on specific health issues, what would you say are the biggest health problems in the community?

Probe: Obesity, heart disease, diabetes, mental health, substance abuse, dental health, etc.

Follow up: Are there any specific groups of people who are impacted by these risk factors (i.e. age groups, socioeconomic groups, sections of town)?

6. What are the specific behaviors that cause sickness and death in our community?

Probe: Smoking, drinking, drug use, poor diet/nutrition, lack of physical activity, lack of preventive healthcare, etc.

Follow up: Are there any specific groups of people who are impacted by these risk factors (i.e. age groups, socioeconomic groups, sections of town)?

7. Thinking more broadly, in terms of the definition of health I gave at the beginning, what do you think are the social health concerns facing our community?

Probe: Housing, neighborhood safety, violence, transportation, employment, green space, etc.

Follow up: Are there any specific groups of people who are impacted by these problems (i.e. age groups, socioeconomic groups, sections of town)?

8. Is there anything we haven't covered in this discussion that you think is important?

APPENDIX G: POPULATION SURVEYS

Please circle your responses to the questions below.

Please write down the closest intersection (or two cross-streets) to your home that
you are comfortable sharing:
(For example: Rocksprings Street and Broad Street)
_____ and _____

DEMOGRAPHICS

1. What is your gender?

Man Woman Transgender

2. What is your race or ethnicity?

American Indian or Alaska Native Asian
Black or African American Hispanic/Latino
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander White
Biracial/Multiracial

3. What is your age?

Under 18 18-25 26-30 31-35
36-50 51-65 Over 65

4. Write in the number of people in each age group in your household:

Age Range	Number in Household
0-5 years:	
6-12 years:	
13-17 years:	
18-65 years:	
65+ years:	

5. How long have you lived in Athens?

Less than 1 year 1-2 years 3-5 years
5+ years I don't live in Athens

6. What is your highest degree?

No diploma High School Diploma/GED Associates Degree
Bachelor's Degree Master's Degree or higher

7. If you needed it, do you have access to mental health care (for depression, anxiety, etc.)?

Yes No

Please circle your responses to the questions below.

8. Where do you live?

Student housing/dorms	Apartment complex or Condominium
Mobile home	Single family home
Multi-family home	Shelter or community organization
Staying with family, friend, or acquaintance and not paying rent	

9. How often do you use the outdoor parks or green spaces in your neighborhood?

Almost never	Yearly	Monthly
Weekly	Daily	No green space available
I don't know if my neighborhood has green space		

10. What is your relationship status?

Single	In a relationship	Married
Separated	Divorced	Widowed

11. Does anyone in your household have any of the following health problems?

Diabetes	High blood pressure	Heart disease
Obesity	Depression	Anxiety
Asthma	Chronic pain	Arthritis
High cholesterol	Stroke	No health problems

12. What is your work status? (Select all that apply).

Employed for wages, part time	Employed for wages, full time
Self-employed	Out of work and looking for work
Homemaker	Student
Retired	Unable to work
Temporarily employed	

13. If you are unemployed what are your barriers to employment?

- Lack of education
- Lack of experience
- Transportation
- Lack of childcare
- Caring for a family member
- Medical condition
- Criminal record
- Mental Health
- Substance Abuse
- Homelessness
- Legal Status
- Waiting for disability approval

Please circle your responses to the questions below.

14. If employed, are you paid for overtime work?

Yes

No

15. If you needed it, do you have access to dental care?

Yes

No

16. What is your total household monthly income? (Include all earners in household).

\$0-\$500

\$501-\$1000

\$1001-\$1500

\$1501-\$2000

\$2000+

17. Is your home safe for you and your family?

Not at all

Not really

Undecided

Somewhat

Very Much

18. Do you have a family doctor where you can bring your family for illnesses and appointments?

Yes

No

19. If you have children, what are your monthly childcare costs?

\$0-\$200

\$201-\$500

\$501-\$700

\$701-\$900

\$900+

I don't have children

20. Can you talk about your deepest problems with at least some of your family or friends?

Most of the time

Some of the time

Hardly ever

I don't know

21. Where do you or your family go for advice or care when someone is ill? (Select all that apply).

My doctor's office

Emergency Room

Urgent Care facility

Health Department

Community Health Clinic

School Nurse's Office

I do not go to one specific place regularly

22. What is your monthly rent or mortgage payment?

\$0-\$200

\$201-\$500

\$501-\$750

\$751-\$1000

\$1000+

Please circle your responses to the questions below.

23. Is your neighborhood safe?

Not at all
Not really
Undecided
Somewhat
Very Much

24. How often do you meet with a spiritual or religious community?

Never Yearly Monthly
Weekly Daily

25. What type of insurance coverage do you have? (Select all that apply).

- Medicaid
- Medicare
- Managed Medicaid (Wellcare and Amerigroup)
- Healthcare Exchange (“Obamacare”)
- Health insurance through work/school
- Uninsured

26. Are you currently receiving any of the following benefits? (Select all that apply).

TANF	SSI	Food stamps/SNAP
Disability Insurance	Medicare	Medicaid
Childcare Assistance	WIC	No benefits

27. Do most food stores in your neighborhood offer affordable healthy food choices?

Yes No

28. What type of insurance coverage do your family members have? (Select all that apply).

Medicaid
Medicare
Managed Medicaid (Wellcare and Amerigroup)
Healthcare Exchange (“Obamacare”)
Health insurance through work/school
Uninsured

29. What forms of debt do you have? (Select all that apply).

Medical bills	Education debt/student loans	Credit card debt
Mortgage payment	Auto payment	Pay day loan debt
Owe money to family or friend		No debt
I don't know		

30. Do the children in your home get free or reduced lunch?

Yes No Does not apply

Please circle your responses to the questions below.

31. If yes, do your children have enough food to eat during weekends or the summer?

Yes No

32. In the last month, how often have you felt stressed?

Never
Almost
Sometimes
Fairly Often
Often

33. In the last year, how many times have you or a family member been to the Emergency Room?

Never Once 2-3 times 4-6 times 6 or more times

34. What is your total monthly debt payment? (Note: do not include normal expenses like housing and utility bills).

\$0-\$250	\$251-\$500	\$501-\$750
\$751-\$1000	\$1000+	

35. In the last month, have you experienced discrimination or unfair treatment?

Yes No

36. If yes, for what reasons?

Race/ethnicity	Gender	Age
Sexual Preference	Belief system (e.g. religious, spiritual, non-belief)	
Disability	Legal Status	National Origin
Other: _____		

37. Do you have access to pregnancy counseling and family planning services including birth control?

Yes No Does not apply

38. What barriers keep you or your family from accessing healthcare?

Work hours	School demands
Lack of personal time	Transportation challenges
No insurance	Cannot get a timely appointment
Mandatory overtime	Medical provider won't take my insurance
Legal Status	
Can't afford co-pays or deductibles	
Does not apply	

Please circle your responses to the questions below.

39. How long would your savings last if you had a financial emergency or loss of income?

I could not get by with what I have saved

I could get by for one month with what I have saved

I could get by for 2-3 months with what I have saved

I could get by for 4-6 months with what I have saved

Does not apply

40. Have you or your family experienced significant hunger in the past 12 months (for example, not eating when hungry or skipping a meal because there was not enough money)?

Yes

No

41. If yes, which of these programs have you used?

Food pantry/mobile clinic

Summer feeding program for kids

Soup kitchen

Food2Kids school backpack program

None of these

42. What is your primary means of transportation?

Car

Bus

Walk

Bike

Get rides

43. If you are experiencing stress, please indicate all of the areas which you have felt stress in the last month.

Family

Work/School

Relationship with partner

Finances

Home environment

Neighborhood

Health

Legal Status

I am not experiencing stress

44. How often do you volunteer in your community?

Never

Yearly

Monthly

Weekly

Daily

Please circle your responses to the questions below.

45. How did you hear about the survey and/or Athens Pig Roast? (Select all that apply)

Facebook

Instagram

Twitter

Community Connection newsletter

Community Connection website

Read about it in the paper

Posters

Housing Authority

My child's school

My commissioner

Friend or Family

My employer

My church

Thank you for your participation in this Community Health Survey. Your answers to this anonymous survey will help our two area hospitals and local nonprofits make better decisions about where and how to spend their resources and locate new programs. We ask that you answer ALL of the questions to the best of your ability and that you ask for help if you're unsure how to respond to any particular question.

Please circle your responses to the questions below.

1. Please write down an intersection as close to your home as you're comfortable sharing.
(For example: Rocksprings Street and Broad Street)

_____ and _____

2. What is your gender?

Man Woman Transgender

3. What is your race or ethnicity? (circle all that apply)

American Indian or Alaska Native Asian
Black or African American Hispanic/Latino
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander White

4. What is your age?

Under 18 18-25 26-30 31-35
36-50 51-65 Over 65

5. Write in the number of people in each age group in your household:

Age Range	Number in Household
0-5 years:	
6-12 years:	
13-17 years:	
18-65 years:	
65+ years:	

6. What is your highest degree?

No diploma High School Diploma/GED Associates Degree
Bachelor's Degree Master's Degree or higher

7. What is your relationship status?

Single In a relationship Married
Separated Divorced Widowed

8. What is your total household monthly income?

\$0-\$1000 \$1001-\$2000 \$2001-\$3000
\$3001-\$4000 \$4001-\$5000 \$5001+

9. What benefits are you receiving? (Circle all that apply)

TANF	SSI	Food stamps/SNAP
Disability Insurance	Medicare	Medicaid
Childcare Assistance	WIC	Unemployment
No benefits		

10. Does anyone in your household have any of the following health problems? (Circle all that apply)

Diabetes	Heart disease	Obesity
Depression	Anxiety	Asthma
Chronic pain	Arthritis	High cholesterol
Stroke	Cancer	No health problems
High blood pressure/Hypertension		

11. What is your work status? (Circle all that apply)

Employed for wages, part time	Employed for wages, full time
Self-employed	Out of work and looking for work
Homemaker	Student
Retired	Unable to work
Temporarily employed	Out of work

12. Are you able to get an appointment with a doctor when you need to?

Always	Sometimes	Rarely	Never
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13. If you are not "Always" able to make an appointment with a doctor, what are the reasons you are not always able? (Circle all that apply)

I cannot afford it	I do not have health insurance
I do not have reliable transportation	The doctor is too far away
The doctor is not accepting patients	I cannot find a doctor accepting my insurance
Does not apply	

14. Where are you most likely to go for care when you or someone in your household is ill? (Circle all that apply)

My doctor's office	Emergency Room	Urgent Care facility
Health Department	Community Health Clinic	School Nurse's Office
I do not go to one specific place regularly		

15. What type of insurance coverage do you have? (Circle all that apply).

Medicaid

Medicare

Managed Medicaid (Wellcare and Amerigroup)

Healthcare Exchange ("Obamacare")

Health insurance through work/school

Uninsured

16. Do the children in your home get free or reduced lunch?

Yes

No

Does not apply

17. If yes, do your children have enough food to eat during weekends or the summer?

Yes

No

Does not apply

18. What barriers keep you or your family from accessing healthcare? (Circle all that apply)

Work hours

School demands

Lack of personal time

Transportation challenges

No insurance

Cannot get a timely appointment

Mandatory overtime

Medical provider won't take my insurance

Legal Status

Cannot afford co-pays or deductibles

Does not apply

19. Can you afford all of the medications that you have been prescribed?

Always

Sometimes

Rarely

Never

20. Have you or your family experienced significant hunger in the past 12 months (for example, not eating when hungry or skipping a meal because there was not enough money)?

Yes

No

21. If yes, which of these programs have you used? (Circle all that apply)

Food pantry/mobile clinic

Summer feeding program for kids

Soup kitchen

Food2Kids school backpack program

None of these

Does not apply

22. How many servings of fruits and vegetables do you eat each day?

(1 serving = ½ cup cooked vegetables, 1 cup salad, 1 piece fruit, ¾ cup 100% fruit juice).

0 1 2 3 4 5 6+

23. How often do you do the following behaviors?

Eat fast food more than once a week	Never	Sometimes	Always
Exposed to secondhand smoke at work/home	Never	Sometimes	Always
Drink more than 3 alcoholic drinks per day	Never	Sometimes	Always
Smoke cigarettes	Never	Sometimes	Always
Use recreational drugs	Never	Sometimes	Always
Chew tobacco/snuff	Never	Sometimes	Always
Exercise 2-3 times a week	Never	Sometimes	Always

24. How big of a problem are the following issues in your community? Please circle “Not at all” a problem, a “Moderate” problem, or a “Serious” problem.

Obesity/Overweight	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
High Blood Pressure/Stroke	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Substance Abuse/Addiction	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Crime	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Diabetes/Sugar	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Smoking/Tobacco Use	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Violence	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Cancer	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Heart Disease	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Asthma/Lung Disease	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Teenage Pregnancy	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Dental Health	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Mental Health/Illness	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Sexually Transmitted Diseases	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Access to Healthcare	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Services for the disabled	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Infectious Diseases (Flu, Hepatitis)	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Child abuse and neglect	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Prenatal and Infant Health	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Suicide	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Lack of transportation	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Language/Cultural Barrier	Not at all	Moderate	Serious
Services for Seniors	Not at all	Moderate	Serious